

**Susol** Super Solution

# MCCB

Low voltage circuit breakers



**LS** ELECTRIC

LS ELECTRIC continues  
the value and the prominence of LG

**New Name for LG Industrial Systems,  
New Take-off for LS ELECTRIC**



To advance to the next level,  
LG Industrial Systems is reborn as LS ELECTRIC Co., Ltd.

LS ELECTRIC will continue to lead the future  
of industrial electrics and automation by providing

Total Solution, a core essential  
for competition in the 21<sup>st</sup> century industrial era.



# Research & Development

**We provide differentiated values.**

**The world-class Power Testing & Technology Institute guarantees certified products and global brands.**

The PT&TI is an accredited testing laboratory that provides a worldwide testing service with a 1500MVA-capacity High Power Laboratory, a High Voltage Laboratory, and a Reliability Testing Laboratory. Its testing has been fully acknowledged and recognized by overseas testing certification bodies, such as KEMA of Netherlands, UL of America, and CE of the EU for its low voltage testing.



# Global technology and R&D are behind the best industrial Electric power and automation products from LS ELECTRIC



## Quality Test at PT&T



High Voltage Test / Impulse Test



Characteristics Test / VCB Characteristics Test



Short-Circuit Test / ACB Breaker Test



Environmental Test /  
Non-stop High Temperature Test

## Electro Technology R&D Center

The Electro Technology R&D Center focuses on overall research and development activities related to power supply systems such as low and high voltage equipment as well as integrated digital networks, automatic switchboards and integrated power protection.

The R&D Center maximizes energy efficiencies by integrating rapidly developing information & technology, communication, electronics and mechanical engineering, while concentrating its efforts in creating a safe and pleasant industrial environment.

### • Power Equipments

The R&D Center researches products and technologies related to low and high voltage circuit breakers and contactors as well as power transmission & distribution.

### • Electric Technology

The R&D Center analyzes and researches core technologies related to power equipment.

### • SCADA

The R&D Center carries out projects and technology research in the fields of SCADA and DAS.

### • Simulator

The R&D Center predicts probable electrocution hazards by conducting simulated analyses of power generation phenomena, and develops simulation technologies and products that can optimize the constituent facilities.



## Power Testing & Technology Institute

PT&T is a KOLAS-qualified (Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme) accredited testing laboratory and provides worldwide testing service with its 1500MVA-capacity High Power Laboratory, High Voltage Laboratory and Reliability Testing Laboratory.

PT&T is also fully recognized by foreign testing and certification bodies of high reputation as CESI of Italy, KEMA of Netherlands, UL of America, etc. for its low voltage testings.

### • Available Tests

- Electro-Mechanical Tests
- Insulation Performance Tests
- Short-Circuit Tests
- Reliability Evaluation Tests
- Arc Tests
- Environmental Tests

### • Research & Development

Testing Technology, Measuring & Analyzing Technology, Power Equipment Monitoring & Diagnostic Techniques, Reliability Testing & Evaluation Technology.

# Solution provider

**You can count on us.**

**New face & New resolution to become  
a global leader that gives top priority to customer values**

We promise you that LS will be reborn as a corporation that returns the best values to its customers.

We are committed to global product development, driving future growth, and expanding the overseas market share, as well as consolidating existing business.

Join us in a future where LS will become a genuine global leader.



# Customer satisfaction with world-class products and services: LS ELECTRIC is committed to excellence!



Cheongju Plant (Korea)



Busan Plant (Korea)



Dalian Plant (China)



Wuxi Plant (China)



Hanoi Plant (Vietnam)



Chonan Plant (Korea)



Wuxi Plant (China)

## Electric Power Industry | Electric Equipment & Systems

The electric equipment and systems of LS ELECTRIC, ranging from low to high voltage products, have not only acquired ISO 9001 and 14001 certification for their efficient design and excellent quality, but many other certificates, including KEMA, TÜV, CESI, ASTA, and KERI. The outstanding quality of the products that we are manufacturing conforms to international standards such as IEC, UL, ANSI, CCC, JIS, and KS.

We also provide Total Solutions that encompass customized designs and more advanced technology, as well as efficient production and installation, and highly accurate testing and analysis of power equipment.

## Automation Industry | Automation Equipment, Industrial IT & RFID

LS ELECTRIC, a leading pioneer of the domestic automation business, developed the first ever PLC, Inverter (AC Drive), and DCS in Korean automation history. We now provide Total Solutions through the diverse application of our own products, ranging from controllers to control systems that are based on sophisticated technology and proven experience, to bring innovative change to distribution systems and logistics.

**Susol** Super Solution

# MCCB

Molded Case Circuit Breakers





**Susol** Super Solution

## MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS



GOOD DESIGN  
Ministry of Commerce



iF  
product  
design  
award  
2007

### ■ Design for technical strong point: The Susol MCCB

Susol series MCCB is available for world best breaking capacity up to 150kA, and MS is seal structure for hidden electricity arc.

Susol product represents simultaneously simple and complicated design for using cut diamond motive to emphasize on the hardness of industrial product.

And we applied the identity of product image by designing same concept MCCB and MS which is installed to cubicle.

Susol series acquire the competitive power through getting the picking up GD product and winning iF design award.



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## **Super Solution**



### **For power distribution**

- ▶ The highest breaking capacity
- ▶ Optimum coordination technique (Cascading & discrimination)
- ▶ Powerful engineering tools

### **For protection of motor & its control device**

- ▶ Optimal overload protection
- ▶ Guaranteed type-2 coordination between circuit breaker and contactor, relay

### **For controlling and disconnecting circuits**

### **For extensive applications**

- ▶ Wide range of optimized auxiliaries and accessories

# Global Leading Products

*Circuit breakers*

*For protection of power distribution*

*Circuit breakers*

*For protection of motor &  
its control device*

*Disconnecting switches*

*For controlling and  
disconnecting circuits*

# Susol

## Super solution



- Super Performance
- Super Breaking capacity
- Super Optimum coordination
- Super Extensive applications

# Susol TE, TD, TS series

## Circuit breakers and disconnecting switches



Susol circuit breakers provide superior performance in a compact package. They are used in cascade rated systems, allowing the use of lower interruption circuit breakers downstream, which lead to lower system cost.

While meeting IEC60947-2 service and interrupting ratings, these breakers

provide unmatched flexibility by employing a wide variety of trip units including fixed thermal & magnetic, adjustable thermal-fixed magnetic, adjustable thermal adjustable magnetic, and electronic options.

Susol TE and TD circuit breaker is available in one frame size in ratings from 16 to 160 amperes and TS circuit

breakers are available in three frame sizes in ratings from 40 to 1600 amperes and in interrupting capacities up to 150 kA at 415VAC. Standard calibration is at 40°C with optional 55°C factory calibration available for applications where higher ambient temperatures are encountered.

# **Susol MCCB** Communication



## ■ Communication interface:RS485 (ModBUS)

### ■ Transmittable data :

- Reading of protection settings
- The highest current of the three phases
- Measurement: R, S, T and N phase current (RMS)
- Fault reading: Type of fault, Fault phase

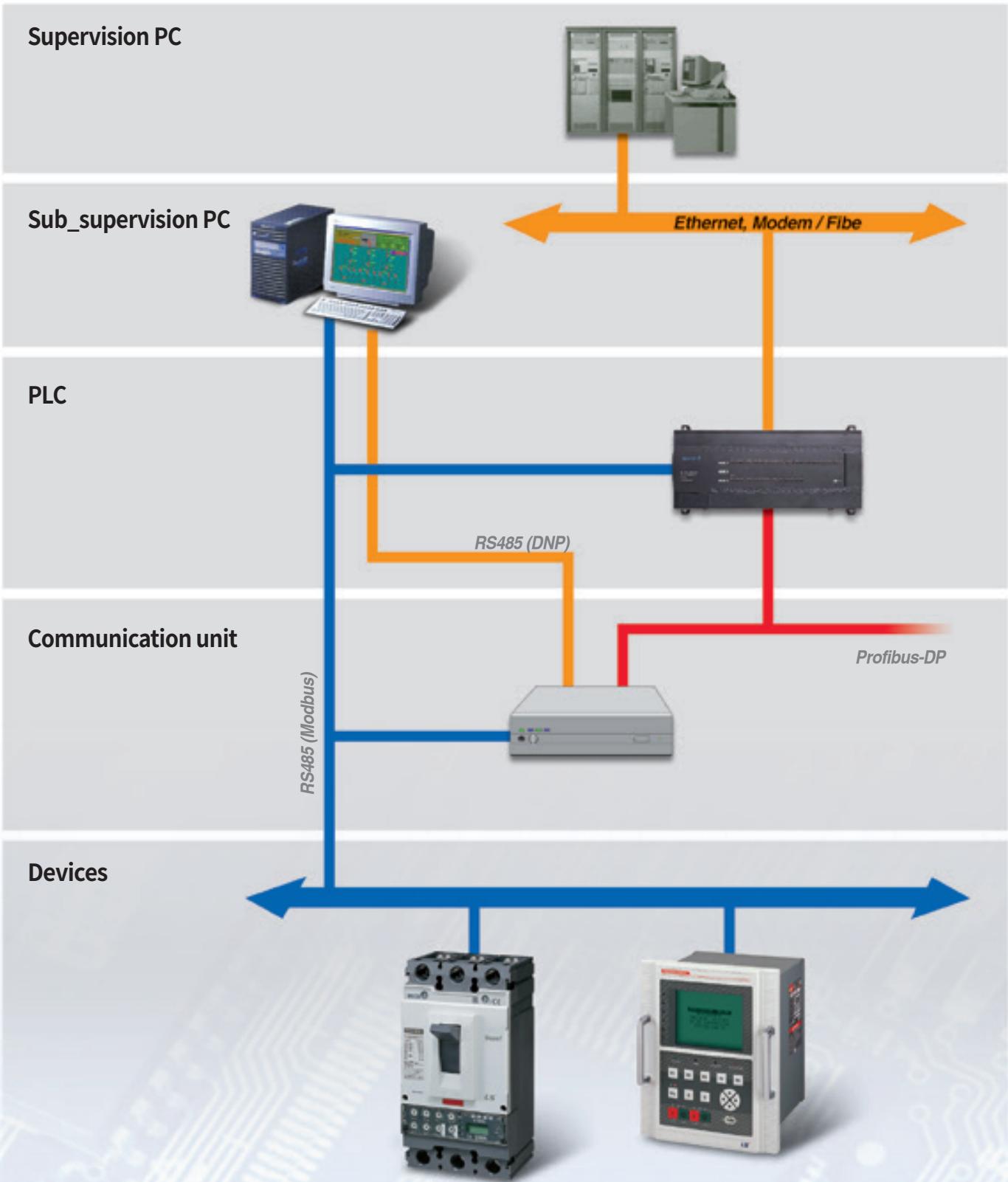
### ■ The setting of communication address

By using TR button and LCD display (Ammeter)

### ■ ZSI Enable/Occurrence

### ■ Power source: DC24V Power is required

# Providing optimal solution



- MCCB(MODBUS) → CU → Profibus\_DP → PLC → EtherNET → Supervision PC
- MCCB(MODBUS) → PLC → EtherNET → Supervision PC
- MCCB(MODBUS) → CU → RS485(DNP) → SUB\_Supervision PC
- MCCB(MODBUS) → SUB\_Supervision PC

# Susol MCCB

## Residual Current Devices



### ■ Protection against earth leakage currents

The Susol circuit breaker can offer protection against earth leakage currents by using an add-on residual current device (RCD). RCD unit interfaces directly below the circuit breaker trip unit area without the use of any secondary wiring or connections

# Residual Current Devices

## Residual Current Devices

### RTU23/24, RTU33/34 and RTU43 for TS type MCCBs

Apart from the protection against overloads typical of automatic circuit breakers, the residual current circuit breaker derived from them also guarantee protection of people against earth leakage currents, thereby ensuring protection against direct contacts, indirect contacts and fire hazards. (ELCB)

The RCD unit has numerous current and time settings and an override blocking the time settings when set to 30mA. The earth leakage test button tests the electrical and mechanical operation of the device. In order to allow for a dielectric test of the breaker and RCD combination without damaging the electronics, the dielectric plug is placed within the setting area.

The RCD unit may be equipped with an alarm switch (FAL) to remotely indicate tripping due to an earth leakage current.



RCD type	RTU23	RTU24	RTU33	RTU34	RTU43
Number of poles	3*	4	3*	4	3*
Applicable circuit breaker	TS100 TS160 TS250 TS400 TS630 TS800	■ ■ ■  ■  ■	■ ■ ■  ■  ■		
Protection characteristics					
Sensitivity	I <sub>Δn</sub> (A)		(adjustable) 0.03-0.3-1-3-10		
Time delay **	Intentional time delay (ms)		(adjustable) 0-60-150-300-600		
	Max. breaking time (ms)		(adjustable) 40-150-300-600-990		
Rated voltage	AC 50/60 Hz		220~460V / 460~690V		

\* 3P modules may also be used on 2P circuit breakers.

\*\* If the sensitivity is set to 30mA, the time delay setting is reduced to zero.

# **Susol MCCB**

Main characteristics



## ■ Susol series circuit breakers are suitable for

- Protection of power distribution
- Protection of motor & its control device
- Controlling and disconnecting circuits

## ■ Optimum technical support for

(Cascading, Discrimination, Type 2 coordination)

- Selecting economical protection system
- Quarantee safety of the installation
- Reducing the stress on components and damage
- Guarantee service continuity





# A-1

## Overview

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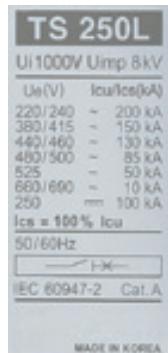
# Range of LS low voltage circuit breakers

	Main switchboard	
Type of circuit breaker	ACB	MCCB
Rated current, In	630~6300A	1000~1600A
Breaking capacity, Icu	65~150kA	50~150kA
Service breaking capacity (% Icu), Ics	100%	75~100%
Utilization category	B	A, B
Applied standard	IEC 60947-2	IEC 60947-2
Image of circuit breaker	 	
Brand name	Susol/Metasol	Susol
Image of brand	 	
Series	AH, AS, AN	TS

\* 1pole MCCB

Main / Sub switchboard		Final distribution
MCCB	MCCB	MCB
16~800A	3~1200A	1~63A
37~150kA	10~85kA	10kA
100%	100%	75%
A	A	A
IEC 60947-2, UL489	IEC 60947-2	IEC60898, 60947-2, UL1077
		
Susol	Metasol	
<b><i>Susol</i></b>	<b><i>Metasol</i></b>	
TE, TD, TS	AB series	BK63H series

# General



## Molded Case Circuit Breakers

The new series of Susol circuit-breakers is available in four frame sizes:  
: 160, 250, 630, 800, 1600AF

The breakers are able to cover a range of service currents up to 1600A and are available in the fixed version and plug-in version.

The breaking capacities, at 380/415V, are classified by following letters:

- S: 37kA for 100 and 160AF
- N: 50kA for 160, 250 and 1600AF
  - 65kA for 630 and 800AF
- H: 75kA for 1600AF
  - 85kA for 160, 250 and 630AF
  - 100kA for 800AF
- L: 150kA for 160, 250, 630, 800 and 1600AF

Susol circuit-breakers are climate-proof. The breakers are intended for use in rooms where there are no excessive operating conditions (e.g. dust, corrosive vapors, gases).

If the circuit-breakers are used in dusty or humid locations, suitable enclosures should be provided. Sufficient fresh air supply must be provided if there are harmful gases (e.g. hydrogen-sulfide vapor) in the ambient air.

All Susol circuit breakers offer positive contact indication and are suitable for isolation in compliance with standards IEC 60947-1 and 2.

Susol circuit-breakers are suitable for protection of

- Power distribution systems supplied by transformers or generators
- Motor and generator

A switch-disconnector of Susol circuit breakers is available for circuit control and isolation.



**Susol series circuit breakers and auxiliaries comply with the following international standard:**

#### **IEC 60947-1**

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear  
- Part 1: General rules

#### **IEC 60947-2**

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear  
- Part 2: Circuit-breakers

#### **IEC 60947-3**

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear  
- Part 3: Switches, disconnectors, switchdisconnectors and fuse-combination units

#### **IEC 60947-4**

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear  
- Part 4-1: Contactors and motor-starters  
Electromechanical contactors and motor starters  
Switches, disconnectors, switchdisconnectors  
- Part 4-2: Contactors and motor-starters  
AC semiconductor motor controllers and starters  
- Part 4-3: Contactors and motor-starters  
AC semiconductor controllers and contactors for non-motor loads

The following certificates are available on a request.

- CE Declaration of conformity
- Certificate of conformance test (CB) - IEC 60947
- Certificate of conformance test - CCC (China)
- Letter of origin

## **CE conformity marking**

The CE conformity marking shall indicate conformity to all the obligations imposed on the manufacturer, as regards his products, by virtue of the European Community directives providing for the affixing of the CE marking.

When the CE marking is affixed on a product, it represents a declaration of the manufacturer or of his authorized representative that the product in question conforms to all the applicable provisions including the conformity assessment procedures. This prevents the Member States from limiting the marketing and putting into service of products bearing the CE marking, unless this measure is justified by the proved non-conformity of the product.

## **IECEE CB SCHEME**

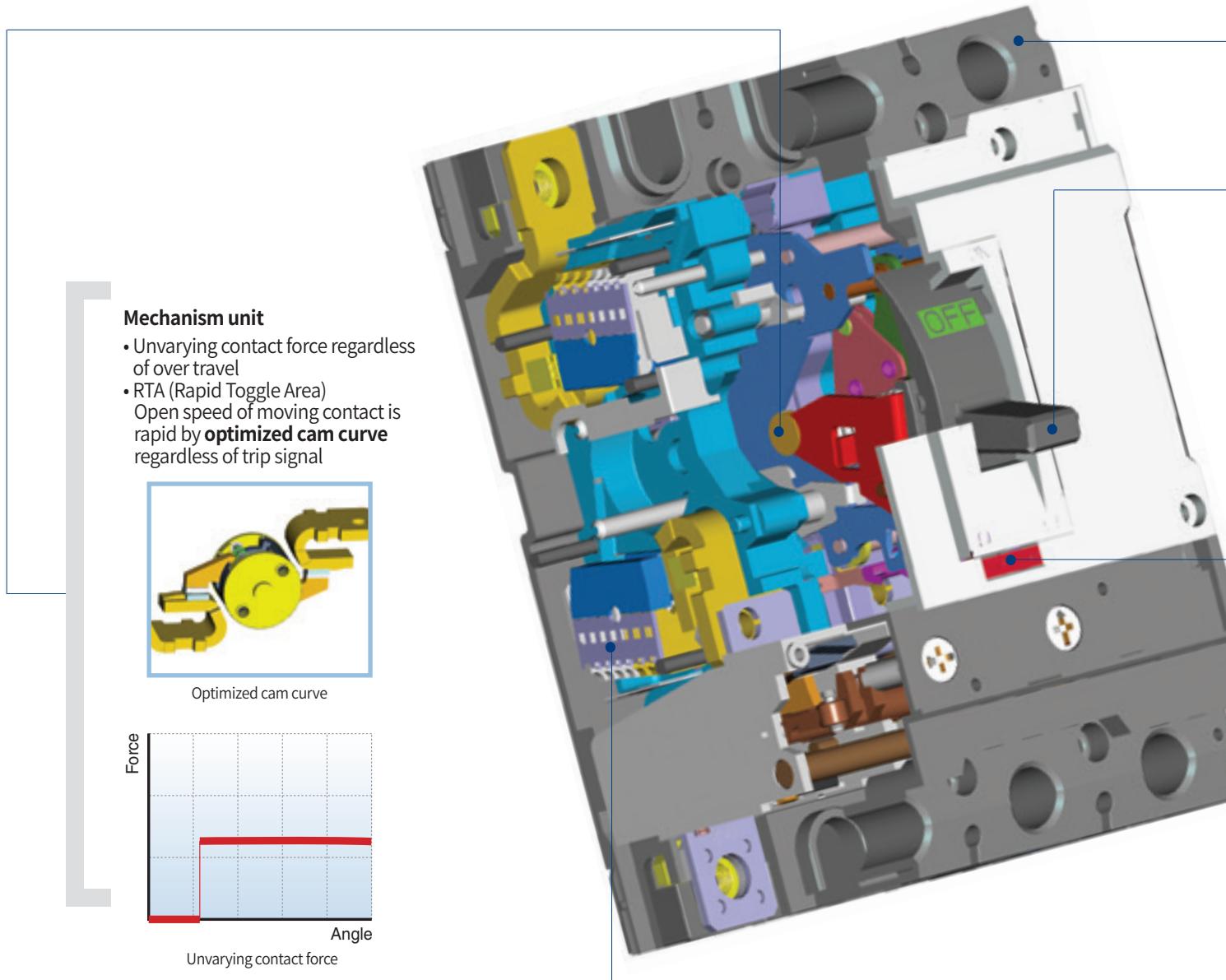
The IECEE CB Scheme is the world's first truly international system for acceptance of test reports dealing with the safety of electrical and electronic products. It is a multilateral agreement among participating countries and certification organizations. A manufacturer utilizing a CB test report issued by one of these organizations can obtain national certification in all other member countries of the CB Scheme.

The Scheme is based on the use of international (IEC) Standards. If some members' national standards are not yet completely harmonized with IEC Standards, national differences are permitted if clearly declared to all other members. The CB Scheme utilizes CB Test Certificates to attest that product samples have successfully passed the appropriate tests and are in compliance with the requirements of the relevant IEC Standard and with the declared national differences of various member countries.

The main objective of the Scheme, is to facilitate trade by promoting harmonization of the national standards with international Standards and cooperation among product certifiers worldwide in order to bring product manufacturers a step closer to the ideal concept of "one product, one test, one mark, where applicable".

# Structure

The primary components are: a switching mechanism, an automatic tripping device (and manual trip button), contacts, an arc-extinguishing device, terminals and a molded case.



**Molded case**

- UL94 V-0 flame retarded
- High strength

**Trip button (push to trip)**

- Enables tripping mechanically from outside, for confirming the operation of the accessory switches and the manual resetting function.

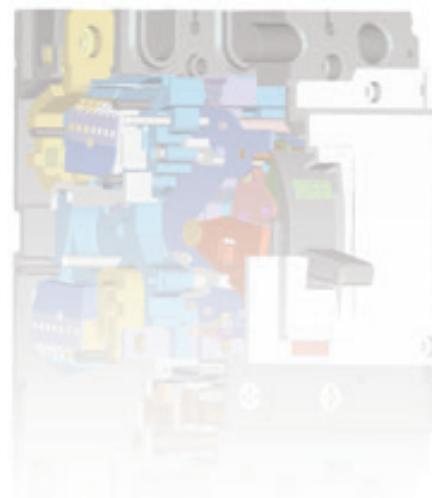
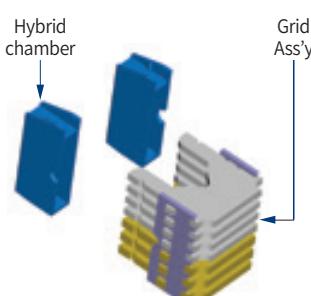
Note) Fault Alarm Switch, FAL is not operated by trip button.  
FAL is applicable only to the breakers with electronic trip units.

**Handle**

- Function of indications  
- "ON" "OFF" "TRIP"
- Resetting  
When the handle indicates "tripped" position it must first be reset by moving the handle to the "OFF" position and then closing is possible
- Trip-Free even if the handle is held at "ON", the breaker will trip if an over current flows
- Suitable for Verification of the main contact position under abnormal conditions because the handle doesn't indicate open position

**Arc-Extinguishing unit**

- PASQ Type Quenching Chamber
- Very superior to increasing arc voltage during short time
- PASQ ;  
- Puffer Assisted Self-Quenching  
- Patented by LS



# Marking and configuration



Rated frequency

Symbol indicating suitability for isolation as defined by IEC 947-2

Standard

Utilization category



**Model (Rating and breaking capacity)**

- TS: Series
- 250: Max. Ampere rating
- S: Standard
- N: Normal (Standard)
- H: High
- L: Current limiting

**Standardized characteristics:**

- $U_i$ : Rated insulation voltage
- $U_{imp}$ : Impulse withstand voltage
- $U_e$ : Rated operational voltage
- $I_{cu}$ : Ultimate breaking capacity
- $I_{cs}$ : Service breaking capacity

	160AF	250AF	630AF	800AF	1600AF
S	TE100S TE160S	-	-	-	-
N	TE100N TE160N TD100N TD160N	TS100N TS160N TS250N	TS400N TS630N	TS800N -	TS1000N TS1250N TS1600N
H	TD100H TD160H -	TS100H TS160H TS250H	TS400H TS630H -	TS800H -	TS1000H TS1250H TS1600H
L	TD100L TD160L -	TS100L TS160L TS250L	TS400L TS630L -	TS800L -	TS1000L -

S	37kA	-	-	-	-
N	50kA	50kA	65kA	65kA	50kA
H	85kA	85kA	85kA	100kA	70kA
L	150kA	150kA	150kA	150kA	150kA

Product: Molded Case Circuit Breaker

Upstream connections

Fixing hole

Certificate plate

Indication of closed (I/ON) position

Brand name

Operating handle

Indication of open (O/OFF) position

Company logo

"push to trip" button

Rating of trip unit

Trip unit

Fixing hole

Downstream connections

# Overview of trip units

On Susol circuit breakers, the thermal-magnetic and electronic trip units are interchangeable and may be rapidly fitted to the circuit breakers.

It is therefore easy to change the protection of a given circuit following a modification in an installation.

On TS400 and 630 circuit breakers, the electronic trip units are interchangeable plug-in modules.

Trip unit ETM offers a large number of protection settings.

## Each Trip devices has different types of protection depending on the associated trip unit:

- Standard protection
- Protection of networks supplied by line distribution
- Protection of long cables
- Protection of DC networks
- Protection of motor-starters
- Service connection circuit breaker (for special subscriber contracts)

Susol TD100, TD160 circuit breakers may be equipped with either FTU or FMU.

The trip units are not interchangeable types and can be supplied only after fixed with circuit breakers.

## Ampere ratings

MCCB frame type	Rated current, In[A]						DSU	
	Thermal magnetic release				Electronic release			
	FTU	FMU	ATU	MTU	ETS	ETM		
TE100 TD100	16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63, 80, 100	16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63, 80, 100	-	-	-	-	-	
TE160 TD160	100, 125, 160	100, 125, 160	-	-	-	-	160	
TS100	40, 50, 63, 80, 100	40, 50, 63, 80, 100	-	1.6, 3.2, 6.3, 12, 20, 32, 50, 63, 100	40, 80	-	100	
TS160	100, 125, 160	100, 125, 160	125, 16	32, 50, 63, 100, 160	40, 80, 160	-	160	
TS250	125, 160, 200, 250	125, 160, 200, 250	125, 160, 200, 250	100, 160, 220	40, 80, 160, 250	-	250	
TS400	300, 400	300, 400	300, 400	320	160, 250, 400	160, 250, 400	400	
TS630	500, 630	500, 630	500, 630	500	160, 250, 400, 630	160, 250, 400, 630	630	
TS800	700, 800	800	800	630	630, 800	630, 800	800	
<b>Types of trip units</b>								
FTU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fixed thermal, Fixed magnetic</li> </ul>							
FMU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adjustable thermal, Fixed magnetic</li> </ul>							
ATU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adjustable thermal, Adjustable magnetic</li> </ul>							
MTU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Magnetic only</li> </ul>							
ETS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Electronic (LSI)</li> </ul>							
ETM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Electronic (LSIG, Ammeter, Communication, Zone selective interlocking)</li> </ul>							
DSU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disconnecting switch</li> </ul>							



## Trip unit identification

TS250

FMU

MCCB frame type

Trip unit function

### FTU Fixed-thermal, fixed-magnetic



### FMU Adjustable-thermal, fixed-magnetic



### ATU Adjustable-thermal, adjustable-magnetic



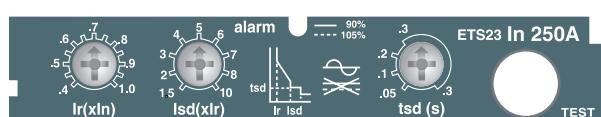
### MTU Magnetic only



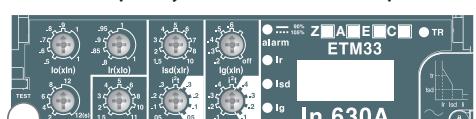
### DSU Disconnecting switch



### ETS Electronic (LSI)



### ETM Electronic (LSIG, multi-function unit)



# Switching mechanism

## Double contactor structure

### Optimize

#### Repulsion force

#### Shape of contactor

- Induce easily the arc mobility to grid direction
- Rapidly redeploy the arc from moving contactor
- Prevent contact tip from erosion

#### Open speed & contact force

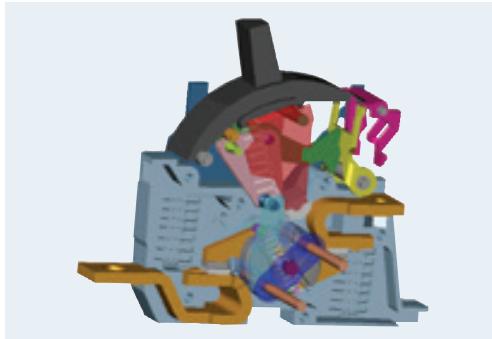


Fig. 3 "ON" position

### ON position

- Unvarying contact force regardless of over travel
- Open speed of moving contact is rapid by optimized cam curve regardless of trip signal
- Function of trip free

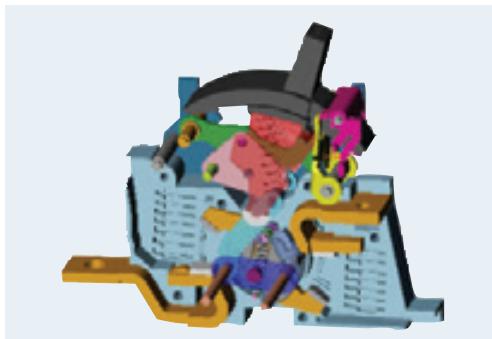
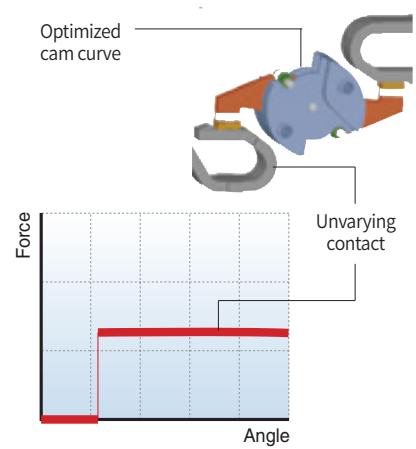


Fig. 4 "OFF" position

### OFF position

- Push to trip in OFF position  
\* Reset pin moment < Main spring moment
- Stability of endurance

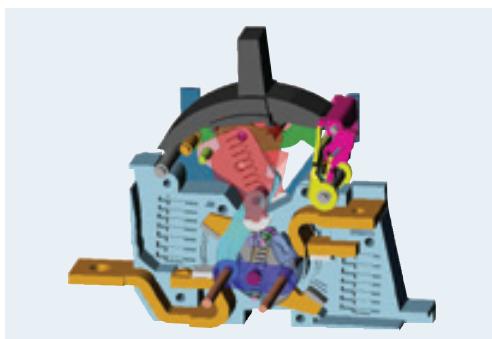
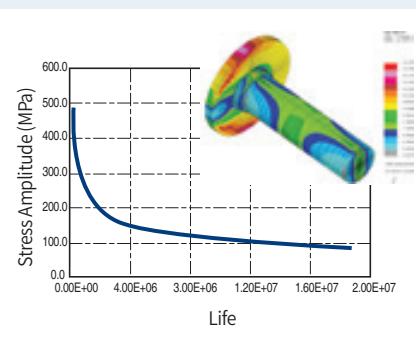
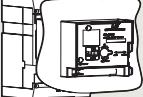
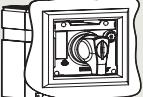
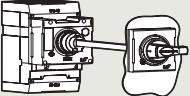


Fig. 5 "TRIP" position

### TRIP position

- Enables tripping mechanically from outside, for confirming the operation of the accessory switches and the manual resetting function

The table indicates the degrees of protection guaranteed by Susol circuit-breakers according to several type of installation. Basically, the fixed parts are always preset with IP20 degree of protection.  
IP65 degree of protection can be obtained with the circuit-breaker installed in a switchboard fitted with an extended rotary handle operating mechanism transmitted on the compartment door.

Type	Degree of protection	IP	Protection of persons against access to hazardous parts with:
 Circuit breaker	Full penetration of 12.5mm diameter sphere not allowed. The jointed test finger shall have adequate clearance from hazardous parts	IP20	Wire
 Circuit breaker with terminal cover	The access probe of 2.5mm diameter shall not penetrate.	IP30	Wire
 Plug-in circuit breaker	Full penetration of 12.5mm diameter sphere not allowed. The jointed test finger shall have adequate clearance from hazardous parts. <small>* When the circuit breaker is installed and the supplied covers are mounted.</small>	IP20 or IP30	Wire
 Circuit breaker with cover frame for door cutout	The access probe of 1.0mm shall not penetrate.	IP40	Wire
 Circuit breaker with cover frame and motor operator	The access probe of 1.0mm diameter shall not penetrate.	IP40	Wire
 Circuit breaker with cover frame and rotary direct handle	The access probe of 1.0mm diameter shall not penetrate.	IP40	Wire
 Circuit breaker with cover frame and rotary extended handle	Totally protected against ingress of dust and water jets from any direction	IP65	Wire

# Ordering

## Susol TE, TD, TS up to 800AF MCCB

Trip unit: FTU, ATU, FMU, ETS, ETM

**TS250**

Ampere frame		Type		Rated current		Poles		-		Accessories		
TE	100	S	Standard			2P	2Pole	-	Standard	Note) Please refer to A-3		
	160	N	Normal				3P		3Pole			
TD	100	H	High			4P	4Pole	P	Plug-in			
	160	L	Current limit						Note) Plug in type is only available 3Pole			
TS	100	Trip unit					N phase way(4Pole)					
	160	Thermal magnetic trip unit	FTU	Fixed Trip Unit				L	N-R-S-T			
	250		FMU	Fixed Magnetic Trip Unit				R	R-S-T-N			
	400		ATU	Adjustable Trip Unit				Note)				
	630		ETS	Electronic Trip Unit Standard				1. R type is not available for TE and TD types.				
	800	ETM	Electronic Trip Unit Multi Fuction			2. L: N phase is located on the left R: N phase is located on the right						

Trip unit: MTU

**TS250**

Ampere frame		Type		Magnetic only trip unit		Rated current		Poles		-		Accessories	
TS	100	N	Normal			AF	Rated current	3P	3Pole	-	Standard	Note) Please refer to A-3	
	160	H	High								P		Plug-in
	250	L	Current limit					TS100 1.6, 3.2, 6.3, 12, 20, 32, 50, 63, 100					
	400	TS160 32, 50, 63, 80, 100, 160											
	630	TS250 100, 160, 220											
	800	TS400 320											
	TS630 500												
	TS800 630												

**Trip unit: DSU**

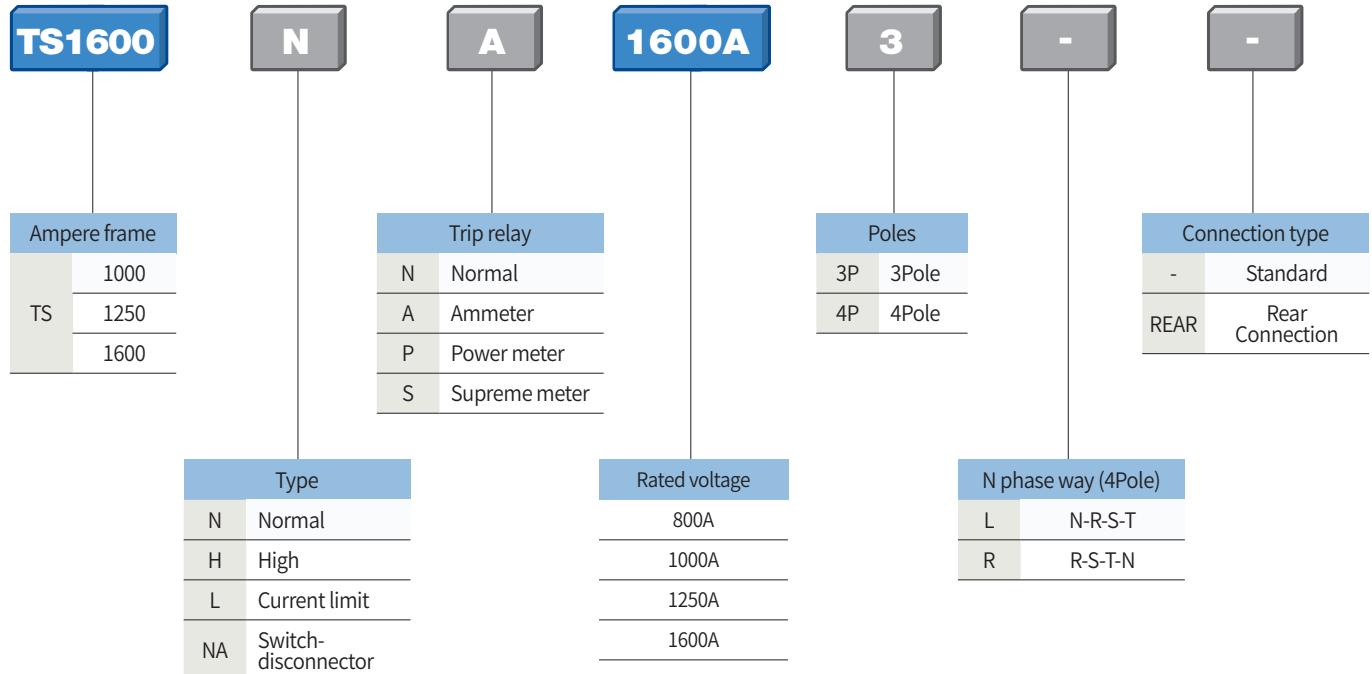
TS250	NA	DSU250	250A	3	-
Ampere frame	MCCB	Disconnect Switch Unit	AF	Rated current	Poles
TD	100		TD100	100	2P
	160		TD160	160	2Pole
TS	100		TS100	100	3P
	160		TS160	160	3Pole
	250		TS250	250	4P
	400		TS400	400	4Pole
	630		TS630	630	
	800		TS800	800	

**Trip unit: RTU**

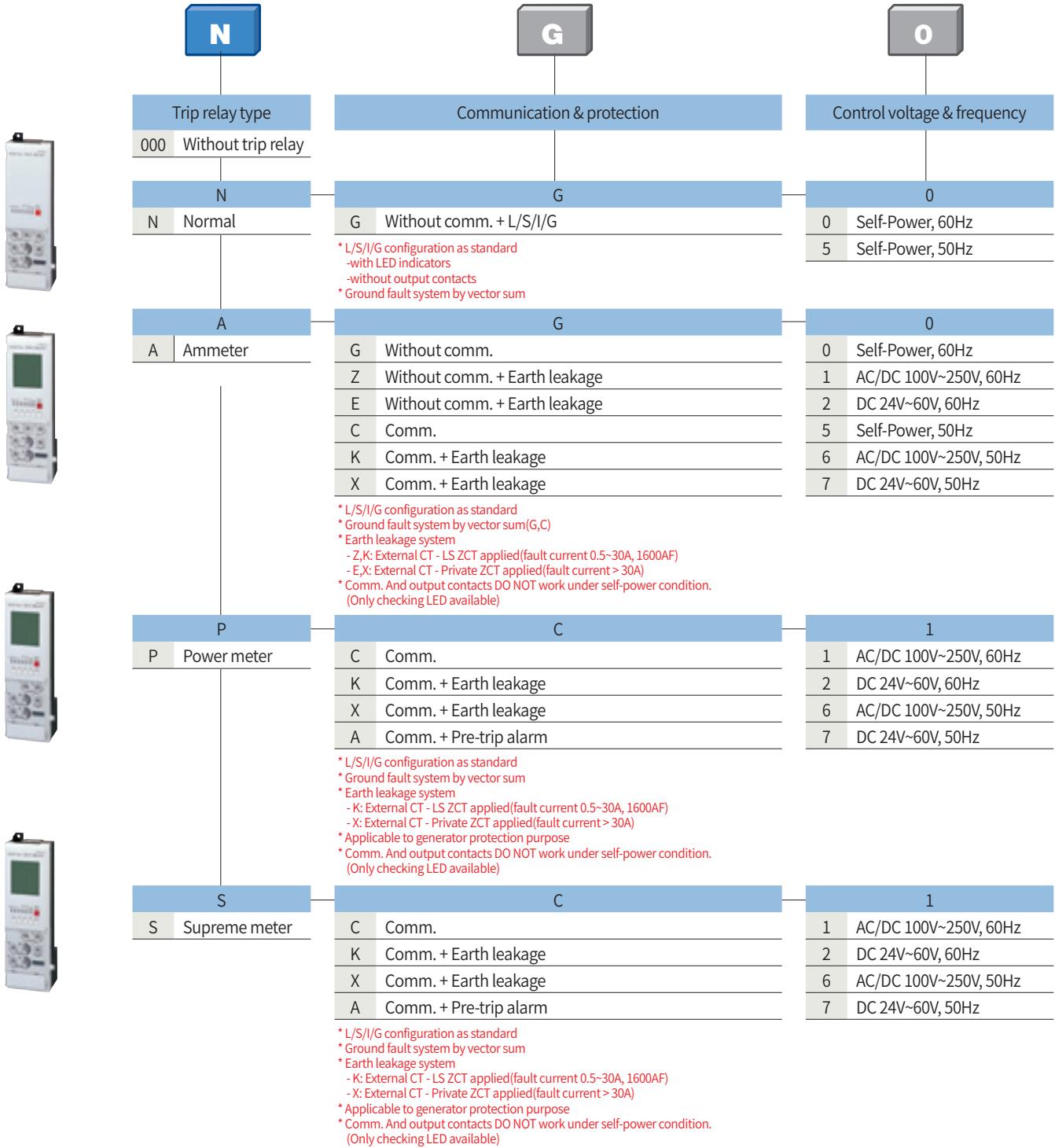
RTU	2	4	AC220/460V	TS250
Model	AF	Pole	Rated voltage	Applicable circuit breaker
RTU	2	250AF	AC220/460V	250AF TS100/160, TS250
	3	630AF	AC460/690V	630AF TS400 TS630
	4	800AF		800AF TS800 (3p only)

# Ordering

## Susol TS 1600AF MCCB



## Trip relay





# A-2

## Main characteristics

### 100 to 800AF

#### MCCBs for power distribution

▪ Electrical characteristics	A-2-1
▪ Thermal magnetic trip unit	
- Overview	A-2-3
- FTU, FMU for TE100, TE160, TD100, TD160	A-2-5
- FTU, FMU for TS100, TS160, TS250 ATU for TS160, TS250	A-2-7
- FTU, FMU, ATU for TS400, TS630	A-2-11
- FTU, FMU, ATU for TS800	A-2-15
▪ Electronic trip units (Standard)	
- Overview	A-2-17
- ETS23 for TS100, TS160, TS250	A-2-19
- ETS33 for TS400, TS630	A-2-25
- ETS43 for TS800	A-2-31
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- Overview	A-2-37
- ETM33 for TS400, TS630	A-2-40
- ETM43 for TS800	A-2-49

#### MCCBs for motor protection

▪ Electrical characteristics	A-2-57
▪ Magnetic only trip unit	A-2-59

#### Switch-Disconnectors

▪ Electrical characteristics	A-2-61
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#### Susol MCCB for DC Application

4 pole MCCB with electronic trip unit	A-2-63
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### 1000 to 1600AF

#### MCCBs for power distribution

▪ Electrical characteristics	A-2-71
▪ OCR(Over current relays) Trip unit	A-2-71

#### Switch-Disconnectors

▪ Electrical characteristics	A-2-92
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# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electrical characteristics

			TE100	TE160	TD100		TD160		
Frame size		[AF]	100	160	100	100	160	160	160
Rated current, In*		[A]	16~100	100, 125, 160	16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 60, 63, 80, 100		100, 125, 160, 1P: 16~160		
No. of poles			3,4	3,4	2*, 3, 4		1, 2*, 3, 4		
Rated operational voltage, Ue	AC	[V]	690	690	690		690, 1P; 240		
Rated impulse withstand voltage, Uimp	DC	[kV]	500	500	500		500, 1P:250		
Rated insulation voltage, Ui		[V]	8	8	8		8		
Rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity, Icu			750	750	1000		1000		
AC 50/60Hz	220/240V	[kA]	S 50	N 85	S 50	N 85	H 100	L 200	N 85 (1P:30)
	380/415V	[kA]	37	50	37	50	85	150	50 85 150
	440/460V	[kA]	25	37	25	37	50	70	130 50 70 130
	480/500V	[kA]	18	25	18	25	30	50	30 50 65
	525V	[kA]	-	-	-	-	22	35	50 22 35 50
	660/690V	[kA]	6	8	6	8	10	10	10 10 10
	DC	250V	[kA]	37	50	37	50	42	65 42 (1P:16)
		500V(2poles in series)	[kA]	37	50	37	50	42	65 65 (1P:25) 100
Rated service breaking capacity, Ics									
AC 50/60Hz	220~525V	%Icu	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	660/690V	[kA]	-	-	-	-	5	5	5 5 5
DC		%Icu	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Rated short-circuit making capacity lcm									
AC 50/60Hz	220/240V	[kA]	105	187	105	187	187	220	440 187 (1P:105) (1P:105) 220
	380/415V	[kA]	77.7	105	77.7	105	105	187	330 105 187 330
	440/460V	[kA]	52.5	77.7	52.5	77.7	105	154	286 105 154 286
	480/500V	[kA]	36	52.5	36	52.5	63	105	143 63 105 143
	525V	[kA]	-	-	-	-	46	74	105 46 74 105
	660/690V	[kA]	9.2	13.6	9.2	13.6	17	17	17 17 17
			A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Category of utilization									
Isolation behavior			●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Trip unit (release)									
Thermal-Magnetic									
● fixed-thermal, fixed-magnetic	FTU		●	●	●	●	●	●	●
● adjustable-thermal, fixed-magnetic	FMU		●	●	●	●	●	●	●**
● adjustable-thermal, adjustable-magnetic	ATU		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
● magnetic only	MTU (3P)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electronic									
● LSI	ETS (3P, 4P)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
● LSI	ETM (3P, 4P)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Option	Earth-fault protection, Ig		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Zone selective interlocking, ZSI		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Ammeter		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Communication		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Earth-leakage protection module		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connection	fixed	front-connection	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		rear-connection	●	●	●	●	●	●	●**
	plug-in	front-connection	-	-	●	●	●	●	●**
		rear-connection	-	-	●	●	●	●	●**
Life cycle ***	Mechanical	[operations]	25000	25000	25000	25000	25000	25000	25000
	Electrical @ 415 V AC	[operations]	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000
Basic dimensions, W x H x D (front connection)		1-pole [mm]	-	-	-	-	35 x 140 x 86		
		3-pole [mm]	76 x 130 x 82	76 x 130 x 82	90 x 140 x 86	90 x 140 x 86			
		4-pole [mm]	101 x 130 x 82	101 x 130 x 82	120 x 140 x 86	120 x 140 x 86			
Weight (front connection)	1-pole [kg]		-	-	-	-	0.57		
	3-pole [kg]		1.05	1.05	1.5	1.5			
	4-pole [kg]		1.35	1.35	1.8	1.8			
Reference standard			IEC60947-2	IEC60947-2	IEC60947-2	IEC60947-2			

\* Breaking capacity at 660/690V is for your reference. (not certified)

• Applicable to MCCBs equipped with FTU, FMU, ATU

\* 2 pole MCCB in 3pole frame size

\*\* Not applicable to 1pole

\*\*\* Life cycle means not guarantee but limitation

(Quality guarantee: On/Off frequency on the basis of IEC60947-2 within the term of guarantee.)

TS100		TS160		TS250		TS400		TS630		TS800	
	100		160		250		400		630		800
40, 50, 63, 80, 100		(100)*, 125, 160		125, 160, 200, 250		300, 400		500, 630		700***, 800	
2*, 3, 4		2*, 3, 4		2*, 3, 4		2*, 3, 4		2*, 3, 4		2*, 3, 4	
690		690		690		690		690		690	
500		500		500		500		500		500	
8		8		8		8		8		8	
1000		1000		1000		1000		1000		1000	
N	H	L	N	H	L	N	H	L	N	H	L
100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200
50	85	150	50	85	150	50	85	150	65	85	150
50	70	130	50	70	130	50	70	130	65	85	130
42	65	85	42	65	85	42	65	85	42	65	85
22	35	50	22	35	50	22	35	50	22	35	50
10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	20	35	10	20
50	85	100	50	85	100	50	85	100	50	85	100
50	85	100	50	85	100	50	85	100	50	85	100
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	10	12	10	12
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
220	264	440	220	264	440	220	264	440	220	264	440
105	187	330	105	187	330	105	187	330	143	187	330
105	154	286	105	154	286	105	154	286	143	187	286
88	143	187	88	143	187	88	143	187	88	143	187
46	74	105	46	74	105	46	74	105	46	74	105
17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	40	74	17	40
A		A		A		A		A		A	
●		●		●		●		●		●	
●		●		●		●		●		●	
-		●		●		●		●		●	
●		●		●		●		●		●	
●		●		●		●		●		●	
-		●		●		●		●		●	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
●		●		●		●		●		●	
●		●		●		●		●		●	
●		●		●		●		●		●	
●		●		●		●		●		●	
25000		25000		25000		20000		20000		10000	
10000		10000		10000		10000		6000		3000	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
105×160×86		105×160×86		105×160×86		140×260×110		140×260×110		210×320×135	
140×160×86		140×160×86		140×160×86		186.5×260×110		186.5×260×110		280×320×135	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
2		2		2		5.4		5.4		15.1	
2.6		2.6		2.6		7.2		7.2		19.6	
IEC60947-2		IEC60947-2		IEC60947-2		IEC60947-2		IEC60947-2		IEC60947-2	

\* The trip unit ATU is available from 125A  
\*\* 700A is only available for TS800FTU

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Thermal magnetic trip units Overview

Susol series circuit breakers can be installed with thermal magnetic trip units. And, there are two kinds of trip units according to way of installation as follows.

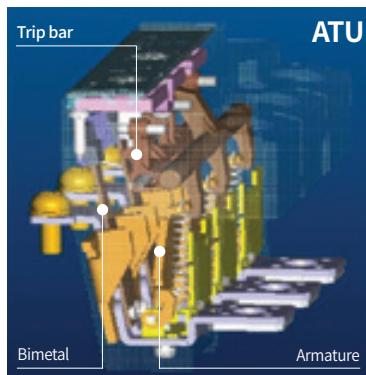
- Built-in trip units for TE and TD series upto 160A
- Interchangeable trip units for TS series upto 800A

### Function

Protection of power distribution

- Overload protection: Thermal protection with a fixed or adjustable threshold
- Short-circuit protection: Magnetic protection with a fixed or adjustable pick-up
- Protection of the fourth pole  
4P3D type (neutral unprotected)  
4P4D type 50% (neutral protection at  $0.5 \times I_n$ )  
4P4D type 100% (neutral protection at  $1 \times I_n$ )

### Operation



#### Thermal magnetic types

- Time-Delay operation

An overcurrent heats and warps the bimetal to actuate the trip bar by the bimetal characteristic.

- Instantaneous operation

If the overcurrent is excessive, the armature is attracted and the trip bar actuated by electromagnetic force.

### Ratings

Ratings(A)		at 40°C In
	TE100	
	TD100	
	TE160	
	TD160	
	TS100	
	TS160	
	TS250	
	TS400	
	TS630	
	TS800	

		Thermal magnetic trip units(FTU/FMU/ATU)												TE100 to TS800					
		16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250	300	400	500	630	800
	TE100	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TD100	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TE160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TD160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TS100	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TS160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TS250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TS400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TS630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	-	-
	TS800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●

Note) Rated current 700A is available for TS800FTU.

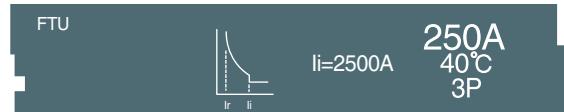
## Thermal magnetic trip units Overview

### Characteristics

#### Fixed thermal, fixed magnetic trip units

##### FTU

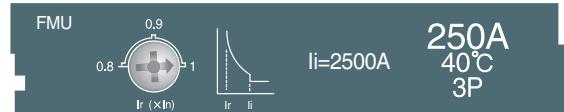
- Fixed thermal  
16A ... 800A rated currents
- Fixed magnetic  
400A ... 8000A tripping currents
- Applicable to TE100 ... TS800 frames



#### Adjustable thermal, fixed magnetic trip units

##### FMU

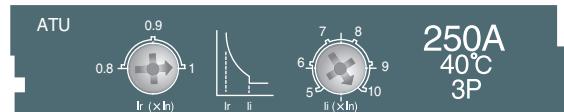
- Adjustable thermal  
16A ... 800A rated currents  
Adjustable :  $0.8 \sim 1 \times I_n$
- Fixed magnetic  
400A ... 8000A tripping currents
- Applicable to TE100 ... TS800 frames



#### Adjustable thermal, adjustable magnetic trip units

##### ATU

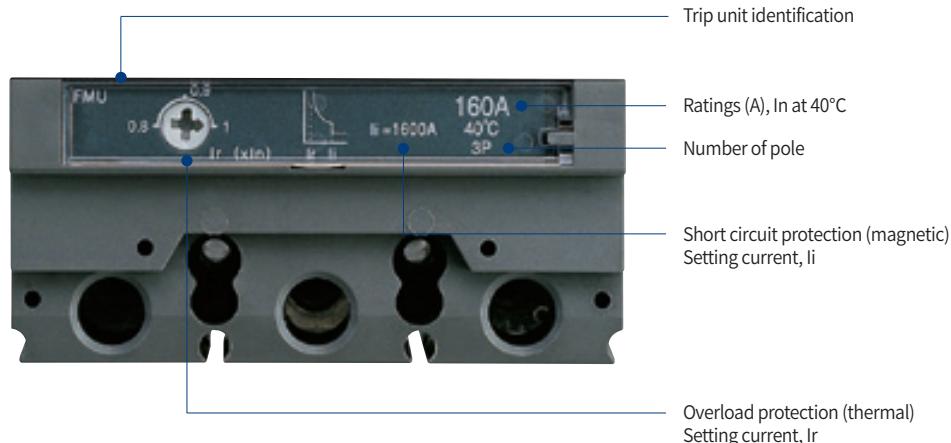
- Adjustable thermal  
100A ... 800A rated currents  
Adjustable :  $0.8 \sim 1 \times I_n$
- Adjustable magnetic  
500A ... 8000A tripping currents  
Adjustable :  $5 \sim 10 \times I_n$
- Applicable to TS160 ... TS800 frames



# MCCBs for power distribution

## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU for TE100, TD100, TE160, TD160

### Configuration

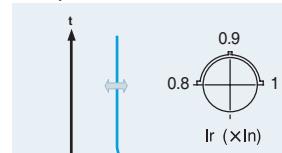


### TE100 FTU, TD100 FTU, TE160 FTU, TD160 FTU

- Fixed thermal & magnetic trip unit



### TE100 FTU, TD100 FTU, TE160 FTU, TD160 FTU

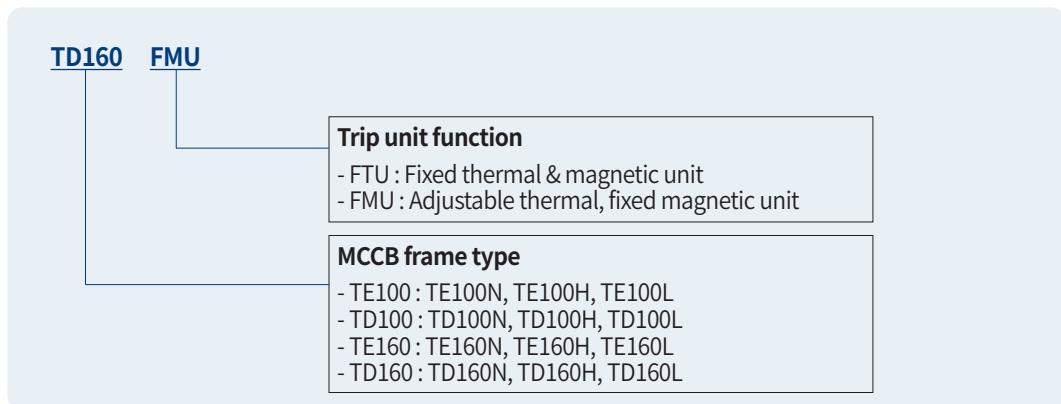


### TE100 FMU, TD100 FMU, TE160 FMU, TD160 FMU

- Adjustable thermal & fixed magnetic trip unit



### Catalogue numbering system



## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU for TE100, TD100, TE160, TD160

### Characteristics

Thermal magnetic trip units(FTU/FMU) ... TE100, TD100, TE160, TD160																	
Rating(A) at 40°C	In	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125	160					
TE/TD100	TE/TD100	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	-	-					
	TE/TD160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●					
Overload protection(thermal)																	
Current setting(A)	Ir																
FTU	FTU	Fixed															
	FMU	Adjustable 0.8, 0.9, 1×In (3 settings)															
Short - circuit protection(magnetic)																	
Current setting(A)	li																
FTU	FTU	Fixed 400A						Fixed 10×In									
	FMU	Fixed 400A						Fixed 10×In									
Protection of N pole																	
4P3D	4P3D	Neutral No protection															
	4P4D	Neutral protection (100% Ir)															

### Setting details

#### Thermal overload protection

Trip unit type
TE/TD100FTU
TE/TD100FMU
TE/TD160FTU
TE/TD160FMU

#### Magnetic short-circuit protection

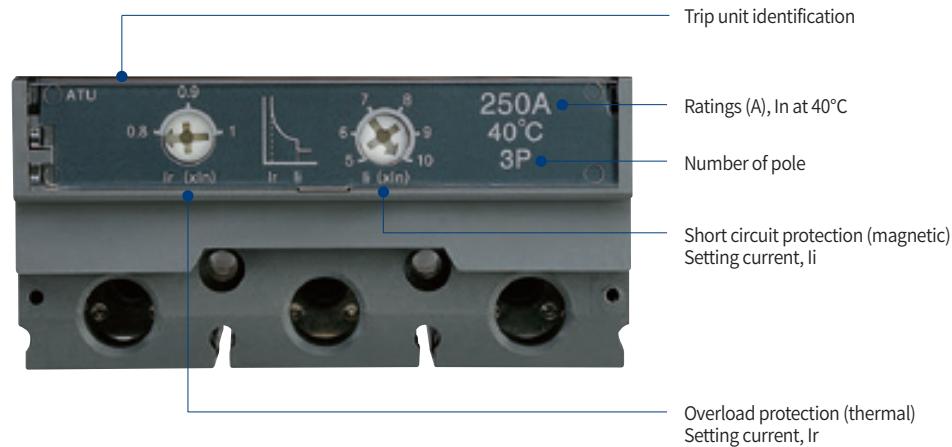
Trip unit type
TE/TD100FTU
TE/TD100FMU
TE/TD160FTU
TE/TD160FMU

Setting	Trip unit rating, In (A)											
	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125	160	
current, Ir	Fixed	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	-	-
0.8	Fixed	12.8	16	20	25.6	32	40	50.4	64	80	-	-
0.9	Fixed	14.4	18	22.5	28.8	36	45	56.7	72	90	-	-
1	Fixed	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	-	-
current, li	Fixed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	125	160
0.8×In	Fixed	In×10	400	400	400	400	500	630	800	1000	-	-
0.9×In	Fixed	In×10	400	400	400	400	500	630	800	1000	-	-
1.0×In	Fixed	In×10	400	400	400	400	500	630	800	1000	-	-
0.8×In	Fixed	In×10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1250	1600
0.9×In	Fixed	In×10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1250	1600
1.0×In	Fixed	In×10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1250	1600

# MCCBs for power distribution

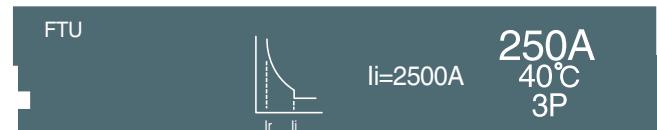
## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU for TS100, TS160, TS250 ATU for TS160, TS250

### Configuration

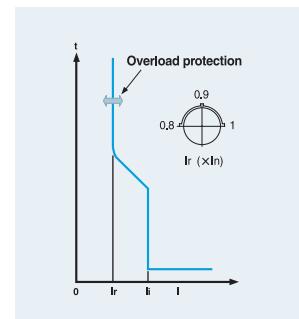


#### TS100 FTU, TS160 FTU, TS250 FTU

- Fixed thermal fixed magnetic trip unit

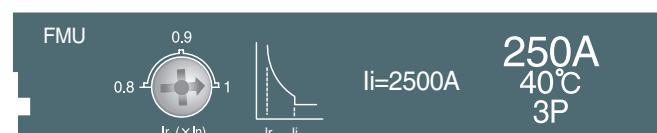


#### TS100 FMU, TS160 FMU, TS250 FMU

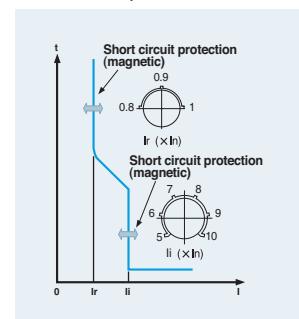


#### TS100 FMU, TS160 FMU, TS250 FMU

- Adjustable thermal fixed magnetic trip unit



#### TS160 ATU, TS250 ATU



#### TS160 ATU, TS250 ATU

- Adjustable thermal adjustable magnetic trip unit



## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU for TS100, TS160, TS250 ATU for TS160, TS250

### Characteristics

Thermal Magnetic trip units(FTU/FMU/ATU) ... TS100 to TS250										
Rating(A) at 40°C	In	40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250
	TS100	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-
	TS160	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	-	-
	TS250	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	●

Overload protection(thermal)		
Current setting(A)	Ir	
FTU	Fixed	
FMU	Adjustable 0.8 to $\times$ In	
ATU	Adjustable 0.8 to $\times$ In	

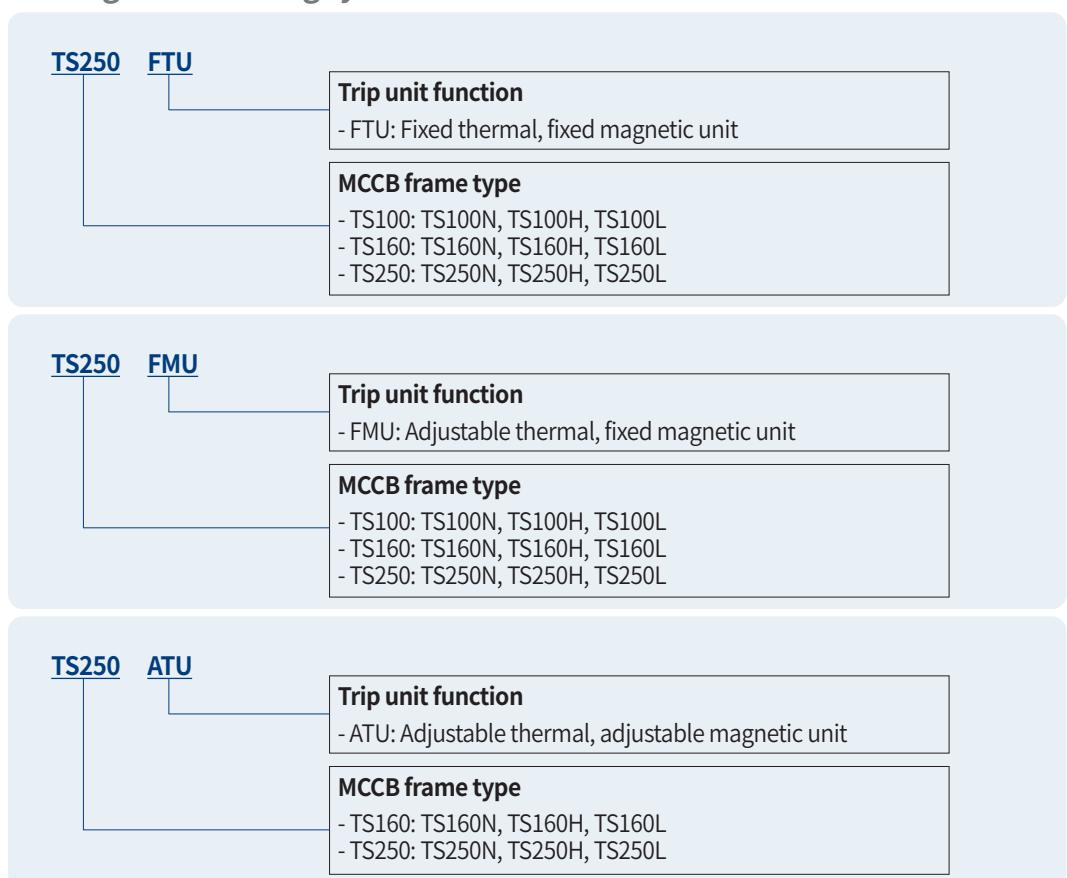
  

Short - circuit protection(magnetic)		
Current setting(A)	Il	
FTU	Fixed $10 \times$ In	
FMU	Fixed $10 \times$ In	
ATU	Adjustable 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, $10 \times$ In (6 settings)	

Protection of N pole		
	4P3D	Neutral No protection
	4P4D	Neutral protection (100% Ir)

### Catalogue numbering system



The trip unit ATU is available from 125A

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU for TS100, TS160, TS250 ATU for TS160, TS250

### Setting details

#### Thermal overload protection

Trip unit type	Setting Ir	Trip unit rating, In (A)								
		40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250
TS100FTU	Fixed	40	50	63	80	100	-	-	-	-
	0.8×In	32	40	50	64	80	-	-	-	-
TS100FMU	0.9×In	36	45	57	72	90	-	-	-	-
	1.0×In	40	50	63	80	100	-	-	-	-
TS160FTU	Fixed	-	-	-	-	100	125	160	-	-
	0.8×In	-	-	-	-	80	100	128	-	-
TS160FMU	0.9×In	-	-	-	-	90	113	144	-	-
	1.0×In	-	-	-	-	100	125	160	-	-
TS160ATU	0.8×In	-	-	-	-	-	100	128	-	-
	0.9×In	-	-	-	-	-	113	144	-	-
	1.0×In	-	-	-	-	-	125	160	-	-
TS250FTU	Fixed	-	-	-	-	-	125	160	200	250
	0.8×In	-	-	-	-	-	100	128	160	200
TS250FMU	0.9×In	-	-	-	-	-	113	144	180	225
	1.0×In	-	-	-	-	-	125	160	200	250
TS250ATU	0.8×In	-	-	-	-	-	100	128	160	200
	0.9×In	-	-	-	-	-	113	144	180	225
	1.0×In	-	-	-	-	-	125	160	200	250

## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU for TS100, TS160, TS250 ATU for TS160, TS250

### Setting details

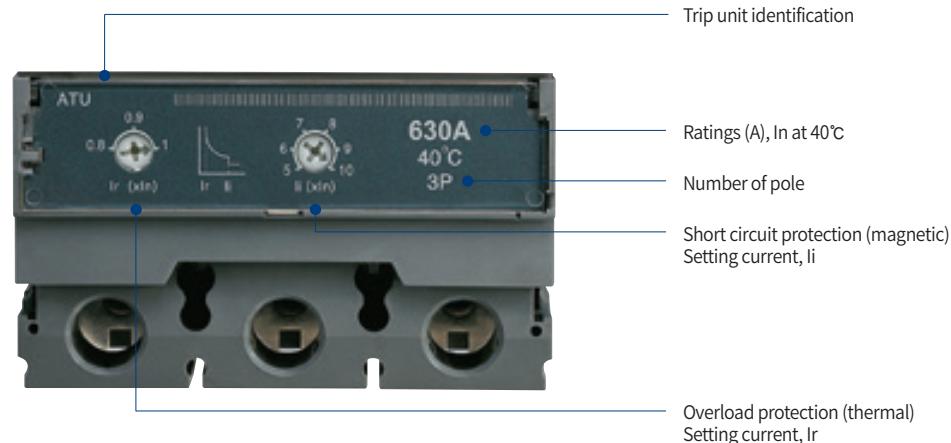
#### Magnetic short-circuit protection

Trip unit type	Setting current, $I_r$	Setting current, $I_s$	Trip unit rating, $I_n$ (A)								
			40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250
TS100FTU		Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	400	500	630	800	1000	-	-	-
TS100FMU	0.8 × $I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	400	500	630	800	1000	-	-	-
	0.9 × $I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	400	500	630	800	1000	-	-	-
	1.0 × $I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	400	500	630	800	1000	-	-	-
TS160FTU		Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	1000	1250	1600	-
TS160FMU	0.8 × $I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	1000	1250	1600	-
	0.9 × $I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	1000	1250	1600	-
	1.0 × $I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	1000	1250	1600	-
TS160ATU	0.8 × $I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	-	-	-	-	-	625	800	-
			$I_n \times 6$	-	-	-	-	-	750	960	-
			$I_n \times 7$	-	-	-	-	-	875	1120	-
			$I_n \times 8$	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1280	-
			$I_n \times 9$	-	-	-	-	-	1125	1440	-
			$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	-
	0.9 × $I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	-	-	-	-	-	625	800	-
			$I_n \times 6$	-	-	-	-	-	750	960	-
			$I_n \times 7$	-	-	-	-	-	875	1120	-
			$I_n \times 8$	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1280	-
			$I_n \times 9$	-	-	-	-	-	1125	1440	-
			$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	-
TS250ATU	1.0 × $I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	-	-	-	-	-	625	800	-
			$I_n \times 6$	-	-	-	-	-	750	960	-
			$I_n \times 7$	-	-	-	-	-	875	1120	-
			$I_n \times 8$	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1280	-
			$I_n \times 9$	-	-	-	-	-	1125	1440	-
			$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	-
		Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	2000
	0.8 × $I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	2500
	0.9 × $I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	2500
	1.0 × $I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	2500
TS250FTU	0.8 × $I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	-	-	-	-	-	625	800	1000
			$I_n \times 6$	-	-	-	-	-	750	960	1200
			$I_n \times 7$	-	-	-	-	-	875	1120	1400
			$I_n \times 8$	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1280	1600
			$I_n \times 9$	-	-	-	-	-	1125	1440	1800
			$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	2000
	0.9 × $I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	-	-	-	-	-	625	800	1000
			$I_n \times 6$	-	-	-	-	-	750	960	1200
			$I_n \times 7$	-	-	-	-	-	875	1120	1400
			$I_n \times 8$	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1280	1600
			$I_n \times 9$	-	-	-	-	-	1125	1440	1800
			$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	2000
TS250FMU	1.0 × $I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	-	-	-	-	-	625	800	1000
			$I_n \times 6$	-	-	-	-	-	750	960	1200
			$I_n \times 7$	-	-	-	-	-	875	1120	1400
			$I_n \times 8$	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1280	1600
			$I_n \times 9$	-	-	-	-	-	1125	1440	1800
			$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	2000
	1.0 × $I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	-	-	-	-	-	625	800	1000
			$I_n \times 6$	-	-	-	-	-	750	960	1200
			$I_n \times 7$	-	-	-	-	-	875	1120	1400
			$I_n \times 8$	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1280	1600
			$I_n \times 9$	-	-	-	-	-	1125	1440	1800
			$I_n \times 10$	-	-	-	-	-	1250	1600	2000

# MCCBs for power distribution

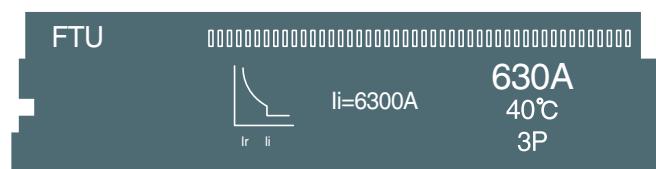
## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU, ATU for TS400, TS630

### Configuration

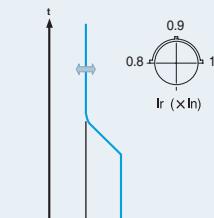


### TS400 FTU, TS630 FTU

- Fixed thermal fixed magnetic trip unit

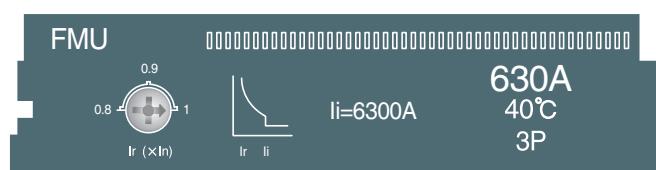


### TS400 FMU, TS630 FMU



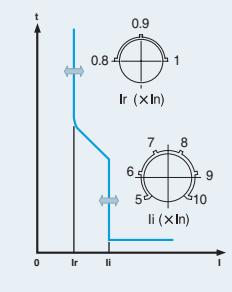
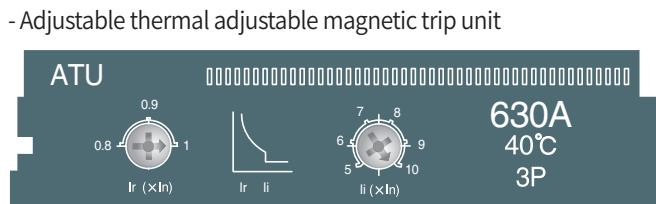
### TS400 FMU, TS630 FMU

- Adjustable thermal fixed magnetic trip unit



### TS400 ATU, TS630 ATU

- Adjustable thermal adjustable magnetic trip unit



## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU, ATU for TS400, TS630

### Characteristics

#### Thermal Magnetic trip units(FTU/FMU/ATU) ... TS400 to TS630

Rating(A) at 40°C	In	300	400	500	630
TS400	-	●	●	-	-
TS630	-	-	-	●	●

#### Overload protection(thermal)

Current setting(A)	Ir
FTU	In=Ir (Fixed)
FMU	Adjustable 0.8, 0.9, 1×In (3 settings)
ATU	Adjustable 0.8, 0.9, 1×In (3 settings)

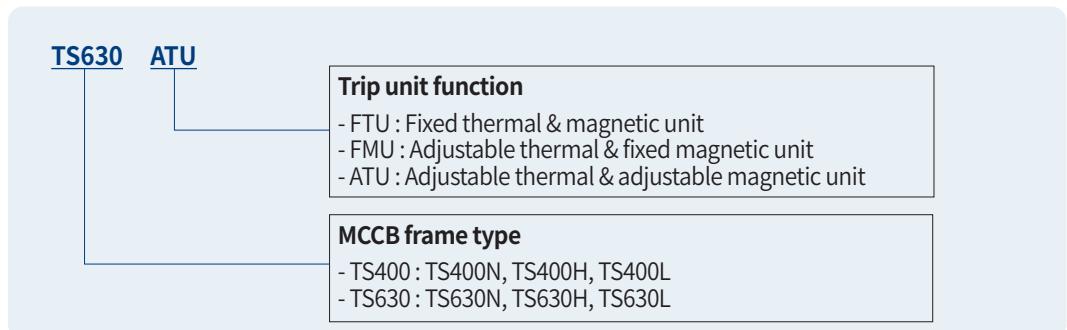
#### Short - circuit protection(magnetic)

Current setting(A)	II
FTU	Fixed 10×In
FMU	Fixed 10×In
ATU	Adjustable 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10×In (6 settings)

#### Protection of N pole

4P3D	Neutral No protection
4P4D	Neutral protection (100% Ir)

### Catalogue numbering system



# MCCBs for power distribution

## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU, ATU for TS400, TS630

### Setting details

#### Thermal overload protection

Trip unit type	Setting Ir	Trip unit rating, In (A)			
		300	400	500	630
TS400FTU	Fixed	300	400	-	-
	0.8	240	320	-	-
TS400FMU	0.9	270	360	-	-
	1	300	400	-	-
TS400ATU	0.8	240	320	-	-
	0.9	270	360	-	-
	1	300	400	-	-
TS630FTU	Fixed	-	-	500	630
	0.8	-	-	400	504
TS630FMU	0.9	-	-	450	567
	1	-	-	500	630
TS630ATU	0.8	-	-	400	504
	0.9	-	-	450	567
	1	-	-	500	630

## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU, ATU for TS400, TS630

### Setting details

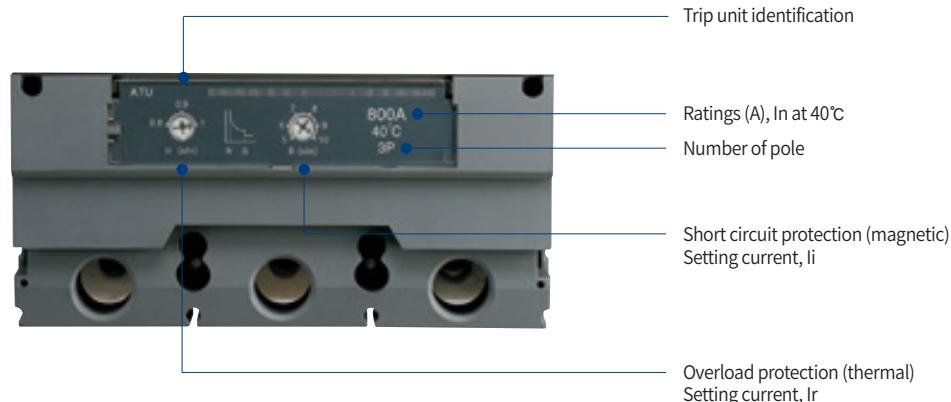
#### Magnetic short-circuit protection

Trip unit type	Setting current, $I_r$	Setting current, $I_i$	Trip unit rating, $I_n$ (A)			
			300	400	500	630
TS400FTU	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	3000	4000	-	-
TS400FMU	0.8 $\times I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	3000	4000	-
	0.9 $\times I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	3000	4000	-
	1.0 $\times I_n$	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	3000	4000	-
TS400ATU	0.8 $\times I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	1500	2000	-
			$I_n \times 6$	1800	2400	-
			$I_n \times 7$	2100	2800	-
			$I_n \times 8$	2400	3200	-
			$I_n \times 9$	2700	3600	-
			$I_n \times 10$	3000	4000	-
	0.9 $\times I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	1500	2000	-
			$I_n \times 6$	1800	2400	-
			$I_n \times 7$	2100	2800	-
			$I_n \times 8$	2400	3200	-
			$I_n \times 9$	2700	3600	-
			$I_n \times 10$	3000	4000	-
TS630FTU	1.0 $\times I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	1500	2000	-
			$I_n \times 6$	1800	2400	-
			$I_n \times 7$	2100	2800	-
			$I_n \times 8$	2400	3200	-
TS630FMU	Fixed	$I_n \times 10$	$I_n \times 9$	2700	3600	-
			$I_n \times 10$	3000	4000	-
			-	-	5000	6300
			-	-	5000	6300
TS630ATU	0.8 $\times I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	-	-	2500
			$I_n \times 6$	-	-	3000
			$I_n \times 7$	-	-	3500
			$I_n \times 8$	-	-	4000
			$I_n \times 9$	-	-	4500
			$I_n \times 10$	-	-	5000
	0.9 $\times I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	-	-	2500
			$I_n \times 6$	-	-	3000
			$I_n \times 7$	-	-	3500
			$I_n \times 8$	-	-	4000
			$I_n \times 9$	-	-	4500
			$I_n \times 10$	-	-	5000
	1.0 $\times I_n$	Adjustable	$I_n \times 5$	-	-	2500
			$I_n \times 6$	-	-	3000
			$I_n \times 7$	-	-	3500
			$I_n \times 8$	-	-	4000
			$I_n \times 9$	-	-	4500
			$I_n \times 10$	-	-	5000

# MCCBs for power distribution

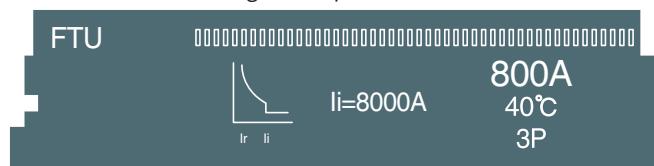
## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU, ATU for TS800

### Configuration



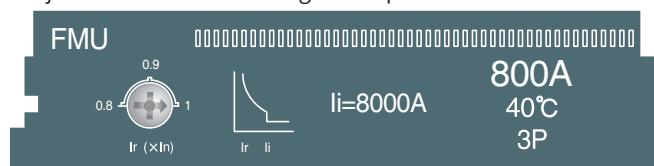
#### TS800 FTU

- Fixed thermal fixed magnetic trip unit



#### TS800 FMU

- Adjustable thermal fixed magnetic trip unit

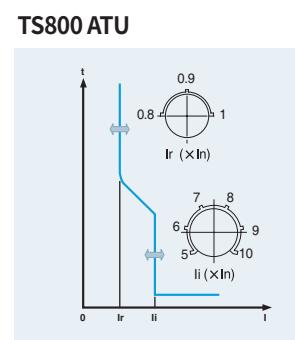
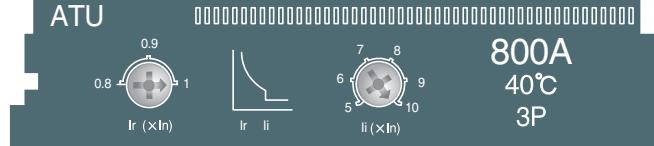


#### TS800 ATU

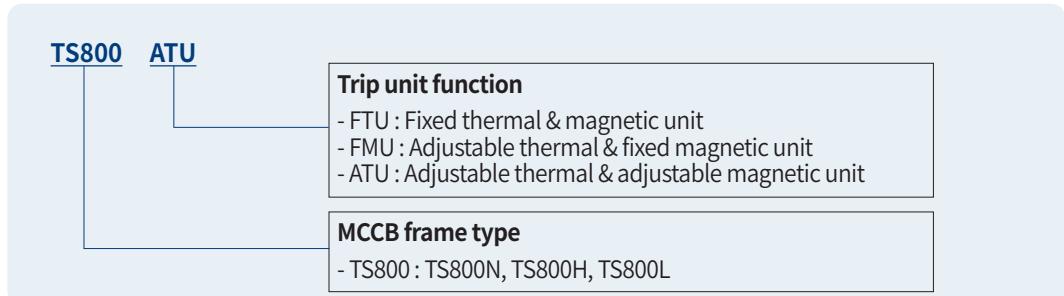
#### TS800 ATU

#### TS800 ATU

- Adjustable thermal adjustable magnetic trip unit



### Catalogue numbering system



## Thermal magnetic trip units FTU, FMU, ATU for TS800

### Characteristics

Thermal Magnetic trip units(FTU/FMU/ATU) ... TS800			
Rating(A) at 40°C	In	700	800
TS800		●	●
Overload protection(thermal)			
Current setting(A)	Ir		
	FTU	Fixed	
	FMU	Adjustable 0.8, 0.9, 1×In (3 settings)	
	ATU	Adjustable 0.8, 0.9, 1×In (3 settings)	

Note) 700A is only available for TS800FTU

Short - circuit protection(magnetic)		
Current setting(A)	li	
	FTU	Fixed 10×In
	FMU	Fixed 10×In
	ATU	Adjustable 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10×In (6 settings)

Protection of N pole		
	4P3D	Neutral No protection
	4P4D	Neutral protection (100% Ir)

### Setting details

#### Thermal overload protection

Trip unit type	Setting Ir	Trip unit rating, In (A)	
		700	800
TS800FTU	Fixed	700	800
	0.8	-	640
	0.9	-	720
	1	-	800
TS800FMU	0.8	-	640
	0.9	-	720
	1	-	800
TS800ATU	0.8	-	640
	0.9	-	720
	1	-	800

#### Magnetic short-circuit protection

Trip unit typ	Setting current, Ir	Setting current, li		Trip unit rating, In (A)	
				700	800
TS800FTU	Fixed	ln×10		7000	8000
TS800FMU	0.8×In	Fixed	ln×10	-	8000
	0.9×In	Fixed	ln×10	-	8000
	1.0×In	Fixed	ln×10	-	8000
TS800ATU	0.8×In	Adjustable	ln×5 ln×6 ln×7 ln×8 ln×9 ln×10	- - - - - -	4000 4800 5600 6400 7200 8000
	0.9×In	Adjustable	ln×5 ln×6 ln×7 ln×8 ln×9 ln×10	- - - - - -	4000 4800 5600 6400 7200 8000
	1.0×In	Adjustable	ln×5 ln×6 ln×7 ln×8 ln×9 ln×10	- - - - - -	4000 4800 5600 6400 7200 8000

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Overview of electronic trip units (Standard type)

**Types:** ETS23, ETS33, ETS43

**3 frame size of circuit breaker:** 250AF, 630AF, 800AF

**The Trip units can be mounted on circuit breakers of N, H and L type from TS100 to TS800.**

**Test connector for trip unit (AC/DC 30mA ~ AC/DC 100mA)**

### Protection

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection

### Ratings

Rated current, In (A)	40
	80
	160
	250
	400
	630
	800

Applicable to

	Trip units					
	ETS23			ETS33		ETS43
●	●	●	-	-	-	-
●	●	●	-	-	-	-
-	●	●	●	●	●	-
-	-	●	●	●	●	-
-	-	-	●	●	●	-
-	-	-	-	-	●	●
-	-	-	-	-	-	●
TS100 N/H/L	TS160 N/H/L	TS250 N/H/L	TS400 N/H/L	TS630 N/H/L	TS800 N/H/L	

### Current setting, Ir(A)

ETS	16	32	40	64	80	100	160	250	320	400	630	800
ETS23 for TS100N/H/L												
ETS23 for TS160N/H/L												
ETS23 for TS250N/H/L												
ETS33 for TS400N/H/L												
ETS33 for TS630N/H/L												
ETS43 for TS800N/H/L												

### Setting values

#### Overload protection (long time)

Setting current (A) Ir 0.4, 0.45, 0.5, 0.55, 0.6, 0.65, 0.7, 0.75, 0.8, 0.85, 0.9, 0.95, 1.0×In,  
13 setting

Tripping time (s) Fixed at  $6 \times Ir$ , tolerance ±20%

#### Short-circuit protection (short time)

Tripping threshold (A) Isd adjustable 1.5, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10×Ir, 9 settings, tolerance ±15%

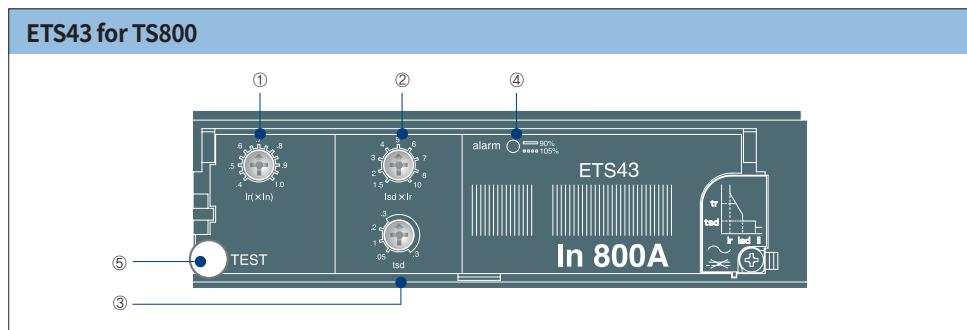
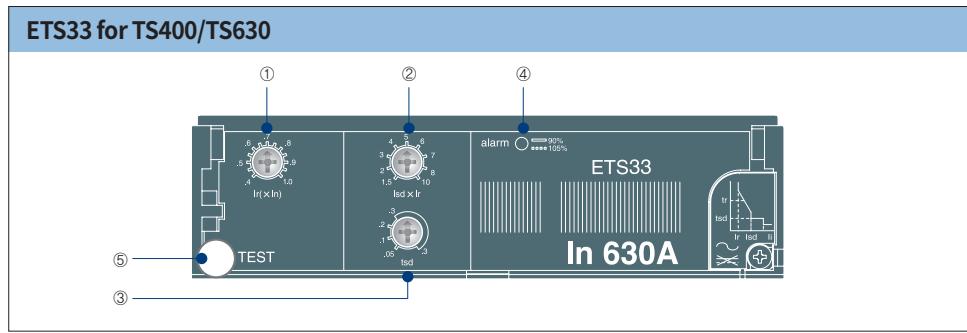
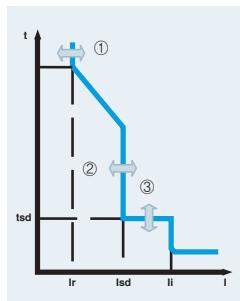
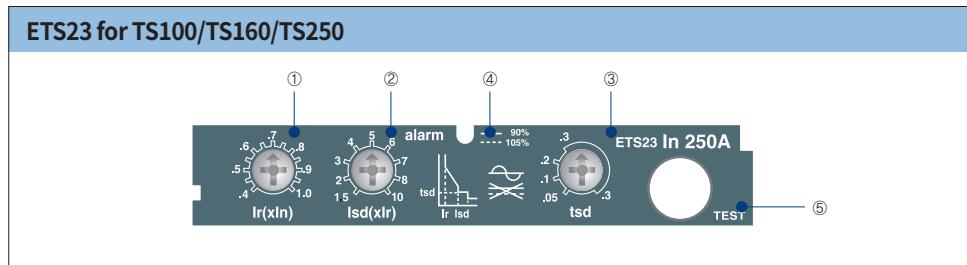
Time delay tsd	setting time (ms)	50	100	200	300	4 settings $I^2t$ is off
	operation time (ms)	30<=t≤70	70<=t≤140	140<=t≤240	240<=t≤350	

#### Short circuit protection (Instantaneous)

Tripping threshold (A) Ii Fixed at  $11 \times In$

## Overview of electronic trip units (Standard type)

- ① Adjustable rated current setting ( $I_r$ )
- ② Adjustable short time delay current setting ( $I_{sd}$ )
- ③ Adjustable time delay setting ( $t_{sd}$ )
- ④ Alarm LED  
90%  $I_r$ : ON,  
105%  $I_r$  or more: ON-OFF
- ⑤ Test connector

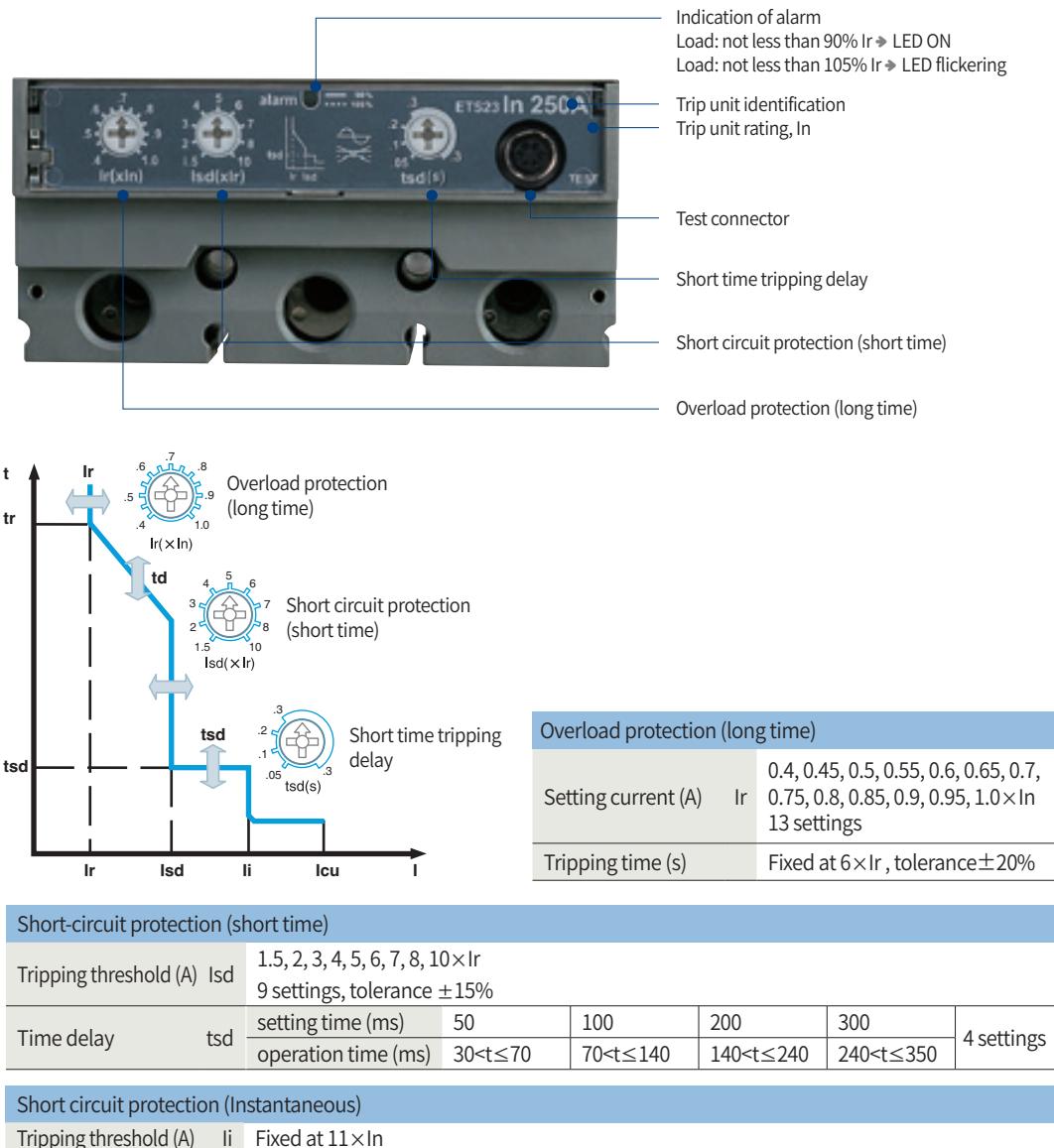


# MCCBs for power distribution

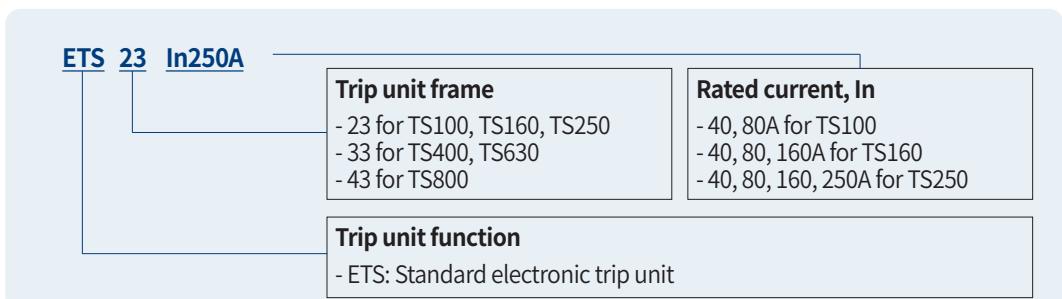
## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS23 for TS100, TS160, TS250

### Configuration

Electronic type, ETS23 for MCCBs TS100, TS160, TS250



### Catalogue numbering system



## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS23 for TS100, TS160, TS250

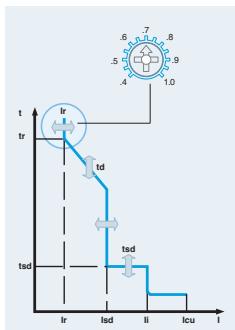
### Current setting, Ir (A)

Standard electronic trip unit, ETS23

Trip unit	16	32	40	64	80	100	160	250	320	400	630	800
for TS100												
for TS160												
for TS250												

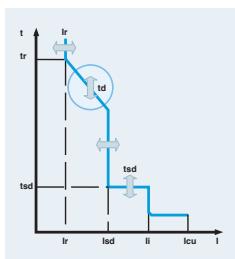
### Setting details

#### Overload protection (long time)



Circuit breakers	TS100			TS160			TS250			
	Trip unit rating, In(A)	40	80	40	80	160	40	80	160	250
Setting value										Overload protection setting current $Ir = \text{Setting value} (0.4\sim1) \times In$
0.4	16	32	16	32	64	16	32	64	100	
0.45	18	36	18	36	72	18	36	72	113	
0.5	20	40	20	40	80	20	40	80	125	
0.55	22	44	22	44	88	22	44	88	138	
0.6	24	48	24	48	96	24	48	96	150	
0.65	26	52	26	52	104	26	52	104	163	
0.7	28	56	28	56	112	28	56	112	175	
0.75	30	60	30	60	120	30	60	120	188	
0.8	32	64	32	64	128	32	64	128	200	
0.85	34	68	34	68	136	34	68	136	213	
0.9	36	72	36	72	144	36	72	144	225	
0.95	38	76	38	76	152	38	76	152	238	
1	40	80	40	80	160	40	80	160	250	

#### Long time tripping delay, td (sec)



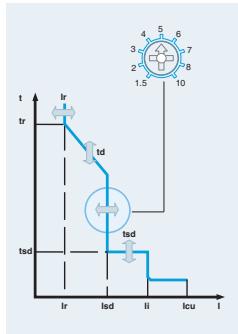
Tripping time (s)	Fixed at $6 \times Ir$ tolerance $\pm 20\%$
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# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS23 for TS100, TS160, TS250

### Setting details

#### Short-circuit protection (short time)



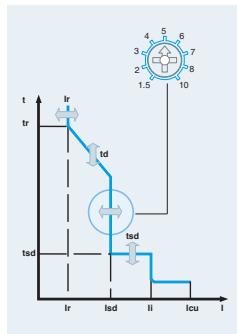
Circuit breakers	TS100			TS160			TS250			
	Trip unit rating, In(A)	40	80	40	80	160	40	80	160	250
Setting value	Short time pick-up current setting, $I_{sd} = \text{Setting value} (1.5\text{--}10) \times I_r$									
0.4		24	48	24	48	96	24	48	96	150
0.45		27	54	27	54	108	27	54	108	169
0.5		30	60	30	60	120	30	60	120	188
0.55		33	66	33	66	132	33	66	132	206
0.6		36	72	36	72	144	36	72	144	225
0.65		39	78	39	78	156	39	78	156	244
0.7	1.5	42	84	42	84	168	42	84	168	263
0.75		45	90	45	90	180	45	90	180	281
0.8		48	96	48	96	192	48	96	192	300
0.85		51	102	51	102	204	51	102	204	319
0.9		54	108	54	108	216	54	108	216	338
0.95		57	114	57	114	228	57	114	228	356
1		60	120	60	120	240	60	120	240	375
0.4	2	32	64	32	64	128	32	64	128	200
0.45		36	72	36	72	144	36	72	144	225
0.5		40	80	40	80	160	40	80	160	250
0.55		44	88	44	88	176	44	88	176	275
0.6		48	96	48	96	192	48	96	192	300
0.65		52	104	52	104	208	52	104	208	325
0.7		56	112	56	112	224	56	112	224	350
0.75		60	120	60	120	240	60	120	240	375
0.8		64	128	64	128	256	64	128	256	400
0.85		68	136	68	136	272	68	136	272	425
0.9		72	144	72	144	288	72	144	288	450
0.95		76	152	76	152	304	76	152	304	475
1		80	160	80	160	320	80	160	320	500
0.4	3	48	96	48	96	192	48	96	192	300
0.45		54	108	54	108	216	54	108	216	338
0.5		60	120	60	120	240	60	120	240	375
0.55		66	132	66	132	264	66	132	264	413
0.6		72	144	72	144	288	72	144	288	450
0.65		78	156	78	156	312	78	156	312	488
0.7		84	168	84	168	336	84	168	336	525
0.75		90	180	90	180	360	90	180	360	563
0.8		96	192	96	192	384	96	192	384	600
0.85		102	204	102	204	408	102	204	408	638
0.9		108	216	108	216	432	108	216	432	675
0.95		114	228	114	228	456	114	228	456	713
1		120	240	120	240	480	120	240	480	750

## Electronic trip units (Standard)

### ETS23 for TS100, TS160, TS250

#### Setting details

##### Short-circuit protection (short time)



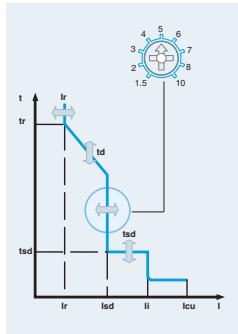
Circuit breakers	TS100			TS160			TS250			
Trip unit rating, In(A)	40	80	40	80	160	40	80	160	250	
Setting value	Short time pick-up current setting, $I_{sd} = \text{Setting value} (1.5\text{-}10) \times I_r$									
0.4	64	128	64	128	256	64	128	256	400	
0.45	72	144	72	144	288	72	144	288	450	
0.5	80	160	80	160	320	80	160	320	500	
0.55	88	176	88	176	352	88	176	352	550	
0.6	96	192	96	192	384	96	192	384	600	
0.65	104	208	104	208	416	104	208	416	650	
0.7	112	224	112	224	448	112	224	448	700	
0.75	120	240	120	240	480	120	240	480	750	
0.8	128	256	128	256	512	128	256	512	800	
0.85	136	272	136	272	544	136	272	544	850	
0.9	144	288	144	288	576	144	288	576	900	
0.95	152	304	152	304	608	152	304	608	950	
1	160	320	160	320	640	160	320	640	1000	
0.4	80	160	80	160	320	80	160	320	500	
0.45	90	180	90	180	360	90	180	360	563	
0.5	100	200	100	200	400	100	200	400	625	
0.55	110	220	110	220	440	110	220	440	688	
0.6	120	240	120	240	480	120	240	480	750	
0.65	130	260	130	260	520	130	260	520	813	
0.7	140	280	140	280	560	140	280	560	875	
0.75	150	300	150	300	600	150	300	600	938	
0.8	160	320	160	320	640	160	320	640	1000	
0.85	170	340	170	340	680	170	340	680	1063	
0.9	180	360	180	360	720	180	360	720	1125	
0.95	190	380	190	380	760	190	380	760	1188	
1	200	400	200	400	800	200	400	800	1250	
0.4	96	192	96	192	384	96	192	384	600	
0.45	108	216	108	216	432	108	216	432	675	
0.5	120	240	120	240	480	120	240	480	750	
0.55	132	264	132	264	528	132	264	528	825	
0.6	144	288	144	288	576	144	288	576	900	
0.65	156	312	156	312	624	156	312	624	975	
0.7	168	336	168	336	672	168	336	672	1050	
0.75	180	360	180	360	720	180	360	720	1125	
0.8	192	384	192	384	768	192	384	768	1200	
0.85	204	408	204	408	816	204	408	816	1275	
0.9	216	432	216	432	864	216	432	864	1350	
0.95	228	456	228	456	912	228	456	912	1425	
1	240	480	240	480	960	240	480	960	1500	

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS23 for TS100, TS160, TS250

### Setting details

#### Short-circuit protection (short time)

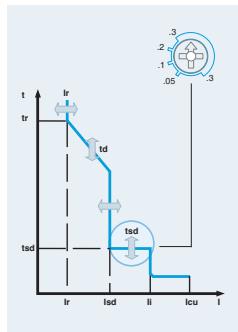


Circuit breakers	TS100			TS160			TS250		
	Trip unit rating, In(A)	40	80	40	80	160	40	80	160
Setting value		Short time pick-up current setting, $I_{sd} = \text{Setting value} (1.5 \sim 10) \times I_r$							
0.4		112	224	112	224	448	112	224	448
0.45		126	252	126	252	504	126	252	504
0.5		140	280	140	280	560	140	280	560
0.55		154	308	154	308	616	154	308	616
0.6		168	336	168	336	672	168	336	672
0.65		182	364	182	364	728	182	364	728
0.7	7	196	392	196	392	784	196	392	784
0.75		210	420	210	420	840	210	420	840
0.8		224	448	224	448	896	224	448	896
0.85		238	476	238	476	952	238	476	952
0.9		252	504	252	504	1008	252	504	1008
0.95		266	532	266	532	1064	266	532	1064
1		280	560	280	560	1120	280	560	1120
0.4	8	128	256	128	256	512	128	256	512
0.45		144	288	144	288	576	144	288	576
0.5		160	320	160	320	640	160	320	640
0.55		176	352	176	352	704	176	352	704
0.6		192	384	192	384	768	192	384	768
0.65		208	416	208	416	832	208	416	832
0.7		224	448	224	448	896	224	448	896
0.75		240	480	240	480	960	240	480	960
0.8		256	512	256	512	1024	256	512	1024
0.85		272	544	272	544	1088	272	544	1088
0.9		288	576	288	576	1152	288	576	1152
0.95		304	608	304	608	1216	304	608	1216
1		320	640	320	640	1280	320	640	1280
0.4	10	160	320	160	320	640	160	320	640
0.45		180	360	180	360	720	180	360	720
0.5		200	400	200	400	800	200	400	800
0.55		220	440	220	440	880	220	440	880
0.6		240	480	240	480	960	240	480	960
0.65		260	520	260	520	1040	260	520	1040
0.7		280	560	280	560	1120	280	560	1120
0.75		300	600	300	600	1200	300	600	1200
0.8		320	640	320	640	1280	320	640	1280
0.85		340	680	340	680	1360	340	680	1360
0.9		360	720	360	720	1440	360	720	1440
0.95		380	760	380	760	1520	380	760	1520
1		400	800	400	800	1600	400	800	1600

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS23 for TS100, TS160, TS250

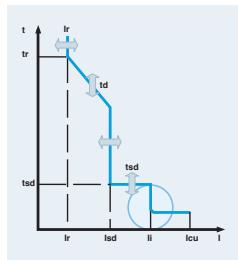
### Setting details

#### Short time tripping delay setting, tsd (ms)



Time delay (tsd)	setting time (ms)	50	100	200	300	
	operation time (ms)	$30 < t \leq 70$	$70 < t \leq 140$	$140 < t \leq 240$	$240 < t \leq 350$	4 settings

#### Short circuit protection (Instantaneous), $I_i$ (A)



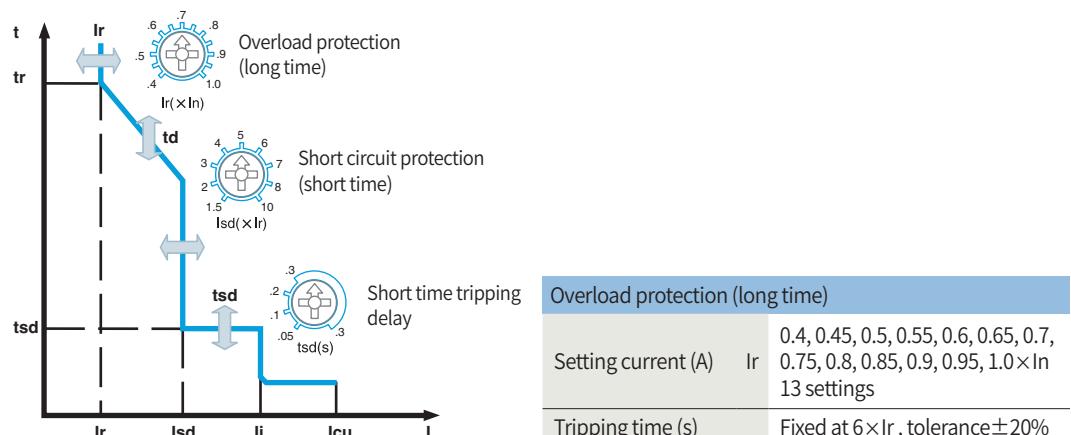
Tripping threshold (A), $I_i$	Fixed at $11 \times I_n$
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# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS33 for TS400, TS630

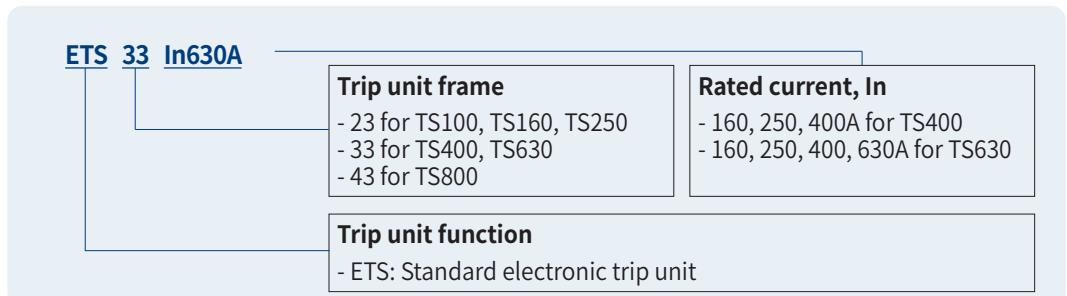
### Configuration

Electronic type, ETS33 for MCCBs TS400 & TS630



Short-circuit protection (short time)	
Tripping threshold (A) $I_{sd}$	1.5, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, $10 \times I_r$ 9 settings, tolerance $\pm 15\%$
Time delay $t_{sd}$	setting time (ms) 50   100   200   300   operation time (ms) $30 < t \leq 70$   $70 < t \leq 140$   $140 < t \leq 240$   $240 < t \leq 350$   4 settings
Short circuit protection (Instantaneous)	
Tripping threshold (A) $I_i$	Fixed at $11 \times I_n$

### Catalogue numbering system



## Electronic trip units (Standard)

### ETS33 for TS400, TS630

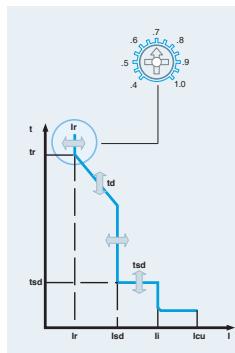
#### Current setting, Ir (A)

Standard electronic trip unit, ETS33

Trip unit	16	32	40	64	80	100	160	250	320	400	630	800
for TS400												
for TS630												

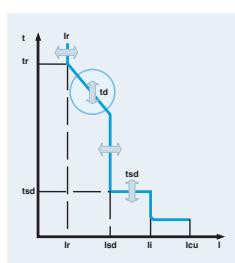
#### Setting details

##### Overload protection (long time)



Circuit breakers	TS400			TS630				
	Trip unit rating, In(A)	160	250	400	160	250	400	630
Setting value								Overload protection setting current $Ir = \text{Setting value} (0.4\sim 1) \times In$
0.4	64	100	160	64	100	160	252	
0.45	72	113	180	72	113	180	284	
0.5	80	125	200	80	125	200	315	
0.55	88	138	220	88	138	220	347	
0.6	96	150	240	96	150	240	378	
0.65	104	163	260	104	163	260	410	
0.7	112	175	280	112	175	280	441	
0.75	120	188	300	120	188	300	473	
0.8	128	200	320	128	200	320	504	
0.85	136	213	340	136	213	340	536	
0.9	144	225	360	144	225	360	567	
0.95	152	238	380	152	238	380	599	
1	160	250	400	160	250	400	630	

##### Long time tripping delay, td (sec)



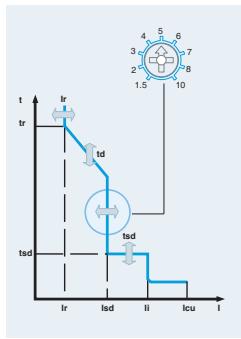
Tripping time (s)	Fixed at $6 \times Ir$ tolerance $\pm 20\%$
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# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS33 for TS400, TS630

### Setting details

#### Short-circuit protection (short time)



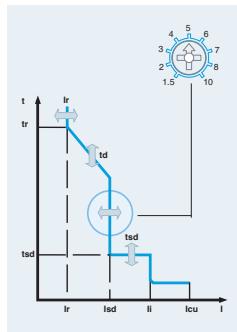
Circuit breakers		TS400			TS630			
Trip unit rating, In(A)		160	250	400	160	250	400	630
Setting value		Short time pick-up current setting, $I_{sd} = \text{Setting value } (1.5\text{--}10) \times I_r$						
0.4		96	150	240	96	150	240	378
0.45		108	169	270	108	169	270	425
0.5		120	188	300	120	188	300	473
0.55		132	206	330	132	206	330	520
0.6		144	225	360	144	225	360	567
0.65		156	244	390	156	244	390	614
0.7	1.5	168	263	420	168	263	420	662
0.75		180	281	450	180	281	450	709
0.8		192	300	480	192	300	480	756
0.85		204	319	510	204	319	510	803
0.9		216	338	540	216	338	540	851
0.95		228	356	570	228	356	570	898
1		240	375	600	240	375	600	945
0.4	2	128	200	320	128	200	320	504
0.45		144	225	360	144	225	360	567
0.5		160	250	400	160	250	400	630
0.55		176	275	440	176	275	440	693
0.6		192	300	480	192	300	480	756
0.65		208	325	520	208	325	520	819
0.7		224	350	560	224	350	560	882
0.75		240	375	600	240	375	600	945
0.8		256	400	640	256	400	640	1008
0.85		272	425	680	272	425	680	1071
0.9		288	450	720	288	450	720	1134
0.95		304	475	760	304	475	760	1197
1		320	500	800	320	500	800	1260
0.4	3	192	300	480	192	300	480	756
0.45		216	338	540	216	338	540	851
0.5		240	375	600	240	375	600	945
0.55		264	413	660	264	413	660	1040
0.6		288	450	720	288	450	720	1134
0.65		312	488	780	312	488	780	1229
0.7		336	525	840	336	525	840	1323
0.75		360	563	900	360	563	900	1418
0.8		384	600	960	384	600	960	1512
0.85		408	638	1020	408	638	1020	1607
0.9		432	675	1080	432	675	1080	1701
0.95		456	713	1140	456	713	1140	1795
1		480	750	1200	480	750	1200	1890

## Electronic trip units (Standard)

### ETS33 for TS400, TS630

#### Setting details

##### Short-circuit protection (short time)



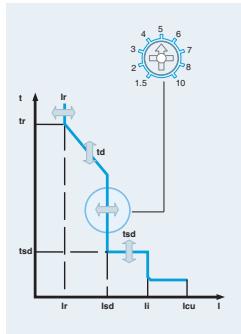
Circuit breakers	TS400			TS630			
Trip unit rating, In(A)	160	250	400	160	250	400	630
Setting value	Short time pick-up current setting, Isd = Setting value (1.5~10) × Ir						
0.4	256	400	640	256	400	640	1008
0.45	288	450	720	288	450	720	1134
0.5	320	500	800	320	500	800	1260
0.55	352	550	880	352	550	880	1386
0.6	384	600	960	384	600	960	1512
0.65	416	650	1040	416	650	1040	1638
0.7	448	700	1120	448	700	1120	1764
0.75	480	750	1200	480	750	1200	1890
0.8	512	800	1280	512	800	1280	2016
0.85	544	850	1360	544	850	1360	2142
0.9	576	900	1440	576	900	1440	2268
0.95	608	950	1520	608	950	1520	2394
1	640	1000	1600	640	1000	1600	2520
0.4	320	500	800	320	500	800	1260
0.45	360	563	900	360	563	900	1418
0.5	400	625	1000	400	625	1000	1575
0.55	440	687.5	1100	440	688	1100	1733
0.6	480	750	1200	480	750	1200	1890
0.65	520	813	1300	520	813	1300	2048
0.7	560	875	1400	560	875	1400	2205
0.75	600	938	1500	600	938	1500	2363
0.8	640	1000	1600	640	1000	1600	2520
0.85	680	1063	1700	680	1063	1700	2678
0.9	720	1125	1800	720	1125	1800	2835
0.95	760	1188	1900	760	1188	1900	2993
1	800	1250	2000	800	1250	2000	3150
0.4	384	600	960	384	600	960	1512
0.45	432	675	1080	432	675	1080	1701
0.5	480	750	1200	480	750	1200	1890
0.55	528	825	1320	528	825	1320	2079
0.6	576	900	1440	576	900	1440	2268
0.65	624	975	1560	624	975	1560	2457
0.7	672	1050	1680	672	1050	1680	2646
0.75	720	1125	1800	720	1125	1800	2835
0.8	768	1200	1920	768	1200	1920	3024
0.85	816	1275	2040	816	1275	2040	3213
0.9	864	1350	2160	864	1350	2160	3402
0.95	912	1425	2280	912	1425	2280	3591
1	960	1500	2400	960	1500	2400	3780

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS33 for TS400, TS630

### Setting details

#### Short-circuit protection (short time)

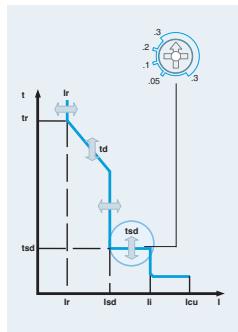


Circuit breakers		TS400			TS630			
Trip unit rating, In(A)		160	250	400	160	250	400	630
Setting value		Short time pick-up current setting, $I_{sd} = \text{Setting value} (1.5 \sim 10) \times I_r$						
0.4		448	700	1120	448	700	1120	1764
0.45		504	788	1260	504	788	1260	1984
0.5		560	875	1400	560	875	1400	2205
0.55		616	963	1540	616	963	1540	2425
0.6		672	1050	1680	672	1050	1680	2646
0.65		728	1138	1820	728	1138	1820	2867
0.7	7	784	1225	1960	784	1225	1960	3087
0.75		840	1313	2100	840	1313	2100	3308
0.8		896	1400	2240	896	1400	2240	3528
0.85		952	1488	2380	952	1488	2380	3749
0.9		1008	1575	2520	1008	1575	2520	3969
0.95		1064	1663	2660	1064	1663	2660	4190
1		1120	1750	2800	1120	1750	2800	4410
0.4		512	800	1280	512	800	1280	2016
0.45		576	900	1440	576	900	1440	2268
0.5		640	1000	1600	640	1000	1600	2520
0.55		704	1100	1760	704	1100	1760	2772
0.6		768	1200	1920	768	1200	1920	3024
0.65		832	1300	2080	832	1300	2080	3276
0.7	8	896	1400	2240	896	1400	2240	3528
0.75		960	1500	2400	960	1500	2400	3780
0.8		1024	1600	2560	1024	1600	2560	4032
0.85		1088	1700	2720	1088	1700	2720	4284
0.9		1152	1800	2880	1152	1800	2880	4536
0.95		1216	1900	3040	1216	1900	3040	4788
1		1280	2000	3200	1280	2000	3200	5040
0.4		640	1000	1600	640	1000	1600	2520
0.45		720	1125	1800	720	1125	1800	2835
0.5		800	1250	2000	800	1250	2000	3150
0.55		880	1375	2200	880	1375	2200	3465
0.6		960	1500	2400	960	1500	2400	3780
0.65		1040	1625	2600	1040	1625	2600	4095
0.7	10	1120	1750	2800	1120	1750	2800	4410
0.75		1200	1875	3000	1200	1875	3000	4725
0.8		1280	2000	3200	1280	2000	3200	5040
0.85		1360	2125	3400	1360	2125	3400	5355
0.9		1440	2250	3600	1440	2250	3600	5670
0.95		1520	2375	3800	1520	2375	3800	5985
1		1600	2500	4000	1600	2500	4000	6300

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS33 for TS400, TS630

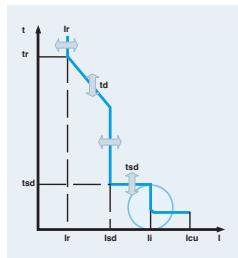
### Setting details

#### Short time tripping delay setting, tsd (ms)



Time delay (tsd)	setting time (ms)	50	100	200	300	
	operation time (ms)	30< t ≤ 70	70 < t ≤ 140	140 < t ≤ 240	240 < t ≤ 350	4 settings

#### Short circuit protection (Instantaneous), $I_i$ (A)



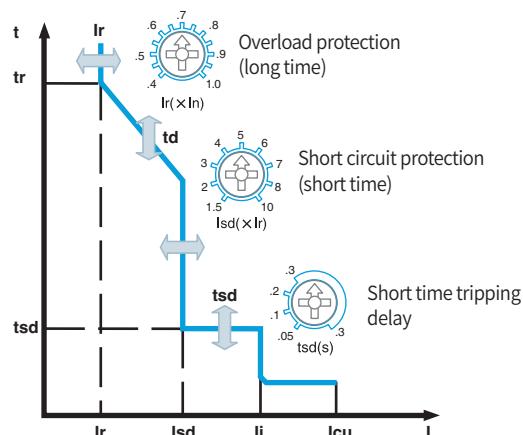
Tripping threshold (A), $I_i$	Fixed at $11 \times I_n$
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# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS43 for MCCBs TS800

### Configuration

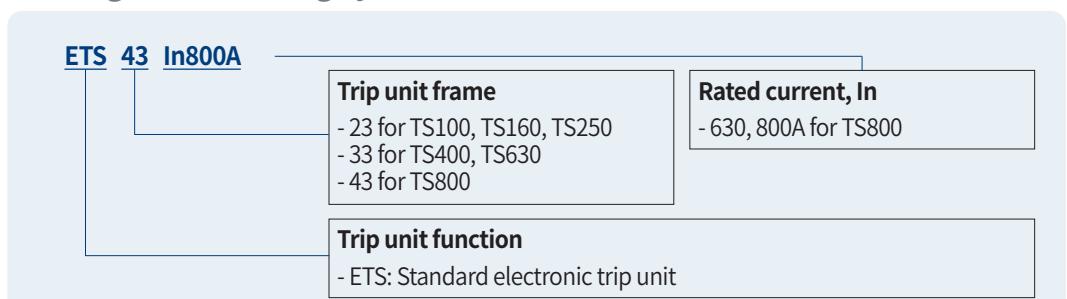
Electronic type, ETS43 for MCCBs TS800



Overload protection (long time)	
Setting current (A)	$I_r$ 0.4, 0.45, 0.5, 0.55, 0.6, 0.65, 0.7, 0.75, 0.8, 0.85, 0.9, 0.95, $1.0 \times I_n$ 13 settings
Tripping time (s)	Fixed at $6 \times I_r$ , tolerance $\pm 20\%$

Short-circuit protection (short time)	
Tripping threshold (A)	$I_{sd}$ 1.5, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, $10 \times I_r$ 9 settings, tolerance $\pm 15\%$
Time delay	$tsd$ setting time (ms) 50, 100, 200, 300   operation time (ms) $30 < t \leq 70$ , $70 < t \leq 140$ , $140 < t \leq 240$ , $240 < t \leq 350$   4 settings
Short circuit protection (Instantaneous)	
Tripping threshold (A)	$I_i$ Fixed at $11 \times I_n$

### Catalogue numbering system

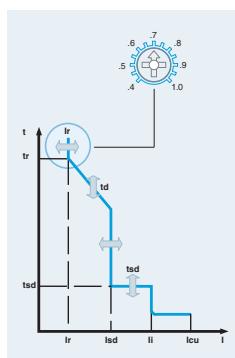


## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS43 for MCCBs TS800

### Current setting, Ir (A)

Standard electronic trip unit, ETS43

Trip unit for TS800	16	32	40	64	80	100	160	250	320	400	630	800

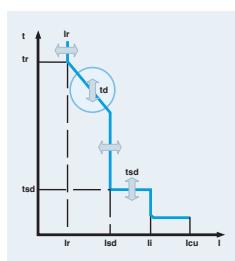


### Setting details

#### Overload protection (long time)

Circuit breakers	TS800
Trip unit rating, In(A)	630
Setting value	Overload protection setting current $Ir = \text{Setting value} (0.4\sim1) \times In$
0.4	252
0.45	284
0.5	315
0.55	347
0.6	378
0.65	410
0.7	441
0.75	473
0.8	504
0.85	536
0.9	567
0.95	599
1	630
	800

#### Long time tripping delay, td (sec)



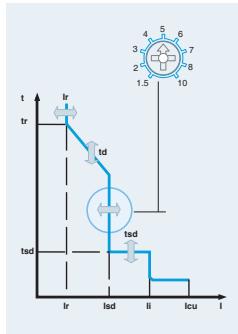
Tripping time (s)	Fixed at $6 \times Ir$ tolerance $\pm 20\%$
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# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS43 for MCCBs TS800

### Setting details

#### Overload protection (long time)



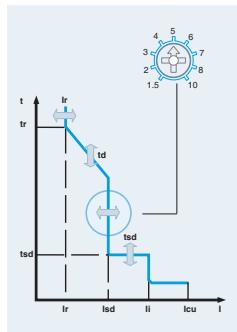
Circuit breakers	TS800	
Trip unit rating, In(A)	630	800
Setting value	Short time pick-up current setting, $I_{sd} = \text{Setting value} (1.5\sim10) \times I_r$	
0.4	378	480
0.45	425	540
0.5	473	600
0.55	520	660
0.6	567	720
0.65	614	780
0.7	662	840
0.75	709	900
0.8	756	960
0.85	804	1020
0.9	850.5	1080
0.95	898	1140
1	945	1200
0.4	504	640
0.45	567	720
0.5	630	800
0.55	693	880
0.6	756	960
0.65	819	1040
0.7	882	1120
0.75	945	1200
0.8	1008	1280
0.85	1071	1360
0.9	1134	1440
0.95	1197	1520
1	1260	1600
0.4	756	960
0.45	851	1080
0.5	945	1200
0.55	1040	1320
0.6	1134	1440
0.65	1229	1560
0.7	1323	1680
0.75	1418	1800
0.8	1512	1920
0.85	1607	2040
0.9	1701	2160
0.95	1796	2280
1	1890	2400

## Electronic trip units (Standard)

### ETS43 for MCCBs TS800

#### Setting details

##### Overload protection (long time)



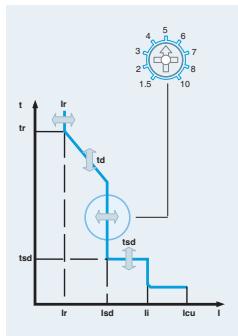
Circuit breakers	TS800	
Trip unit rating, In(A)	630	800
Setting value	Short time pick-up current setting, lsd = Setting value (1.5~10) × Ir	
0.4	1008	1280
0.45	1134	1440
0.5	1260	1600
0.55	1386	1760
0.6	1512	1920
0.65	1638	2080
0.7	1764	2240
0.75	1890	2400
0.8	2016	2560
0.85	2142	2720
0.9	2268	2880
0.95	2394	3040
1	2520	3200
0.4	1260	1600
0.45	1418	1800
0.5	1575	2000
0.55	1733	2200
0.6	1890	2400
0.65	2048	2600
0.7	2205	2800
0.75	2363	3000
0.8	2520	3200
0.85	2678	3400
0.9	2835	3600
0.95	2993	3800
1	3150	4000
0.4	1512	1920
0.45	1701	2160
0.5	1890	2400
0.55	2079	2640
0.6	2268	2880
0.65	2457	3120
0.7	2646	3360
0.75	2835	3600
0.8	3024	3840
0.85	3213	4080
0.9	3402	4320
0.95	3591	4560
1	3780	4800

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS43 for MCCBs TS800

### Setting details

#### Short-circuit protection (short time)

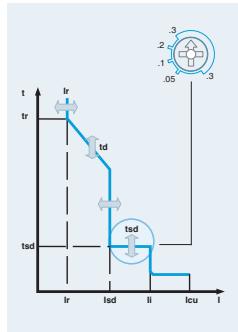


Circuit breakers	TS800	
Trip unit rating, In(A)	630	800
Setting value	Short time pick-up current setting, $I_{sd} = \text{Setting value} (1.5\text{--}10) \times I_r$	
0.4	1764	2240
0.45	1985	2520
0.5	2205	2800
0.55	2426	3080
0.6	2646	3360
0.65	2867	3640
0.7	3087	3920
0.75	3308	4200
0.8	3528	4480
0.85	3749	4760
0.9	3969	5040
0.95	4190	5320
1	4410	5600
0.4	2016	2560
0.45	2268	2880
0.5	2520	3200
0.55	2772	3520
0.6	3024	3840
0.65	3276	4160
0.7	3528	4480
0.75	3780	4800
0.8	4032	5120
0.85	4284	5440
0.9	4536	5760
0.95	4788	6080
1	5040	6400
0.4	2520	3200
0.45	2835	3600
0.5	3150	4000
0.55	3465	4400
0.6	3780	4800
0.65	4095	5200
0.7	4410	5600
0.75	4725	6000
0.8	5040	6400
0.85	5355	6800
0.9	5670	7200
0.95	5985	7600
1	6300	8000

## Electronic trip units (Standard) ETS43 for MCCBs TS800

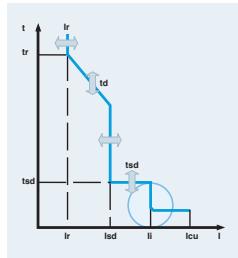
### Setting details

#### Short time tripping delay setting, tsd (ms)



Time delay (tsd)	setting time (ms)	50	100	200	300	4 settings
	operation time (ms)	30< $t \leq$ 70	70< $t \leq$ 140	140< $t \leq$ 240	240< $t \leq$ 350	

#### Short circuit protection (Instantaneous), $I_i$ (A)



Tripping threshold (A), $I_i$	Fixed at $11 \times I_n$
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# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) Overview

Types : ETM33, ETM43

Range of overload protection setting current (Ir): 64~630A (ETM33), 250~800A (ETM43)

Two frame size of circuit breakers: 630AF, 800AF

Trip units ETM33 and ETM43 can be mounted on circuit breakers of N, H and L type TS400 / TS630 / TS800

### Ratings

Rated current, In(A)

Rated current, In (A)	Trip unit		
	ETM33	ETM33	ETM43
160	●	●	-
250	●	●	●
400	●	●	●
630	-	●	●
800	-	-	●
Circuit breakers	TS400 N/H/L	TS630 N/H/L	TS800 N/H/L

Current setting, Ir(A)

Trip unit	ETM33	ETM33	ETM43
Overload protection setting current, Ir(A)	64	●	-
	80	●	-
	100	●	-
	160	●	-
	250	●	●
	400	●	●
	630	-	●
	800	-	●
Applicable circuit breakers	TS400 N/H/L	TS630 N/H/L	TS800 N/H/L

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) Overview

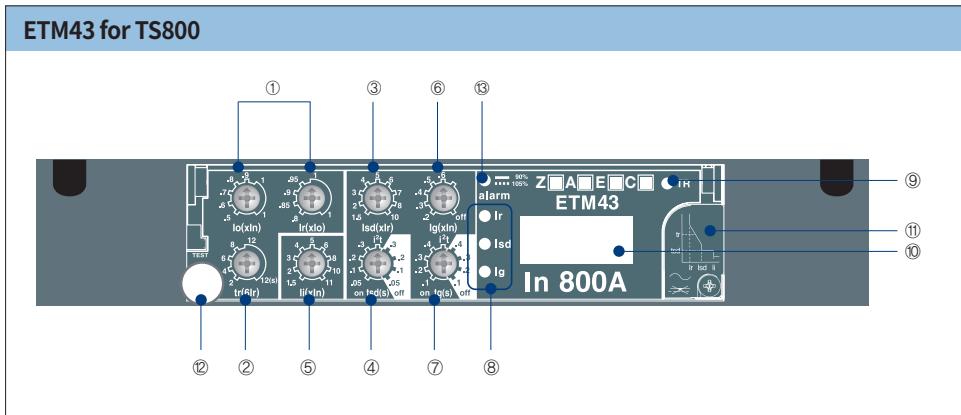
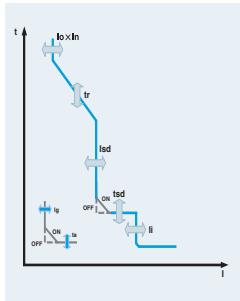
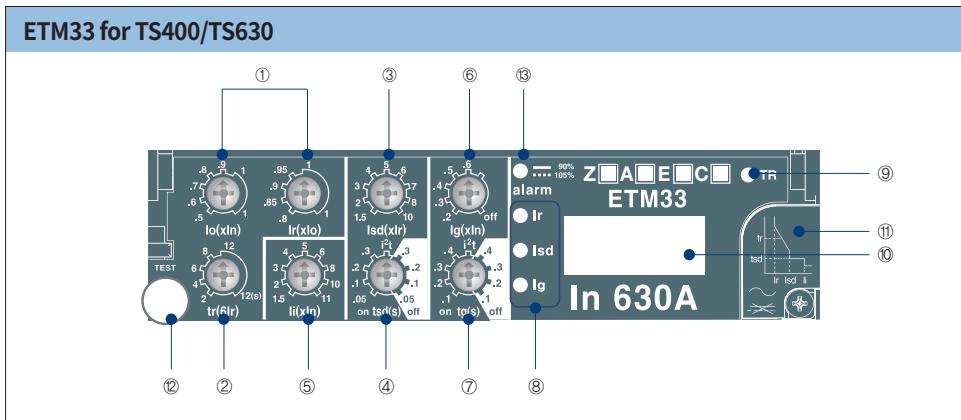
### Setting values

Overload protection (long time)							
Setting current (A)	Ir	Adjustable 0.4 ~ 1.0 × In, 30 settings					
Tripping time (s) at $6 \times Ir$		Adjustable 2, 4, 6, 8, 12 5 settings, tolerance ±20%					
Short-circuit protection (short time)							
Tripping threshold (A)	Isd	Adjustable 1.5, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 × Ir, 9 settings, tolerance ±15%					
Time delay (tsd)		setting time (ms)	100	200	300	400	4 settings I <sup>2</sup> t is off
		operation time (ms)	60 < t ≤ 140	140 < t ≤ 230	230 < t ≤ 350	350 < t ≤ 500	
Short-circuit protection (instantaneous)							
Tripping threshold (A)	li	Adjustable 1.5, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11 × In, 9 settings					
Indication of tripping reason							
LED indication		Ir, Isd, li, (lg)					
Option for TS400ETM to TS800ETM							
Ammeter (A)		Maximum load phase current and R,S,T,N phase current					
Earth fault protection (E)		Adjustable tripping threshold (A), 0.2~1 × In, 9 setting					
		setting time (ms)	100	200	300	400	4 settings I <sup>2</sup> t is off
		operation time (ms)	60 < t ≤ 140	140 < t ≤ 230	230 < t ≤ 350	350 < t ≤ 500	
Communication (C)		Setting, R, S, T, N phase current, tripping reason					
ZSI (Z)		ZSI input and output signal					

# MCCBs for power distribution

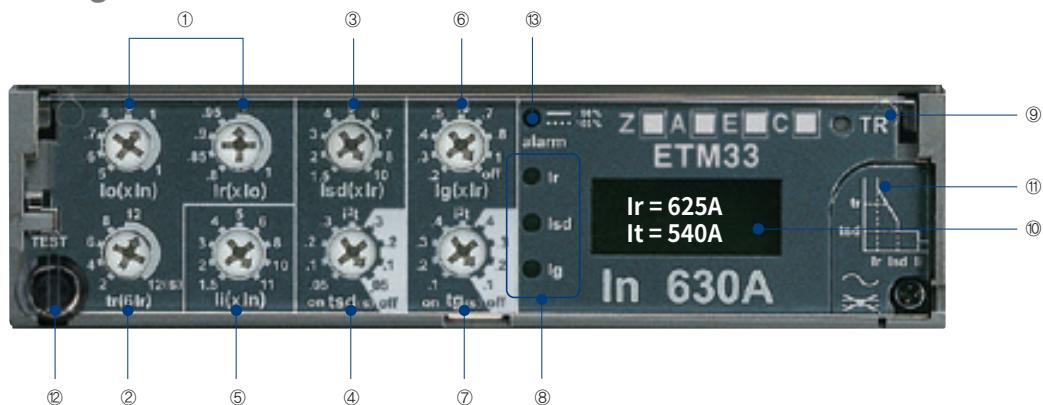
## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) Overview

- ① Adjustable rated current setting ( $I_r$ )
- ② Adjustable long time setting ( $tr$ )
- ③ Adjustable short time current setting ( $Isd$ )
- ④ Adjustable time delay setting ( $tsd$ )
- ⑤ Adjustable instantaneous current setting ( $II$ )
- ⑥ Adjustable earth fault current setting ( $Ig$ )
- ⑦ Adjustable earth fault delay setting ( $tg$ )
- ⑧ Indication LED
- ⑨ TR (trip reason) button
- ⑩ Display LCD (Ammeter)
- ⑪ Auxiliary power
- ⑫ Test connector
- ⑬ Alarm LED



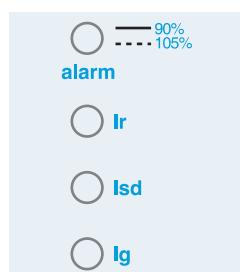
## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM33 for TS400, TS630

### Configuration



- ① Adjustable rated current setting (Ir)
- ② Adjustable long time setting (tr)
- ③ Adjustable short time current setting (lsd)
- ④ Adjustable time delay setting (tsd)
- ⑤ Adjustable instantaneous current setting (ii)
- ⑥ Adjustable earth fault current setting (lg)
- ⑦ Adjustable earth fault delay setting (tg)

- ⑧ Indication LED
  - ⑨ TR (trip reason) button
  - ⑩ Display LCD (Ammeter)
  - ⑪ Battery
  - ⑫ Test connector
  - ⑬ Alarm LED
- 90% Ir : ON, 105% Ir or more: ON-OFF



### Alarm indication

The LED lights and remains lit when the load exceeds 90 % of Ir.

The LED blinks for an overload ( $\geq 105\% \text{ Ir}$ ), warning that the circuit breaker may trip.

### Fault indications

LEDs indicate the type of fault that caused tripping:

Ir : overload

lsd : short-circuit (short time, instantaneous)

lg : earth fault

If push the TR button to indicate the tripping reason, the indication LED of tripping is ON.

The information is however stored in memory and the LED can be reilluminated by pressing the TR button.

The LED automatically goes off and the memory is cleared when the circuit breaker is reset.

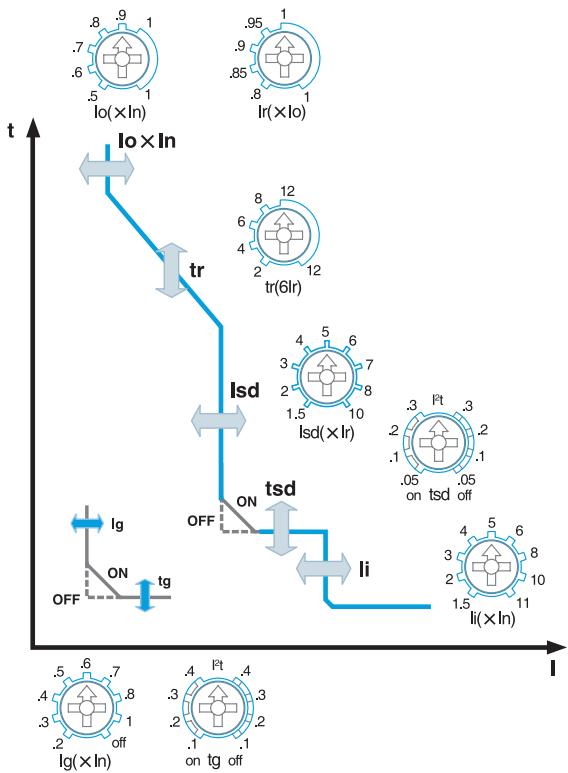
In normal condition, if push TR button, all indication LED is ON for testing auxiliary power and LED.

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM33 for TS400, TS630

### Tripping characteristics

Trip unit, ETM33



### Long time protection against overloads

$Io$  = Coarse adjustment (function of  $In$ )

$Ir$  = Fine adjustment

$tr$  = Long time delay

### Short circuit protection

$lsd$  = Short circuit threshold,

$tsd$  = Short circuit time delay

$I't$  curve in position ON or OFF

### Instantaneous protection

$li$  = Instantaneous threshold

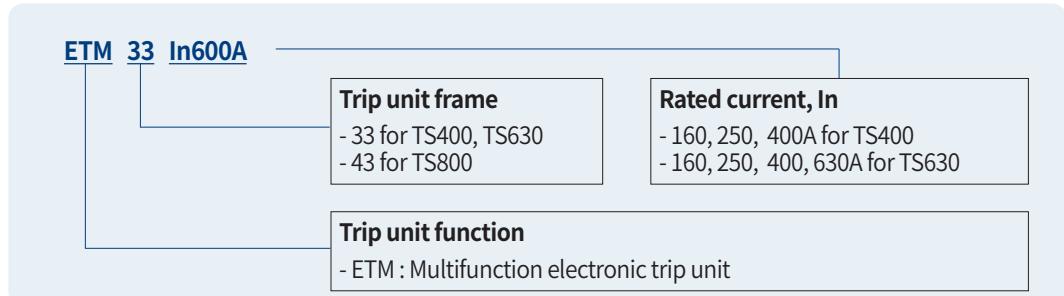
### Earth fault protection

$lg$  = Insulation fault threshold

$tg$  = Earth fault time delay

$I't$  curve in position ON or OFF

### Catalogue numbering system



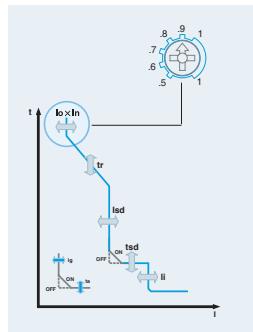
## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM33 for TS400, TS630

### Setting details

#### Overload protection setting current, Ir(A)

Trip unit type	16	32	40	64	80	100	160	250	320	400	630	800
ETM33 for TS400												
for TS630												

#### Overload protection (long time)



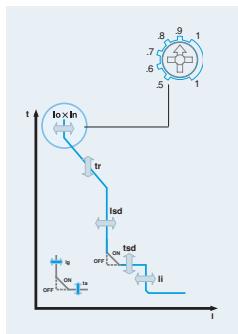
Type of trip unit		TS400ETM		
Rated current, In(A)		160	250	400
Setting value Coarse, Io	Setting value Fine, Ir	Short time pick-up current setting, Isd = Setting value (1.5~10) × Ir		
0.5	0.8	64	100	160
	0.85	68	106.25	170
	0.9	72	112.5	180
	0.95	76	118.75	190
	1	80	125	200
0.6	0.8	76.8	120	192
	0.85	81.6	127.5	204
	0.9	86.4	135	216
	0.95	91.2	142.5	228
	1	96	150	240
0.7	0.8	89.6	140	224
	0.85	95.2	148.75	238
	0.9	100.8	157.5	252
	0.95	106.4	166.25	266
	1	112	175	280
0.8	0.8	102.4	160	256
	0.85	108.8	170	272
	0.9	115.2	180	288
	0.95	121.6	190	304
	1	128	200	320
0.9	0.8	115.2	180	288
	0.85	122.4	191.25	306
	0.9	129.6	202.5	324
	0.95	136.8	213.75	342
	1	144	225	360
1	0.8	128	200	320
	0.85	136	212.5	340
	0.9	144	225	360
	0.95	152	237.5	380
	1	160	250	400

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM33 for TS400, TS630

### Setting details

#### Overload protection (long time)



Type of trip unit		TS630ETM			
Rated current, In(A)		160	250	400	630
Setting value Coarse, Io	Setting value Fine, Ir	Overload protection setting current, Ir (A)			
		0.8	64	100	160
0.5	0.85	68	106.25	170	267.75
	0.9	72	112.5	180	283.5
	0.95	76	118.75	190	299.25
	1	80	125	200	315
	0.8	76.8	120	192	302.4
	0.85	81.6	127.5	204	321.3
0.6	0.9	86.4	135	216	340.2
	0.95	91.2	142.5	228	359.1
	1	96	150	240	378
	0.8	89.6	140	224	352.8
	0.85	95.2	148.75	238	374.85
	0.9	100.8	157.5	252	396.9
0.7	0.95	106.4	166.25	266	418.95
	1	112	175	280	441
	0.8	102.4	160	256	403.2
	0.85	108.8	170	272	428.4
	0.9	115.2	180	288	453.6
	0.95	121.6	190	304	478.8
0.8	1	128	200	320	504
	0.8	115.2	180	288	453.6
	0.85	122.4	191.25	306	481.95
	0.9	129.6	202.5	324	510.3
	0.95	136.8	213.75	342	538.65
	1	144	225	360	567
0.9	0.8	128	200	320	504
	0.85	136	212.5	340	535.5
	0.9	144	225	360	567
	0.95	152	237.5	380	598.5
	1	160	250	400	630

Setting example : In

400A

Io      0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1

Ir      0.8 0.85 0.9 0.95 1

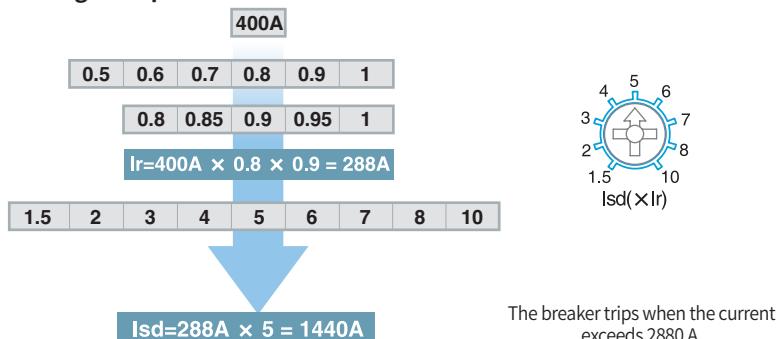
$$Ir = 400 \times 0.8 \times 0.9 = 288A$$

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM33 for TS400, TS630

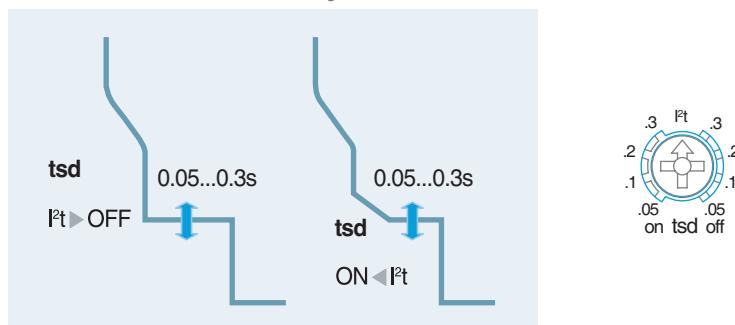
### Short circuit protection

The short circuit threshold,  $I_{sd}$  is a multiple of the overload setting,  $I_r$ .

#### Setting example :



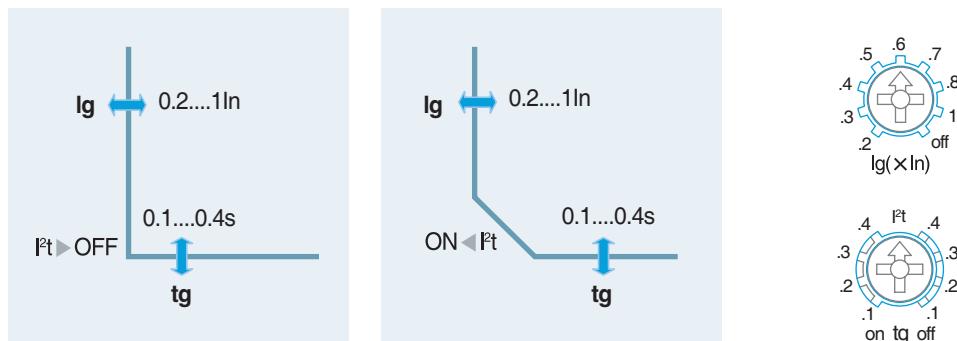
### Short circuit time delay



### Earth fault protection(E), optional

The ETM trip units measure the vectorial sum of the three phase current and, if present, that of the neutral conductor.

If the sum of these values exceeds the set current thresholds for a period of time greater than the time delay, the breaker is tripped.



$Ig$  = insulation fault threshold

$tg$  = earth fault time delay

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM33 for TS400, TS630



### Ammeter (A), optional

The Ammeter device has an accuracy of  $\pm 10\%$ .

The highest phase current is displayed in upper line.

In under line, R, S and T phase current is scrolled autom.

### Ammeter display limits:

- minimum current  $\geq 0.3 \times I_n$  (one phase)
- maximum current  $\leq 10 \times I_n$

### Zone selective interlocking (ZSI), optional

Zone Selective Interlocking is mainly used in systems with high rated current and short circuit current values, with safety and service continuity requirements.

This type of discrimination can be achieved with circuit breakers equipped with specially designed electronic trip units (ETM for TS circuit breakers).

### Zone selective interlocking (ZSI) is a system designed

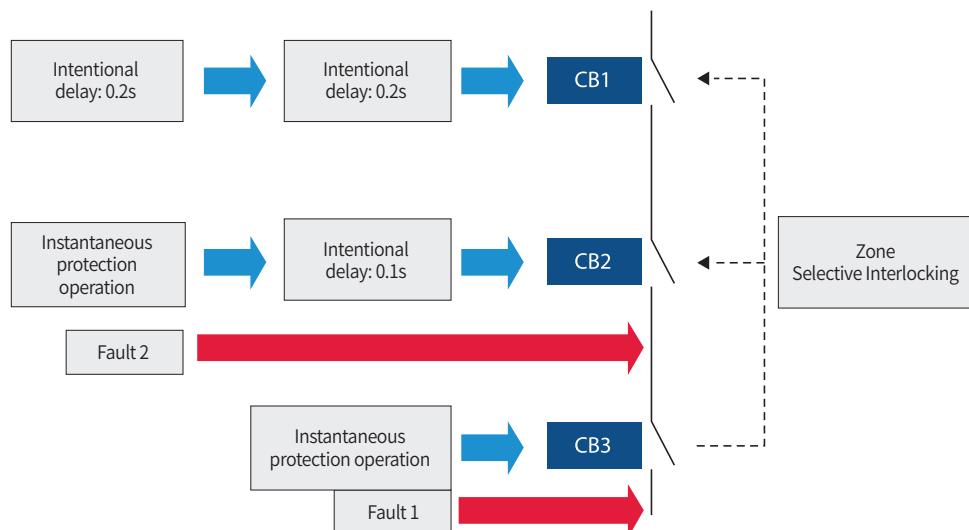
- to reduce the stress on electrical distribution components during short-circuit or earth fault conditions.
- to reduce the tripping times (Lower than hundred milliseconds).
- to reduce the damage caused by the fault and of interferences to the power supply system;

**A number of circuit breakers are interconnected one after another by a pilot-wire.**

**Power source: DC24V Power is required.**

### Operation

- With ZSI, ETM trip unit detects the fault and then send the signal to upstream circuit breaker which applies the set time delay and ignore its present short-time and or/ earth fault delay and clear the fault with no intentional delay.
- Without ZSI, ETM trip unit detects the fault and then trips the circuit breaker with intentional delay



## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM33 for TS400, TS630

### Communication(C), optional

**Communication interface: RS485 (Modbus-RTU)**

The Modbus RS485 system is an open bus on which communicating Modbus devices are installed. All kinds of PLCs and computers can be connected to the bus.

**Transmitted data :**

- Protection setting values
- Highest current of the three phases
- Measurement: R, S, T and N phase current
- Fault reading: Type of fault (Overload, short-circuit, etc)

**The setting of communication address using TR button and LCD display (Ammeter).**

**Power source: DC24V Power is required.**

### Combination of options

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> A(Ammeter)                | <input type="checkbox"/> Z(Zone selective interlocking) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> E(Earth fault protection) | <input type="checkbox"/> Z+A                            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> A+E                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Z+E                            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> A+C(Communication)        | <input type="checkbox"/> Z+A+E                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> A+E+C                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Z+A+C                          |
|  | <input type="checkbox"/> Z+A+E+C                        |

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM33 for TS400, TS630

### Menu structure of the electronic trip unit (ETM)

I r - 1 2 6 0 A	Display current value (RMS) of phase which is carrying maximum in each phase
I s -      6 5 A	Display current value (RMS) of each phase at an interval of every 2 seconds.



## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM33 for TS400, TS630

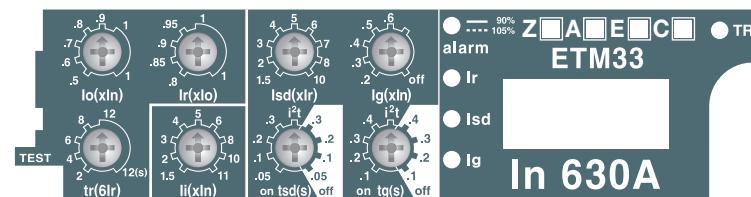
### Feature of trip unit according to option

ETM33 A+E

ETM33 A+E+C

ETM33 Z+A+E

ETM33 Z+A+E+C

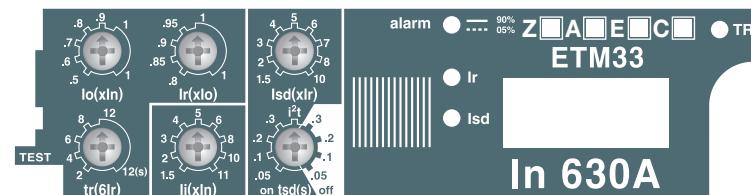


ETM33 A

ETM33 A+C

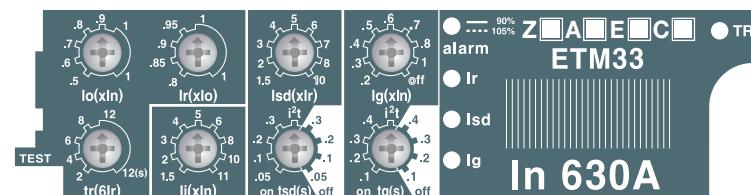
ETM33 Z+A

ETM33 Z+A+C



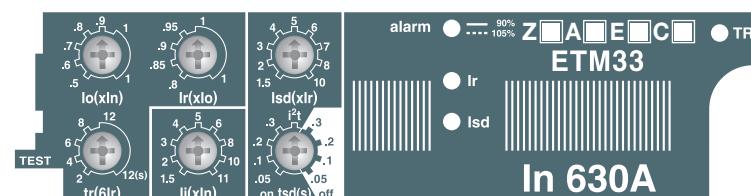
ETM33 E

ETM33 Z+E



ETM33

ETM33 Z



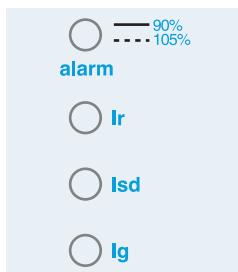
# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM43 for TS800

### Configuration



- |   |                                      |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| ① Adjustable rated current setting (Ir)         | ⑧ Indication LED                     |
| ② Adjustable long time setting (tr)             | ⑨ TR (trip reason) button            |
| ③ Adjustable short time current setting (lsd)   | ⑩ Display LCD (Ammeter)              |
| ④ Adjustable time delay setting (tsd)           | ⑪ Battery                            |
| ⑤ Adjustable instantaneous current setting (li) | ⑫ Test connector                     |
| ⑥ Adjustable earth fault current setting (lg)   | ⑬ Alarm LED                          |
| ⑦ Adjustable earth fault delay setting (tg)     | 90% Ir : ON, 105% Ir or more: ON-OFF |



### Alarm indication

The LED lights and remains lit when the load exceeds 90 % of Ir.

The LED blinks for an overload ( $\geq 105\% \text{ Ir}$ ), warning that the circuit breaker may trip.

### Fault indications

LEDs indicate the type of fault that caused tripping:

Ir : overload

lsd : short-circuit (short time, instantaneous)

lg : earth fault

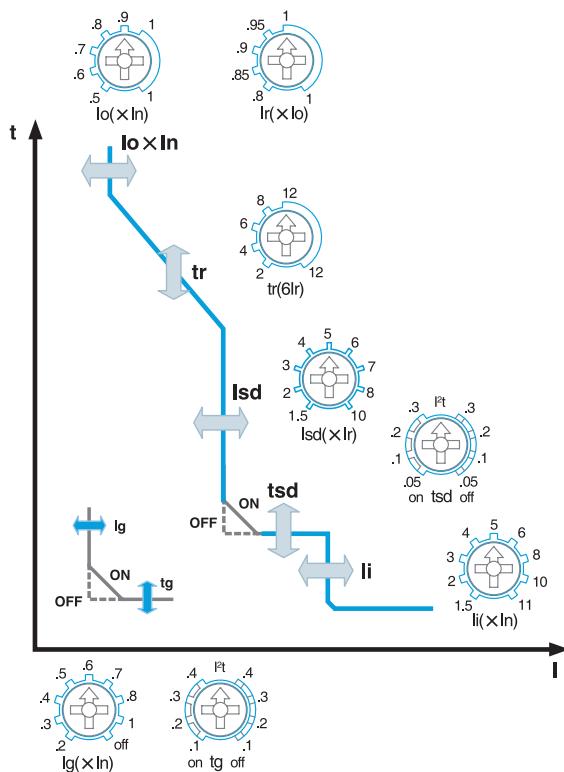
The information is however stored in memory and the LED can be reilluminated by pressing the TR button.

The LED automatically goes off and the memory is cleared when the circuit breaker is reset.

In normal condition, if push TR button, all indication LED is ON for testing auxiliary power and LED.

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM43 for TS800

### Tripping characteristics Trip unit for TS800 circuit breaker



#### Long time protection against overloads

$Io$  = Coarse adjustment (function of  $In$ )  
 $Ir$  = Fine adjustment  
 $tr$  = Long time delay

#### Short circuit protection

$Isd$  = Short circuit threshold,  
 $tsd$  = Short circuit time delay  
 $I^2t$  curve in position ON or OFF

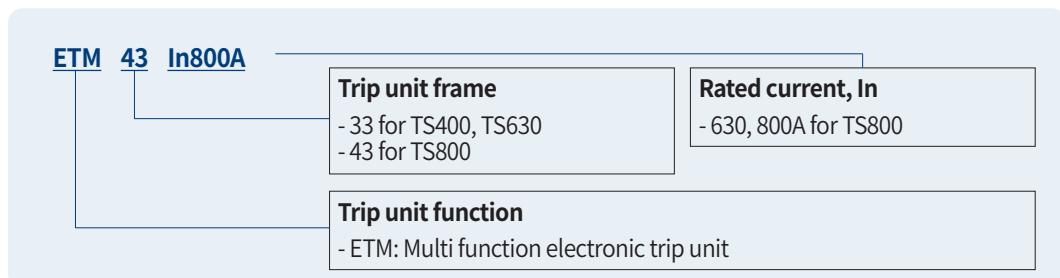
#### Instantaneous protection

$li$  = Instantaneous threshold

#### Earth fault protection

$Ig$  = Insulation fault threshold  
 $tg$  = Earth fault time delay  
 $I^2t$  curve in position ON or OFF

### Catalogue numbering system



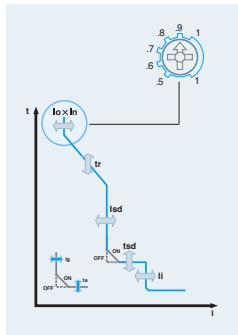
# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM43 for TS800

### Setting details

#### Trip unit rating, In

Trip unit type	16	32	40	64	80	100	160	250	320	400	630	800
ETM43 for TS800												



#### Overload protection (long time)

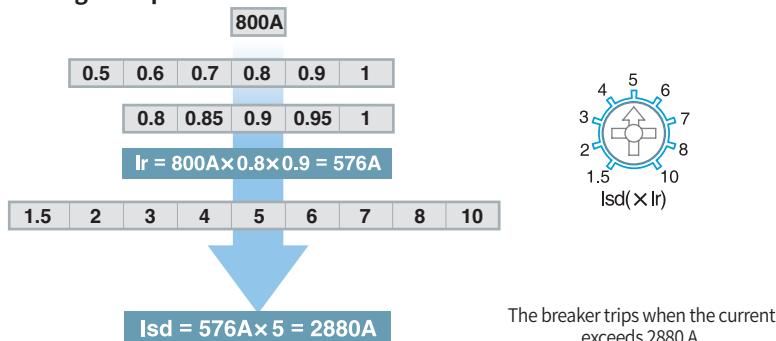
Type of trip unit	TS800ETM		
Rated current, In(A)			
	Overload protection setting current, Ir (A)		
Setting value Coarse, Io	Setting value Fine, Ir		
0.5	0.8	252	320
	0.85	267.75	340
	0.9	283.5	360
	0.95	299.25	380
	1	315	400
0.6	0.8	302.4	384
	0.85	321.3	408
	0.9	340.2	432
	0.95	359.1	456
	1	378	480
0.7	0.8	352.8	448
	0.85	374.85	476
	0.9	396.9	504
	0.95	418.95	532
	1	441	560
0.8	0.8	403.2	512
	0.85	428.4	544
	0.9	453.6	576
	0.95	478.8	608
	1	504	640
0.9	0.8	453.6	576
	0.85	481.95	612
	0.9	510.3	648
	0.95	538.65	684
	1	567	720
1	0.8	504	640
	0.85	535.5	680
	0.9	567	720
	0.95	598.5	760
	1	630	800

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM43 for TS800

### Short circuit protection

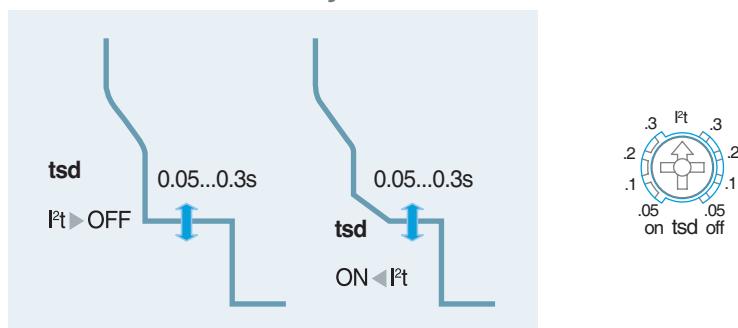
The short circuit threshold,  $I_{sd}$  is a multiple of the overload setting,  $I_r$ .

#### Setting example :



The breaker trips when the current exceeds 2880 A.

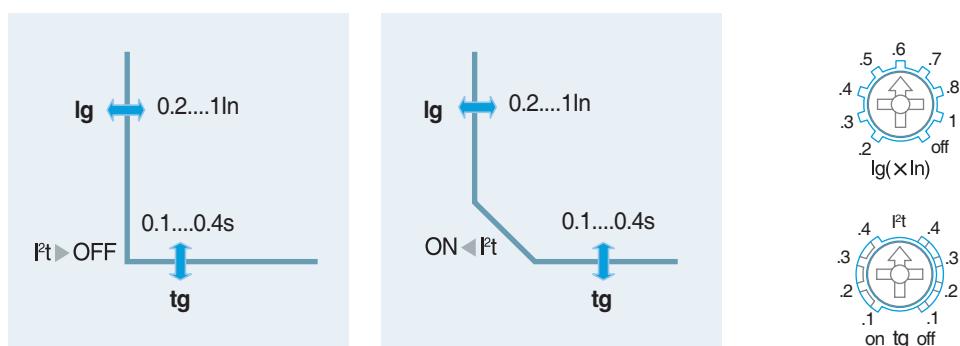
### Short circuit time delay



### Earth fault protection(E), optional

The ETM trip units measure the vectorial sum of the three phase current and, if present, that of the neutral conductor.

If the sum of these values exceeds the set current thresholds for a period of time greater than the time delay, the breaker is tripped.



$I_g$  = insulation fault threshold  
 $t_g$  = earth fault time delay

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM43 for TS800



### Ammeter (A), optional

The Ammeter device has an accuracy of  $\pm 10\%$ .

The highest phase current is displayed in upper line.

In under line, R, S and T phase current is scrolled autom.

### Ammeter display limits:

- minimum current  $\geq 0.3 \times In$  (one phase)
- maximum current  $\leq 10 \times In$

### Zone selective interlocking (ZSI), optional

Zone Selective Interlocking is mainly used in systems with high rated current and short circuit current values, with safety and service continuity requirements.

This type of discrimination can be achieved with circuit breakers equipped with specially designed electronic trip units (ETM for TS circuit breakers).

### Zone selective interlocking (ZSI) is a system designed

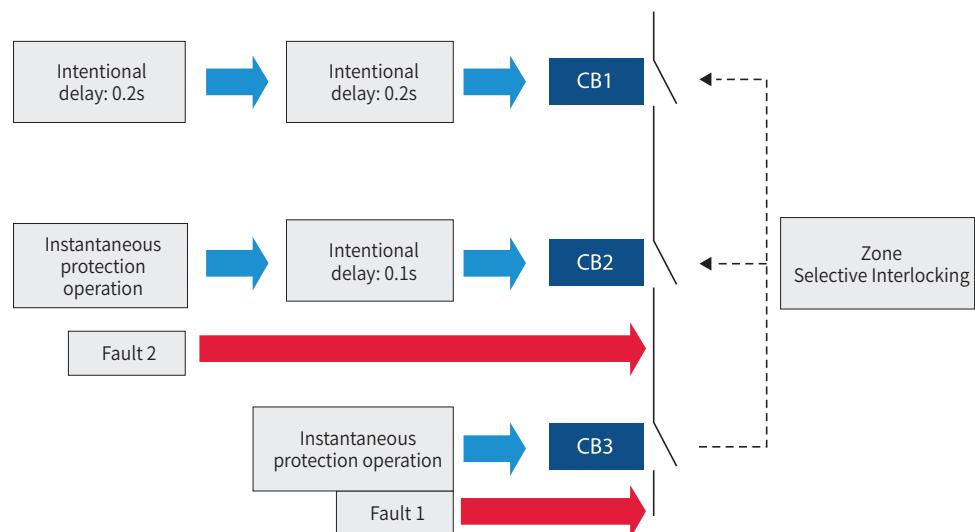
- to reduce the stress on electrical distribution components during short-circuit or earth fault conditions.
- to reduce the tripping times (Lower than hundred milliseconds).
- to reduce the damage caused by the fault and of interferences to the power supply system;

**A number of circuit breakers are interconnected one after another by a pilot-wire.**

**Power source: DC24V Power is required.**

### Operation

- With ZSI, ETM trip unit detects the fault and then send the signal to upstream circuit breaker which applies the set time delay and ignore its present short-time and or/earth fault delay and clear the fault with no intentional delay.
- Without ZSI, ETM trip unit detects the fault and then trips the circuit breaker with intentional delay



## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM43 for TS800

### Communication(C), optional

**Communication interface: RS485 (Modbus-RTU)**

The Modbus RS485 system is an open bus on which communicating Modbus devices are installed. All kinds of PLCs and computers can be connected to the bus.

**Transmitted data :**

- Protection setting values
- Highest current of the three phases
- Measurement: R, S, T and N phase current
- Fault reading: Type of fault (Overload, short-circuit, etc)

**The setting of communication address using TR button and LCD display (Ammeter).**

**Power source: DC24V Power is required.**

### Combination of options

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> A(Ammeter)                | <input type="checkbox"/> Z(Zone selective interlocking) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> E(Earth fault protection) | <input type="checkbox"/> Z+A                            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> A+E                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Z+E                            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> A+C(Communication)        | <input type="checkbox"/> Z+A+E                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> A+E+C                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Z+A+C                          |
|  | <input type="checkbox"/> Z+A+E+C                        |

# MCCBs for power distribution

## Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM43 for TS800

### Menu structure of the electronic trip unit (ETM)

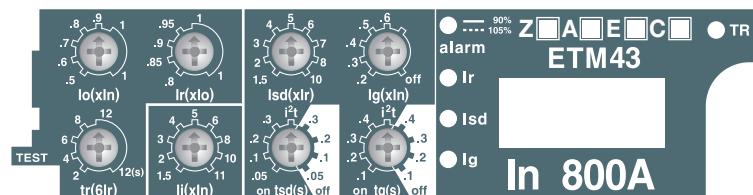
I r - 1 2 6 0 A	Display current value (RMS) of phase which is carrying maximum in each phase
I s -      6 5 A	Display current value (RMS) of each phase at an interval of every 2 seconds.



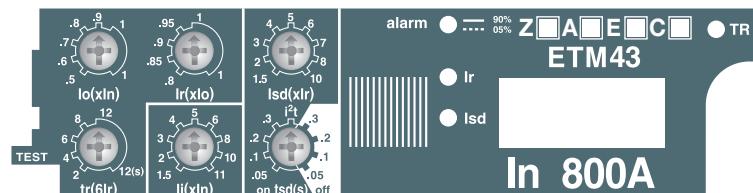
## **Electronic trip units (Multifunction) ETM43 for TS800**

## Feature of trip unit according to option

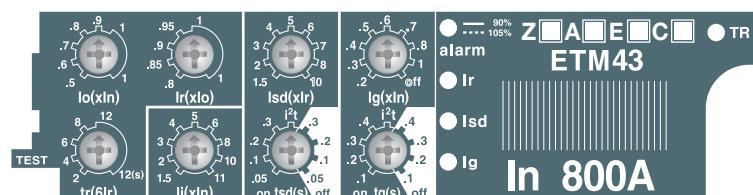
**ETM43 A+E  
ETM43 A+E+C  
ETM43 Z+A+E  
ETM43 Z+A+E+C**



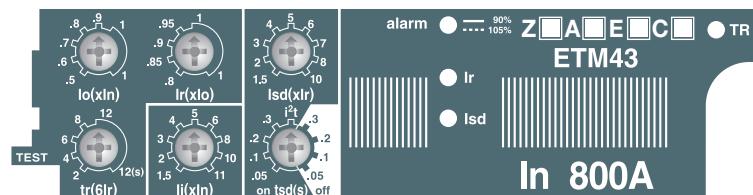
**ETM43 A  
ETM43 A+C  
ETM43 Z+A  
ETM43 Z+A+C**



ETM43 E  
FTM43 Z+F



ETM43  
ETM43 Z



# MCCBs for motor protection

## Electrical characteristics



			TS100		TS160	
Frame size	[AF]		100			160
Rated current, In *	[A]		1.6, 3.2, 6.3, 12, 20, 32, 50, 63, 100			32, 50, 63, 100, 160
No. of poles			3			3
Rated operational voltage, Ue	AC	[V]	690			690
Rated impulse withstand voltage, Uimp	[kV]		500			500
Rated insulation voltage,Ui	[V]		8			8
Rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity, Icu			1000			1000
AC 50/60Hz	220/240V	[kA]	N	H	L	
	380/415V	[kA]	100	120	200	100
	440/460V	[kA]	50	85	150	50
	480/500V	[kA]	50	70	130	42
	525V	[kA]	42	65	85	22
	660/690V	[kA]	22	35	50	10
			10	10	10	10
Rated service breaking capacity, Ics			100%	100%	100%	100%
AC 50/60Hz	220~525V	%Icu	5	5	5	5
	660/690V	[kA]				
Rated short-circuit making capacity Icm			220	264	440	220
AC 50/60Hz	220/240V	[kA]	105	187	330	105
	380/415V	[kA]	105	154	286	154
	440/460V	[kA]	88	143	187	88
	480/500V	[kA]	46	74	143	74
	525V	[kA]	17	17	17	17
	660/690V	[kA]				
Category of utilization			A	A		
Isolation behavior			●	●		
Trip unit (release)			●	●		
● magnetic only	MTU		●	●		
Connection	fixed	front-connection	●	●		
		rear-connection	●	●		
	plug-in	front-connection	●	●		
		rear-connection	●	●		
Life cycle ***	Mechanical	[operations]	25000	25000		
	Electrical @ 415 VAC	[operations]	10000	10000		
Basic dimensions, W×H×D (front connection)	3-pole	[mm]	105×160×86			105×160×86
Weight (front connection)	3-pole	[kg]	2			2
Reference standard			IEC60947-2			IEC60947-2

\* Breaking capacity at 660/690V is for your reference. (not certified)

\* Life cycle means not guarantee but limitation

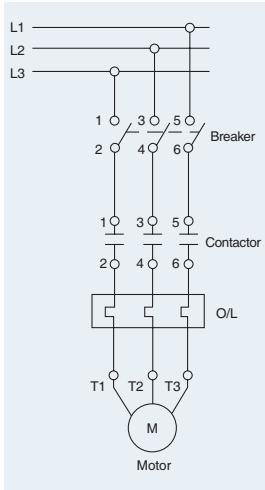
(Quality guarantee: On/Off frequency on the basis of IEC60947-2 within the term of guarantee.)



	TS250			TS400			TS630			TS800		
250	400			630			800			1000		
100, 160, 220	320			500			630			800		
3	3			3			3			3		
690	690			690			690			690		
500	500			500			500			500		
8	8			8			8			8		
1000	1000			1000			1000			1000		
N	H	L	N	H	L	N	H	L	N	H	L	
100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200	
50	85	150	65	85	150	65	85	150	65	100	150	
50	70	130	65	85	130	65	85	130	65	100	130	
42	65	85	42	65	85	42	65	85	42	85	100	
22	35	50	22	35	50	22	35	50	22	35	50	
10	10	10	10	20	35	10	20	35	10	20	35	
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
5	5	5	10	12	12	10	12	12	10	20	20	
220	264	440	220	264	440	220	264	440	220	264	440	
105	187	330	143	187	330	143	187	330	143	220	330	
105	154	286	143	187	286	143	187	286	143	220	286	
88	143	187	88	143	187	88	143	187	88	187	220	
46	74	105	46	74	105	46	74	105	46	74	105	
17	17	17	17	40	74	17	40	74	17	40	74	
A			A			A			A		A	
●			●			●			●			
●			●			●			●			
●			●			●			●			
●			●			●			●			
●			●			●			●			
25000			20000			20000			10000			
10000			10000			6000			3000			
105×160×86			140×260×110			140×260×110			210×320×135			
2			5.4			5.4			15.1			
IEC60947-2			IEC60947-2			IEC60947-2			IEC60947-2			

# MCCBs for motor protection

## Magnetic only trip unit MTU for TS100, TS160, TS250, TS400, TS630, TS800



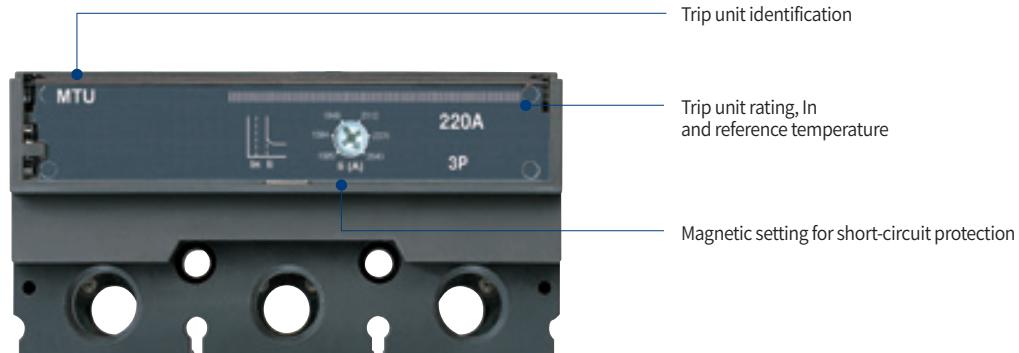
Magnetic only release

For the protection of motors from 1.6 to 250kW(400V), TS100 to TS800 circuit Breakers must be equipped with a special trip unit MTU adjustable thresholds.

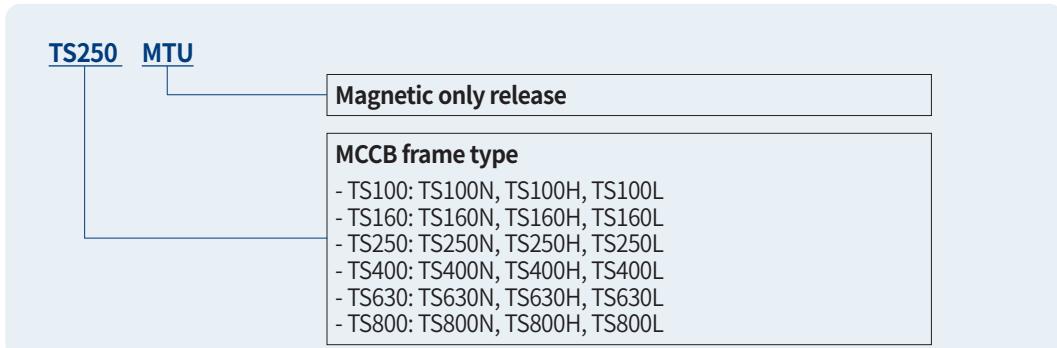
This assembly ensures: Short-circuit protection (magnetic trip unit with adjustable thresholds); Suitability for isolation. For the TS100 to TS800 circuit breakers, trip unit MTU is interchangeable.

The circuit breakers presented here: Provide protection against short-circuits; Are suitable for isolation as defined by IEC60947-2 standard.

### Configuration



### Catalogue numbering system



## Magnetic only trip unit

### MTU for TS100, TS160, TS250, TS400, TS630, TS800

#### Characteristics

##### Magnetic trip units(MTU)

	Rating(A)	In
N / H / L	TS100	●
	TS160	-
	TS250	-
	TS400	-
	TS630	-
	TS800	-

##### Short - circuit protection(magnetic)

Pick - up	li
	setting 6..12×In (6 Point)

#### Setting details

MTU	In	6×In	..	..	..	..	12×In
1.6	10	12	14	16	18	20	
3.2	20	24	28	32	36	40	
6.3	40	48	56	64	72	80	
12	70	84	98	112	126	140	
20	120	144	168	192	216	240	
32	190	228	266	304	342	380	
50	300	360	420	480	540	600	
63	400	480	560	640	720	800	

MTU	In	6×In	..	..	..	..	12×In
100	600	720	840	960	1080	1200	
160	960	1152	1344	1536	1728	1920	
220	1320	1584	1848	2112	2376	2640	
320	1920	2304	2688	3072	3456	3840	
500	3000	3600	4200	4800	5400	6000	
630	3780	4536	5292	6048	6804	7560	

#### TS100 MTU

- Adjustable magnetic only unit



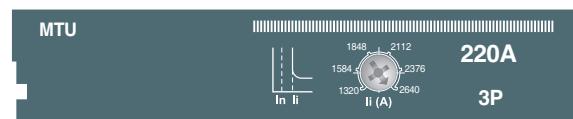
#### TS160 MTU

- Adjustable magnetic only unit



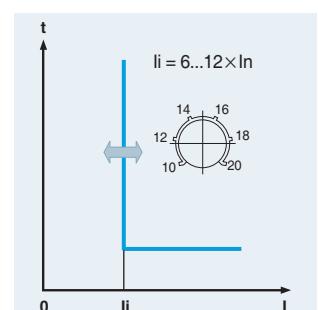
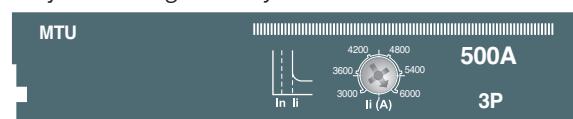
#### TS250 MTU

- Adjustable magnetic only unit



#### TS400 MTU, TS630 MTU, TS800 MTU

- Adjustable magnetic only unit



# Switch-Disconnectors

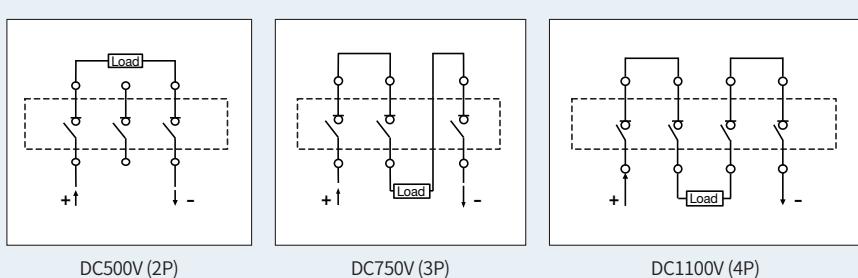
The switch-disconnectors are different from the circuit-breakers in the absence of the conventional protection unit. They keep the overall dimensions, connection systems and accessories unchanged from the corresponding circuit-breakers.

TD series				
	TD100NA	TD160NA	TS100NA	
Frame size	[AF]	100	160	100
Conventional thermal current, $I_{th}$	[A]	100	100	100
No. of poles		2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4
Rated operational voltage, $U_e$	AC [V]	690	-	690
	DC [V]	500	500, 750, 1100	500, 750, 1100
Rated operational current, $I_e$		100	-	100
Rated impulse withstand voltage, $U_{imp}$	[kV]	8	8	8
Rated insulation voltage, $U_i$	AC [V]	750	-	750
	DC [V]	-	1100	1100
Rated short-circuit making capacity, $I_{cm}$	AC [kA peak]	3.1	-	3.1
	DC [kA peak]	-	1.92	1.92
Rated short-time withstand current, $I_{cw}$	AC 1s [A rms]	2200	-	2200
	AC 3s [A rms]	2200	-	2200
	AC 20s [A rms]	960	-	960
	DC 1s [A rms]	-	1920	1920
Isolation behavior		●	●	●
Trip unit (Release)				
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disconnector unit		DSU		
Connection	Fixed	Front-connection	●	●
		Rear-connection	●	●
Plug-in		Front-connection	●	●
		Rear-connection	●	●
Life cycle <small>Note 4)</small>	Mechanical	[Operations]	25000	-
	Electrical	AC [Operations]	10000	-
	DC [Operations]	-	1500	1000
Basic dimensions, $W \times H \times D$ (Front connection)	3-pole [mm]	90×140×86	90×140×86	105×160×86
	4-pole [mm]	120×140×86	120×140×86	140×160×86
Weight (Front connection)	3-pole [kg]	1.5	1.5	2
	4-pole [kg]	1.8	1.8	2.6
Reference standard		IEC60947-3	IEC60947-3	IEC60947-3

## Note)

1. Rating of TD160NA is 100,160A
2. Rating of TS250NA is 200, 250A
3. DC Rating of TS630NA is 500A
4. Life cycle means no guarantee but limitation  
(Quality guarantee: On/Off frequency on the basis of IEC60947-2 within the term of guarantee.)

## DC Exemplary circuit diagrams



## TS series



TS160NA	TS250NA		TS400NA	TS630NA	TS800NA
160	250	250	400	630	800
160	200	250	400	630 (500)	800
2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4
690	-	690	690	690	690
500	500, 750, 1100	500, 750, 1100	500, 750, 1100	500, 750, 1100	500, 750, 1100
160	-	250	400	630	800
8	8	8	8	8	8
750	-	750	750	750	750
-	1100	1100	1100	1100	1100
3.6	-	4.9	7.1	8.5	12
-	3.0	3.0	6.0	6.0	9.6
2500	-	3500	5000	6300	8000
2500	-	3500	5000	6300	8000
960	-	1350	1930	2320	2560
-	3000	3000	6000	6000	9600
●	●	●	●	●	●
●	●	●	●	●	●
●	●	●	●	●	●
●	●	●	●	●	●
●	●	●	●	●	●
25000	-	25000	20000	20000	10000
10000	10000	10000	6000	6000	3000
-	1000	1000	1000	1000	500
105×160×86	105×160×86		140×260×110	140×260×110	210×320×135
140×160×86	140×160×86		186.5×260×110	186.5×260×110	280×320×135
2	2		5.4	5.4	15.1
2.6	2.6		7.2	7.2	19.6
IEC60947-3	IEC60947-3		IEC60947-3	IEC60947-3	IEC60947-3

Trip unit identification



# Susol MCCB for DC application

- Susol MCCB is suitable for DC application such as photovoltaic circuit breaker, UPS and datacenter
- Certificate of conformance test(CB) by DEKRA
- Higher nominal voltage range up to 1000 VDC
- Rated current: 16A~800A
- No. of poles: 2/3/4pole



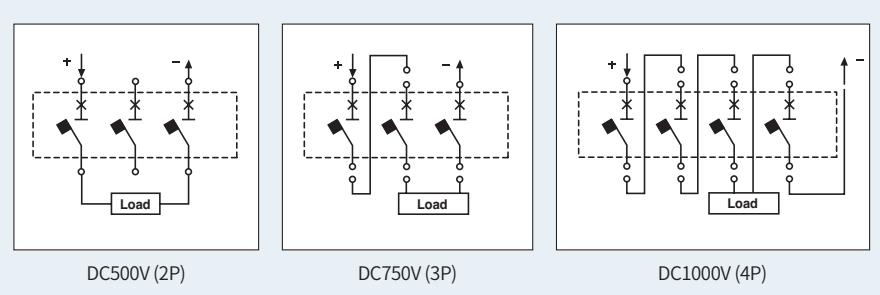
## Susol MCCB DC spec for CB certification

Model	TD100	TD160	TS100	TS160	TS250	TS400	TS630	TS800
Frame size (AF)	100	160	100	160	250	400	550	800
Rated current, In (A)	16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63, 80, 100	100, 125, 160	40, 50, 63, 80, 100	100, 125, 160	125, 160, 200, 250	300, 400	500, 630	700 <small>Note 5)</small> , 800
No. of poles	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4
Rated operational voltage, Ue (VDC)	2Pole 3Pole 4Pole	500 750 1000	500 750 1000	500 750 1000	500 750 1000	500 750 1000	500 750 1000	500 750 1000
Rated insulation voltage, Ui (V)	2Pole 3Pole 4Pole	800 800 1000	800 800 1000	800 800 1000	800 800 1000	800 800 1000	800 800 1000	800 800 1000
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp (kV)	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity, Icu (kA)	Type 500VDC (2P) 700VDC (3P) 1000VDC (4P)	H 40 40 40	H 40 40 40	H 40 40 40	H 40 40 40	H 40 40 40	H 40 40 40	H 40 40 40
Rated service breaking capacity, Ics [%xlcu]	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Trip Unit <small>Note 4)</small>	FTU FMU ATU	● ● -	● ● -	● ● -	● ● -	● ● -	● ● -	● ● -
Function								

### Note)

1. TD100/TD160 is the same construction frame.
2. TS100/TS160/TS250 is the same construction frame.
3. TS400/TS630 is the same construction frame.
4. Trip unit function have 3 types (FTU/FMU/ATU)
  - FTU : Fixed thermal, fixed magnetic unit
  - FMU : Adjustable thermal, fixed magnetic unit
  - ATU : Adjustable thermal, adjustable magnetic unit  
(Not applicable to TS160 100A ATU)
5. 700A is only available for TS800FTU
6. 4Pole type MCCB is 4P4D.

### Exemplary circuit diagrams

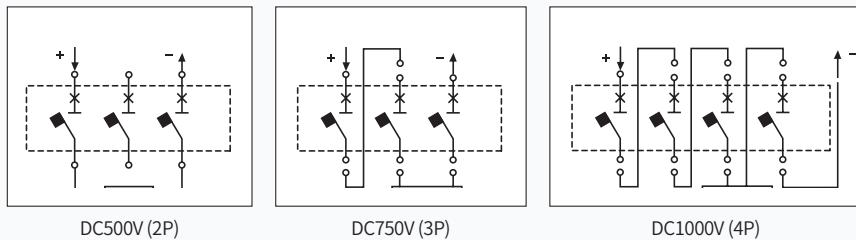


## Susol MCCB DC up to 800A

**The following warning must be kept when using Susol MCCB for PV applications  
When violated, it can cause serious damages on relevant products or incur injuries.**

### Warning

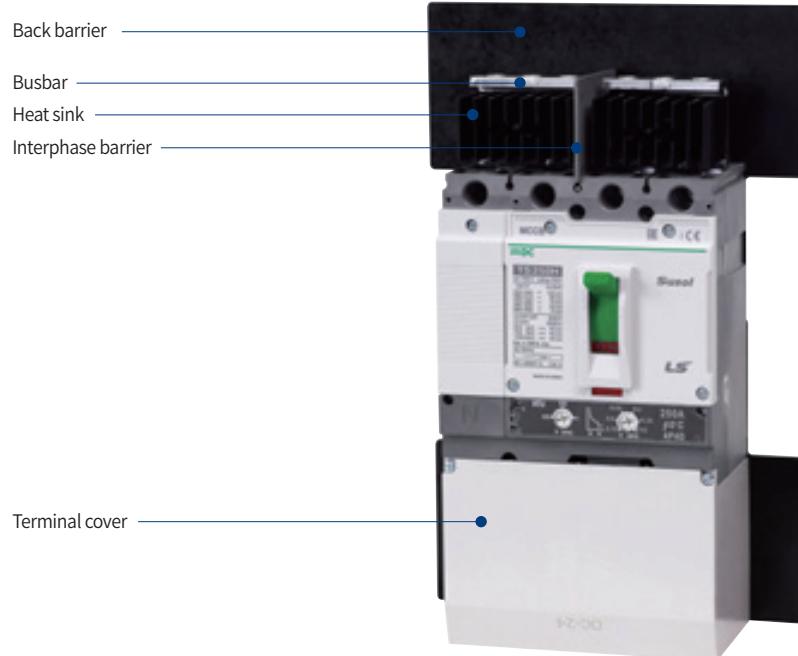
1. Please use wiring in accordance with the diagrams shown below.  
Otherwise, usable voltage may be different from the stated requirement.



2. Wire length should be at least 60cm. Shorter wires can cause increase in temperature.
3. De-rated use is highly recommended when designing circuit by using busbar in a manner shown in Figure 1 on the right. If not, it can cause increase in temperature, erroneous trip, damage or fire due to the shortage of heat release (Please refer to the De-rating table.)
4. Please use thickness and length of busbar in compliance with the specification drawing.  
When used differently, additional de-rating may be required to release the heat.
5. Use of tin-plated busbar is recommended.
6. Inside of the low voltage panel should not exceed 40°C specified in KS/IEC Standard. Install sun screens or ventilation system if necessary. If violated, it can cause increase in temperature, erroneous trip, damage or fire. Also, additional de-rating is required when the temperature exceeds 40°C.
7. If you have additional questions regarding the application method, please consult with us before the use.

# Susol MCCB for DC application

## Susol MCCB DC up to 800A



### Accessories

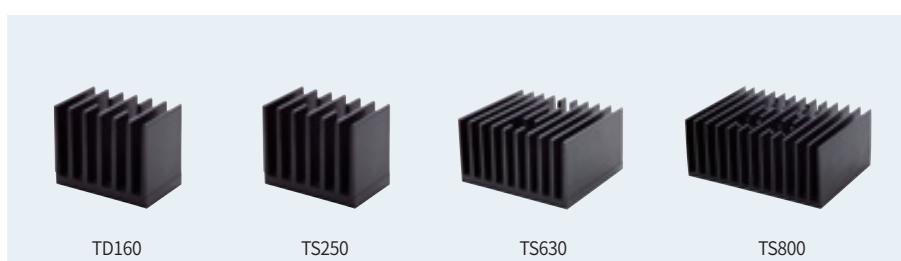
Terminal cover



Busbar



Heatsink



## Susol MCCB DC up to 800A

- Basically, heat sink and busbar are optional accessories.
- A set of busbar parts is mounted on terminals of the chassis.
- If busbar parts are mounted only, it is available to refer to derating table and if heat sink parts are mounted additionally, please refer to rated current table

### Derating table for AF

The following tables are based on the following assumptions;

- Maximum permissible temperature of busbars are 100°C
- T : Temperature around the circuit breaker and its connections

Note) 1. The values presented in the tables are the result of trials and theoretical calculations on the basis of the assumption mentioned above.  
2. These tables are intended as an aid in designing connection, however, the actual values must be confirmed by tests on the installation.

Type	Rated current (A)	Derating current (A)	Terminal connection condition
TD100	16	16	TD160 Busbar 5t
	20	20	
	25	25	
	32	32	
	40	40	
	50	50	
	63	63	
	80	80	
	100	100	
	100	100	
TD160	125	113	TD160 Busbar 5t + Heat Sink
	160	144	
	125	125	
	160	160	
	40	40	
TS100	50	50	TS250 Busbar 5t
	63	63	
	80	80	
	100	100	
	100	100	
TS160	125	125	TS250 Busbar 5t + Heat Sink
	160	160	
	200	180	
	250	200	
TS250	200	200	TS250 Busbar 5t + Heat Sink
	250	250	
	300	300	
	400	360	
TS400	400	400	TS630 Busbar Lower & Upper 6t
	500	400	
	550	440	
	500	500	
TS630	550	550	TS630 Busbar Lower & Upper 6t+Heat Sink
	700 *	630	
	800	640	
	700 *	700	
TS800	800	800	TS800 Busbar Lower & Upper 6t+Heat Sink

Note) 1. \* Only available for TS800 FTU  
2. Dimension on the connection & busbar.

# Susol MCCB for DC application

## Susol MCCB DC up to 800A

### Temperature derating

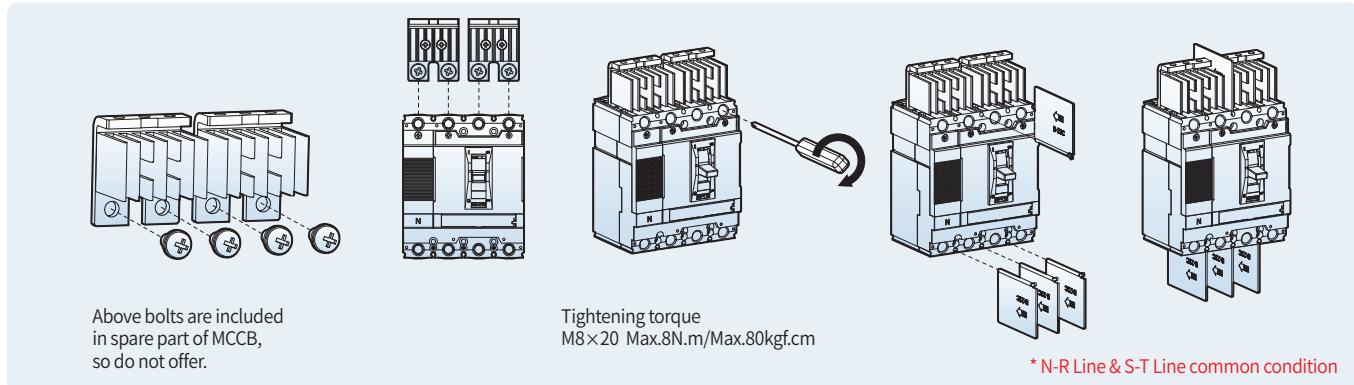
Type	Rated current (A)	Derating current (A)	Compensated rated current in accordance with ambient temperature (A)												Terminal connection condition		
			10°C		20°C		30°C		40°C		45°C		50°C		60°C		
TD100	16	16	100%	16	100%	16	100%	16	100%	16	100%	15	94%	14	88%	13	81%
	20	20	100%	20	100%	20	100%	20	100%	19	95%	19	95%	18	90%	18	90%
	25	25	100%	25	100%	25	100%	25	100%	24	96%	23	92%	22	88%	21	84%
	32	32	100%	32	100%	32	100%	32	100%	31	97%	30	94%	29	91%	27	84%
	40	40	100%	40	100%	40	100%	40	100%	39	98%	38	95%	35	88%	33	83%
	50	50	100%	50	100%	50	100%	50	100%	49	98%	47	94%	44	88%	41	82%
	63	63	100%	63	100%	63	100%	63	100%	62	98%	60	95%	56	89%	52	83%
	80	80	100%	80	100%	80	100%	80	100%	78	98%	76	95%	71	89%	66	83%
	100	100	100%	100	100%	100	100%	100	100%	98	98%	95	95%	89	89%	83	83%
	100	100	100%	100	100%	100	100%	100	100%	98	98%	95	95%	89	89%	83	83%
TD160	125	113	90%	113	90%	113	90%	113	90%	113	90%	109	87%	105	84%	99	79%
	160	144	90%	144	90%	144	90%	144	90%	139	87%	135	84%	127	79%	119	74%
	125	125	100%	125	100%	125	100%	125	100%	122	98%	119	95%	111	89%	104	83%
	160	160	100%	160	100%	160	100%	160	100%	155	97%	150	94%	141	88%	131	82%
	40	40	100%	40	100%	40	100%	40	100%	39	98%	38	95%	35	88%	33	83%
TS100	50	50	100%	50	100%	50	100%	50	100%	49	98%	47	94%	44	88%	41	82%
	63	63	100%	63	100%	63	100%	63	100%	62	98%	60	95%	56	89%	52	83%
	80	80	100%	80	100%	80	100%	80	100%	78	98%	76	95%	71	89%	66	83%
	100	100	100%	100	100%	100	100%	100	100%	98	98%	95	95%	89	89%	83	83%
	100	100	100%	100	100%	100	100%	100	100%	98	98%	95	95%	89	89%	83	83%
TS160	125	125	100%	125	100%	125	100%	125	100%	122	98%	119	95%	111	89%	104	83%
	160	160	100%	160	100%	160	100%	160	100%	155	97%	150	94%	141	88%	131	82%
	100	100	100%	100	100%	100	100%	100	100%	98	98%	95	95%	89	89%	83	83%
TS250	125	125	100%	125	100%	125	100%	125	100%	122	98%	119	95%	111	89%	104	83%
	160	160	100%	160	100%	160	100%	160	100%	155	97%	150	94%	141	88%	131	82%
	200	180	90%	180	90%	180	90%	180	90%	174	87%	168	84%	157	79%	147	74%
	250	200	80%	200	80%	200	80%	200	80%	192	77%	185	74%	172	69%	160	64%
	200	200	100%	200	100%	200	100%	200	100%	196	98%	189	95%	178	89%	166	83%
	250	250	100%	250	100%	250	100%	250	100%	243	97%	236	94%	221	88%	206	82%
	300	300	100%	300	100%	300	100%	300	100%	291	97%	281	94%	264	88%	246	82%
TS400	400	360	90%	360	90%	360	90%	360	90%	348	87%	337	84%	318	80%	305	76%
	400	400	100%	400	100%	400	100%	400	100%	390	98%	378	95%	357	89%	333	83%
	500	400	80%	400	80%	400	80%	400	80%	387	77%	372	74%	347	69%	322	64%
TS630	550	440	80%	440	80%	440	80%	440	80%	426	77%	409	74%	382	69%	354	64%
	500	500	100%	500	100%	500	100%	500	100%	488	98%	476	95%	446	89%	416	83%
	550	550	100%	550	100%	550	100%	550	100%	532	97%	515	94%	486	88%	453	82%
	700 *	630	90%	630	90%	630	90%	630	90%	619	88%	605	86%	584	83%	563	80%
TS800	800	640	80%	640	80%	640	80%	640	80%	619	77%	605	76%	584	73%	563	70%
	700 *	700	100%	700	100%	700	100%	700	100%	684	98%	665	95%	626	89%	584	83%
	800	800	100%	800	100%	800	100%	800	100%	772	97%	748	94%	700	88%	652	82%
	800	800	100%	800	100%	800	100%	800	100%	772	97%	748	94%	700	88%	652	82%

Note) \* Only available for TS800 FTU

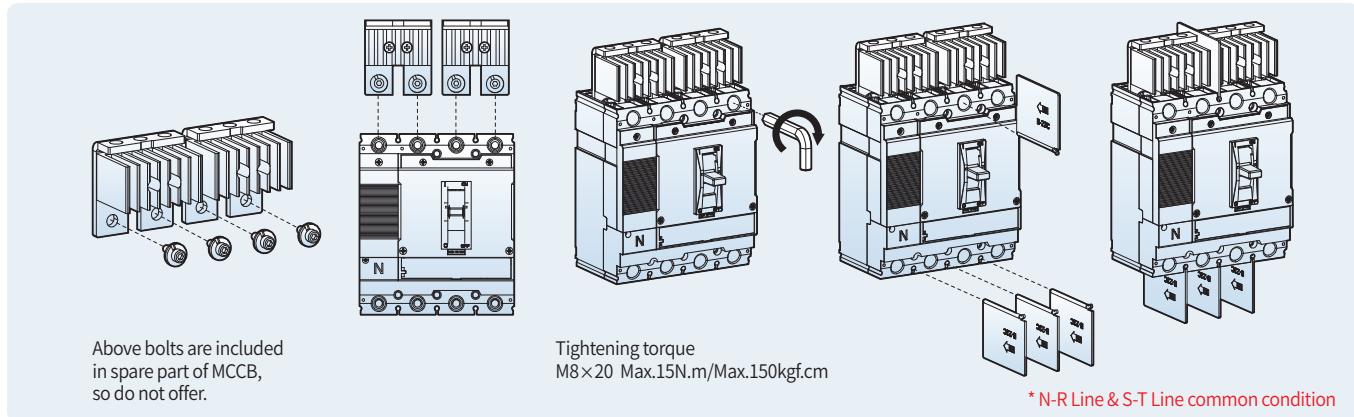
## The Installation of the BUSBAR Kit

- Install the BUSBAR Kit to the circuit breaker as shown in the fig.
- Conductors should be tightened with the torque specified to prevent fire accident.
- Fit the barriers to the circuit breaker after installing the BUSBAR Kit.

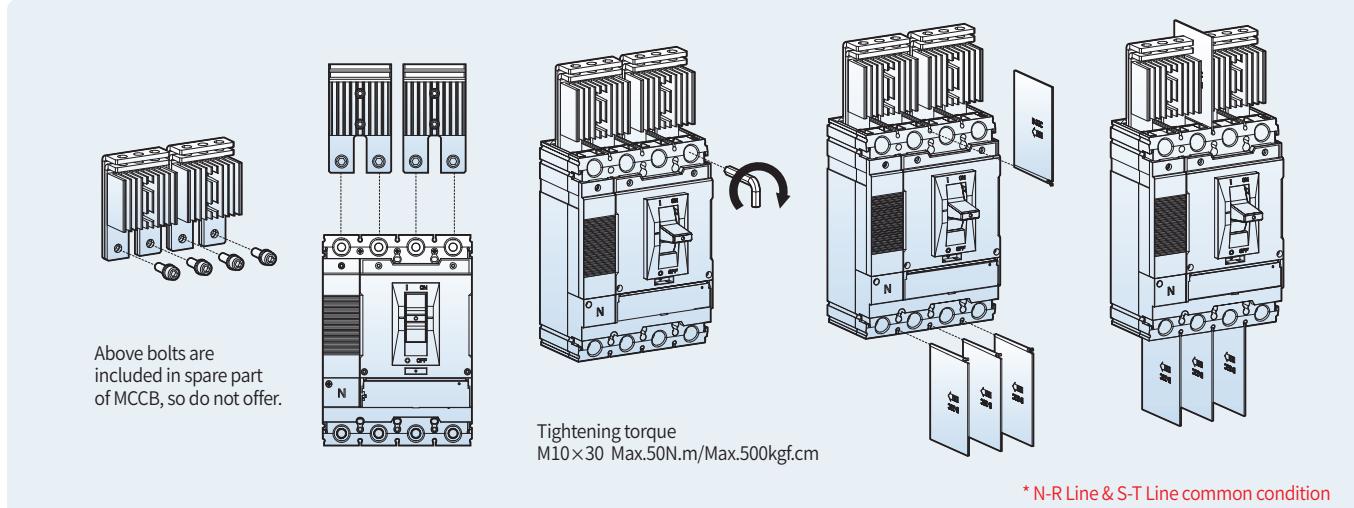
### TD100, TD160



### TS100, TS160, TS250

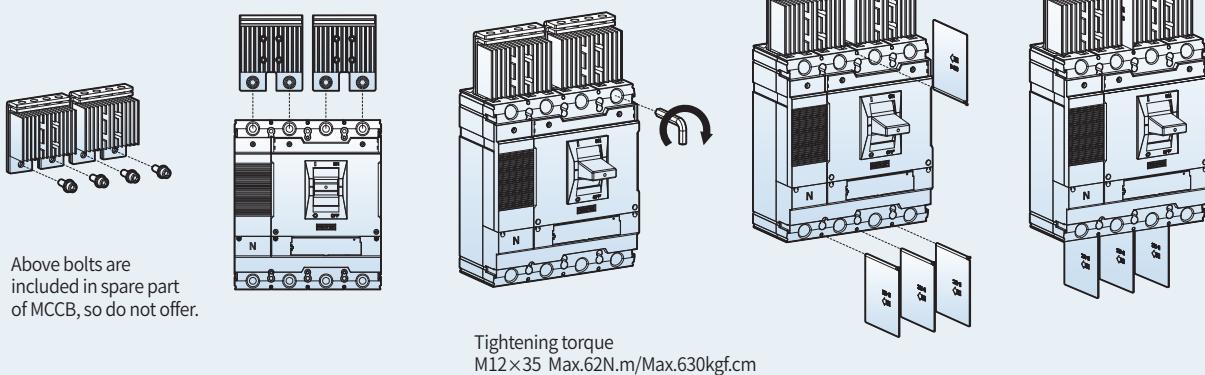


### TS400, TS630



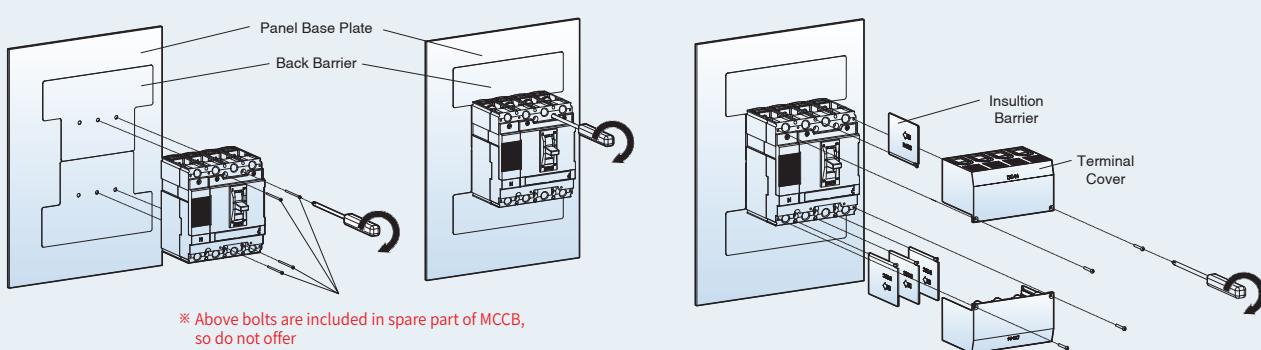
# Susol MCCB for DC application

## TS800



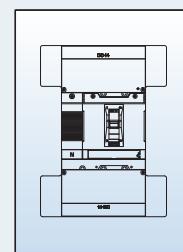
\* N-R Line & S-T Line common condition

## The Installation of terminal cover & Barrier for DC insulation



AF	SCREW
TD160	M4 * 75, 4EA
TS250	
TS630	M5 * 85, 4EA
TS800	M6 * 100, 4EA

AF	SCREW
TD160	CH.M3×L10, 4EA
TS250	
TS630	PH.M3×L10, 4EA
TS800	



# 4 pole MCCB with electronic trip unit

Susol MCCB

## Products application & Function

- N-R-S-T and R-S-T-N Type for consideration of application field
- Full line up with 100~800A
- 4P4D for N phase protection type
- Max. breaking capacity 150kA@415V
- KEMA type test and CE certification



Designation		TS100, TS160, TS250				TS400, TS630				TS800	
Type		N / H / L				N / H / L				N / H / L	
Rated current		40, 80, 160, 250A				160, 250, 400, 630A				630, 800A	
Poles		4 (N-R-S-T, R-S-T-N)				4 (N-R-S-T, R-S-T-N)				4 (N-R-S-T, R-S-T-N)	
Insulation voltage, Ui		AC1000V				AC1000V				AC1000V	
Impulse withstand voltage, Uimp		8kV				8kV				8kV	
Short-circuit breaking capacity, Icu		N	H	L	N	H	L	N	H	L	
AC 50/60Hz	220/240V [kA]	100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200	
	380/415V [kA]	50	85	150	65	85	150	65	85	150	
	440/460V [kA]	50	70	130	50	70	130	50	70	130	
	480/500V [kA]	42	65	85	42	65	85	42	65	85	
	525V [kA]	22	35	50	22	35	50	22	35	50	
	660/690V [kA]	10	10	10	10	20	35	10	20	35	
Ics	220~525V	100% Icu	100% Icu	100% Icu	100% Icu	100% Icu	100% Icu	100% Icu	100% Icu	100% Icu	
	660/690V [kA]	5	5	5	10	12	12	10	20	20	
Utilization category		A				A				A	
Reverse connection (Line/Load)		Available				Available				Available	
Tripping device		Electronics				Electronics				Electronics	
		ETS				ETS & ETM				ETS & ETM	
Thermal						ETS: $Ir = 0.4 \sim 1.0 \times In$ (13settings)				ETS: $Ir = 0.4 \sim 1.0 \times In$ (13settings)	
	Io, Ir	ETS: $Ir = 0.4 \sim 1.0 \times In$ (13settings)				ETM: $Io = 0.5 \sim 1.0 \times In$ (6settings)				ETM: $Io = 0.5 \sim 1.0 \times In$ (6settings)	
						$Ir = 0.8 \sim 1.0 \times Io$ (5settings)				$Ir = 0.8 \sim 1.0 \times Io$ (5settings)	
	tr (6Ir)	ETS: 6sec at 6Ir (fixed)				ETS: 6sec at 6Ir (fixed)				ETS: 6sec at 6Ir (fixed)	
						ETM: 12sec at 6Ir (5settings)				ETM: 12sec at 6Ir (5settings)	
Instantaneous	li	ETS: $1.5 \sim 10 \times Ir$ (9settings)				ETS, ETM: $1.5 \sim 10 \times Ir$ (9settings)				ETS, ETM: $1.5 \sim 10 \times Ir$ (9settings)	
	lt	$12 \times In$				$12 \times In$				$12 \times In$	
Neutral protection	4P3D	No protection				No protection				No protection	
	4P3D+N/2	$0.5 \times Ir$				$0.5 \times Ir$				$0.5 \times Ir$	
	4P4D	$1.0 \times Ir$				$1.0 \times Ir$				$1.0 \times Ir$	
Cable	Min.	10mm <sup>2</sup> or 8 AWG (40A)				70mm <sup>2</sup> (160A)				185mm <sup>2</sup> ×2 / 350 kcmil×2 (630A)	
	Max.	120mm <sup>2</sup> or 250kcmil (250A)				185mm <sup>2</sup> ×2 / 350 kcmil×2 (630A)				240mm <sup>2</sup> ×2 (800A)	
MCCB (W×H×D)		140×160×86				186.5×260×110				280×320×135	

※ Breaking capacity at 660/690V is for your reference. (not certified)

# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

## Electrical characteristics



			TS1000	TS1250		TS600	
Type			TS1000		TS1250		TS1600
Ampere frame			1000		1250		1600
Pole			3, 4		3, 4		3, 4
Rated current,(A)	In	-5~40°C	800, 1000		1250		1600
		50°C	800, 1000		1250		1560
		65°C	800, 1000		1240		1420
Rated insulation voltage, (V)	Ui		1000		1000		1000
Rated impulse withstand voltage, (kV)	Uimp		8		8		8
Rated operational voltage, (V)	Ue	AC50/60Hz	690		690		690
		DC	-		-		-
Rated short-circuit breaking capacity			N H L N H N H				
IEC60947-2	Rated ultimate short-circuit	220/240V	55 75 200 55 75 55 75				
AC50/60Hz	breaking capacity, (kA) (Icu)	380/415V	50 70 150 50 70 50 70				
(sym)		440/460V	50 65 130 50 65 50 65				
		480/500V	40 50 100 40 50 40 50				
		660/690V	35 45 - 35 45 35 45				
	DC	250V 2P	- - - - - -				
		500V 2P	- - - - - -				
		750V 3P	- - - - - -				
Rated service breaking capacity	(Ics)	%Icu	100% 75% 100% 100% 75% 100% 75%				
	Rated short-time	1c	25	12	25	25	
	withstand current (kA) (Icw)	3c	-	-	-	-	
Overriding instantaneous protection		kA peak	50	30	50	50	
Isolation			○		○		○
Category			B A B B				
Life cycle Note 1)	Mechanical (operations)		10000	4000	10000	10000	
	Electrical (operations)	440V	In/2	6000	4000	5000	5000
			In	5000	3000	4000	2000
		690V	In/2	4000	3000	3000	2000
			In	2000	2000	2000	1000
Pollution degree			3		3		3
Dimension (mm)		3-pole			210×327×152.5		
(W×H×D)		4-pole			280×327×152.5		
Weight (kg)		3-pole			13		
		4-pole			16.8		

Note) 1. Life cycle means not guarantee but limitation  
(Quality guarantee: On/Off frequency on the basis of IEC60947-2 within the term of guarantee.)

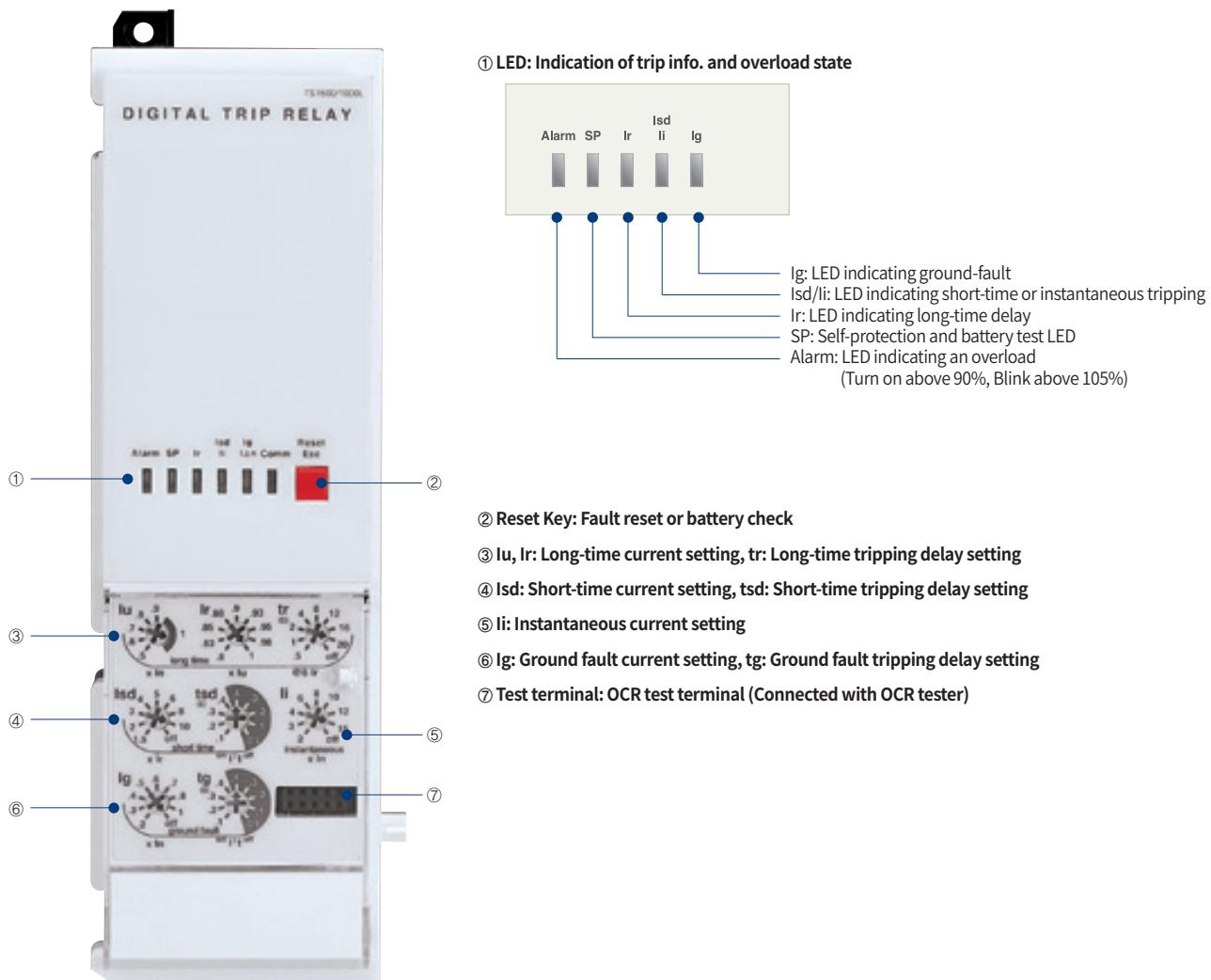
## Overview

Classification	N type	A type	P type	S type
Externals				
Current protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>L/S/I/G/Thermal</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>L/S/I/G/Thermal</li> <li>ZSI(Protective coordination)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>L/S/I/G/Thermal(Continuous)</li> <li>ZSI(Protective coordination)</li> </ul>	• P type
Other protection	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Earth leakage (Option)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Earth leakage(Option)</li> <li>Over/Under current</li> <li>Over/Under frequency</li> <li>Unbalance(Voltage/Current)</li> <li>Reverse power</li> </ul>	• P type
Measurement function	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Current (R/S/T/N)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3 Phase Voltage/Current RMS/Vector</li> <li>Power(P, Q, S), PF(3-Phase)</li> <li>Energy(Positive/Negative)</li> <li>Frequency, Demand</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3 Phase Voltage/Current RMS/Vector</li> <li>Power(P, Q, S), PF(3-Phase)</li> <li>Energy(Positive/Negative)</li> <li>Frequency, Demand</li> <li>Voltage/Current harmonics (1st~63th)</li> <li>3 Phase Waveforms</li> <li>THD, TDD, K-Factor</li> </ul>
Fine adjustment	-	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fine adjustment for long/short time delay/instantaneous/ ground</li> </ul>	• P type
Pre Trip Alarm	-	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Overload protection relays : DO (Alarm)</li> <li>(Ground fault is not available when using Pre trip alarm)</li> </ul>	• P type
Digital Output	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3DO (Fixed)</li> <li>L, S/I, G Alarm</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3DO (Programmable)</li> <li>Trip, Alarm, General</li> </ul>	• P type
IDMTL setting	-	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compliance with IEC60255-3 SIT, VIT, EIT, DT</li> </ul>	• P type
Communication	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Modbus/RS-485</li> <li>Profibus-DP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Modbus/RS-485</li> <li>Profibus-DP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Modbus/RS-485</li> <li>Profibus-DP</li> </ul>
Power supply	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Self Power</li> <li>- Power source works over 25% of current of In (one pole)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Self Power</li> <li>- Power source works over 25% of current of In (one pole)</li> <li>- External power source is required for comm.</li> <li>• AC/DC 100~250V</li> <li>• DC 24~60V</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AC/DC 100~250V</li> <li>DC 24~60V</li> </ul> <p>Basic protection function(L/S/I/G) is still under normal operation without control power.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AC/DC 100~250V</li> <li>DC 24~60V</li> </ul> <p>Basic protection function(L/S/I/G) is still under normal operation without control power.</p>
RTC timer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Available</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Available</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Available</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Available</li> </ul>
LED for trip info.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Long time delay</li> <li>Short time delay/Instantaneous</li> <li>Ground fault</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>N type</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>N type</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>N type</li> </ul>
Fault recording	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>256 records</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>256 records (Fault/Current/Date and Time)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>256 records</li> <li>Last fault wave recording (3 Phase)</li> </ul>
Event recording	-	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>256 records (Content, Status, Date)</li> </ul>	• P type
Operating button	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reset button</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reset, Menu Up/Down, Left/Right, Enter</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A type</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A type</li> </ul>

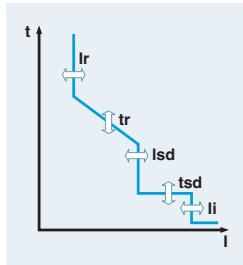
# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

## N type: 「Normal」 type

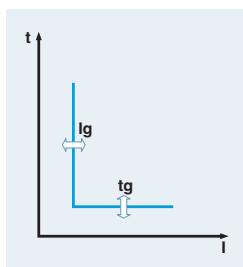
- Optimized protection function
- OCR, OCGR function according IEC60947-2
- Overload protection
  - Long-time delay
  - Thermal
- Short-circuit protection
  - Short-time delay / Instantaneous
  - $I^2t$  On/Off optional (for short-time delay)
- Ground fault protection
  - $I^2t$  On/Off optional
- Self-Power



## Protection



Long time									
Current setting (A)	$lr = In \times ...$	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0		
	$lr = In \times ...$	0.8	0.83	0.85	0.88	0.9	0.93	0.95	0.98
Time delay (s)	$tr @ (1.5 \times lr)$	12.5	25	50	100	200	300	400	500
Accuracy: $\pm 15\%$ or below 100ms	$tr @ (6.0 \times lr)$	0.5	1	2	4	8	12	16	20
	$tr @ (7.2 \times lr)$	0.34	0.69	1.38	2.7	5.5	8.3	11	13.8
Short time									
Current setting (A) Accuracy: $\pm 10\%$	$lsd = lr \times ...$	1.5	2	3	4	5	6	8	10
Time delay (s) $@ 10 \times lr$	$tsd$	$I^2t$ Off	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
		$I^2t$ On	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4			
	$(I^2t \text{ Off})$	Min. Trip Time(ms)	20	80	160	260	360		
		Max. Trip Time(ms)	80	140	240	340	440		



Instantaneous									
Current setting (A)	$li = In \times ...$	2	3	4	6	8	10	12	15
	Tripping time	$50(\pm 10\text{ms})$							
Ground fault									
Pick-up (A) Accuracy: $\pm 10\% (lg > 0.4In)$ $\pm 20\% (lg \leq 0.4In)$	$lg = In \times ...$	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0
Time delay (s) $@ 1 \times lr$	$tg$	$I^2t$ Off	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
		$I^2t$ On	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4			
	$(I^2t \text{ Off})$	Min. Trip Time(ms)	20	80	160	260	360		
		Max. Trip Time(ms)	80	140	240	340	440		

## NV type (For ship only)

### Protection

Long time									
Current setting (A)	$lr = In \times ...$	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.05	1.1	1.15	1.2	1.25
Time delay (s)	$tr @ (1.2 \times lr)$	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60
Accuracy: $\pm 15\%$ or below 100ms	$tr @ (3 \times lr)$	0.99	1.49	1.99	2.48	2.98	3.97	4.97	5.96
	$tr @ (6 \times lr)$	0.24	0.36	0.48	0.59	0.71	0.95	1.19	1.43
Short time									
Current setting (A) Accuracy: $\pm 10\%$	$lsd = lr \times ...$	2	2.5	2.7	3	3.5	4	4.5	5
Time delay (s) $@ 10 \times lr$	$tsd$	$I^2t$ Off	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
		$I^2t$ On	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4			
	$(I^2t \text{ Off})$	Min. Trip Time(ms)	20	80	160	260	360		
		Max. Trip Time(ms)	80	140	240	340	440		
Instantaneous									
Current setting (A)	$li = In \times ...$	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16
	Tripping time	$50(\pm 10\text{ms})$							

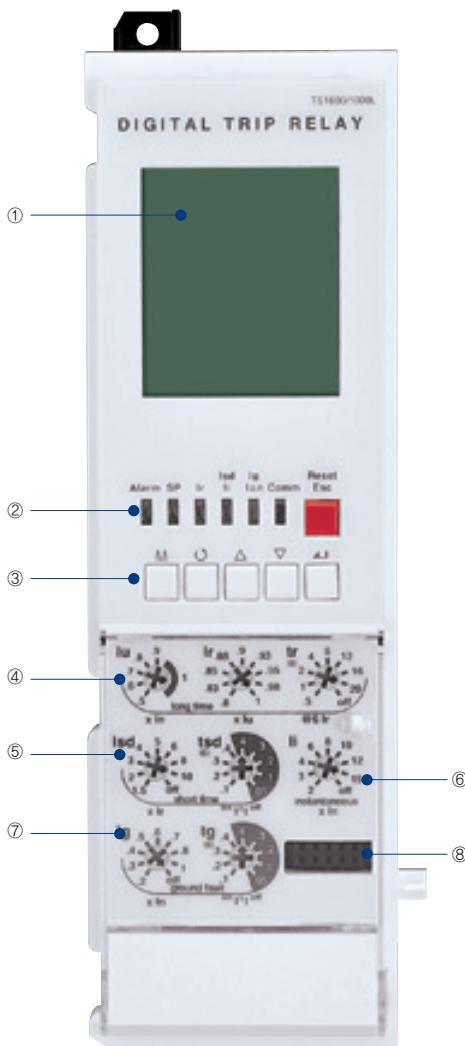
■ The fine-adjustable setting of the rated current [ $In$ ]

- $In = Ict \times [0.4 \sim 1.0]$
- Setting range: 40~100% of  $Ict$  (unit: 0.5%)

# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

## A type: 「Ammeter」 type

- Overload protection
  - Long-time delay
  - Thermal
- Short-circuit protection
  - Short-time delay / Instantaneous
  - $I^t$  On/Off optional (for short-time delay)
- Ground fault protection
  - $I^t$  On/Off optional
- Realization of protective coordination by ZSI  
(Zone Selective Interlocking)
- High-performance and high-speed MCU built-in
  - Accurate measurement with tolerance of 1.0%
- Fault recording
  - Records Max. up to 10 fault information about fault type, fault phase, fault data, occurrence time of fault
- SBO (Select Before Operation)
  - High reliability for control and setting change method
- 3 DO(Digital Output)
  - Fixed
- Communication
  - Modbus/RS485
  - Profibus-DP



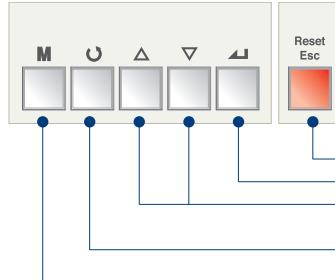
① LCD: Indication of measurement and information

② LED: Indication of trip info. and overload state



Ig: LED indicating ground-fault  
 Isd/Ii: LED indicating short-time or instantaneous tripping  
 Ir: LED indicating long-time delay  
 SP: Self-protection and battery test LED  
 Alarm: LED indicating an overload  
 (Turn on above 90%, Blink above 105%)

③ Key: Move to menu or reset



Reset/ESC: Fault reset or ESC from menu  
 Enter: Enter into secondary menu or setting input  
 Up/Down: Move the cursor up/down on screen or increase/decrease a setting value  
 Right/Left: Move the cursor or setting right/left on screen (Rotation)  
 Menu: Menu display ↔ Measurement display

④ Iu, Ir: Long-time current setting, tr: Long-time tripping delay setting

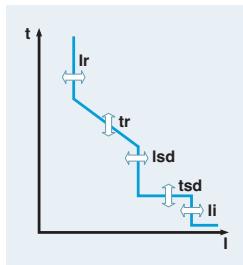
⑤ Isd: Short-time current setting, tsd: Short-time tripping delay setting

⑥ Ii: Instantaneous current setting

⑦ Ig: Ground fault current setting, tg: Ground fault tripping delay setting

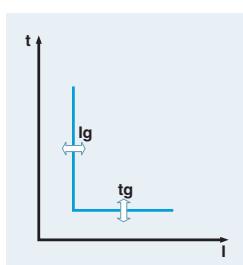
⑧ Test terminal: OCR test terminal (Connected with OCR tester)

## Protection



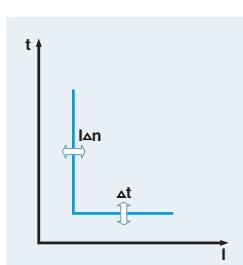
Long time									
Current setting (A)	$I_u = I_n \times ...$	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0		
	$I_r = I_n \times ...$	0.8	0.83	0.85	0.88	0.9	0.93	0.95	0.98
Time delay (s)	$t_{r@}(1.5 \times I_r)$	12.5	25	50	100	200	300	400	500
Accuracy: $\pm 15\%$ or below 100ms	$t_{r@}(6.0 \times I_r)$	0.5	1	2	4	8	12	16	20
	$t_{r@}(7.2 \times I_r)$	0.34	0.69	1.38	2.7	5.5	8.3	11	13.8
Short time									
Current setting (A)	$I_{sd} = I_r \times ...$	1.5	2	3	4	5	6	8	10
Accuracy: $\pm 10\%$									Off
Time delay (s) @ $10 \times I_r$	$t_{sd}$	$I^2 t$ Off	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
		$I^2 t$ On	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4			
		Min. Trip Time(ms)	20	80	160	260	360		
		( $I^2 t$ Off)							
		Max. Trip Time(ms)	80	140	240	340	440		

Instantaneous									
Current setting (A)	$I_i = I_n \times ...$	2	3	4	6	8	10	12	15
	Tripping time	50( $\pm 10\text{ms}$ )							
Ground fault									
Pick-up (A)									
Accuracy: $\pm 10\% (I_g > 0.4I_n)$ $\pm 20\% (I_g \leq 0.4I_n)$	$I_g = I_n \times ...$	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0
Time delay (s) @ $1 \times I_n$	$t_g$	$I^2 t$ Off	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
		$I^2 t$ On	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4			
		Min. Trip Time(ms)	20	80	160	260	360		
		( $I^2 t$ Off)							
		Max. Trip Time(ms)	80	140	240	340	440		



Earth leakage (Option)									
Current setting (A)	$I_{\Delta n}$	0.5	1	2	3	5	10	20	30
Time delay (ms)		Alarm							
Accuracy: $\pm 15\%$	$\Delta t$	140	230	350	800	950			
		Trip							
		Time(ms)	140	230	350	800			

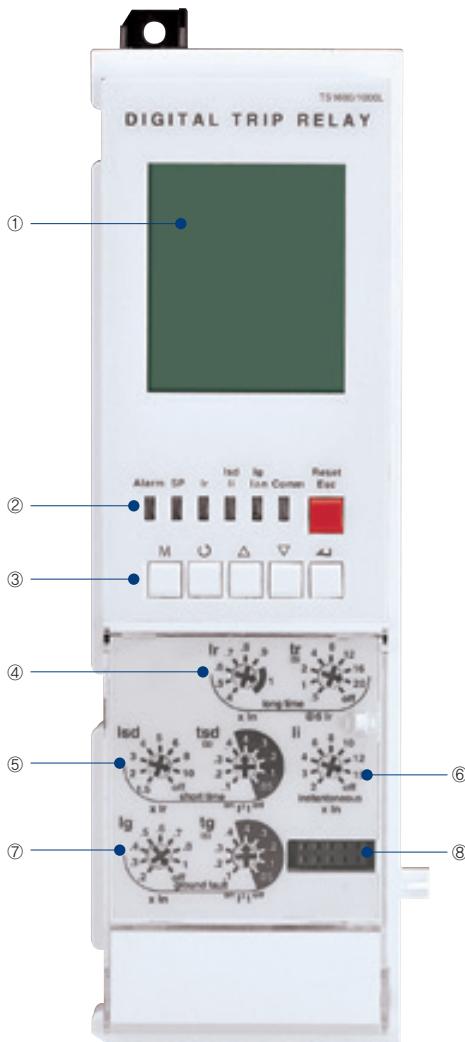
Note) Earth leakage function is available with ZCT or external CT



# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

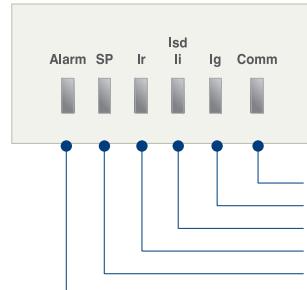
## P type: 'Power meter' type

- Overload protection
  - Long-time delay
  - Thermal
- Short-circuit protection
  - Short-time delay / Instantaneous
  - $I^2t$  On/Off optional (for short-time delay)
- Ground fault protection
  - $I^2t$  On/Off optional
- Protection for Over voltage/Under voltage/Over frequency/Under frequency/Unbalance/Reverse power
- Realization of protective coordination by ZSI (Zone Selective Interlocking)
- The fine-adjustable setting by knob and Key
- IDMTL setting (SIT, VIT, EIT, DT curve)
  - Basic setting : "None". Thermal curve.
- Measurement and Display Function
  - High detailed measurement for 3 phase current/Voltage/Power/Energy/Phase angle/Frequency/PF/Demand
  - 128 x 128 Graphic LCD
  - Indicates current/voltage Vector Diagram and Waveform
- Fault recording
  - Records Max. up to 256 fault information about fault type, fault phase, fault value, occurrence time of fault
- Event recording
  - Records events of device related to setting change, operation and state change. (Max. up to 256)
- SBO (Select Before Operation)
  - High reliability for control and setting change method
- 3 DO(Digital output)
  - Programmable for alarm, trip and general DO
- Communication
  - Modbus/RS485
  - Profibus-DP



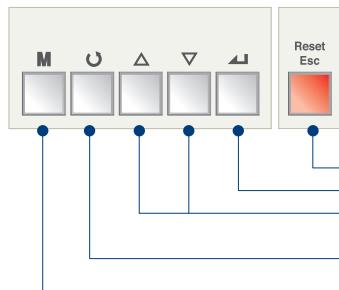
① Graphic LCD: Indication of measurement and information

② LED: Indication of trip info. and overload state



Comm: LED indicating comm. state (Blink when running)  
 Ig: LED indicating ground-fault  
 Isd/Ii: LED indicating short-time or instantaneous tripping  
 Ir: LED indicating long-time delay  
 SP: Self-protection and battery test LED  
 Alarm: LED indicating an overload  
 (Turn on above 90%, Blink above 105%)

③ Key: Move to menu or reset



Reset/ESC: Fault reset or ESC from menu  
 Enter: Enter into secondary menu or setting input  
 Up/Down: Move the cursor up/down on screen or increase/decrease a setting value  
 Right/Left: Move the cursor or setting right/left on screen (Rotation)  
 Menu: Menu display → Measurement display

④ Ir: Long-time current setting, tr: Long-time tripping delay setting

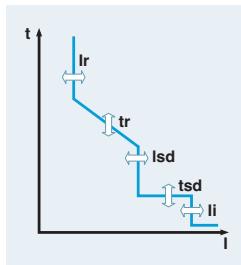
⑤ Isd: Short-time current setting, tsd: Short-time tripping delay setting

⑥ li: Instantaneous current setting

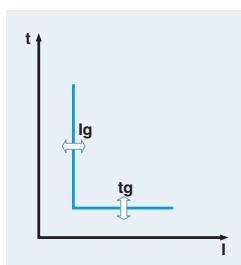
⑦ Ig: Ground fault current setting, tg: Ground fault tripping delay setting

⑧ Test terminal: OCR test terminal (Connected with OCR tester)

## Protection



Long time									
Current setting (A)	$I_u = I_n \times \dots$	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	Off
Time delay (s)	$tr @ (1.5 \times Ir)$	12.5	25	50	100	200	300	400	500
Accuracy: $\pm 15\%$ or below 100ms	$tr @ (6.0 \times Ir)$	0.5	1	2	4	8	12	16	20
	$tr @ (7.2 \times Ir)$	0.34	0.69	1.38	2.7	5.5	8.3	11	13.8
Short time									
Current setting (A)	$I_{sd} = I_r \times \dots$	1.5	2	3	4	5	6	8	10
Accuracy: $\pm 10\%$									Off
Time delay (s)	$tsd$	$I^2 t$ Off	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
$@ 10 \times I_r$		$I^2 t$ On		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
		Min. Trip Time(ms)	20	80	160	260	360		
		( $I^2 t$ Off)							
		Max. Trip Time(ms)	80	140	240	340	440		
Instantaneous									
Current setting (A)	$I_i = I_n \times \dots$	2	3	4	6	8	10	12	15
Tripping time		$50 (\pm 10\text{ms})$							
Ground fault									
Pick-up (A)	$I_g = I_n \times \dots$ <td>0.2</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>0.5</td> <td>0.6</td> <td>0.7</td> <td>0.8</td> <td>1.0</td>	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0
Accuracy: $\pm 10\% (Ig > 0.4I_n)$ $\pm 20\% (Ig \leq 0.4I_n)$									Off
Time delay (s)	$t_g$	$I^2 t$ Off	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
$@ 1 \times I_n$		$I^2 t$ On		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
		Min. Trip Time(ms)	20	80	160	260	360		
		( $I^2 t$ Off)							
		Max. Trip Time(ms)	80	140	240	340	440		



Earth leakage (Option)									
Current setting (A)	$I_{\Delta n}$	0.5	1	2	3	5	10	20	30
Time delay (ms)	$\Delta t$	Alarm Time(ms)	140	230	350	800	950		
Accuracy: $\pm 15\%$		Trip Time(ms)	140	230	350	800			

Note) Earth leakage function is available with ZCT or external CT

PTA(Pre Trip Alarm)									
Current setting (A)	$I_p = I_r \times$	0.6	0.65	0.7	0.75	0.8	0.85	0.9	0.95
Time delay (ms)	$tp @ (1.2 \times I_p)$	1	5	10	15	20	25	30	35
Accuracy: $\pm 15\%$									Off

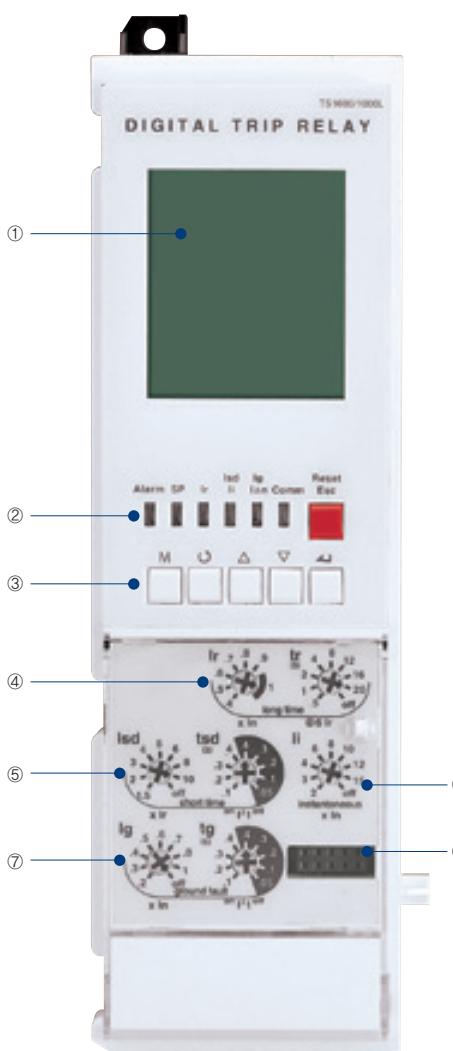
Other protection	Pick-up			Time delay(s)		
	Setting range	Step	Accuracy	Setting range	Step	Accuracy
Under voltage	80V ~ 0V_Pick-up	1V	$\pm 5\%$			
Over voltage	UV_Pick-up ~ 980V	1V	$\pm 5\%$			
Voltage unbalance	6% ~ 99%	1%	$\pm 2.5\%$ or (* $\pm 10\%$ )			
Reverse power	10~500 kW	1kW	$\pm 10\%$			
Over power	500~5000 kW	1kW	$\pm 10\%$			
Current unbalance	6% ~ 99%	1%	$\pm 2.5\%$ or (* $\pm 10\%$ )			
Over frequency	60Hz UF_Pick-up ~ 65	1Hz	$\pm 0.1\text{Hz}$			
	50Hz UF_Pick-up ~ 55	1Hz	$\pm 0.1\text{Hz}$			
Under frequency	60Hz 55Hz ~ OF_Pick-up	1Hz	$\pm 0.1\text{Hz}$			
	50Hz 45Hz ~ OF_Pick-up	1Hz	$\pm 0.1\text{Hz}$			

# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

## S type: 「Supreme meter」 type

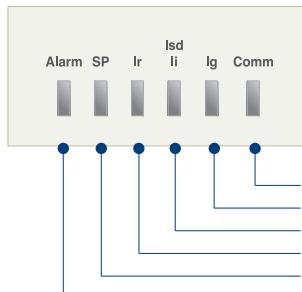
- Overload protection
  - Long-time delay
  - Thermal
- Short-circuit protection
  - Short-time delay / Instantaneous
  - I<sub>t</sub> On/Off optional (for short-time delay)
- Ground fault protection
  - I<sub>t</sub> On/Off optional
- Protection for Over voltage/Under voltage/Over frequency/Under frequency/Unbalance/Reverse power
- Realization of protective coordination by ZSI (Zone Selective Interlocking)
- The fine-adjustable setting by knob and Key
- IDMTL setting (SIT, VIT, EIT, DT curve)
  - Basic setting : "None". Thermal curve.
- Measurement and Display Function
  - High detailed measurement for 3 phase current/Voltage/Power/Energy/ Phase angle/Frequency/PF/Demand
  - 128 x 128 Graphic LCD
  - Indicates current/voltage Vector Diagram and Waveform

- Fault recording
  - Records Max. up to 256 fault information about fault type, fault phase, fault value, occurrence time of fault
  - Fault wave recording: records the latest fault wave
- Event recording
  - Records events of device related to setting change, operation and state change. (Max. up to 256)
- SBO (Select Before Operation)
  - High reliability for control and setting change method
- Power quality analysis
  - Measurement for 1st~63th harmonics
  - THD, TDD, k-Factor
  - Voltage/current waveform capture
- 3 DO(Digital output)
  - Programmable for alarm, trip and general DO
- Communication
  - Modbus/RS485
  - Profibus-DP



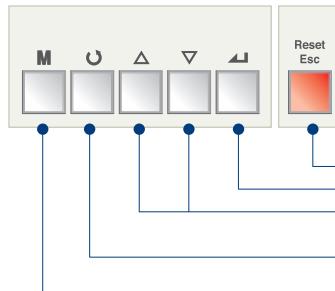
① Graphic LCD: Indication of measurement and information

② LED: Indication of trip info. and overload state



Comm: LED indicating comm. state (Blink when running)  
 Ig: LED indicating ground-fault  
 lsd/li: LED indicating short-time or instantaneous tripping  
 Ir: LED indicating long-time delay  
 SP: Self-protection LED and battery test LED  
 Alarm: LED indicating an overload  
 (Turn on above 90%, Blink above 105%)

③ Key: Move to menu or reset



Reset/ESC: Fault reset or ESC from menu  
 Enter: Enter into secondary menu or setting input  
 Up/Down: Move the cursor up/down on screen or increase/decrease a setting value  
 Right/Left: Move the cursor or setting right/left on screen (Rotation)  
 Menu: Menu display ↔ Measurement display

④ Ir: Long-time current setting, tr: Long-time tripping delay setting

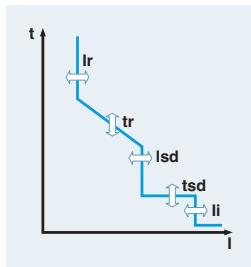
⑤ lsd: Short-time current setting, tsd: Short-time tripping delay setting

⑥ li: Instantaneous current setting

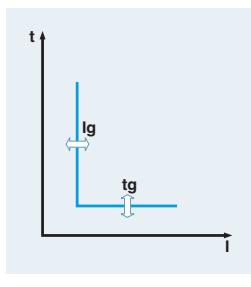
⑦ Ig: Ground fault current setting, tg: Ground fault tripping delay setting

⑧ Test terminal: OCR test terminal (Connected with OCR tester)

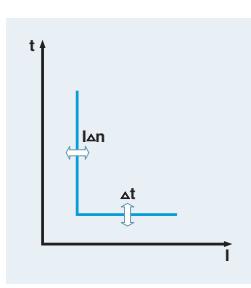
## Protection



Long time									
Current setting (A)	$I_u = In \times ...$	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	Off
Time delay (s)	$tr @ (1.5 \times I_r)$	12.5	25	50	100	200	300	400	500
Accuracy: $\pm 15\%$ or below 100ms	$tr @ (6.0 \times I_r)$	0.5	1	2	4	8	12	16	20
	$tr @ (7.2 \times I_r)$	0.34	0.69	1.38	2.7	5.5	8.3	11	13.8
Short time									
Current setting (A)	$I_{sd} = Ir \times ...$	1.5	2	3	4	5	6	8	10
Accuracy: $\pm 10\%$									Off
Time delay (s) @ $10 \times Ir$	$tsd$	$I^2t$ Off	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
		$I^2t$ On		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		
		Min. Trip Time(ms)	20	80	160	260	360		
		( $I^2t$ Off)							
		Max. Trip Time(ms)	80	140	240	340	440		
Instantaneous									
Current setting (A)	$I_i = In \times ...$	2	3	4	6	8	10	12	15
Tripping time		$50 (\pm 10\text{ms})$							



Ground fault										
Pick-up (A)	$I_g = In \times ...$	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	Off
Accuracy: $\pm 10\% (Ig > 0.4In)$										
$\pm 20\% (Ig \leq 0.4In)$										
Time delay (s) @ $1 \times In$	$t_g$	$I^2t$ Off	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4			
		$I^2t$ On		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4			
		Min. Trip Time(ms)	20	80	160	260	360			
		( $I^2t$ Off)								
		Max. Trip Time(ms)	80	140	240	340	440			



Earth leakage (Option)										
Current setting (A)	$I_{dn}$	0.5	1	2	3	5	10	20	30	Off
Time delay (ms)		Alarm								
Accuracy: $\pm 15\%$	$\Delta t$	Time(ms)	140	230	350	800	950			
		Trip								
		Time(ms)	140	230	350	800				

Note) Earth leakage function is available with ZCT or external CT

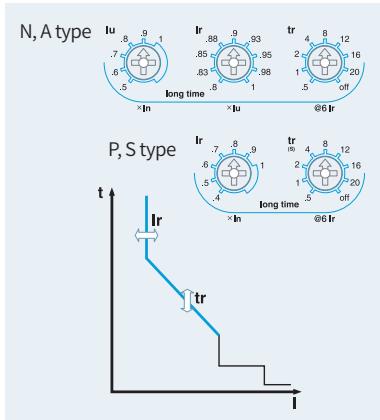
PTA(Pre Trip Alarm)										
Current setting (A)	$I_p = Ir \times$	0.6	0.65	0.7	0.75	0.8	0.85	0.9	0.95	1
Time delay (ms)	$tp @ (1.2 \times I_p)$	1	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	Off
Accuracy: $\pm 15\%$										

Other protection	Pick-up			Time delay(s)		
	Setting range	Step	Accuracy	Setting range	Step	Accuracy
Under voltage	80V ~ 0V_Pick-up	1V	$\pm 5\%$			
Over voltage	UV_Pick-up ~ 980V	1V	$\pm 5\%$			
Voltage unbalance	6% ~ 99%	1%	$\pm 2.5\%$ or (* $\pm 10\%$ )			
Reverse power	10~500 kW	1kW	$\pm 10\%$			
Over power	500~5000 kW	1kW	$\pm 10\%$			
Current unbalance	6% ~ 99%	1%	$\pm 2.5\%$ or (* $\pm 10\%$ )			
Over frequency	60Hz UF_Pick-up ~ 65	1Hz	$\pm 0.1\text{Hz}$			
	50Hz UF_Pick-up ~ 55	1Hz	$\pm 0.1\text{Hz}$			
Under frequency	60Hz 55Hz ~ OF_Pick-up	1Hz	$\pm 0.1\text{Hz}$			
	50Hz 45Hz ~ OF_Pick-up	1Hz	$\pm 0.1\text{Hz}$			

# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

## Operation characteristic

### Long-time delay (L)



**The function for overload protection which has time delayed characteristic in inverse ratio to fault current.**

#### 1. Standard current setting knob: Ir

- 1) Setting range in P type and S type:  $(0.4-0.5-0.6-0.7-0.8-0.9-1.0) \times In$
- 2) Setting range in N type and A type:  $(0.4 \sim 1.0) \times In$ 
  - Ir:  $(0.5-0.6-0.7-0.8-0.9-1.0) \times In$
  - Ir:  $(0.8-0.83-0.85-0.88-0.9-0.93-0.95-0.98-1.0) \times In$

#### 2. Time delay setting knob: tr

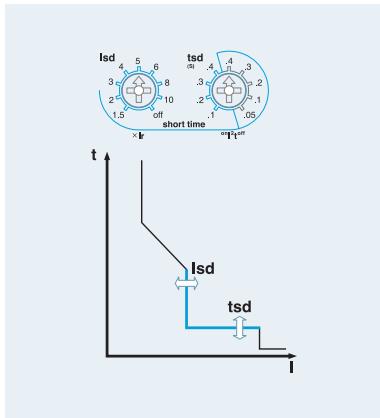
- Standard operating time is based on the time of  $6 \times Ir$
- Setting range: 0.5-1-2-4-8-12-16-20-Off sec (9 modes)

#### 3. Relay pick-up current

- When current over  $(1.15) \times Ir$  flows in, relay is picked up.

#### 4. Relay operates basing on the largest load current among R/S/T/N phase.

### Short-time delay (S)



**The function for fault current (over current) protection which has definite time characteristic and time delayed in inverse ratio to fault current.**

#### 1. Standard current setting knob: Isd

- Setting range:  $(1.5-2-3-4-5-6-8-10-Off) \times Ir$

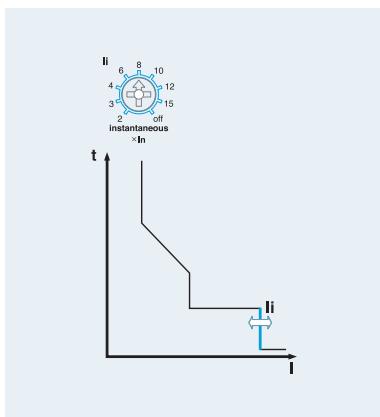
#### 2. Time delay setting knob: tsd

- Standard operating time is based on the time of  $10 \times Ir$ .
- Inverse time ('t On): 0.1-0.2-0.3-0.4 sec
- Definite time ('t Off): 0.05-0.1-0.2-0.3-0.4 sec

#### 3. Relay operates basing on the largest load current among R/S/T/N phase.

#### 4. When ZSI function was set, the protection operation will take place instantaneously with input absence by downstream devices. It is advised to disable its ZSI function on the last downstream device.

### Instantaneous (I)



**The function for breaking fault current above the setting value within the shortest time to protect the circuit from short-circuit.**

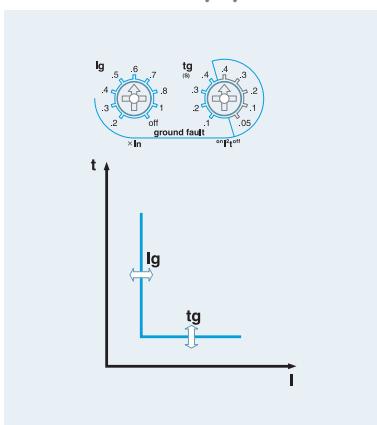
#### 1. Standard current setting knob: II

- Setting range:  $(2-3-4-6-8-10-12-15-Off) \times In$

#### 2. Relay operates basing on the largest load current among R/S/T/N phase.

#### 3. Total breaking time is below 50 ( $\pm 10$ )ms.

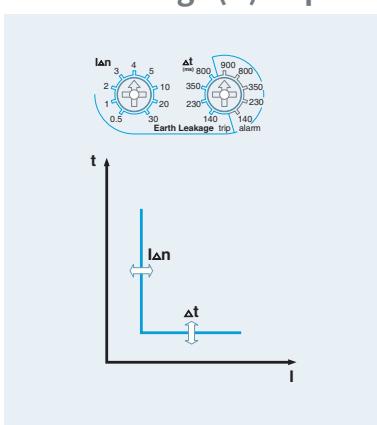
## Ground Fault (G)



**The function for breaking ground fault current above setting value after time-delay to protect the circuit from ground fault.**

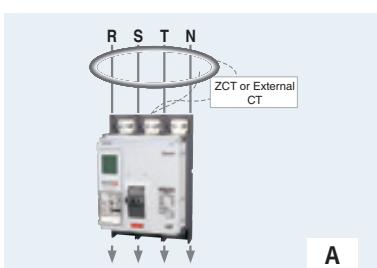
1. Standard setting current knob: Ig  
- Setting range:  $(0.2-0.3-0.4-0.5-0.6-0.7-0.8-1.0-\text{Off}) \times I_{\text{in}}$
2. Time delay setting knob: tg  
- Inverse time ( $I^2 t$  On): 0.1-0.2-0.3-0.4 sec  
- Definite time ( $I^2 t$  Off): 0.05-0.1-0.2-0.3-0.4 sec
3. Ground fault current is vector sum of each phase current. Therefore, 3Pole products may operate under its phase-unbalance including ground fault situations.(R+S+T+(N) Phase)
4. When ZSI function was set, the protection operation will take place instantaneously with input absence by downstream devices. It is advised to disable its ZSI function on the last downstream device.
5. Ground-fault functions are basically provided with products equipped with a trip relay through its internal CT that is embedded in each phase.(But, it can't be used with earth-leakage protection function at the same time)

## Earth Leakage (G) - Option



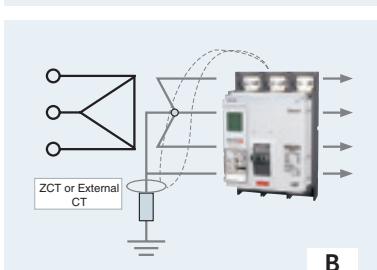
**The function for breaking earth leakage current above setting value after time delay to protect the circuit from earth leakage. (A, P, S type)**

1. Standard setting current knob:  $I_{\Delta n}$   
- Setting range: 0.5-1-2-3-4-5-10-20-30-Off (A)
2. Time delay setting knob:  $\Delta t$   
- Trip time: 140-230-350-800 ms  
- Alarm time: 140-230-350-800-950 ms
3. Settings within its alarm range will prevent its breaker from tripping but activating its alarm.
4. This function is enabled and can be used only with standard ZCT provided by LS or private external CT (secondary output 5A) selected by customers.
5. When ZSI function was set, the protection operation will take place instantaneously with input absence by downstream devices. It is advised to disable its ZSI function on the last downstream device.



### \*Use cautions with earth-leakage current settings

- When using a standard ZCT provided by LS, the setting range is from 0.5 to 30A which is based on its primary current. But MCCB installed like A type (displayed on the left side) should only be cable-connected and its rated current should be less than 1600A.
- When using other CT selected by customers, the setting range is from 0.5 to 5A based on its secondary current.(Secondary output rating : 5A)  
Hence, under 100:5A CT, if trip relay is set to 0.5A, earth-leakage exceeding 10A will activate its operation ( $0.5A \times 20 = 10A$ )



### \*Guideline for the external CT usage

- Earth-leakage protection characteristics using the standard CT which is installed inside of MCCB can protect currents from 20 to 100% range on its rated current.
- As rated currents on MCCB increases, current that is covered by its standard CT increase as well. This can not protect against small leakage currents.  
ex) 400A MCCB Min. Earth-leakage current  $400A \times 20\% = 80A$   
 $4000A \text{ MCCB Min. Earth-leakage current } 4000A \times 20\% = 800A$
- Therefore, customers are advised to install an external CT in accordance with its rated currents within its systems. And choose trip relay(E, X type) which is required with external CT usage in order to provide earth-leakage functions.

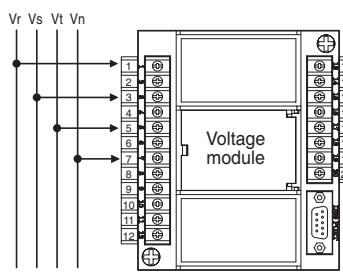
# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

## Measurement function

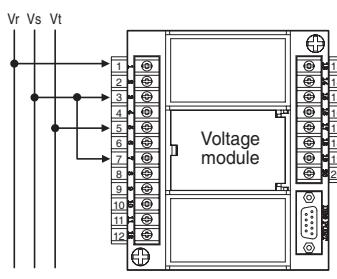
	Class.	Measurement element	Detailed element	Unit	Display range	Accuracy
A type	Current	Line current	Ia,Ib,Ic	A	80 A ~ 65,535 A	±3%
		Normal current	I1			
		Reverse current	I2			
P type	Voltage	Line voltage	Vab,Vbc,Vca	V	60~690V	±1%
		Phase voltage	Va,Vb,Vc			±1%
		Normal voltage	V1			
		Reverse voltage	V2			
S type	Angle	Line-to-line	∠Vabla, ∠Vablb, ∠Vablc,	°	0~360°	±1°
		Line-to-current	∠VabVbc, ∠VabVca			
		Phase-to-phase	∠VaVb, ∠VaVc			±1°
		Phase-to-current	∠Vala, ∠VbIb, ∠Vclc			±1°
Power	Active power	Pa(ab), Pb(bc), Pc(ca), P	kW	1kW~99,999kW	±3%	
	Reactive power	Qa(ab), Qb(bc), Qc(ca), Q	kVar	1kVar~99,999kVar	±3%	
	Apparent power	Sa(ab), Sb(bc), Sc(ca), S	kVA	1kVA~99,999kVA	±3%	
Energy	Active energy	WHa(ab), WHb(bc), WHc(ca), WH	kWh, MWh	1kWh~9999.99MWh	±3%	
	Reactive energy	VARHa(ab), VARHb(bc), VARHc(ca), VARH	kVarh, Mvarh	1kVarh~9999.99MVarh	±3%	
	Reverse active energy	rWHa(ab), rWHb(bc), rWHc(ca), rWH	kWh, MWh	1kWh ~9999.99MWh	±3%	
Freq.	Frequency	F	Hz	45~65Hz		
Power factor	Power factor(PF)	PFa(ab), PFb(bc), PFc(ca), PF	-	+ : Lead, - : Lag		
Unbalance	Unbalance rate	Iunalance, Vunbalance	%	0.0~100.0		
Demand	Active power demand	Peak demand	kW	1kW~99999kW		
	Current demand	Peak demand	A	80 A~65535 A		
Harmonics	Voltage harmonics	1st~63th harmonics of Va(ab), Vb(bc), Vc(ca)	V	60~690 V		
	Current harmonics	1st~63th harmonics of Ia,Ib,Ic	A	80A ~ 65535A		
	THD, TDD		%	0.0 ~ 100.0		
	K-Factor		-	0.0 ~ 100.0		

## Voltage module

For P and S type Trip relay, separate voltage module is necessary to measure other element besides current (Separate purchase is needed)  
- Voltage input range: AC 60~690V



3P4W wiring

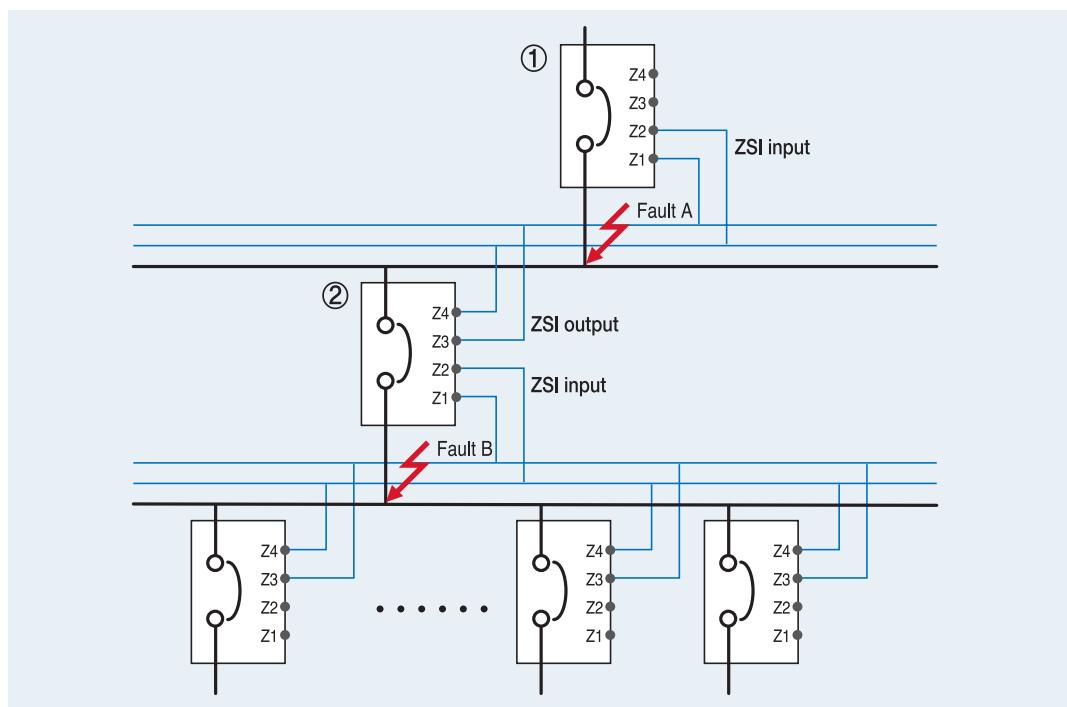


3P3W wiring

## ZSI - Zone Selective Interlocking (A, P, S type)

**Zone-selective interlocking drops delay time that eliminates faults for breakers.  
It minimizes the shock that all kinds of electric machineries get under fault conditions.**

1. In case of that short time-delay or ground fault accident occurs at ZSI built in system, the breaker at accident site sends ZSI signal to halt upstream breaker's operation.
2. To eliminate a breakdown, trip relay of MCCB at accident site activates trip operation without time delay.
3. The upstream breaker that received ZSI signal adhere to pre-set short time-delay or ground fault time-delay for protective coordination in the system.  
However upstream breaker that did not receive its signal will trip instantaneously.
4. For ordinary ZSI operation, it should arrange operation time accordingly so that downstream circuit breakers will react before upstream ones under overcurrent/short time delay/ground fault situations.
5. ZSI connecting line needs to be Max. 3m.



- 1) Occurrence of fault A  
- Only breaker ① performs instantaneous trip operation.
- 2) Occurrence of fault B  
- Breaker ② performs instantaneous trip operation,  
breaker ① performs trip operation after prearranged delay time  
- But if breaker ② did not break the fault normally,  
breaker ① performs instantaneous trip operation to protect system.

# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

### Remote reset and digital I/O (A, P, S type)

In case of that MCCB operates due to accidents or over current, trip relay indicates the information of the accident through the LED and LCD.

Trip relay A, P and S type is possible to perform the remote reset by digital input, and have 3 DO(Digital output).

1. Methods to reset Trip relay is to push the Reset button on the frontal side and to use the remote reset.

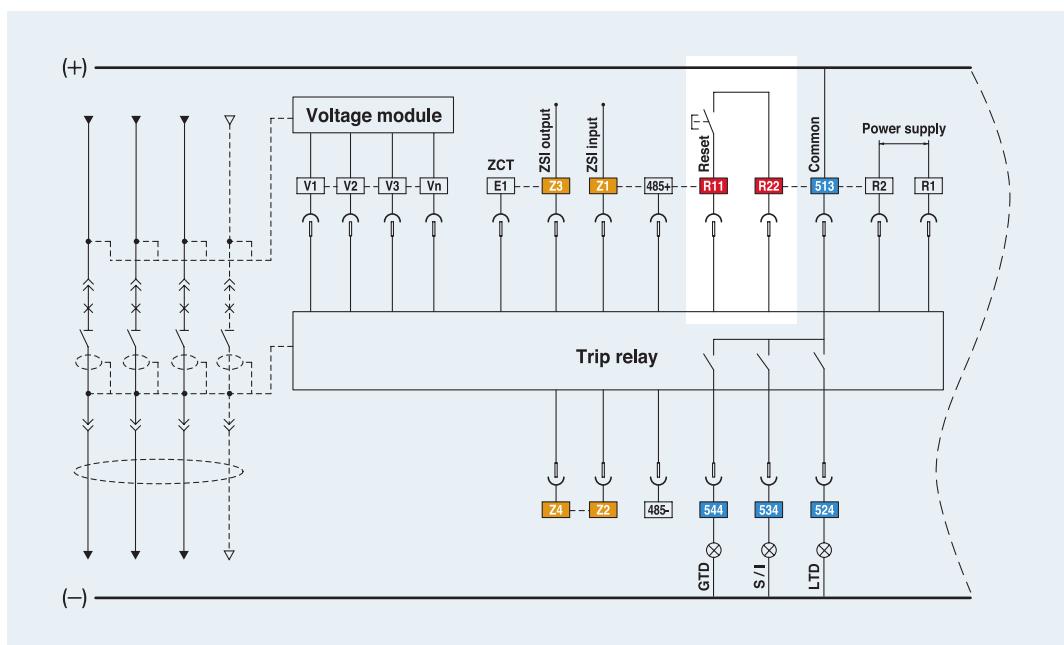
## 2. Digital input

- [R11-R22] input: Remote reset
  - [Z1-Z2] Input: ZSI input
  - [E1-E2] Input: ZCT for earth leakage detection or external CT input

※All DI are dry contact that has 3.3V of recognition voltage. When inputting close by SSR(Solid State Relay) or open-collector, connect collector(Drain) to R11.

3. Digital output 3a(524, 534, 544-513)

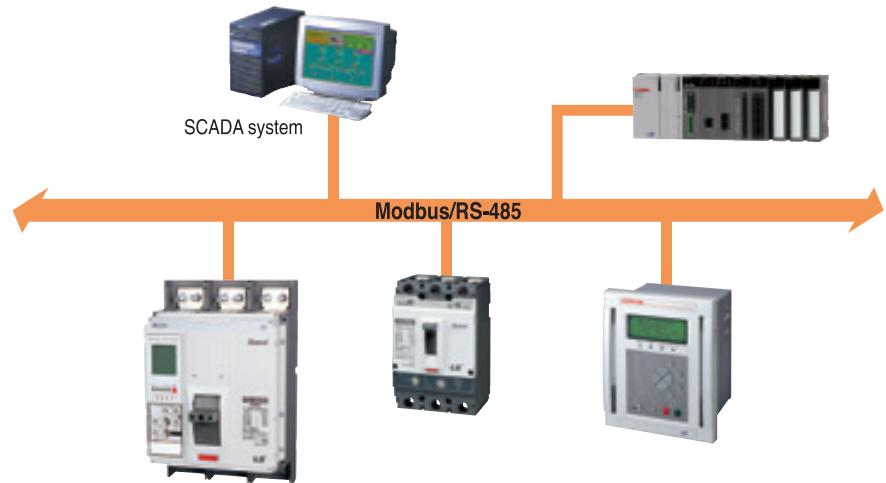
- Fault output: Long/Short time delay, Instantaneous, Ground fault, UVR, OVR, UFR, OFR, rPower, Vunbal, lunbal (Maintains state as Latch form until user pushes reset.)
  - General DO: when setting L/R as remote, it is available to control close/open remotely by using communication.



## Communication

### Modbus/RS-485

- Operation mode: Differential
- Distance: Max. 1.2km
- Cable :  
General RS-485 shielded twist 2-pair cable
- Baud rate :  
9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps
- Transmission method: Half-Duplex
- Termination: 150Ω

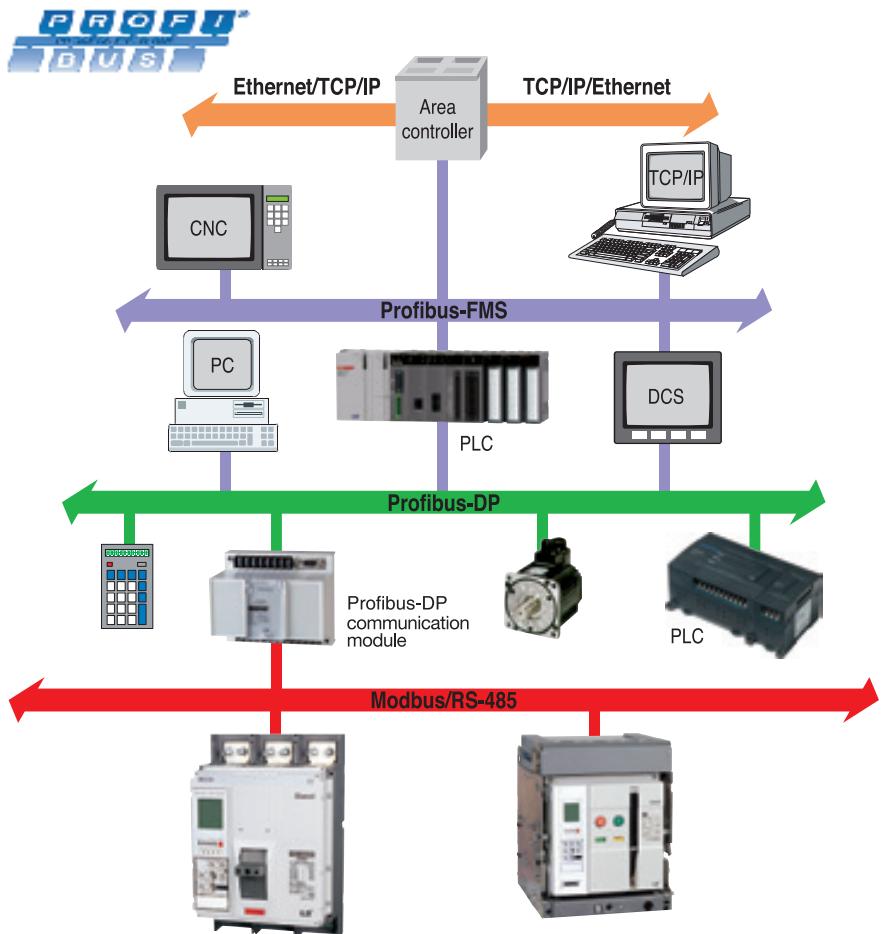


### Profibus-DP

- Profibus-DP module is installed separately (Option)
- Operation mode: Differential
- Distance: Max. 1.2km
- Cable :  
Profibus-DP shielded twist 2-pair cable
- Baud rate: 9600bps~12Mbps
- Transmission method: Half-Duplex
- Termination: 150Ω
- Standard: EN 50170 / DIN 19245



Profibus-DP  
communication module  
(Option)

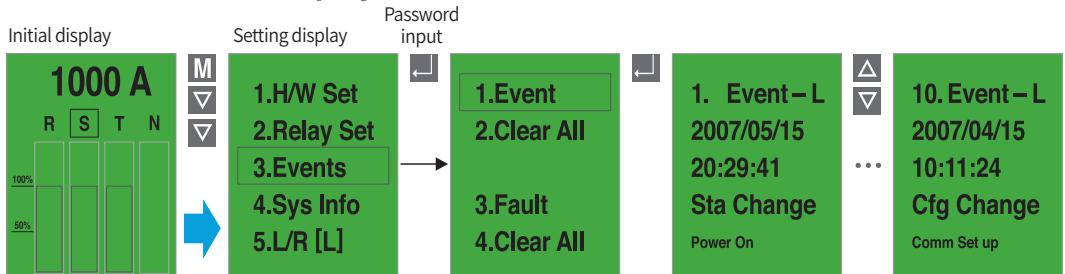


# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

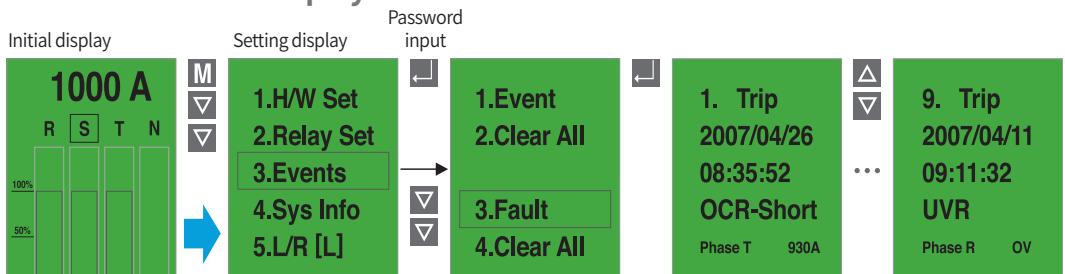
## Event & fault recording (P, S type)

When there are events such as setting change, Info. change, error of self-diagnose, state change, P and S type record Max. up to 256 information of the events in accordance with time(ms). In addition, they can record Max. up to 256(up to 10 for A type) information of the faults such as fault cause, fault phase, fault value and so on in accordance with time(ms).

### Event information display



### Fault information display

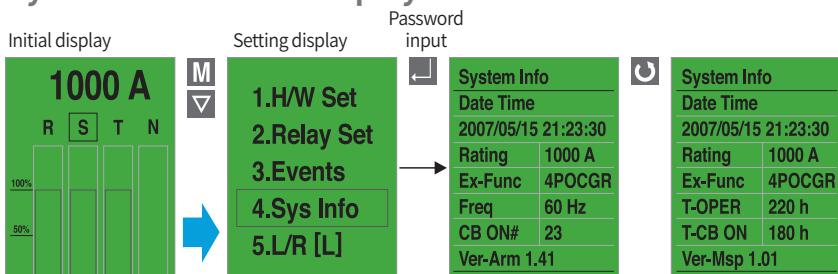


## System information

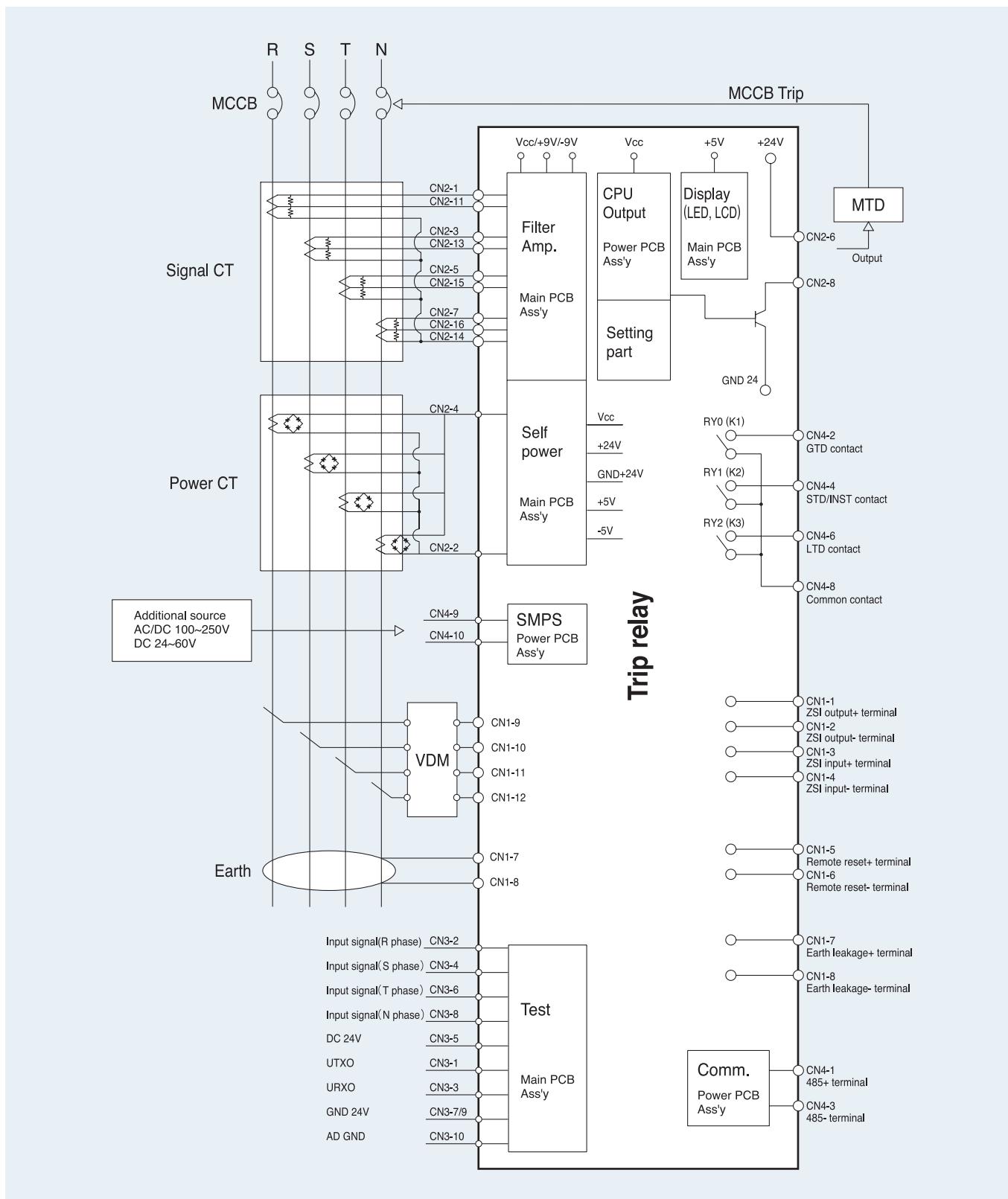
P and S type can indicate information as followings with the information of the MCCB.

- Present time: year/month/date/hour/minute/ms
- MCCB current ratings
- N-phase current ratings: 100%
- Frequency information: 60Hz / 50Hz
- Closing numbers of breaker: CB ON numbers
- Trip relay operating time: OCR ON time
- ON time of breaker: CB ON time
- S/W ver. information

### System information display



## System block diagram



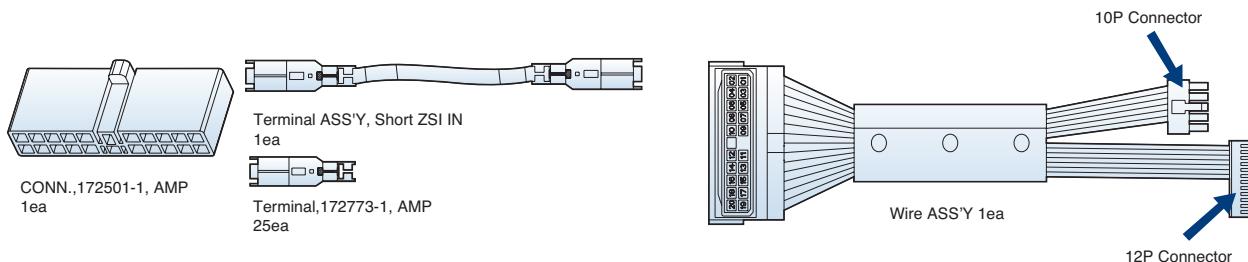
# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

## Installation and Handling

### Withdrawal Wiring for Trip Relay

**Caution**

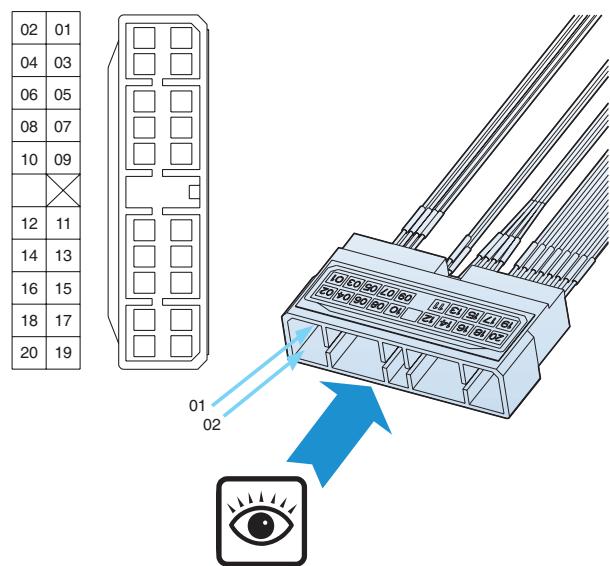
- In case of disassembling and assembling the main cover, screw should be tightened in specific torque of 1.5N.m (15.3kgf.cm)
- In case of disassembling and assembling the main cover by over tightening torque, the parts of MCCB can be damaged.



### WIRE ASS'Y OCR types

No.	Drawing No.	Part Name	Functions	OCR
1	76671176262	WIRE ASS'Y AG AC OCR	Communication, Digital Output, ZSI, Remote Reset	A Type
2	76671176263	WIRE ASS'Y A ZK PS CKA OCR	Communication, Digital Output, ZSI, Remote Reset, Earth Leakage(<30A), Voltage Module	P, S Type
3	76671176264	WIRE ASS'Y AE AX PX SX OCR	Communication, Digital Output, ZSI, Remote Reset, Earth Leakage(>30A), Voltage Module	P, S Type

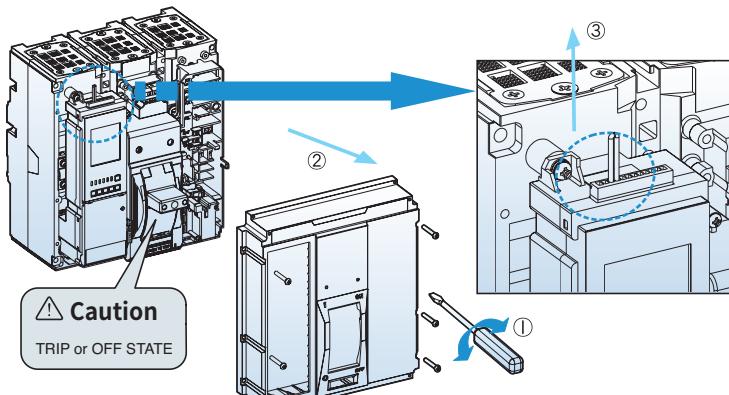
### Components of wire ass'y OCR and types



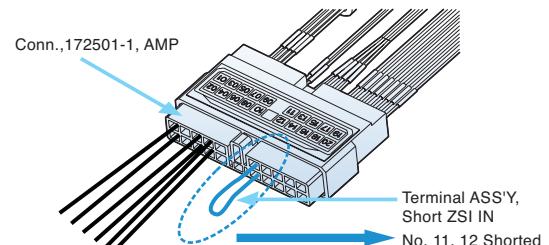
### Terminal number and Description

Number	Marking	Description
01	485+	Comm. +
02	485-	Comm. -
03	R1	Power +
04	R2	Power -
05	524	Relay Output (Long time)
06	534	Relay Output (Short time/Instantaneous)
07	544	Relay Output (Ground fault/PAL)
08	513	Relay Output Common
09	Z3	ZSI Out +
10	Z4	ZSI Out -
11	Z1	ZSI In +
12	Z2	ZSI In -
13	R11	Remote Reset +
14	R22	Remote Reset -
15	E1 or B1	Earth Leakage +
16	E2 or B2	Earth Leakage -
17	V1	VR Input
18	V2	VS Input
19	V3	VT Input
20	VN	V Input Common

## 1. Disassembling cover and short connector

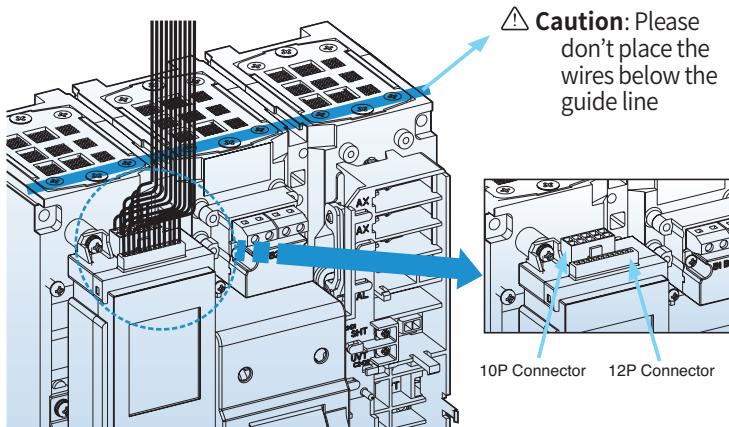


### In case of not using ZSI function



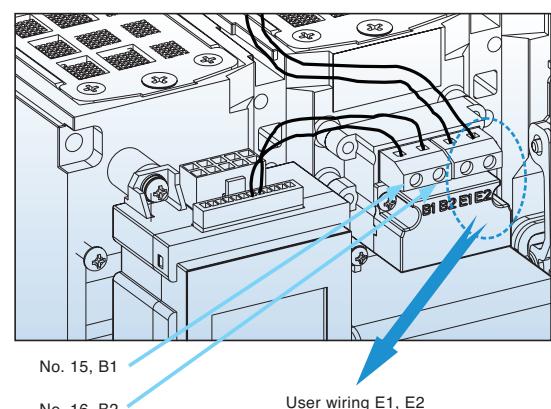
**Caution:** If not using ZSI function of Trip Relay (OCR), please short ZSI INPUT of terminal No.11,12 (ZSI IN +, ZSI IN-) by using the "TERMINAL ASS'Y, SHORT ZSI IN"

## 2. Assembly of wire ass'y and withdrawal of wire



### In case of the wiring of Earth Leakage ≥30A

Drawing No.	Part Name
76671176264	WIRE ASS'Y AE AX PX SX OCR



# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

## Installation of withdrawal wiring for Trip Relay

### Trip Relay (OCR) type and applied wire ass'y

No	Type	WIRE ASS'Y, [ ] ,OCR,TS1600		
		[AG AC]	[A ZK PS CKA]	[AE AX PX SX]
1	NG0			
2	NG5			
3	AG0			
4	AG1	■		
5	AG2	■		
6	AG5			
7	AG6	■		
8	AG7	■		
9	AZ0			
10	AZ1		■	
11	AZ2		■	
12	AZ5			
13	AZ6		■	
14	AZ7		■	
15	AE0			
16	AE1			■
17	AE2			■
18	AE5			
19	AE6			■
20	AE7			■
21	AC1	■		
22	AC2	■		
23	AC6	■		
24	AC7	■		
25	AK1		■	
26	AK2		■	
27	AK6		■	
28	AK7		■	
29	AX1			■
30	AX2			■
31	AX6			■
32	AX7			■

No	Type	WIRE ASS'Y, [ ] ,OCR,TS1600		
		[AG AC]	[A ZK PS CKA]	[AE AX PX SX]
33	PC1			■
34	PC2			■
35	PC6			■
36	PC7			■
37	PK1			■
38	PK2			■
39	PK6			■
40	PK7			■
41	PX1			■
42	PX2			■
43	PX6			■
44	PX7			■
45	PA1			■
46	PA2			■
47	PA6			■
48	PA7			■ ■
49	SC1			■ ■
50	SC2			■
51	SC6			■ ■
52	SC7			■ ■
53	SK1			■
54	SK2			■
55	SK6			■
56	SK7			■
57	SX1			■
58	SX2			■
59	SX6			■
60	SX7			■
61	SA1			■ ■
62	SA2			■ ■
63	SA6			■ ■
64	SA7			■ ■
65	NV1	■		
66	NV6	■		

## 1600AF Switch Disconnectors

### Products application & Function

- 4Pole: DC1500V/DC1150V/AC690V Switch disconnectors
- 3Pole: DC900V/AC690V Switch disconnectors
- 1000/1250/1600A DC/AC
- Uimp = 8kV
- IEC60947-3



(TS1250NA 3P)

(TS1600NA 4P)

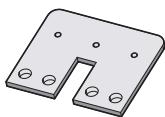
Type		TS1000NA	TS1250NA	TS1600NA
Frame size	[AF]	1000	1250	1600
Conventional thermal current, Ith	[A]	1000	1250	1600
Rated operational current, le	[A]	1000	1250	1600
No. of poles	[Pole]	3/4	3/4	3/4
Rated operational voltage, Ue	DC/AC 3pole [V]	900/690	900/690	900/690
	DC/AC 4pole [V]	1150/690	1150/690	1150/690
	DC <small>Note 2)</small> [V]	1500	1500	1500
Rated insulation voltage, Ui	DC/AC [V]	1150/1000	1150/1000	1150/1000
	DC <small>Note 2)</small> [V]	1500	1500	1500
Rated impulse withstand voltage, Uimp	[kV]	8	8	8
Rated short-circuit making capacity, Icm	DC [kA peak]	25	25	25
	AC [kA peak]	52.5	52.5	52.5
Rated short-time withstand current, Icw	1sec [kA rms]	25	25	25
Utilization category	DC900, 1150V/AC690V	DC22B/AC23B	DC22B/AC23B	DC22B/AC23B
	DC1500V <small>Note 2)</small>	DC22A	DC22A	DC22A
Isolation behavior		●	●	●
Trip unit (Release)	Disconnector unit DSU	●	●	●
Connection	Fixed	Front-connection	●	●
		Rear-connection	●	●
Life cycle <small>Note 1)</small>	Mechanical	[Operations]	10,000	10,000
		@ V DC [Operations]	500	500
	Electrical	@ 690V AC [Operations]	2,000	2,000
Dimensions without accessories, W×H×D (Front connection)	3pole [mm]	210×327×152.5	210×327×152.5	210×327×152.5
	4pole [mm]	280×327×152.5	280×327×152.5	280×327×152.5
Weight without accessories (Front connection)	3pole [kg]	12	12	12
	4pole [kg]	17.8	17.8	17.8
Reference standard		IEC60947-3	IEC60947-3	IEC60947-3

Note) 1. Life cycle means not guarantee but limitation  
(Quality guarantee: On/Off frequency on the basis of IEC60947-3 within the term of guarantee.)

2. DC1500V only.

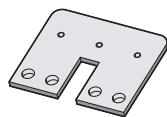
### Accessories

1) For TS1000NA DC



<Busbar>

2) For TS1250NA DC



<Busbar>

3) For TS1600NA DC



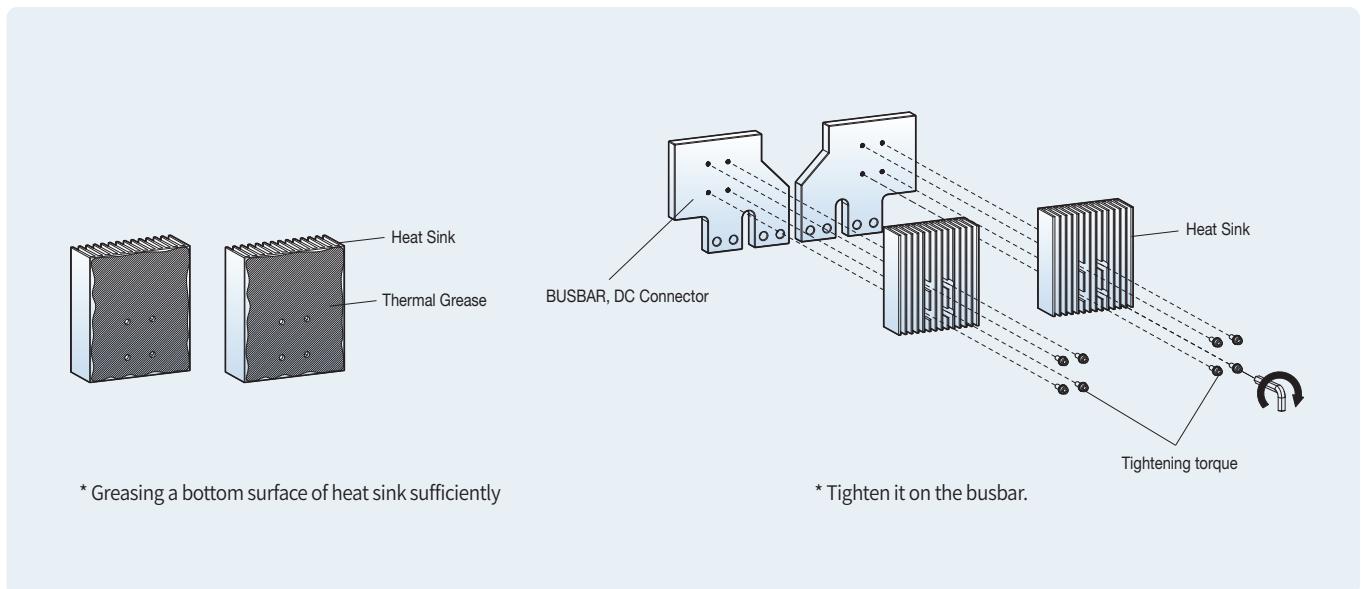
<Heatsink>



<Heatsink>

# MCCBs for power distribution 1600A

## Assembling Procedures



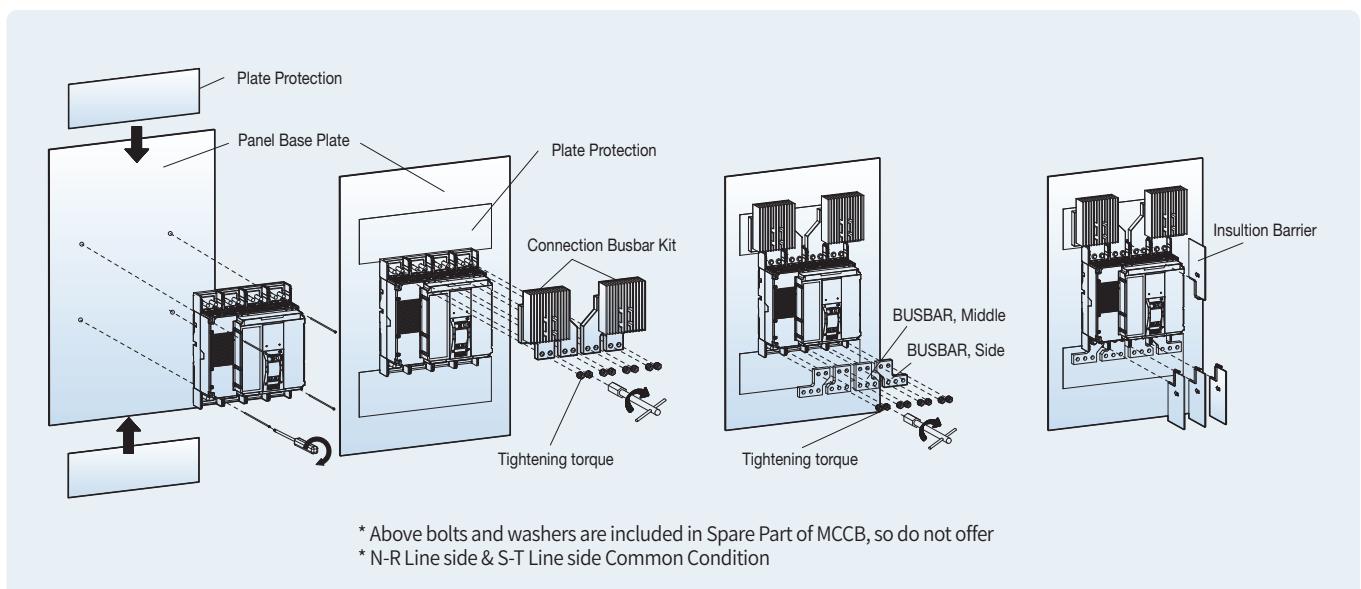
Note) 1. After greasing a bottom surface of heat sink sufficiently, tighten it on the busbar. (Thermal grease is not offered)

2. Please attach Thermal grease to prevent overheating

3. A Thermal grease Specification: YG6111, Silicone heat sink compound

## The Installation of the BUSBAR

- Insert the plate protection between the panel base plate and MCCB after mounting MCCB on the panel base plate.
- Install the BUSBAR to the circuit breaker as shown fig. below.  
(Conductors should be tightened with the torque specified to prevent fire accident.)
- Fit the barriers to the circuit breaker after installing the BUSBAR.







# A-3

## Accessories

### Accessories for TE series

▪ Overview	A-3-1
▪ Electrical auxiliaries	A-3-2
▪ Rotary handles	A-3-5
▪ Terminals	A-3-6
▪ Insulation	A-3-7
▪ Interlock	A-3-8
▪ Remote operation	A-3-9

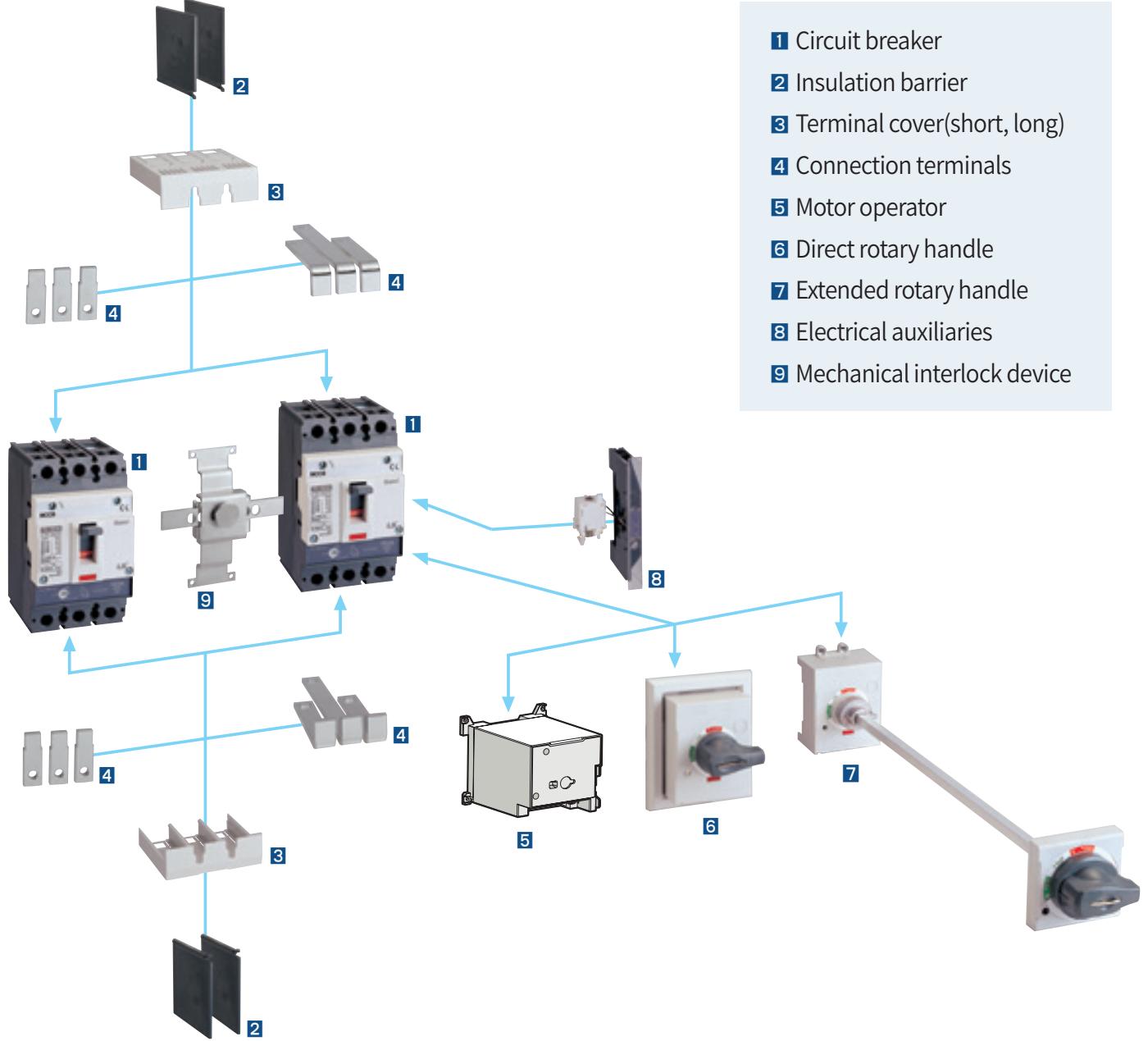
### Accessories for TD, TS up to 800A

▪ Overview	A-3-10
▪ Electrical auxiliaries	A-3-11
▪ Rotary handles	A-3-15
▪ Locking devices	A-3-17
▪ Terminals	A-3-20
▪ Insulation	A-3-25
▪ External Neutral CT (NCT)	A-3-26
▪ Mechanical interlocking device	A-3-27
▪ Plug-in device	A-3-28
▪ Connector KIT	A-3-33
▪ Remote operation	A-3-35
▪ Electronic MCCB Tester	A-3-38
▪ Residual Current Devices (RCD)	A-3-40
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# Accessories for TE series



## Auxiliary and Alarm switch



### Auxiliary switch (AX)

Auxiliary switch is for applications requiring remote “ON” and “OFF” indication.

Each switch contains two contacts having a common connection.

One is open and the other closed when the circuit breaker is open, and viceversa.



### Alarm switch (AL)

Alarm switches offer provisions for immediate audio or visual indication of a tripped breaker due to overload, short circuit, shunt trip, or undervoltage release conditions.

They are particularly useful in automated plants where operators must be signaled about changes in the electrical distribution system. This switch features a closed contact when the circuit breaker is tripped automatically. In other words, this switch does not function when the breaker is operated manually.

Its contact is open when the circuit breaker is reset.

### Combination switch (AX+AL)

It consists of one auxiliary switch (AX) and one alarm switch (AL) in a body to connect into the same position of the breaker.

### Contact

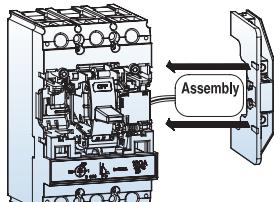
MCCB	ON	OFF	TRIP
AX	AXc1 —○— AXa1 ○— AXb1	AXc1 —○— AXa1 ○— AXb1	
AL	ALc1 —○— ALa1 ○— ALb1		ALc1 —○— ALa1 ○— ALb1

### Rating

Conventional thermal current, $I_{th}$	5A				
Rated operational current, $I_e$ with rated operational voltage, $U_e$	Voltage	Current, $I_e$		Minimum load current	
- Alternating current 50/60Hz AC	125V	5	3	5V DC 160mA	TE100
	250V	3	2	30V DC 30mA	TE160
	500V	-	-		
- Direct current DC	30V	4	3		
	125V	0.4	0.4		
	250V	0.2	0.2		

# Accessories for TE series

## Shunt trip, SHT



The shunt trip opens the mechanism in response to an externally applied voltage signal. The releases include coil clearing contacts that automatically clear the signal circuit when the mechanism has tripped.

The shunt release can be installed in the right accessory compartment of the MCCBs.

- Range of operational voltage  
AC: 0.7~1.1Vn, DC: 0.8~1.1Vn
- Frequency(Only AC): 45Hz ~ 65Hz



Terminal block type (TBT)

### Rating (Terminal Block Type)

Control voltage, Ue	Power consumption		
	AC (VA)	DC (W)	mA
Voltage	AC/DC 12V	0.35	0.36
	AC/DC 24V	0.64	0.65
	AC/DC 48V	1.09	1.1
	AC/DC 60V	1.2	1.22
	AC/DC 100~130V	0.73	0.75
	AC/DC 200~250V	1.21	1.35
	AC 380~440V	1.67	-
	AC 440~500V	1.68	-
	Max.opening time	50ms (max.)	
Tightening torque of terminal screw		8.2 kgf · cm	

### Rating (Lead Wire Type)

Control voltage, Ue	Power consumption	
	AC (VA)	DC (W)
Voltage	DC 12V	-
	AC/DC 24~30V	1.5
	AC/DC 48~60V	1.5
	AC/DC 100~130V	1.5
	AC/DC 200~250V	1.5
	AC 380~440V	1.5
	AC 440~500V	1.5
	Max.opening time	50ms (max.)
	Tightening torque of terminal screw	8.2 kgf · cm



Lead wire type (LWT)

## Undervoltage release, UVT



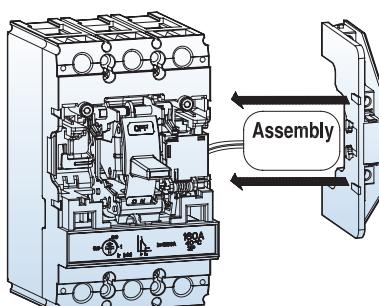
The undervoltage release automatically opens a circuit breaker when voltage drops to a value ranging between 20% to 70% of the line voltage. The operation is instantaneous, and after tripping, the circuit breaker cannot be re-closed again until the voltage returns to 85% of line voltage.

Continuously energized, the undervoltage release must be operating before the circuit breaker can be closed. The undervoltage release can be easily installed in the right accessory compartment of the MCCBs.

- Range of tripping voltage: 0.2 ~ 0.7Vn
- MCCB making is possible voltage: 0.85Vn (Exceed)
- Frequency (Only AC): 45Hz ~ 65Hz

### Rating

Control voltage, Ue	Power consumption		
	AC (VA)	DC (W)	mA
Voltage	AC/DC 24V	0.64	0.65
	AC/DC 48V	1.09	1.1
	AC/DC 100~110V	0.73	0.75
	AC/DC 200~220V	1.21	1.35
	AC 380~440V	1.67	-
	AC 440~480V	1.68	-
Max.opening time		50ms (max.)	
Tightening torque of terminal screw		8.2 kgf · cm	
Operating voltage range	Trip	20~70% Vn	
	Reset/Closing	$\geq 0.85Vn$	



### Maximum possibilities

Position	Type	TE160
		3/4P
Left-hand seat	AX	1
	AL	1
Right-hand seat	AX	1
	AL	1
	SHT/UVT	1

Note) Right-hand seat can be installed only one Electrical Accessory

# Accessories for TE series

## Rotary handles



The rotary handle operating mechanism is available in either the direct version or in the extended version on the compartment door.

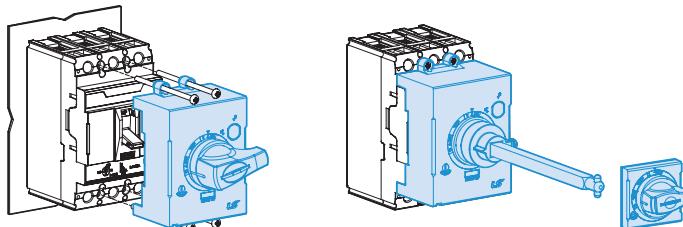
It is always fitted with a compartment door lock and on a request it can be supplied with a key lock in the open position.

### Direct rotary handles

MCCB	Rotary handle
TE100/160	DH1E

### Extended rotary handles

MCCB	Rotary handle
TE100/160	EH1E



### Degree of protections

Type	Degree of protection
DH1E	The access probe of 1.0mm diameter shall not penetrate
EH1E	Totally protected against ingress of dust and water jets from any direction

## Terminals

### Front connection

#### Extended terminal

- As an optional part of circuit breaker
- Can increase the pitch of the terminals

MCCB	Pole	Type	Feature
TE100/160	3P	ET13E	
	4P	ET14E	

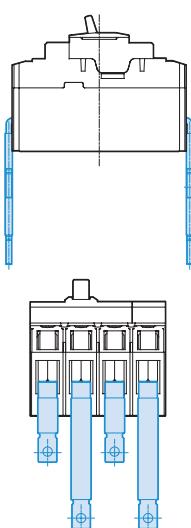
### Rear connection

Rear connection terminals are used to adapt Susol TE circuit breakers to switchboards or other application that require rear connection.

These can be connected directly to circuit breakers without any modification.

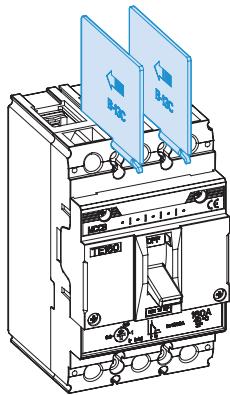
#### Flat terminals

MCCB	Pole	Type	Feature
TE100/160	3P	RTF13	
	4P	RTF14	



# Accessories for TE series

## Insulation



### Insulation by barrier

These allow the insulation characteristics between the phases at the connections to be increased. They are mounted from the front, even with the circuit-breaker already installed, inserting them into the corresponding slots.

They are incompatible with both the insulating terminal covers.

It is possible to mount the phase separating partitions between two circuit-breakers side by side.

Type	Applied MCCB	Set quantity	
B13C	TE100, TE160	3P 4pcs	4P 6pcs



Short type covers



Long type covers

### Insulation by terminal cover

#### Insulation terminal cover

The terminal covers are applied to the circuit-breaker to prevent accidental contact with live parts and thereby guarantee protection against direct contacts.

#### Two types by length are available:

Short type covers, ITS

- IP40 degree of protection

- For fixed circuit-breakers with rear terminals and for moving parts of plug-in

Long type covers, ITL

- IP40 degree of protection

- For fixed circuit-breakers with front, front extended, front for cables terminals.

Type		Terminal cover	
Frame type	pole	Long type	Short type
TE100, TE160	3P	ITL13E	ITS13E
	4P	ITL14E	ITS14E

## Interlock



Mechanical Interlock  
(Padlocks are not supplied)

### Mechanical interlocking device

The mechanical interlock (MIT) can be applied on the front of two breakers mounted side by side, in either the 3-pole or 4-pole version and prevents simultaneous closing of the two breakers.

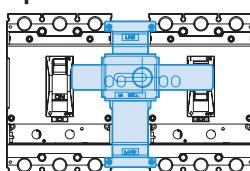
Fixing is carried out directly on the cover of the breakers.

The front interlocking plate allows installation of a padlock in order to fix the position.  
(possibility of locking in the O-O position as well)

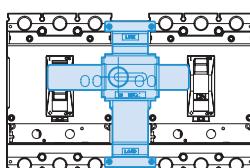
This mechanical interlocking device is very useful and simple for consisting of manual source-changeover system.

MCCB		Interlock
Frame type	pole	
TE100, TE160	3P	MIT13E
	4P	MIT14E

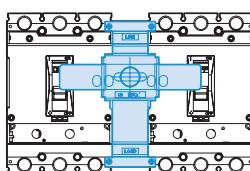
### Operation



Left MCCB: ON/OFF is possible  
Right MCCB: Off lock

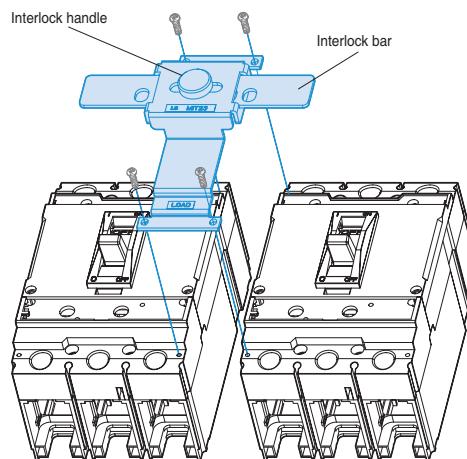


Left MCCB: Off lock  
Right MCCB: ON/OFF is possible



Both MCCBs are off locked

Note) Terminal covers do not use with the interlock.



# Accessories for TE series

## Remote operation

### Motor operator

Motor operators can also be operated by manual. The motor drives a mechanism which switches TE toggle handle to the “ON” and “OFF/RESET” positions.

- The manual actuator handle is located on the front of the cover.
- Manual or Automatic operation can be selected.
- Applicable to 3 and 4-pole breakers.

The motor operator is an essential device for constructing a remote operated automatic source-changeover system to ensure a continuous supply of electrical power at following certain installations:

- Commercial sector: Hospital, Tall building, Bank, Insurance companies, Shopping centers
- Industry: Ships, Assembly lines at plant, Military sites, Port and Railway installation



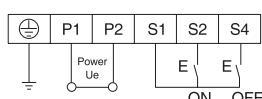
TE160 + MOP-M7

MCCB	Type	Control voltage	Actuation current (A)	Response time (ms)		Consumption (W)	Mechanical service life (operations)	No. of operations per hour
				Closing	Opening			
TE100, TE160 (3P/4P)	MOP-M7	① DC 24V ② AC 100~110V/ DC 110V ③ AC 230V/ DC 220V	≤3A (DC 24V) ≤0.5A (AC)	700	700	14	10,000	120

### Wiring connection

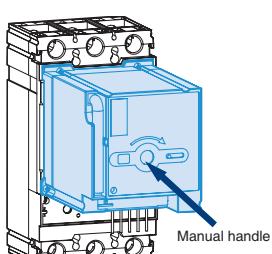
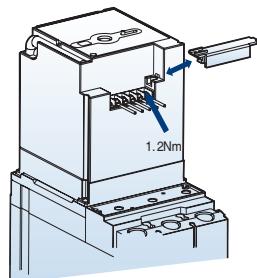
#### Standard connection

Circuit breaker On and Off controlled by remote operation and manual operation



#### Connection with alarm switch (AL)

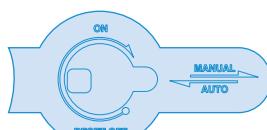
- 1) The below connection diagram is the method of using a alarm switch (AL) without shunt or undervoltage trip.
- 2) After clearing the fault surely, manual reset is mandatory in case of tripping due to an electrical fault.



### Manual operation

- 1) Insert the manual handle into the slot of Motor Operator surface and rotate it clockwise.
- 2) It must be rotated just 180° clockwise for safe operation of micro switch in the motor operator.
- 3) Return the manual handle after the manual operation
- 4) Turn the slide switch back to the position of AUTO.

**CAUTION:** When the circuit breaker is tripped by trip button in the OFF status,  
it is impossible to operate motor operator automatically. It must be reset by manual operation.



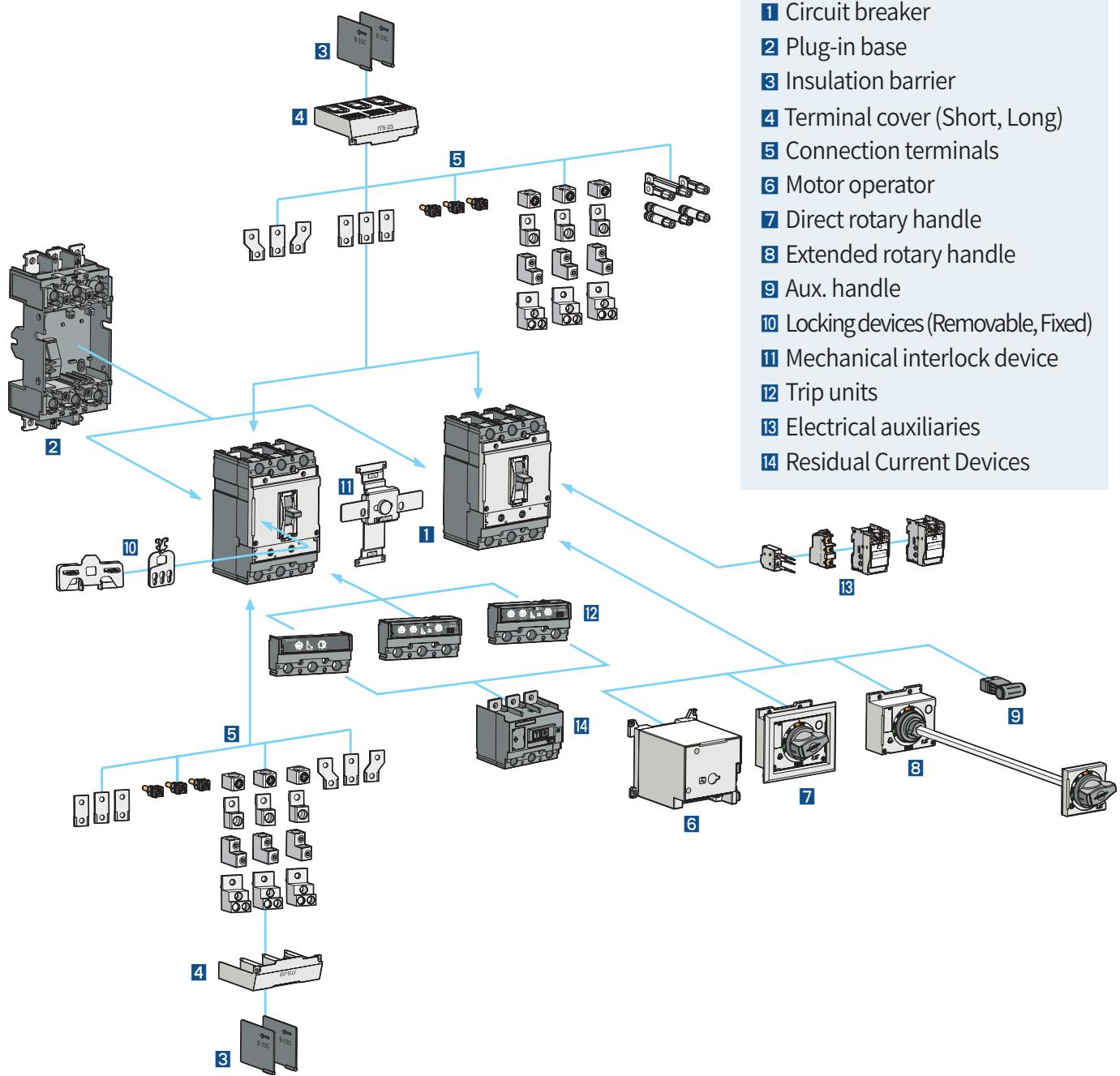
[TE100, TE160]

### Automatic operation

- 1) Set the slide switch to AUTO, then internal power is closed automatically.
- 2) Operating frequency should be less than these below regulated values.  
TE100N/S, TE160N/S:180 operations per hour
- 3) Use the ON/OFF switch in the range of regulated values.
- 4) It may interfere near communication equipments because of internal switching power supply.  
It's recommended that a noise filter be installed to power supply.
- 5) Please do not input ON/OFF signals at the same time during the automatic operation.
- 6) If the circuit breaker has a UVT attached inside, charge a UVT on the rated voltage before performing Motor operator.

# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

Susol MCCB



# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Electrical auxiliaries

The following devices are installed into all TD & TS circuit breakers regardless of frame size. And, the electrical auxiliaries can be easily installed in the accessory compartment of the circuit breakers which is cassette type.



UVT

### Undervoltage release, UVT

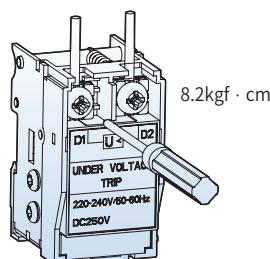
The undervoltage release automatically opens a circuit breaker when voltage drops to a value ranging between 35% to 70% of the line voltage. The operation is instantaneous, and after tripping, the circuit breaker cannot be re-closed again until the voltage returns to 85% of line voltage.

Continuously energized, the undervoltage release must be operating before the circuit breaker can be closed. The undervoltage release can be easily installed in the left accessory compartment of the Susol TD and TS circuit-breakers.

- Range of tripping voltage: 0.35 ~ 0.7Vn
- MCCB making is possible voltage: 0.85Vn (exceed)
- Frequency (only AC): 45Hz ~ 65Hz

### Technical data

Power consumption	Control voltage (V)	Consumption			Applicable MCCBs	
		AC (VA)	DC (W)	mA		
	AC/DC 24V	0.64	0.65	27	TD100, TD160, TS100, TS160, TS250, TS400, TS630, TS800	
	AC/DC 48V	1.09	1.10	23		
	AC/DC 110~130V	0.73	0.75	5.8		
	AC 200~240V/DC 250V	1.21	1.35	5.4		
	AC 380~440V	1.67	-	3.8		
	AC 440~480V	1.68	-	3.5		
Max.opening time (ms)		50				
Tightening torque of terminal screw		8.2 kgf · cm				
Operating voltage (V)						
- Drop (Circuit breaker trips)		0.35~0.7Vn				
- Rise (Circuit breaker can be switched on)		≥ 0.85Vn				



## Electrical auxiliaries

### Shunt release, SHT

The shunt release opens the mechanism in response to an externally applied voltage signal. The releases include coil clearing contacts that automatically clear the signal circuit when the mechanism has tripped.

The shunt release can be installed in the left accessory compartment of the Susol TD & TS circuit-breakers.

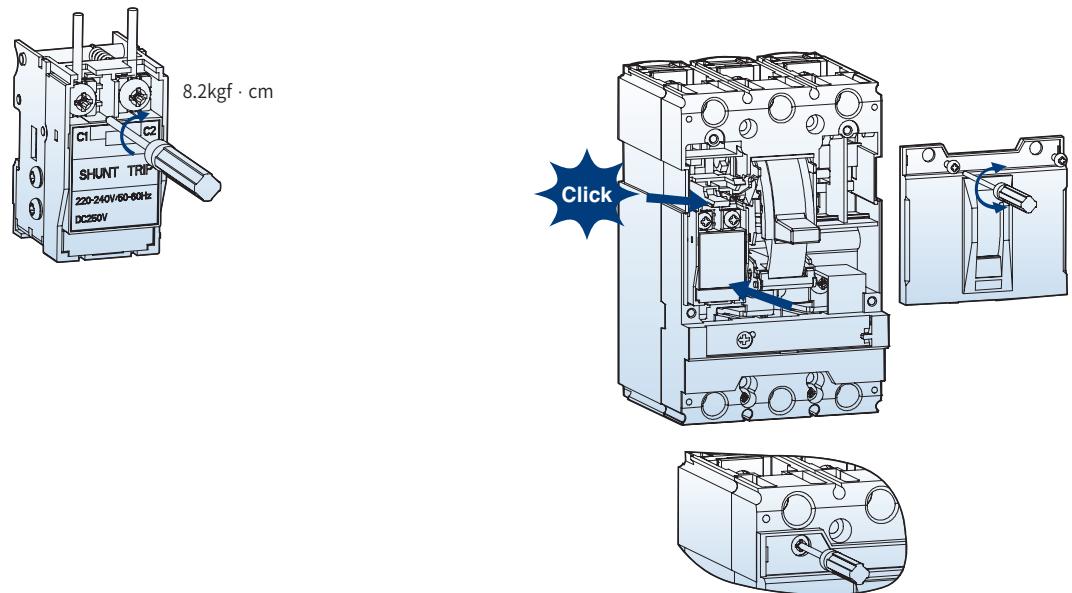
- Range of operational voltage: 0.7 ~ 1.1Vn
- Frequency (only AC): 45Hz ~ 65Hz



SHT

#### Technical data

	Control voltage (V)	Consumption			Applicable MCCBs
		AC (VA)	DC (W)	mA	
Power consumption	DC 12V	-	0.36	30	TD100, TD160, TS100, TS160, TS250, TS400, TS630, TS800
	AC/DC 24V	0.58	0.58	24	
	AC/DC 48V	1.22	1.23	25	
	AC/DC 110~130V	1.36	1.37	10.5	
	AC 220~240V/DC250V	1.80	1.88	7.5	
	AC 380~500V	1.15	-	2.3	
Max.opening time (ms)		50			
Tightening torque of terminal screw		8.2 kgf · cm			



# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Electrical auxiliaries

### Auxiliary switch (AX), Alarm switch (AL) and Fault alarm switch (FAL)



AX



AL

#### Auxiliary switch (AX)

Auxiliary switch is for applications requiring remote “ON” and “OFF” indication. Each switch contains two contacts having a common connection. One is open and the other closed when the circuit breaker is open, and vice-versa.

#### Alarm switch (AL)

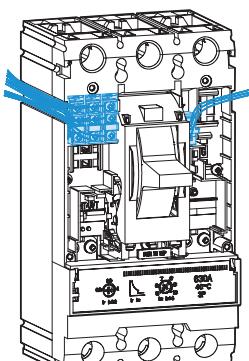
Alarm switches offer provisions for immediate audio or visual indication of a tripped breaker due to overload, short circuit, shunt trip, or undervoltage release conditions. They are particularly useful in automated plants where operators must be signaled about changes in the electrical distribution system. This switch features a closed contact when the circuit breaker is tripped automatically. In other words, this switch does not function when the breaker is operated manually. Its contact is open when the circuit breaker is reset.

#### Fault alarm switch (FAL)

FAL Indicates that the breaker has tripped due to overload or short circuit. And, it can be applied to only circuit breakers with electronic trip units.

#### Contact operation

MCCB	ON	OFF	TRIP
Position of AX	AXc1 —○— AXa1 —○— AXb1	AXc1 —○— AXa1 —○— AXb1	
Position of AL, FAL	ALc1 —○— ALa1 —○— ALb1		ALc1 —○— ALa1 —○— ALb1



#### Technical data

Conventional thermal current, $I_{th}$	5A				TD100 TD160 TS100 TS160 TS250 TS400 TS630 TS800
Rated operational current, $I_e$ with rated operational voltage, $U_e$	Voltage	Current, $I_e$		Minimum load current	
- Alternating current 50/60Hz AC	125V	5	3	5V DC 160mA	
	250V	3	2		
	500V	-	-		
- Direct current DC	30V	4	3	30V DC 30mA	
	125V	0.4	0.4		
	250V	0.2	0.2		

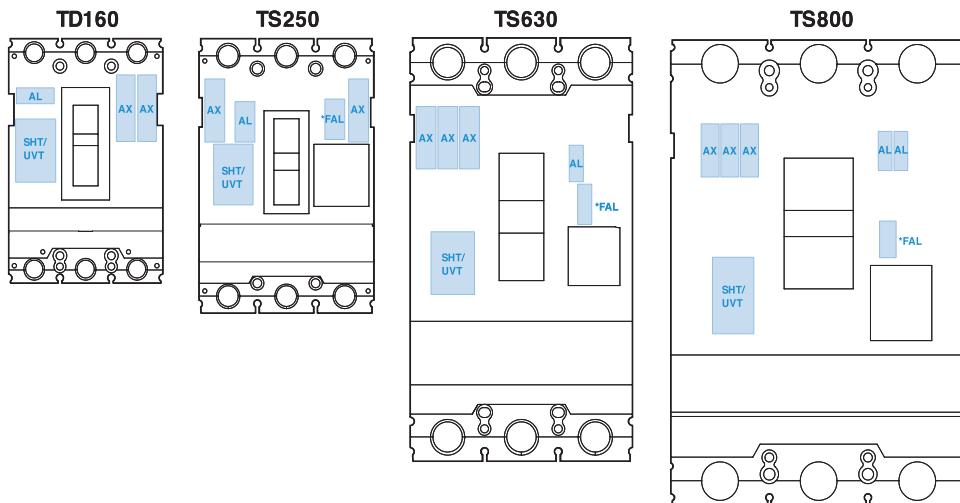
## Electrical auxiliaries

### Possible configuration of electrical auxiliaries

#### Maximum possibilities

Phase	Accessory	TD160	TS250	TS630	TS800
R (Left)	AX	-	1	3	3
	AL	1	1	-	-
	SHT or UVT	1	1	1	1
T (Right)	AX	2	1	-	-
	AL	-	-	1	2
	FAL	-	1	1	1

Note) FAL can be applied to only MCCB with electronic trip release.



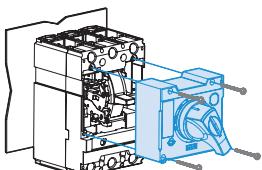
# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Rotary handles

### Rotary handles

The rotary handle operating mechanism is available in either the direct version or in the extended version on the compartment door.

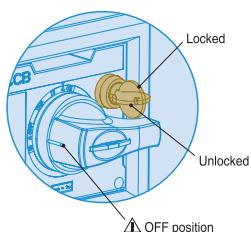
It is always fitted with a compartment door lock and on a request it can be supplied with a key lock in the open position.



Direct rotary handles

#### Direct rotary handles

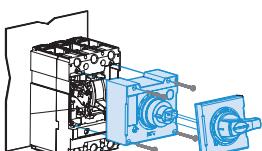
MCCB	Rotary handle
TD100,TD160	DH1
TS100,TS160,TS250	DH2
TS400,TS630	DH3
TS800	DH4



Direct rotary handle with a key lock

#### Direct rotary handles with a key lock

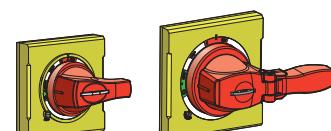
MCCB	Padlockable device	Lock function
TD100, TD160	DHK1	
TS100, TS160, TS250	DHK2	
TS400, TS630	DHK3	
TS800	DHK4	Lock in On or Off position



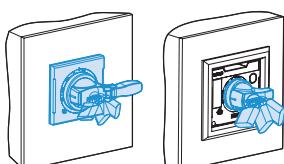
Extended rotary handles

#### Extended rotary handles

MCCB	Padlockable device
TD100,TD160	EH1
TS100,TS160,TS250	EH2
TS400,TS630	EH3
TS800	EH4



Red/Yellow color handle available



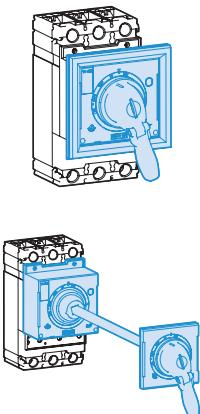
Padlocks can be used to lock the breaker in the ON or OFF position.

Padlocks for direct or extended handle

## Rotary handles

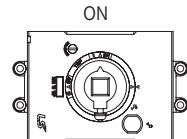
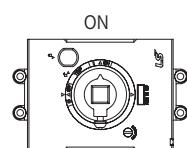
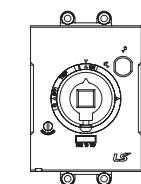
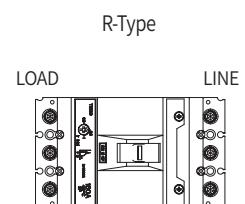
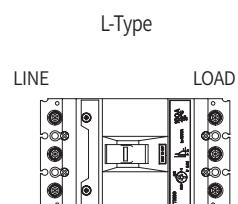
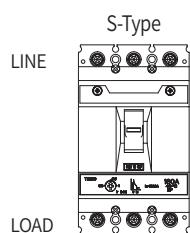
## Rotary handles

## Degree of protections



Type	Degree of protection	IP
Circuit breaker with cover frame and rotary direct handle	The access probe of 1.0mm diameter shall not penetrate.	IP40
Circuit breaker with cover frame and rotary extended handle	Totally protected against ingress of dust and water jets from any direction	IP65

Type suffix according to the mounting position



# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Locking devices

### Removable locking device

Removable locking device is available for all TD & TS circuit-breakers.  
The locking device is designed to be easily attached to the circuit-breaker.

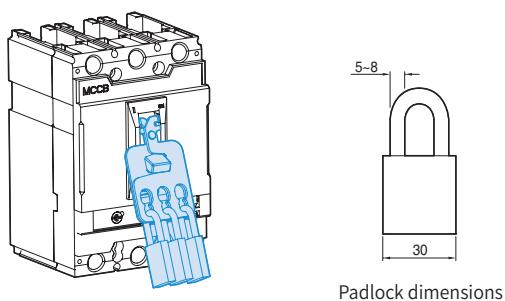
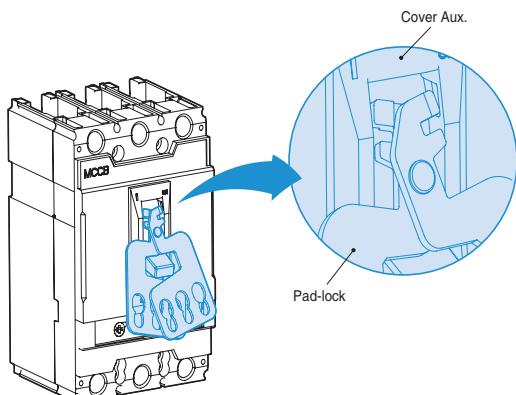
This device allows the handle to be locked in the “OFF” position.  
Locking in the OFF position guarantee isolation according to IEC 60947-2.

The locking device for the toggle handle can be installed in 3-pole and 4-pole circuit-breakers.  
Maximum three (3) padlocks with shackle diameters ranging from 5 to 8mm may be used.  
(Padlocks are not supplied)

#### Removable locking device



MCCB	Padlockable device	Function
TD100, TD160	PL1	
TS100, TS160, TS250	PL2	
TS400, TS630	PL3	“OFF” position
TS800	PL4	



Padlock dimensions

## Locking devices

### Fixed locking device

Fixed locking device is available for all TD & TS circuit breakers.  
This device allows the handle to be locked in the “ON” and “OFF” position.  
Locking in the OFF position guarantee isolation according to IEC 60947-2.

The locking device for the toggle handle can be installed in 3-pole and 4-pole circuit-breakers.  
Maximum three (3) padlocks with shackle diameters ranging from 5 to 8mm may be used.  
(Padlocks are not supplied)

#### Fixed locking device

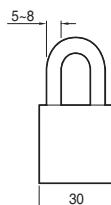


MCCB	Padlockable device	Function
TD100, TD160	PHL1	Lock in Off or On position
TS100, TS160, TS250	PHL2	
TS400, TS630	PHL3	
TS800	PHL4	

### How to use

The locking device for the toggle handle is designed to be easily attached to the front of circuit-breaker.

- ① Please set the toggle handle in the position of "On" or "Off".
- ② Install the lock device onto the front of auxiliary cover of circuit breaker.
- ③ Folding the wings of lock device as shown in picture 3.
- ④ The padlock to be used shall be that which is commercially available with the nominal dimension. (30mm nominal dimension, 5~8mm diameter)



Padlock dimensions

TD100, 160	①		②	
	③		④	
TS100 ~ TS800	①		②	
	③		④	

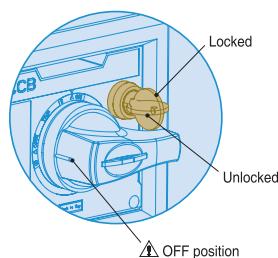
# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Locking devices



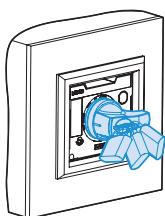
### Locking by rotary handle with a key lock

A locking can be done by using the rotary handle which has key lock device. The lock is used to lock the circuit-breaker in the OFF position.



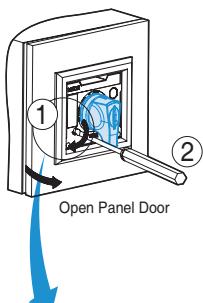
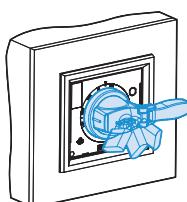
### Locking by rotary handle with a key lock

MCCB	Padlockable device	Function
TD100, TD160	DHK1	Lock in Off position
TS100, TS160, TS250	DHK2	
TS400, TS630	DHK3	
TS800	DHK4	



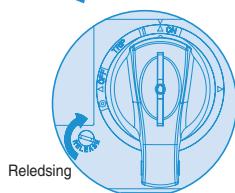
### Padlocking by rotary handle

A padlocking can be also done by using the rotary handle. The lock is used to lock the circuit-breaker in the ON and OFF position. Maximum three (3) padlocks with shackle diameters ranging from 5 to 8mm may be used. (Padlocks are not supplied)



### Releasing panel door lock at ON position

The panel door can be locked at ON and TRIP position of rotary handle. To open the panel door at ON position, just rotate release screw clockwise.



## Terminals

### Front connection

#### Terminal mounter



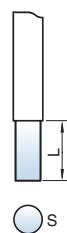
- It is supplied with Susol MCCBs as an standard part of circuit breaker.
- Connecting part with terminal for bus bar, cable with lug

MCCB	Type
TD100, TD160	TM1
TS100, TS160, TS250	TM2
TS400, TS630	-
TS800	-

#### Inner box terminal

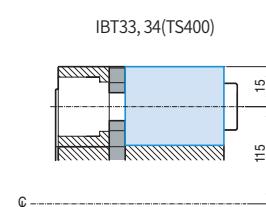
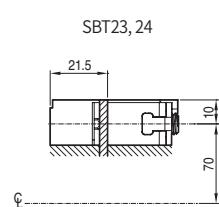
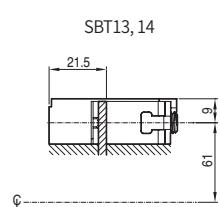


- Bare cable connectors for Susol TD and TS series circuit breakers
- Can be used for both aluminum and copper cables



Applicable to	Type	Pole	Set quantity	Cable connection possibilities	Conductor size
TD100, 160	SBT13 SBT14	3	1Set (3EA)	1	L(mm) 21
		4	1Set (4EA)		S( $\text{mm}^2$ ) Cu/Al 2.5~95
					Tightening torque (kgf · cm) 120~147
TS100, 160, 250	SBT23 SBT24	3	1Set (3EA)	1	L(mm) 21
		4	1Set (4EA)		S( $\text{mm}^2$ ) Cu/Al 10~150
					Tightening torque(kgf · cm) 120~147
TS400, 630	SBT33 SBT34	3	1Set (3EA)	1	L(mm) 30
		4	1Set (4EA)		S( $\text{mm}^2$ ) Cu/Al 70~300
					Tightening torque (kgf · cm) 367~428
PB12, 13	IBT13 IBT14	3	1Set (3EA)	1	L(mm) 18
		4	1Set (4EA)		S( $\text{mm}^2$ ) Cu/Al 2.5~95
					Tightening torque (kgf · cm) 306
PB22, 23	IBT23 IBT24	3	1Set (3EA)	1	L(mm) 21
		4	1Set (4EA)		S( $\text{mm}^2$ ) Cu/Al 10~150
					Tightening torque (kgf · cm) 306

Note) 1. IBT3 for TS630 can be applied in case that rate current is upto 400A.  
2. IBT13, 23 are for Plug-in base.



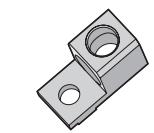
# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Terminals

### Front connection

#### Extended box terminals (Copper cables/bars and aluminum cables)

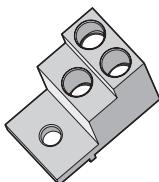
- The extended box terminals for TD and TS circuit breakers can be used for cooper cables/bars and aluminum cables. There are four (4) kinds of terminals.
- For TD100, TD160: 1-cable connector (EBT13, EBT14)
- For TS100, TS160, TS250: 1-cable connector (EBT23, EBT24)
- For TS400, TS630: 2-cable connector (EBT33, EBT34)
- For TS800: 3-cable connector (EBT43, EBT44)



1-cable connector



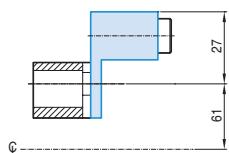
2-cable connector



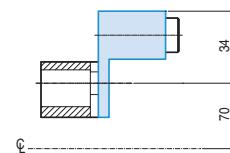
3-cable connector

Applicable to	Type	Pole	Set quantity	Cable connection possibilities	Conductor size
TD100, 160	EBT13	3	1Set (3EA)	1	L(mm) 20
	EBT14	4	1Set (4EA)		S( $\text{mm}^2$ ) Cu/Al 2.5~95
					Tightening torque (kgf · cm) 306
TS100, 160, 250	EBT23	3	1Set (3EA)	1	L(mm) 24
	EBT24	4	1Set (4EA)		S( $\text{mm}^2$ ) Cu/Al 10~150
					Tightening torque(kgf · cm) 306
TS400, 630	EBT33	3	1Set (3EA)	2	L(mm) 33 or 62
	EBT34	4	1Set (4EA)		S( $\text{mm}^2$ ) Cu/Al 2×85 to 2×240
					Tightening torque (kgf · cm) 367~428
TS800	EBT43	3	1Set (3EA)	3	L(mm) 25~48
	EBT44	4	1Set (4EA)		S( $\text{mm}^2$ ) Cu/Al 3×85 to 3×240
					Tightening torque (kgf · cm) 367~428

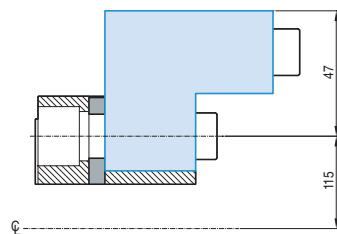
EBT13, 14



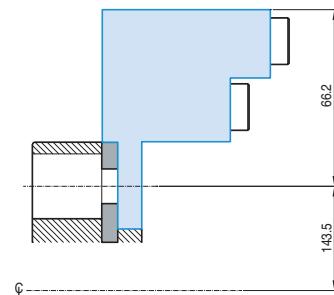
EBT23, 24



EBT33, 34



EBT43, 44

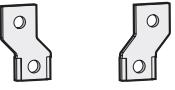
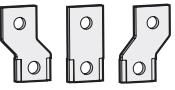
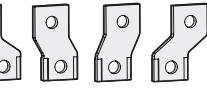
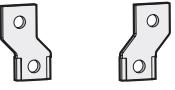
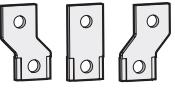
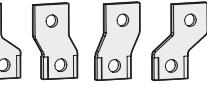
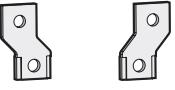
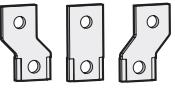
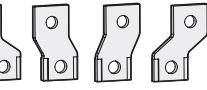
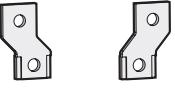
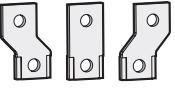
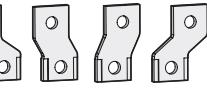
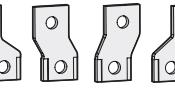


## Terminals

### Front connection

#### Spreaders

- As an optional part of circuit breaker
- Can increase the pitch of the terminals

MCCB	Pole	Type	Size A (mm)	Feature
TD100, 160	2P	SP12a	35	
				
				
	3P	SP12b	45	
				
				
	4P	SP22a	45	
				
				
	2P	SP22b	52.5	
				
				
	3P	SP23a	52.5	
				
				
	4P	SP24a	52.5	
TD100, 160 3P				
TD100, 160 4P				
TS100, 160, 250 3P				
TS100, 160, 250 4P				

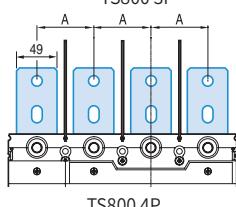
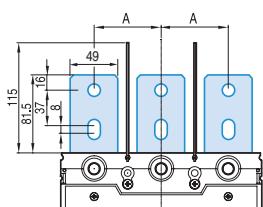
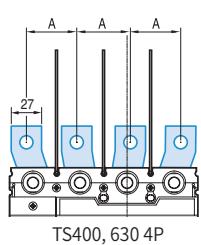
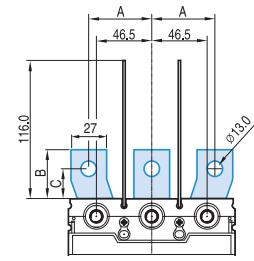
# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Terminals

### Front connection

#### Spreaders

- As an optional part of circuit breaker
- Can increase the pitch of the terminals



MCCB	Pole	Type	Size(mm)			Feature
			A	B	C	
TS400, TS630	2P	SP32a	52.5	41	25	
	3P	SP33a				
	4P	SP34a				
	2P	SP32b	70	54	38	
	3P	SP33b				
	4P	SP34b				
	2P	SPS33	46.5	41	25	
	3P	SPS33				
	4P	SPS34				
TS800	2P	SPS42	70	81.5		
	3P	SPS43				
	4P	SPS44				

## Terminals

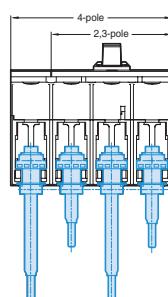
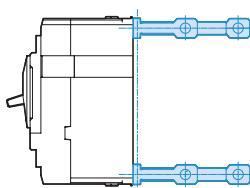
### Rear connection

Rear connection terminals are used to adapt Susol TD and TS circuit breakers to switchboards or other applications that require rear connection.

These can be connected directly to circuit breakers without any modification

There are two kinds of rear connection terminals.

- Flat type
- Round type

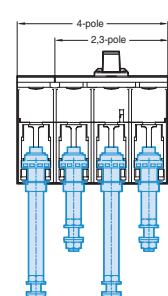
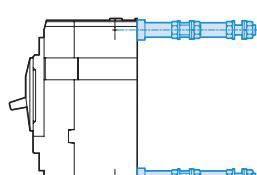
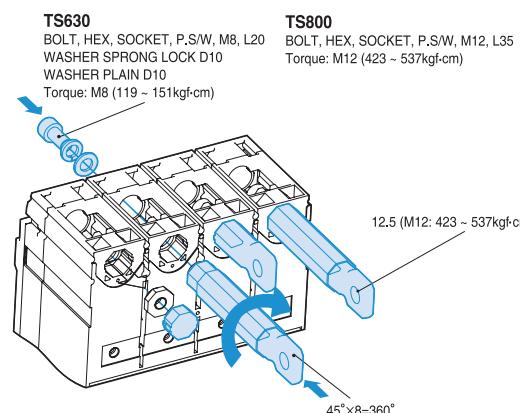
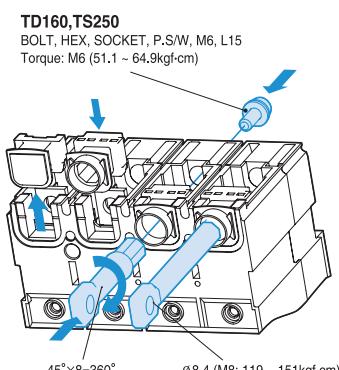


Flat type

#### Flat type

Flat vertical terminals

MCCB	2-pole	3-pole	4-pole
TD100,TD160	RTB12	RTB13	RTB14
TS100,TS160,TS250	RTB22	RTB23	RTB24
TS400,TS630	RTB32	RTB33	RTB34
TS800	RTB42	RTB43	RTB44



Round type

#### Round type

Round threaded terminals

MCCB	2-pole	3-pole	4-pole
TD100,TD160	RTR12	RTR13	RTR14
TS100,TS160,TS250	RTR22	RTR23	RTR24
TS400,TS630	-	-	-
TS800	-	-	-

# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Insulation



Short type covers



Long type covers

### Insulation by terminal cover

#### Insulation terminal cover

The terminal covers are applied to the circuit-breaker to prevent accidental contact with live parts and thereby guarantee protection against direct contacts.

#### Two types by length are available:

Short type covers, ITS

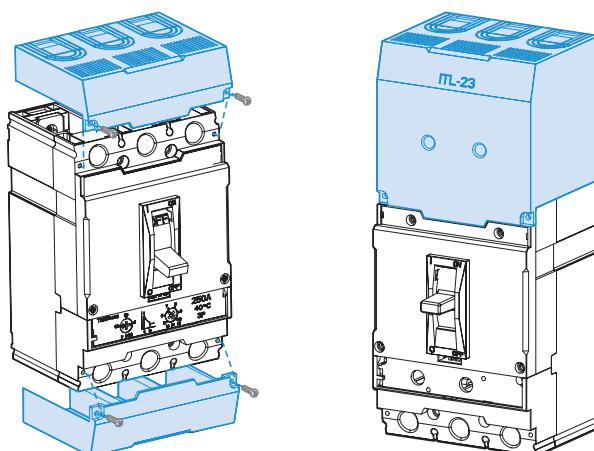
- IP40 degree of protection
- For fixed circuit-breakers with rear terminals and for moving parts of plug-in

Long type covers, ITL

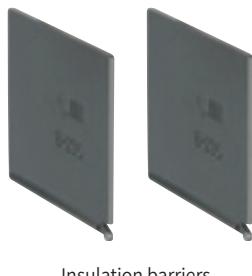
- IP40 degree of protection
- For fixed circuit-breakers with front, front extended, front for cables terminals.

MCCB		Terminal cover	
Frame type	Pole	Long type	Short type
TD100,TD160	2P <sup>(1)</sup> , 3-pole	ITL13	ITS13
	4-pole	ITL14	ITS14
TS100,TS160,TS250	2P <sup>(1)</sup> , 3-pole	ITL23	ITS23
	4-pole	ITL24	ITS24
TS400,TS630	2P <sup>(1)</sup> , 3-pole	ITL33	ITS33
	4-pole	ITL34	ITS34
TS800	2P <sup>(1)</sup> , 3-pole	ITL43	ITS43
	4-pole	ITL44	ITS44

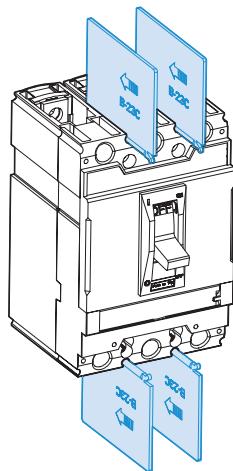
Note) (1) 2P in 3pole mold case



## Insulation



Insulation barriers



### Insulation by barrier

These allow the insulation characteristics between the phases at the connections to be increased. They are mounted from the front, even with the circuit-breaker already installed, inserting them into the corresponding slots.

They are incompatible with both the insulating terminal covers.

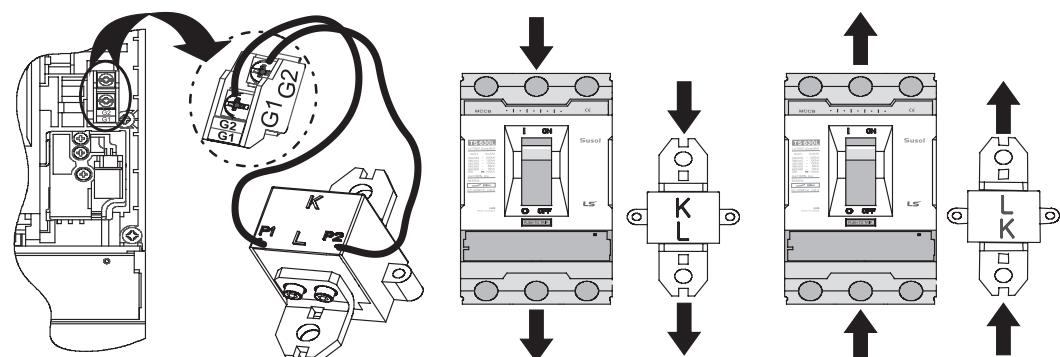
It is possible to mount the phase separating partitions between two circuit-breakers side by side.

Type	Applied MCCB	Set quantity
B-23C	TD100, TD160	4pcs
	TS100, TS160, TS250	4pcs
B-33C	TS400, TS630	4pcs
B-43C	TS800	4pcs

## External Neutral CT(NCT)

### ETM33, ETM43 with External Neutral CT(NCT)

Neutral CT is required for earth fault protection, when 3 pole breaker is used for 3 phase 4 wire system.



Applied MCCB		Rated current NCT
Frame type	Pole	
TS400, 630	3pole	160A, 250A, 400A, 630A
TS800	3pole	630A, 800A

# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Interlock



Mechanical Interlock  
(Padlocks are not supplied)

### Mechanical interlocking device

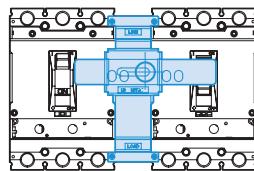
The mechanical interlock (MIT) can be applied on the front of two breakers mounted side by side, in either the 3-pole or 4-pole version and prevents simultaneous closing of the two breakers.

Fixing is carried out directly on the cover of the breakers.

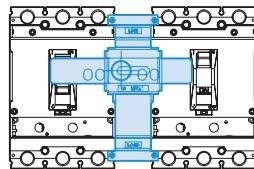
The front interlocking plate allows installation of a padlock in order to fix the position.  
(possibility of locking in the O-O position as well)

This mechanical interlocking device is very useful and simple for consisting of manual source-changeover system.

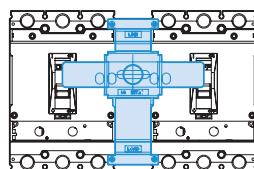
### Operation



Left MCCB: ON/OFF is possible  
Right MCCB: Off lock

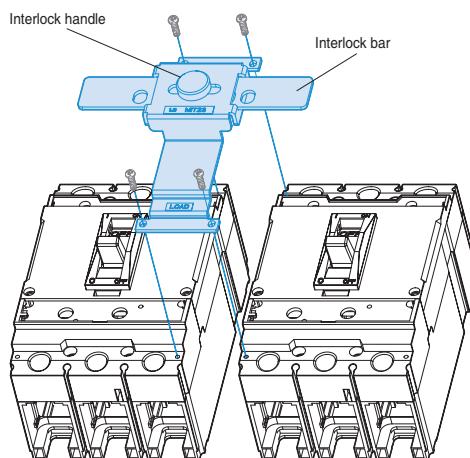


Left MCCB: Off lock  
Right MCCB: ON/OFF is possible



Both MCCBs are of locked

MCCB		Interlock
Frame type	Pole	
TD100,TD160	3-pole	MIT13
	4-pole	MIT14
TS100,TS160,TS250	3-pole	MIT23
	4-pole	MIT24
TS400,TS630	3-pole	MIT33
	4-pole	MIT34
TS800	3-pole	MIT43
	4-pole	MIT44



## Plug-in device

### Plug-in device

The plug-in base is the fixed part of the plug-in version of the circuit-breaker.

It will be installed directly on the back plate of panel.

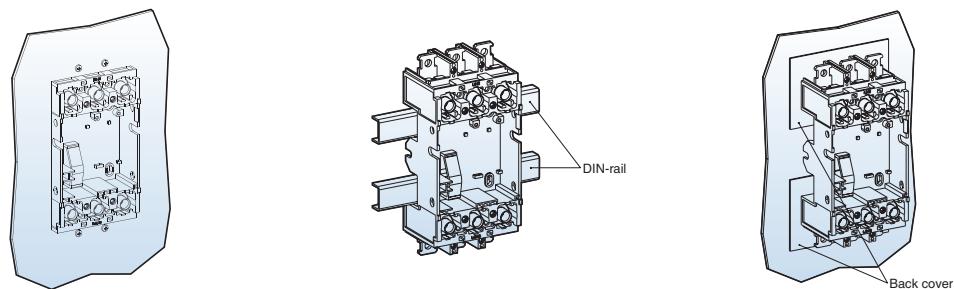
The circuit-breaker is racked out by unscrewing the top and bottom fixing screws.

Plug-in base makes it possible to extract and/or rapidly replace the circuit breaker without having to touch connections for ship and important installations.

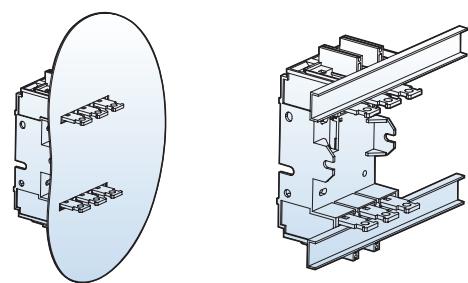


MCCB	Pole	Arrangement	Type	Means
TD100,TD160	2	Single line	PB12	
	3	Single line	PB13	
	4	Single line	PB14	
	2	Double line	PB12D2	For distribution board
	3	Double line	PB13D2	For distribution board
TS100,TS160,TS250	2	Single line	PB22	
	3	Single line	PB23	
TS400,TS630	2	Single line	PB32	
	3	Single line	PB33	
TS800	2	Single line	PB42	
	3	Single line	PB43	

### Front connection



### Rear connection

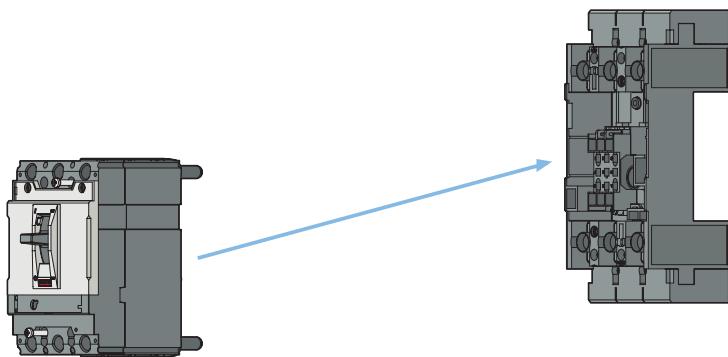


# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Plug-in system

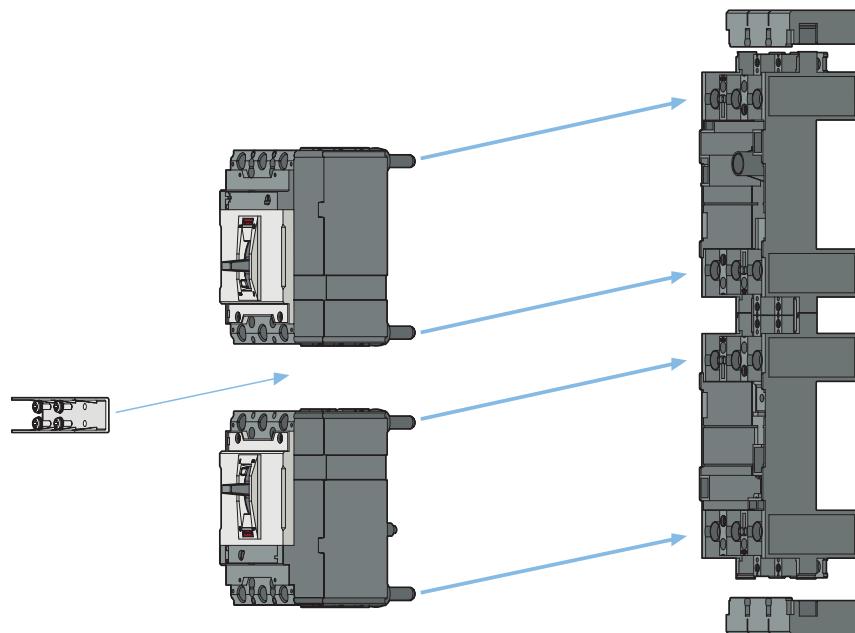
### Normal type Plug-in MCCB: PB□type

- MCCB rating: TD100~TS800
- generally used in switchgears



### Double-row type Plug-in MCCB: PB□D2 type

- MCCB rating: TD100, 160
- generally used in branch circuits

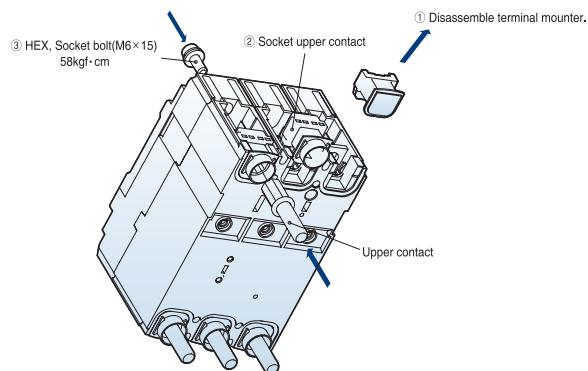


## Plug-in device

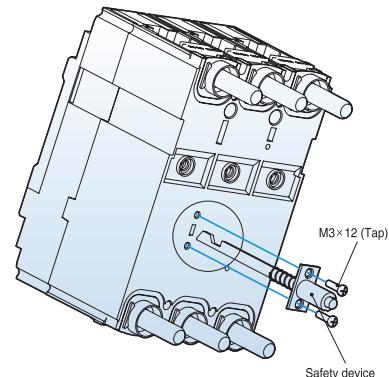
### Assembling procedure

**TD100, TD160**

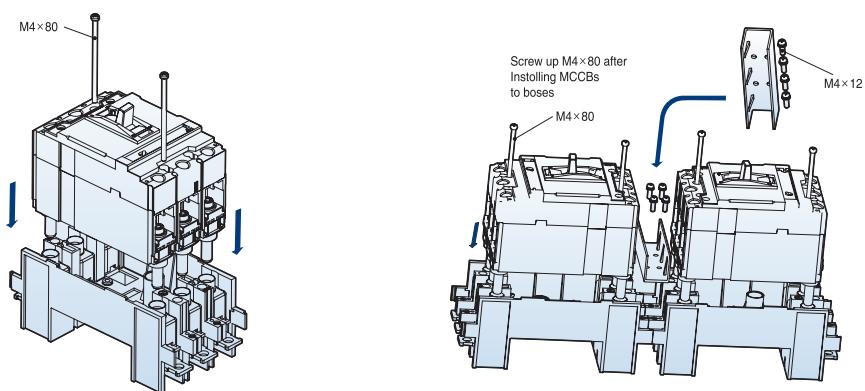
#### 1. Conversion to Plug-in MCCB



#### 2. Assembling safety device



#### 3. Assembling MCCB and plug-in device



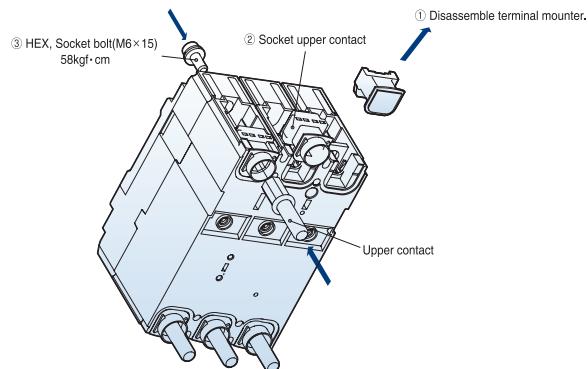
# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Plug-in device

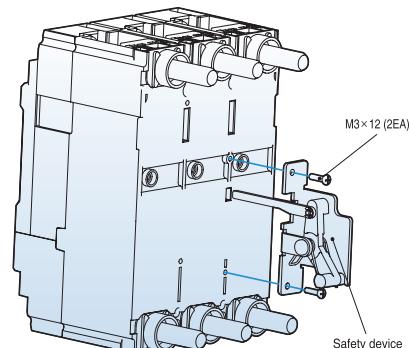
### Assembling procedure

TS100, TS160, TS250

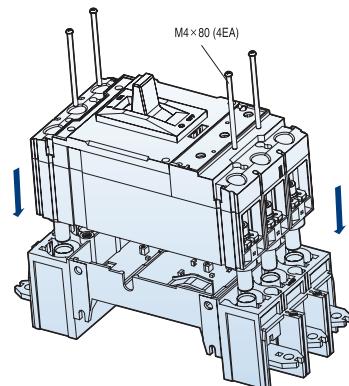
#### 1. Conversion to Plug-in MCCB



#### 2. Assembling safety device



#### 3. Assembling MCCB and plug-in device



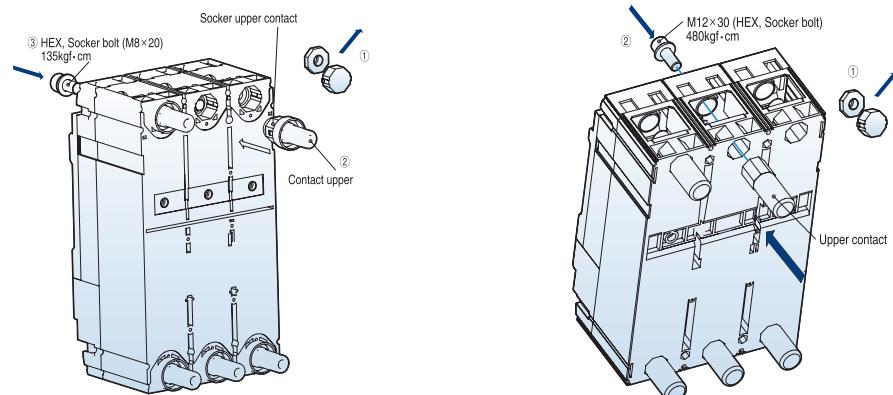
## Plug-in device

### Assembling procedure

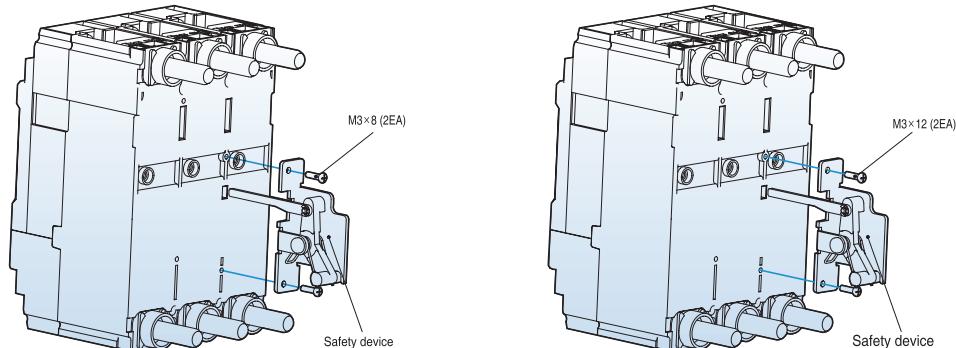
**TS400, TS630**

**TS800**

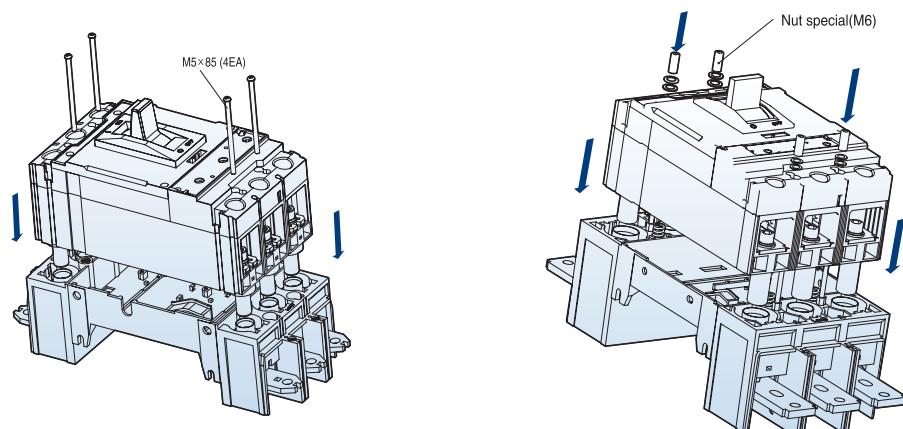
#### 1. Conversion to Plug-in MCCB



#### 2. Assembling safety device



#### 3. Assembling MCCB and plug-in device



# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

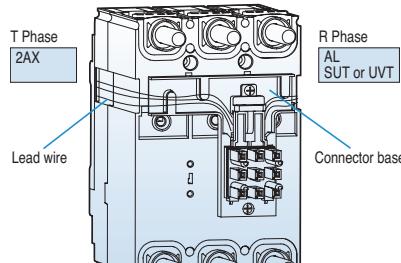
## Connector KIT

Electric auxiliary circuit(AX, AL, SHT, UVT) from Breaker via one to three connector KIT(nine wires each). These are made of moving part on Breaker and fixed part on plug-in base up to 800AF.

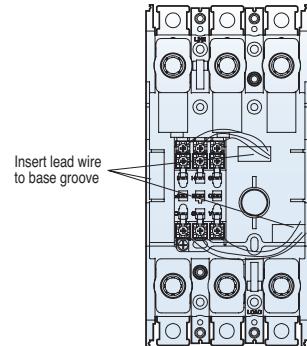
Breaker Max.	Fixed part		Moving part	
	Max. Installed Q'TY	Description	Q'TY	Description
TD160	1	SPARE PART ASS'Y, CONNECOR KIT,TD160	1	SPARE PART ASS'Y, BASE CONNECTOR,TD160
TS250	2		1	SPARE PART ASS'Y, BASE CONNECTOR,TS250
TS400/630	3		1	SPARE PART ASS'Y, BASE CONNECTOR,TS630
TS800	3		1	SPARE PART ASS'Y, BASE CONNECTOR,TS800

### TD160

Moving part

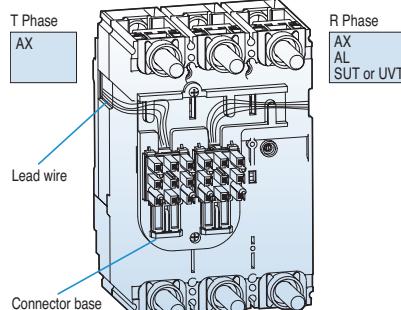


Fixed part

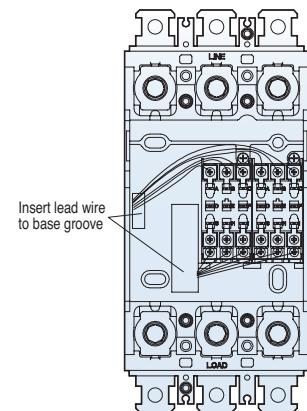


### TS250

Moving part



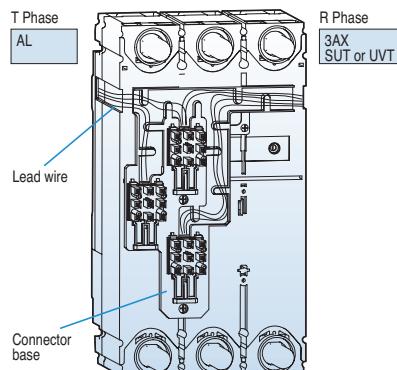
Fixed part



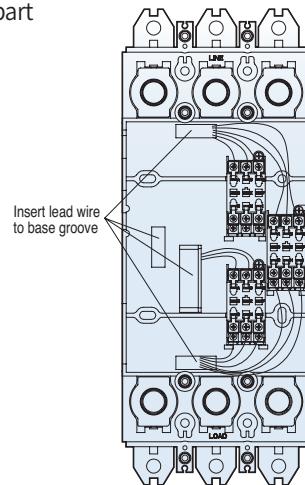
## Connector KIT

### TS400/630

Moving part

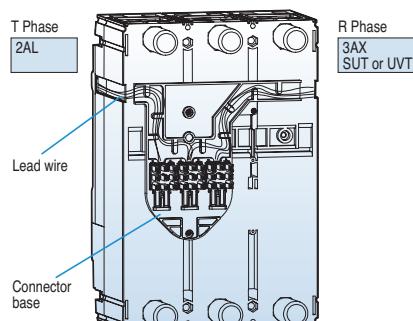


Fixed part

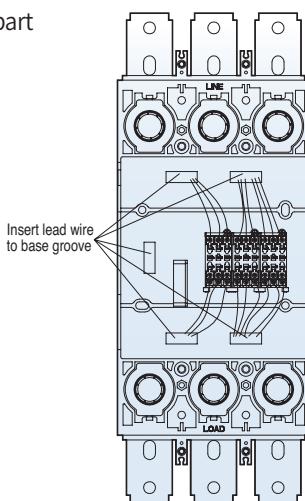


### TS800

Moving part

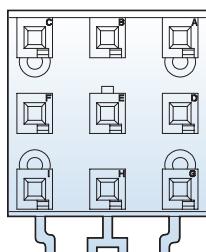


Fixed part

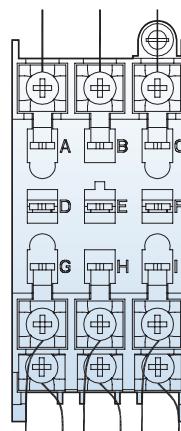


### Read wire color

Moving part



Fixed part



### Lead wire color

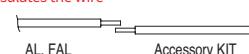
A: Red	B: White	C: Black
D: Blue	E: Yellow	F: Green
G: Gray	H: Orange	I: Brown

Note) Useless lead wires should be ended for Preventing an electric accident.

### Lead wire color

A: Red	B: White	C: Black
D: Blue	E: Yellow	F: Green
G: Gray	H: Orange	I: Brown

Note) Useless lead wires should be ended for Preventing an electric accident.  
- To connect AL and FAL solder the wire and insulates the wire



# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Remote operation

### Motor operator



TS250 + MOP2

Motor operators can also be operated by manual. The motor drives a mechanism which switches TD & TS toggle handle to the “ON” and “OFF/RESET” positions.

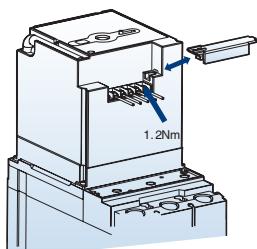
- The manual actuator handle is located on the front of the cover.
- Manual or Automatic operation can be selected.
- Applicable to 2, 3 and 4-pole breakers.

The motor operator is an essential device for constructing a remote operated automatic source-changeover system to ensure a continuous supply of electrical power at following certain installations:

- Commercial sector: Hospital, Tall building, Bank, Insurance companies, Shopping centers
- Industry: Ships, Assembly lines at plant, Military sites, Port and Railway installation

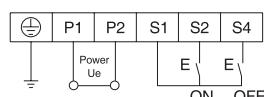
MCCB	Type	Control voltage	Actuation current (A)	Response time (ms)		Consumption (W)	Mechanical service life (operations)	No. of operations per hour
				Closing	Opening			
TD100, TD160	MOP1	① DC 24V ② AC 100~110V/ DC 100~220V	≤3A (DC 24V) ≤0.5A (AC)	310	200	14	25,000	120
TS100, TS160, TS250	MOP2	① DC 24V ② AC 100~110V/ DC 110V	≤3A (DC 24V) ≤2A (AC)	350	230	14	25,000	120
TS400, TS630	MOP3	③ AC 230V/ DC 220V	500	350	35	20,000	60	
TS800	MOP4			700	420	35	10,000	20

### Wiring connection



#### Standard connection

Circuit breaker On and Off controlled by remote operation and manual operation

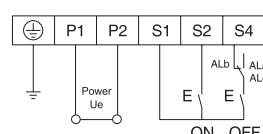


#### Connection with alarm switch (AL)

- 1) The below connection diagram is the method of using a alarm switch (AL) without shunt or undervoltage trip.
- 2) After clearing the fault surely, manual reset is mandatory in case of tripping due to an electrical fault.

#### Connection with FAL (only for the breakers with electronic trip unit ETS or ETM)

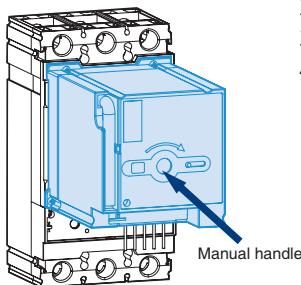
- 1) The below connection diagram is the method of using a FAL for circuit breakers with electronic trip unit.
- 2) After clearing the fault surely, manual reset is mandatory in case of tripping due to an electrical fault.



## Remote operation

### Manual operation

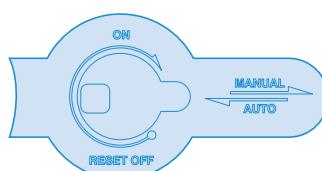
- 1) Insert the manual handle into the slot of Motor Operator surface and rotate it clockwise.
- 2) It must be rotated just 180° clockwise for safe operation of micro switch in the motor operator.
- 3) Return the manual handle after the manual operation
- 4) Turn the slide switch back to the position of AUTO.



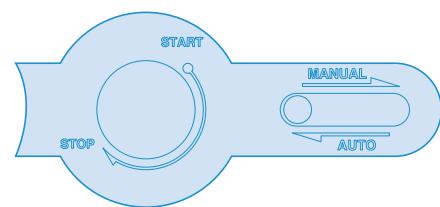
**CAUTION:** When the circuit breaker is tripped by trip button in the OFF status, it is impossible to operate motor operator automatically  
It must be reset by manual operation.

### Automatic operation

- 1) Set the slide switch to AUTO, then internal power is closed automatically.
- 2) Operating frequency should be less than these below regulated values.  
TD160N/H/L, TS250N/H/L:180 operations per hour
- 3) Use the ON/OFF switch in the range of regulated values.
- 4) It may interfere near communication equipments because of internal switching power supply.  
It's recommended that a noise filter be installed to power supply.
- 5) Please do not input ON/OFF signals at the same time during the automatic operation.
- 6) If the circuit breaker has a UVT attached inside, charge a UVT on the rated voltage before performing MOTOR OPERATOR.



[TD100, 160, TS100, 160, 250]



[TS400, 630, 800]

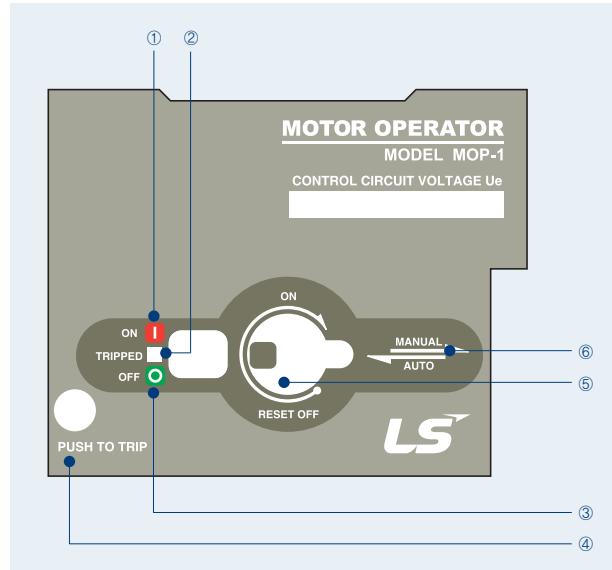
# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Remote operation

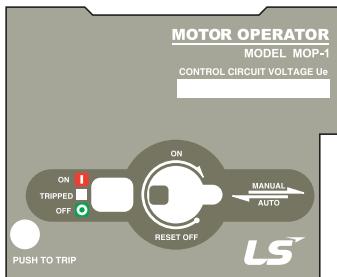
### Motor operator

#### Feature

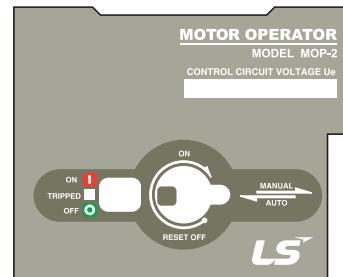
- ① On position indication (Red color)
- ② Trip position indication (White color)
- ③ Off position indication (Green color)
- ④ Button for push to trip  
(available for only for TD160AF and TS630AF)
- ⑤ On/Off/Reset selection lever
- ⑥ Manual/Auto selection lever



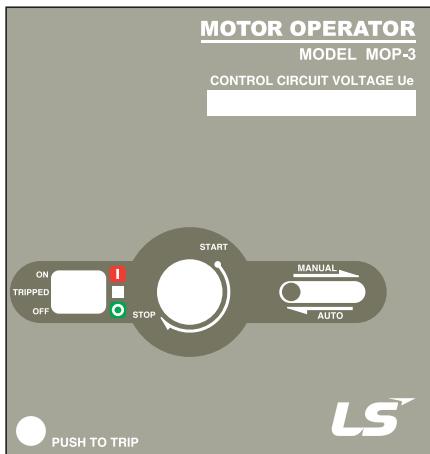
TD160 .... MOP-1



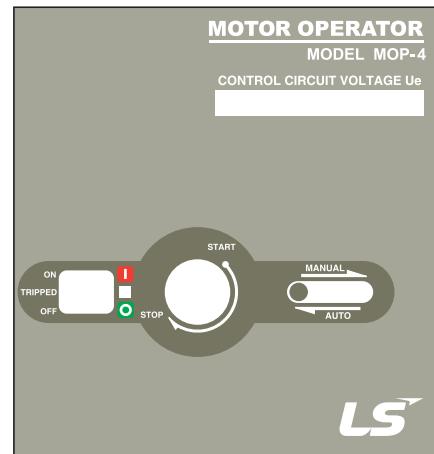
TS250 .... MOP-2



TS630.... MOP-3



TS800 .... MOP-4



## Electronic MCCB Tester



It connects to the Electronic Trip Unit of  
Susol MCCB to test the operation  
of the breaker.

### It offers operating-test functions including:

- Checking on Long time pickup current
- Checking on Short time pickup current
- Checking on Instantaneous pickup current

### Applicable electronic trip units :

- ETS23 (250AF)
- ETS33/ETM33 (630AF)
- ETS43/ETM43 (800AF)

# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

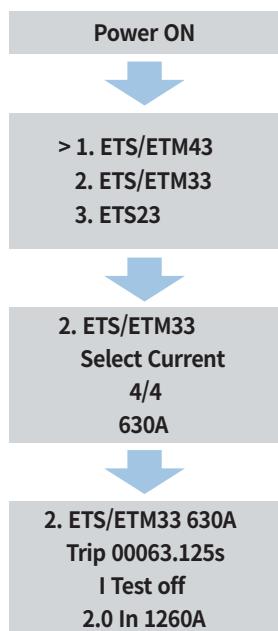
## Electronic MCCB Tester

### Features



1. Maximum 12 times rated current can be inputted.
2. It is possible to enter the current value and phase on each of R/T
3. It is available to test for long time delay/short time delay/instantaneous
  - Ground fault test not possible.
4. There could be an error range of about 10% of the current value.
5. To protect the product, the test current application time stops after 1,500seconds.
  - Test Current size and time are inversely proportional
6. Operational Voltage: AC100~240V
7. Frequency: 50 / 60 Hz
8. Applicable Electronic MCCB trip units
  - ETS23 (250AF), ETS33/ETM33 (630AF), ETS43/ETM43 (800AF)

### How to operation



1. Power ON
2. Trip Unit selection  
Move the cursor(>) to the desired Trip Unit Type by pressing UP or DOWN button  
Then press ENTER to move to the next step
3. Rated Current selection  
Move the cursor(>) to the desired Rated Current by pressing UP or DOWN button  
Then press ENTER to move to the next step or press ESC to return to previous menu
4. Test current setting and testing  
Set the desired test current by pressing UP or DOWN button
  - Use ENTER/ESC buttons to set decimal digits
  - Press START to start the test
  - Press ESC to interrupt the test current

### Button Function

Button	Descriptions
ESC	Cancel / Move to previous step
	Current Up
	Current Down
ENTER	Save setting values and move to next step
START	Test Start
STOP	Test Stop
Hz	Frequency Change(50/60Hz)

## Residual Current Devices (RCD)



3P



4P



The Susol circuit breaker can offer protection against earth leakage currents by using an add-on residual current device (RCD). In particular, the TS100, TS160 and TS250 circuit breakers can be combined with the RTU23/24 of residual current device, the TS400 and TS600 circuit breakers can be combined with the RTU33/34 of residual current device and the TS800 circuit breaker can be combined with the RTU43 of residual current device. In all cases the RCD unit interfaces directly below the circuit breaker trip unit area without the use of any secondary wiring or connections.

The Susol circuit breaker and an RCD unit combination can be connected like any stand-alone breaker and are available as fixed or plug-in devices. The main connection interface of the RCD is an exact replacement of the breaker connection area, thus allowing the use of all standard breaker terminals.

### Overview

Apart from the protection against overloads typical of automatic circuit breakers, the residual current circuit breaker derived from them also guarantee protection of people against earth leakage currents, thereby ensuring protection against direct contacts, indirect contacts and fire hazards.- (ELCB)

The RCD unit has numerous current and time settings and an override blocking the time settings when set to 30mA. The earth leakage test button tests the electrical and mechanical operation of the device. In order to allow for a dielectric test of the breaker and RCD combination without damaging the electronics, the dielectric plug is placed within the setting area. The RCD unit may be equipped with an alarm switch (FAL) to remotely indicate tripping due to an earth leakage current.

### Compliance with standards :

- IEC 60947-2 (industrial), Appendix B
- IEC 61009 (residential)
- IEC 60755, class A, immunity to DC components up to 6mA
- VDE664, operation down to -25°C

### Remote indications :

RCD unit may be equipped with an alarm contact (FAL-fault alarm switch) to remotely indicate tripping due to an earth leakage current.

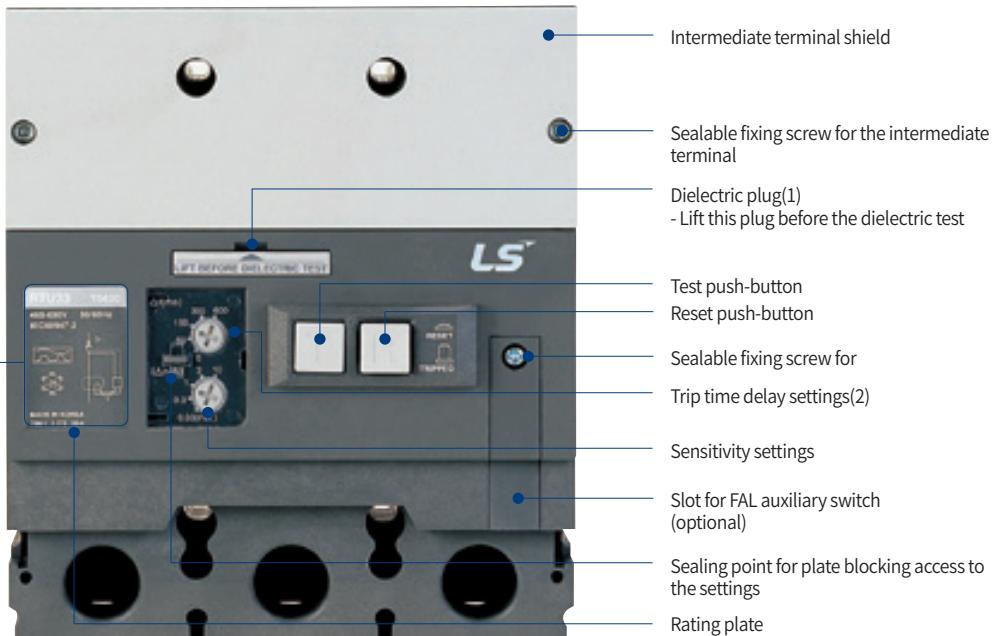
### Power supply :

RCD unit are self-supplied internally by the distribution-system voltage and therefore do not require any external source. They continue to function even when supplied by only two phases.

# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

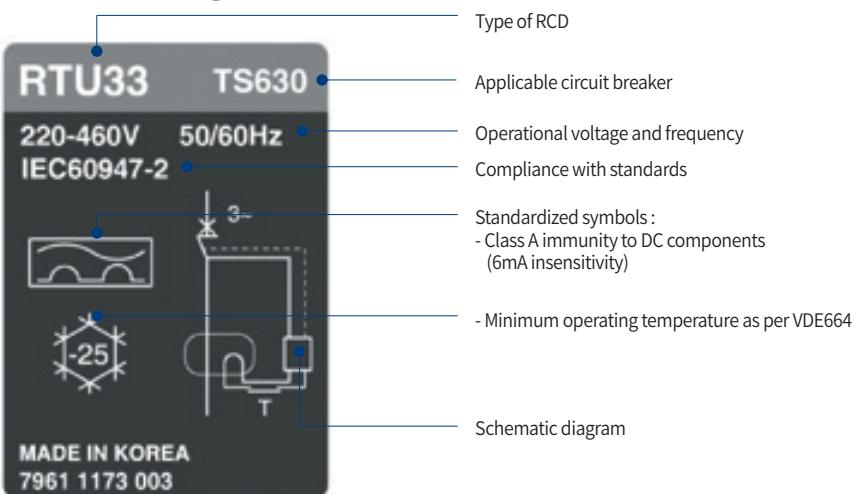
## Residual Current Devices (RCD)

### Configuration



- If the sensitivity is set to 30 mA, there is no time delay.  
Whatever the time-delay setting.

### Detail of Rating plate



## Residual Current Devices (RCD)

### Ratings and Selection



	RTU23	RTU24	RTU33	RTU34	RTU43
Number of poles	3*	4	3*	4	3*
Applicable circuit breaker	TS100	■	■		
	TS160	■	■		
	TS250	■	■		
	TS400			■	■
	TS630			■	■
	TS800				■
Protection characteristics					
Sensitivity	$I_{\Delta n}$ (A)			(adjustable) 0.03-0.3-1-3-10	
Time delay **	Intentional time delay (ms)			(adjustable) 0-60-150-300-600	
	Max. breaking time (ms)			(adjustable) 40-150-300-600-990	
Rated voltage	AC 50/60 Hz			220~460V / 460~690V	

Note 1) RTU can not be applied to 63A or less MTU type MCCB.

2) RTU can not be applied to MCCB (Electronic trip unit) + D/E-Handle

3) RTU24, RTU34: Only combination of N-R-S-T type MCCB is possible

4) RTU24 can be only combined with thermal-magnetic unit, which is produced after July.18, and electronic unit, which is produced after March. 2019.

5) RTU34 can be only combined with thermal-magnetic unit and electronic unit, which are produced after September. 2019.

\* 3P modules may also be used on 2P circuit breakers.

\*\* If the sensitivity is set to 30mA, the time delay setting is reduced to zero.



# Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

## Residual Current Devices (RCD)

### Combination

The addition of the RCD unit does not affect circuit breaker characteristics.

- Conformity with standards
- Protection degrees, class II insulation front face
- Suitability for isolation as defined by IEC 60947-2
- Electrical characteristics
- Trip unit characteristics
- Installation and connection methods
- Indication, measurement and control accessories
- Installation and connection accessories

		RTU23	RTU24	RTU33	RTU34	RTU43
MCCB	L×H×D (mm)	105×160×86	140×160×86	140×260×110	186.5×260×110	210×320×135
MCCB+RCD		105×240×86	140×240×86	140×370×110	186.5×370×110	210×450×135
RCD		105×80×86	140×80×86	140×110×110	186.5×110×110	210×130×135
MCCB+RCD	Weight (kg)	2.7	1.1	8.1	3.9	16.3
RCD		1.0	3.7	2.6	11.1	4.6
Type				Bottom		
Accessory				FAL (fault alarm switch)		

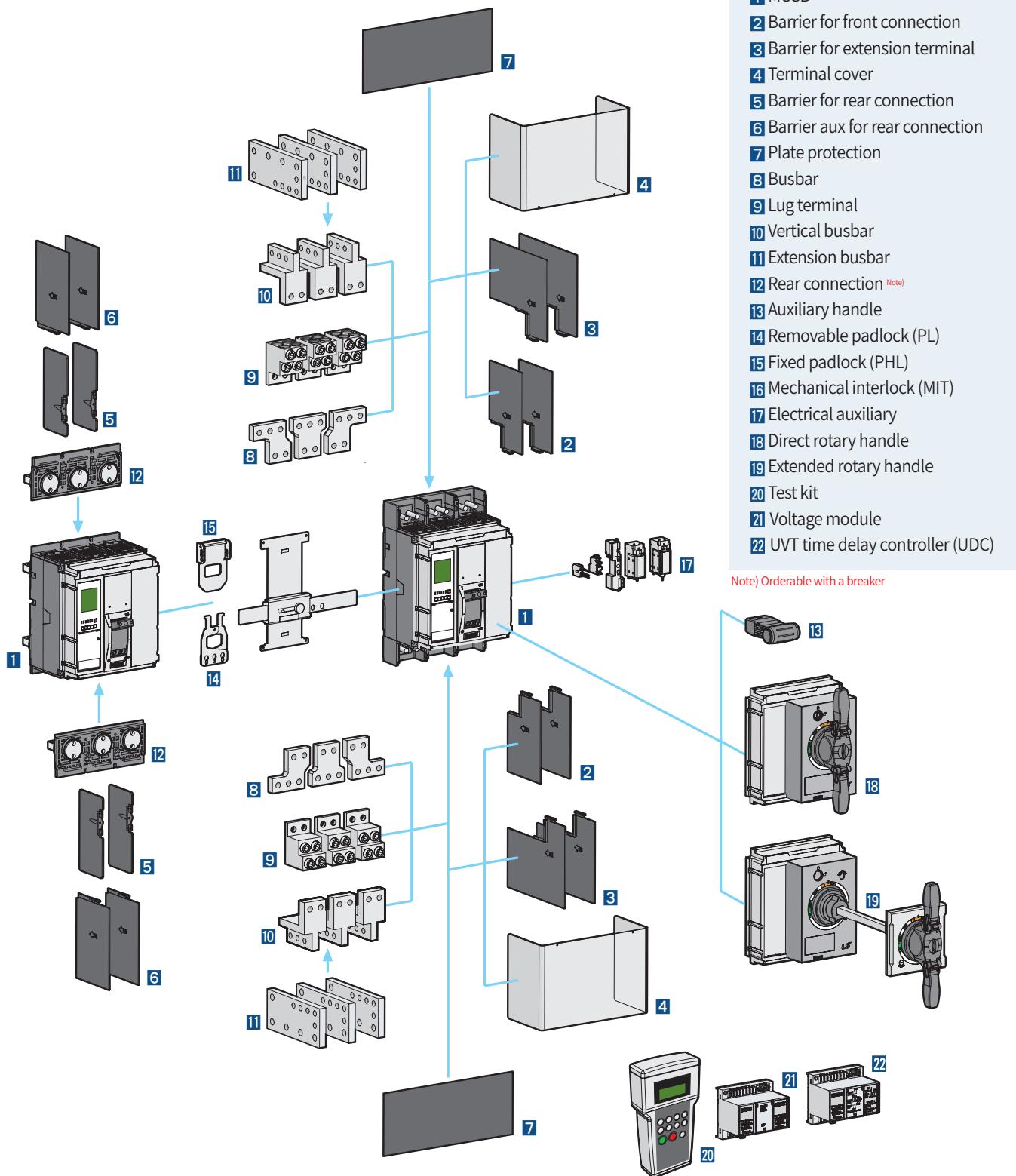


## Standard accessories

The following accessories for mounting, connection, insulation, handle operation are standard items and are packed with Susol TD & TS series circuit breakers.

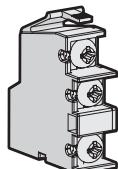
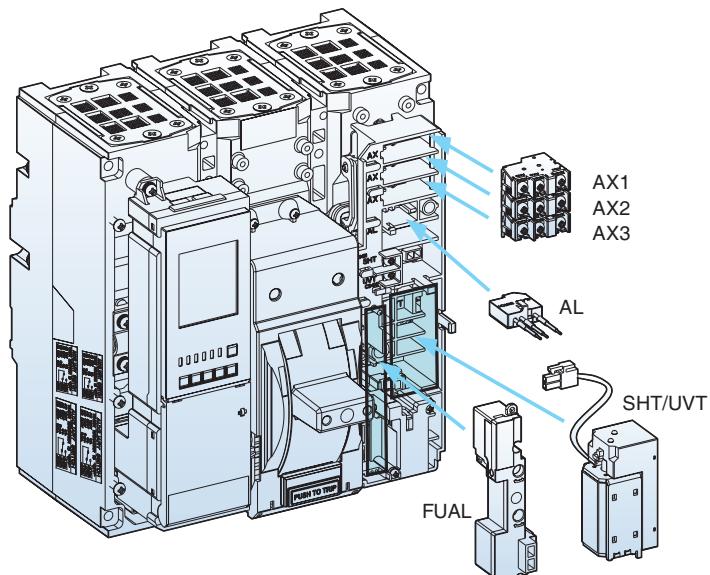
TD100N/H/L TD160N/H/L			
	M8×20	M4×75	
	1P: 2pcs 3P: 6pcs 4P: 8pcs	1P: 2pcs 3P: 2pcs 4P: 4pcs	3P: 4pcs 4P: 6pcs
TS100N/H/L TS160N/H/L TS250N/H/L			
	M8×20	M4×75	
	3P: 6pcs 4P: 8pcs	3P: 2pcs 4P: 4pcs	3P: 4pcs 4P: 6pcs
TS400N/H/L TS630N/H/L			
	M10×30	M5×85	M5
	3P: 6pcs 4P: 8pcs	3P: 4pcs 4P: 4pcs	3P: 4pcs 4P: 6pcs
TS800N/H/L			
	M12×35	M6×100	M6
	3P: 6pcs 4P: 8pcs	3P: 4pcs 4P: 4pcs	3P: 4pcs 4P: 6pcs
* Auxiliary operating handle : TS400, TS630, TS800N/H/L Only			

# Accessories for TS series 1600A

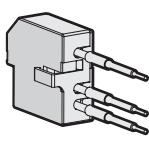


## Electrical auxiliaries

The following devices are installed into TS1000 to 1600AF circuit breakers regardless of frame size. And, the electrical auxiliaries can be easily installed in the accessory compartment of the circuit breakers which is cassette type.



AX



AL

### Auxiliary switch (AX)

Auxiliary switch is for applications requiring remote “ON” and “OFF” indication. Each switch contains two contacts having a common connection. One is open and the other closed when the circuit breaker is open, and vice-versa.

### Alarm switch (AL)

Alarm switches indicate that the circuit breaker has tripped due to overload, short circuit, shunt trip, or undervoltage release conditions. They are particularly useful in automated plants where operators must be signaled about changes in the electrical distribution system.

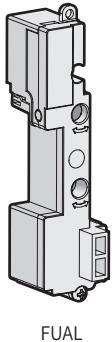
This switch features a closed contact when the circuit breaker is tripped automatically. In other words, this switch does not function when the breaker is operated manually. Its contact is open when the circuit breaker is reset.

### Contact operation

MCCB	ON	OFF	TRIP
Position of AX	ON: AXc1 → AXa1 OFF: AXc1 → AXb1	ON: AXc1 → AXa1 OFF: AXc1 → AXb1	
Position of AL	ON: ALc1 → ALa1 OFF: ALc1 → ALb1		ON: ALc1 → ALa1 OFF: ALc1 → ALb1

# Accessories for TS series 1600A

## Electrical auxiliaries



FUAL

### Indication switch FUAL

FUAL Indicates that the breaker has tripped due to FAL(overload, short circuit) and UAL(UVT, SHT) separately

Normal position CB no trip	<p>FAL Normal Open / UAL Normal Open</p>
FAL operation CB trip due to OCR	<p>FAL Normal Close / UAL Normal Open</p>
UAL operation CB trip due to UVT or SHT	<p>FAL Normal Close / UAL Normal Close</p>

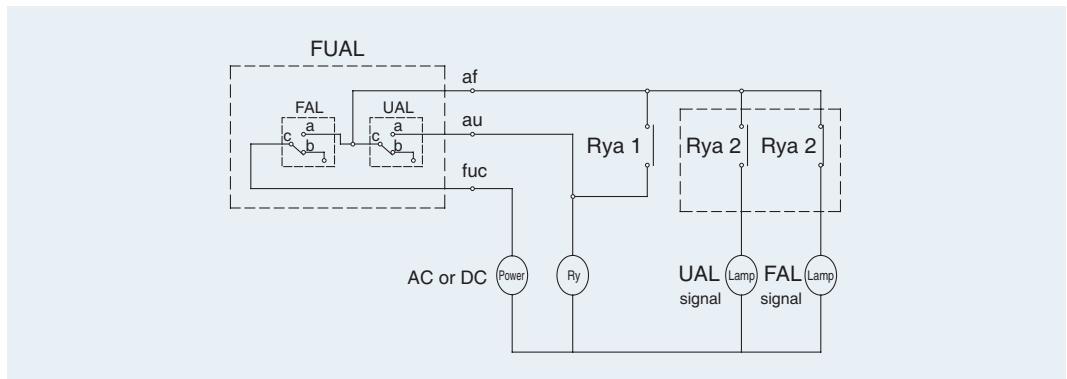


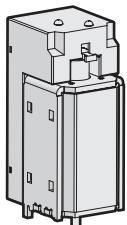
Figure. Example of Lock up Circuit for FUAL

**⚠ Caution:** Please use “Lock up Circuit” following under figure “Example of lock up circuit for FUAL”

**⚠ Caution:** When MCCB is tripped by SHT or UVT, the FAL signal appears for 20ms that is time of being transferred from “b”contact to “a” contact of control relay

**⚠ Caution:** When MCCB is tripped by SHT or UVT, the transfer time of Relay signal(Ryb2 off → Rya2 on) is 20ms. if FAL signal is connected with other sequence circuit such as Latch circuit or other look up circuit it may cause to be miss operation. So, please do not use latch circuit or look up circuit with FAL signal.

## Electrical auxiliaries



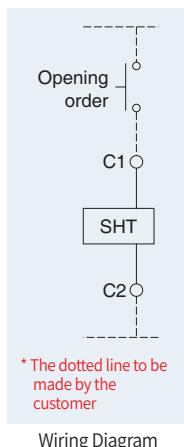
### SHT Shunt trip device

SHT is a control device which trips a circuit breaker from remote place, when applying voltage continuously or instantaneously over 200ms to coil terminals(C1, C2). When UVT coil is installed, its location is changed.

#### 1. Rated voltage and characteristics of Trip coil

Rated voltage [Vn]		Operating voltage range [V]	Power consumption (VA or W)		Trip time [ms]
DC [V]	AC [V]		Inrush	Steady-state	
24~30	-	0.6~1.1 Vn	200	5	Less than 40ms
48~60	48	0.6~1.1 Vn			
100~130	100~130	0.56~1.1 Vn			
200~250	200~250	0.56~1.1 Vn			
-	380~480	0.56~1.1 Vn			

Note) Operating voltage range is the min. rated voltage standard for each rated voltage(Vn).



#### 2. Specification of the wire

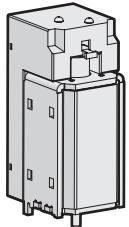
- Refer to the below table regarding the length and specification of wire when using trip coil with DC 24~30[V] or DC/AC 48~60[V] of rated voltage.

The maximum wire length

		Rated voltage [Vn]			
		DC 24~30 [V]		DC/AC 48 [V]	
Wire type		#14 AWG (2.08mm <sup>2</sup> )	#16 AWG (1.31mm <sup>2</sup> )	#14 AWG (2.08mm <sup>2</sup> )	#16 AWG (1.31mm <sup>2</sup> )
	Operating voltage	100%	95.7m	61m	457.8m
	85%	62.5m	38.4m	291.7m	183.2m

# Accessories for TS series 1600A

## Electrical auxiliaries



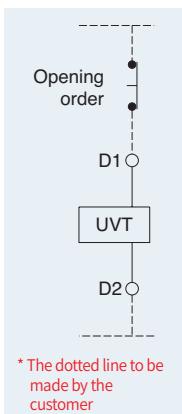
### UVT Under Voltage Trip device

- If the voltage of the main or the control power is under voltage, UVT which is installed inside of the breaker breaks the circuit automatically. Please connect with UVT time-delay device in order to present the time delay function because UVT is technically instantaneous type.
- The closing of a circuit breaker is impossible mechanically or electrically if control power not supplied to UVT. To close the circuit breaker, 65~85% of rated voltage should be applied to both terminals of UVT coil (D1, D2).
- When using UVT coil, the double trip coil can not be used, and the location of trip coil is changed.

#### 1. Rated voltage and characteristics of UVT coil

Rated voltage [Vn]		Operating voltage range [V]		Power consumption (VA or W)		Trip time [ms]
DC [V]	AC [V]	Pick up	Drop out	Inrush	Steady-state	
24~30	-					
48~60	48					
100~130	100~130	0.65~0.85 Vn	0.44~0.6 Vn	200	5	Less than 50ms
200~250	200~250					
-	380~480					

Note) Operating voltage range is the min. rated standard for each rated voltage (Vn).



Wiring Diagram

#### 2. Specification of the wire

- Refer to the below table regarding the length and specification of wire when using trip coil with DC 24~30[V] or DC/AC 48~60[V] of rated voltage.

The maximum wire length

Wire type	Rated voltage [Vn]			
	DC 24~30 [V]		DC/AC 48 [V]	
#14 AWG (2.08mm <sup>2</sup> )	100%	48.5m	30.5m	#14 AWG (2.08mm <sup>2</sup> )
#16 AWG (1.31mm <sup>2</sup> )	85%	13.4m	8.8m	#16 AWG (1.31mm <sup>2</sup> )

Note) In case of using UVT coil, the location of TC coil is changed.

## OCR Tester [OT]



- It is a device which can test for the operation of Trip Relay under no power condition.

1. Maximum 17 times rated current can be inputted.
2. It is possible to enter the current value and phase on each of R/S/T/N
3. Frequency is adjustable.
4. It is available to test for long time delay/short time delay/instantaneous/ ground fault.

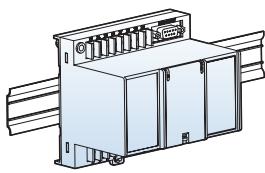
### Configuration



	R, S, T, N phase signal input
	Increase/Decrease signal input
	Signal setting/Delete
	Waveform generation/Stop
	Select frequency

# Accessories for TS series 1600A

## UVT Time Delay Controller [UDC]



- UVT is a device which makes ACB tripped automatically to prevent the accident on load side due to under voltage or power breakdown.

There are two types, Instantaneous type and time delay type.

- It can be installed on the rail or to the cradle.

- Instantaneous type: only available with UVT coil.

- Time delay type: available by connecting UVT coil and UVT time delay controller.

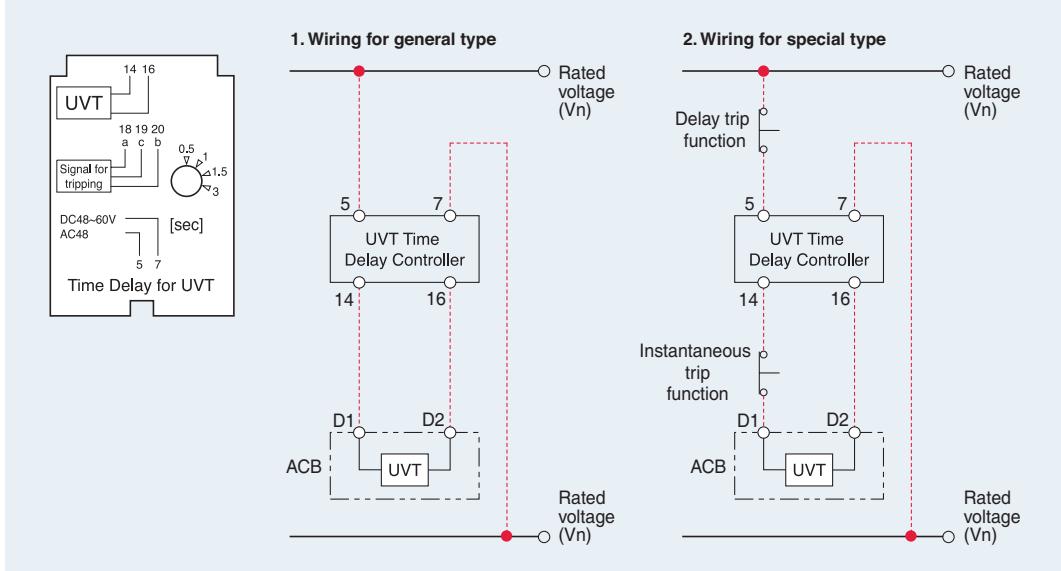
- Common use for the all types.

### 1. The rated voltage and characteristic of UVT time delay controller

Rated voltage [Vn]	Operating voltage range [V]		Power consumption (VA or W)		Trip time [ms]
DC [V]	AC [V]	Pick up	Drop out	Inrush	
48~60	48				
100~130	100~130	0.65~0.85 Vn	0.44~0.65 Vn	200	5
200~250	200~250				0.5, 1, 1.5, 3
-	380~480				

Note) Operating voltage range is the min. rated standard for each rated voltage (Vn).

### 2. Wiring



\* The wiring presented with red color should be set by users.

## Rotary handle

The rotary handle operating mechanism is available in either the direct version or in the extended version on the compartment door.

It is always fitted with a compartment door lock and on a request it can be supplied with a key lock in the open position. There are direct rotary handle two and extended rotary handle.

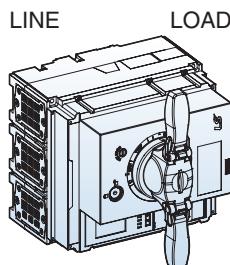
### Direct rotary handle

#### Degree of protection IP40

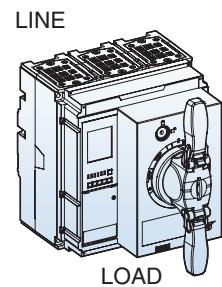
There are three types of direct rotary handle according to line load direction.

Indication of the three positions O(OFF), I(ON) and tripped. Circuit breaker locking capability in the OFF position by one to three padlocks, shackle diameter 5 to 6 mm (not supplied).

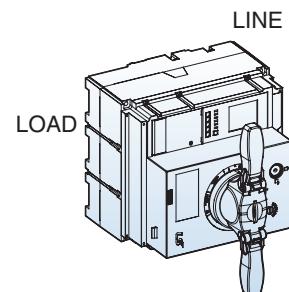
**L Type**



**S Type**

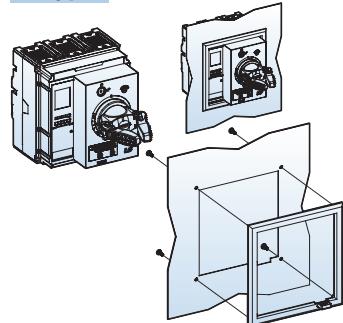


**R Type**

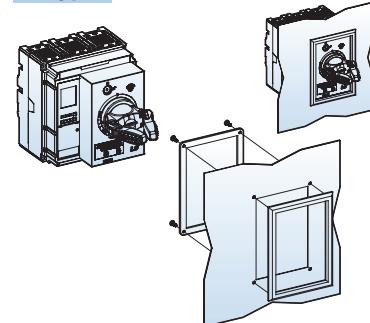


**Door cut type for Direct rotary handle**

**A Type**

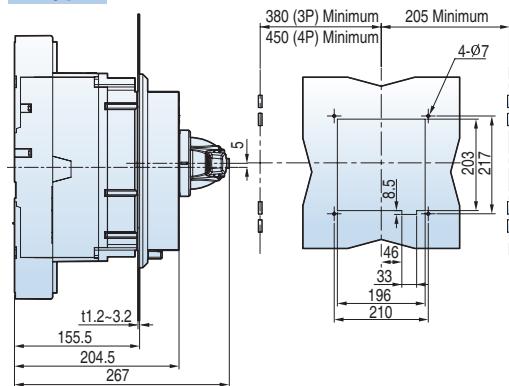


**B Type**

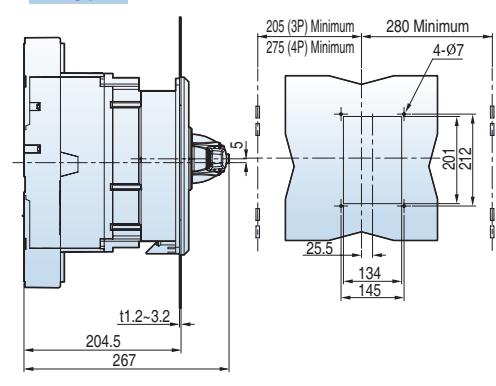


**Dimension of door cut**

**A Type**



**B Type**



Note) 1. In case of disassembling and assembling the main cover, screw should be tightened in specific torque of 1.5N.m (15.3kgf.cm)  
2. In case of disassembling and assembling the main cover by over tightening torque, the parts of MCCB can be damaged.

# Accessories for TS series 1600A

## Rotary handle

### Extended rotary handle

#### Degree of protections IP55

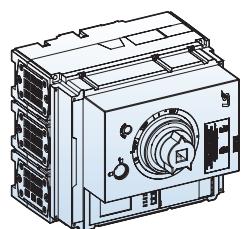
There are three types of extended rotary handle according to line & load direction.

With Extended rotary handles, can be operate MCCB at the back of switchboards, from the switchboard front.

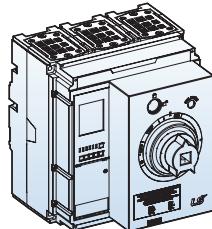
Indication of the three positions O(OFF), I(ON) and tripped circuit breaker locking capability in the OFF position by one to three padlocks, shackle diameter 5 to 6mm (not supplied).

When MCCB is on position, panel door is can't be open.

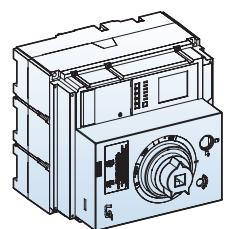
L Type



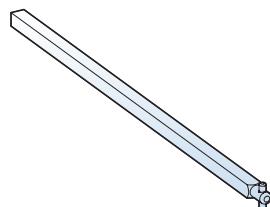
S Type



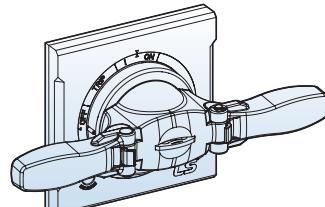
R Type



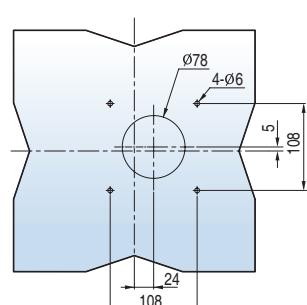
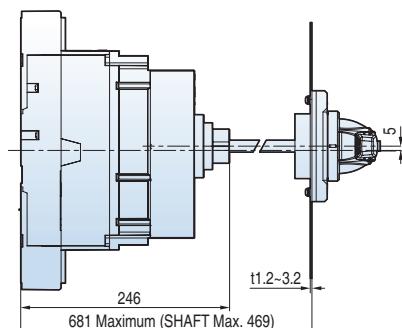
Shaft



Handle



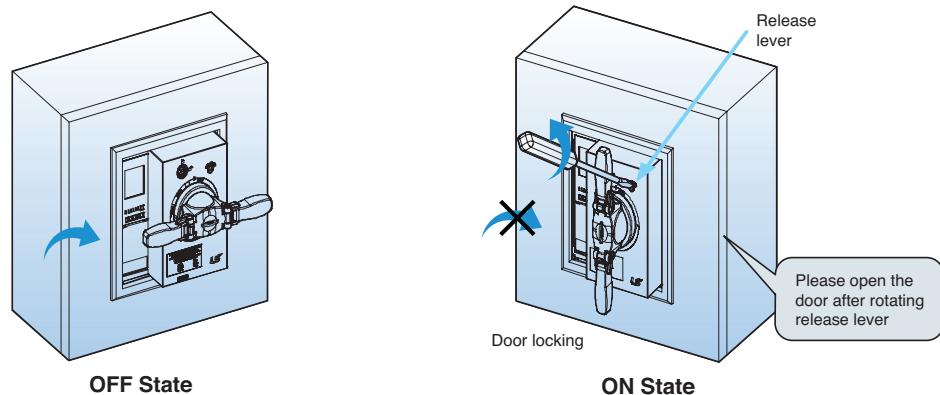
#### Dimension of door cut



## Rotary handle

### Locking system(Door lock)

The panel door can be locked at ON and TRIP position of rotary handle.  
To open the panel door at ON position, just rotate release screw counterclockwise.  
When MCCB is on position, panel door is can't be open.

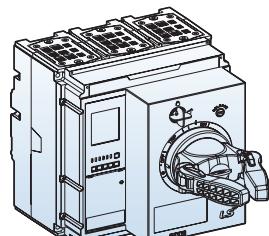


### ⚠ Caution

- If the door is opened with much pressure when the position of handle is ON or TRIP, the handle lock lever will be damaged

### Key lock

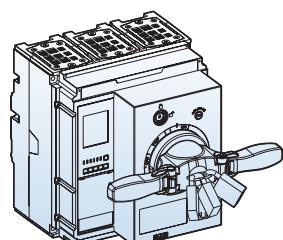
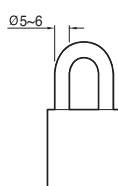
After locking handle, be sure that the key removed.



Key lock: locking OFF position

### Locking by rotary handle with a key lock

A locking can be done by using the rotary handle which has key lock device. The lock is used to lock the circuit-breaker in the OFF position.



Locking at ON or OFF position

### Padlocking by rotary handle

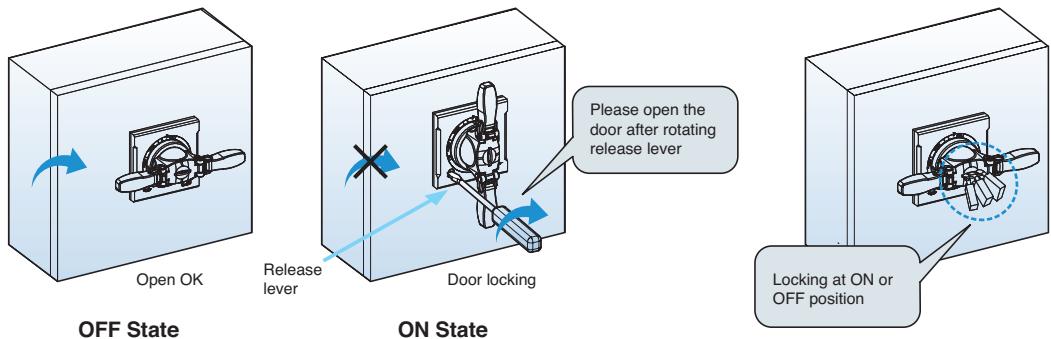
A padlocking can be also done by using the rotary handle. The lock is used to lock the circuit-breaker in the ON and OFF position. Maximum three (3) padlocks with shackle diameters ranging from 5 to 6mm may be used. (Padlocks are not supplied)

# Accessories for TS series 1600A

## Rotary handle

### Locking system(Door lock)

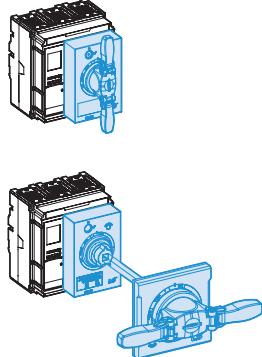
The panel door can be locked at ON and TRIP position of rotary handle.  
To open the panel door at ON position, just rotate release screw clockwise.  
When MCCB is on position, panel door is can't be open



### ⚠ Caution

- If the door is opened with much pressure when the position of handle is ON or TRIP, the handle lock lever will be damaged

### Degree of protections



Type	Degree of protection	IP
Circuit breaker with cover frame and rotary direct handle	The access probe of 1.0mm diameter shall not penetrate.	IP40
Circuit breaker with cover frame and rotary extended handle	Totally protected against ingress of dust and water jets from any direction	IP65

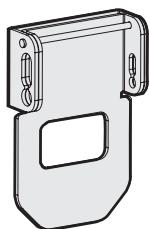
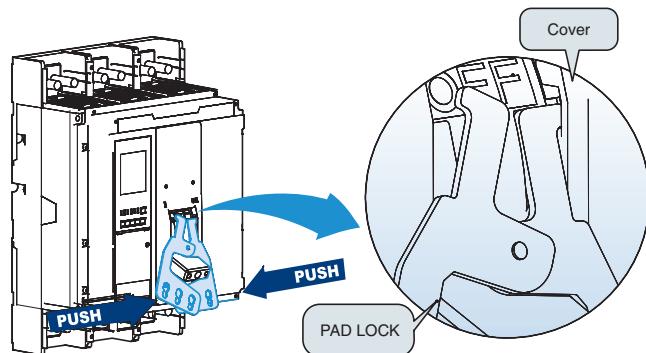
## Locking devices



### Removable padlock(PL)

This device allows the handle to be locked in the “OFF” position.  
Locking in the OFF position guarantee isolation according to IEC 60947-2.

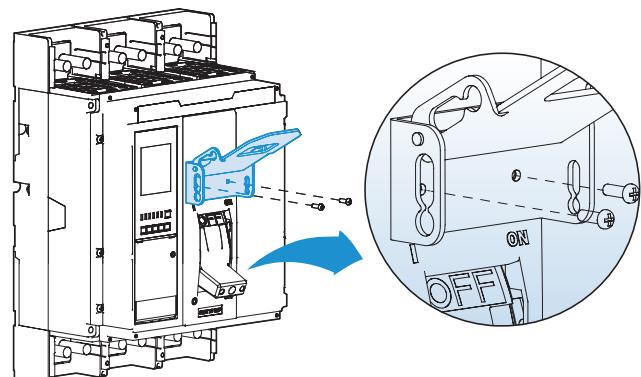
The locking device for the toggle handle can be installed in 3-pole and 4-pole circuit-breakers. Maximum three (3) padlocks with shackle diameters ranging from 5 to 8mm may be used.  
(Padlocks are not supplied)



### Fixed padlock (PHL)

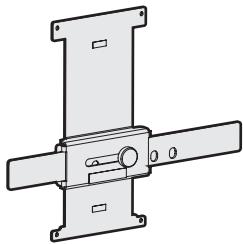
This device allows the handle to be locked in the “ON” and “OFF” position.  
Locking in the OFF position guarantee isolation according to IEC 60947-2.

The locking device for the toggle handle can be installed in 3-pole and 4-pole circuitbreakers.  
Maximum three (3) padlocks with shackle diameters ranging from 5 to 8mm  
may be used. (Padlocks are not supplied)



# Accessories for TS series 1600A

## Locking devices



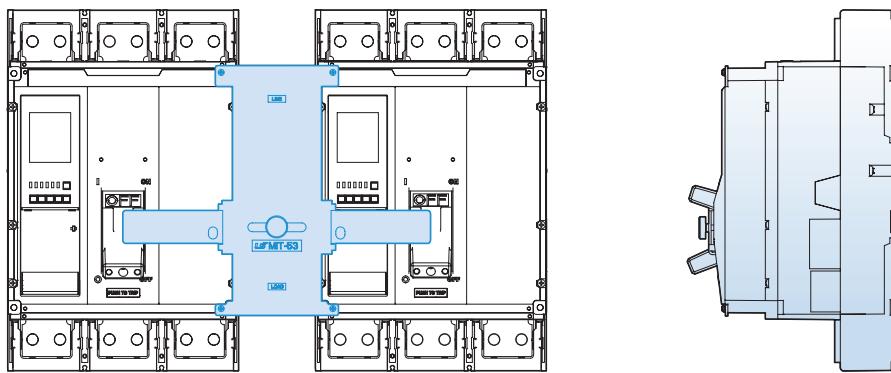
### Mechanical interlock (MIT)

The mechanical interlock (MIT) can be applied on the front of two breakers mounted side by side, in either the 3-pole or 4-pole version and prevents simultaneous closing of the two breakers.

Fixing is carried out directly on the cover of the breakers.

The front interlocking plate allows installation of a padlock in order to fix the position.  
(possibility of locking in the O-O position as well)

This mechanical interlocking device is very useful and simple for consisting of manual source changeover system



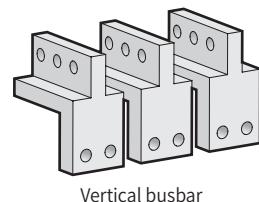
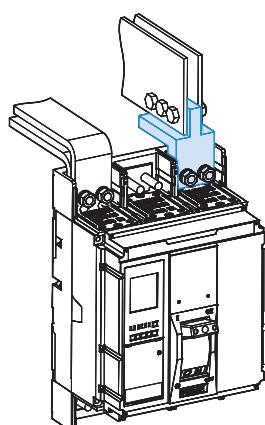
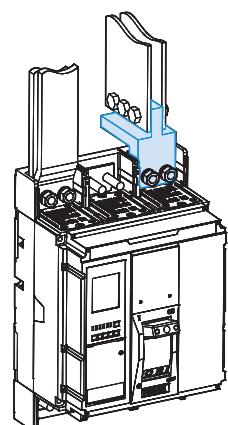
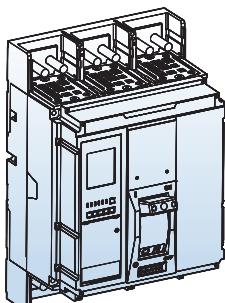
## Terminal

### Front connection of Fixed devices

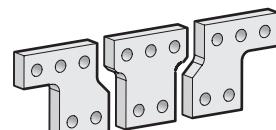
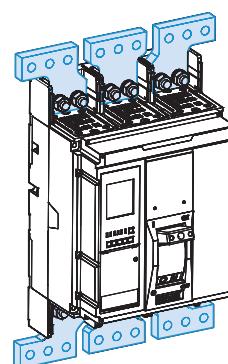
#### Bars

Fixed, front-connection Susol TS1600AF devices are equipped with terminals comprising captive screws for direct connection of bars.

Other connection possibilities for bars include vertical-connection adapters for edgewise bars and spreaders to increase the pole pitch to 95 mm.



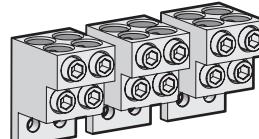
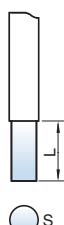
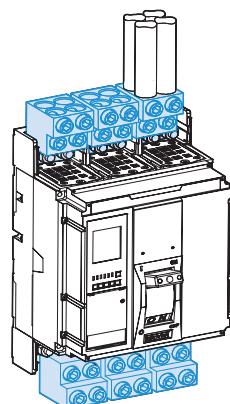
Vertical busbar



Busbars

#### Bare cables

Lug terminals may be used to connect four 85 up to 240mm<sup>2</sup> copper or aluminum cables for each phases. Bare cable connection is possible for rating up to and including 1250A

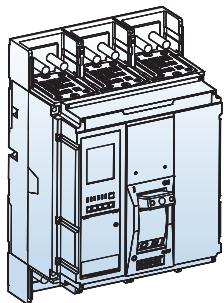


Lug terminal

L(mm)	25~55
S(mm <sup>2</sup> ) Cu/Al	4×85 to 4×240
Torque(kgf · cm)	564

# Accessories for TS series 1600A

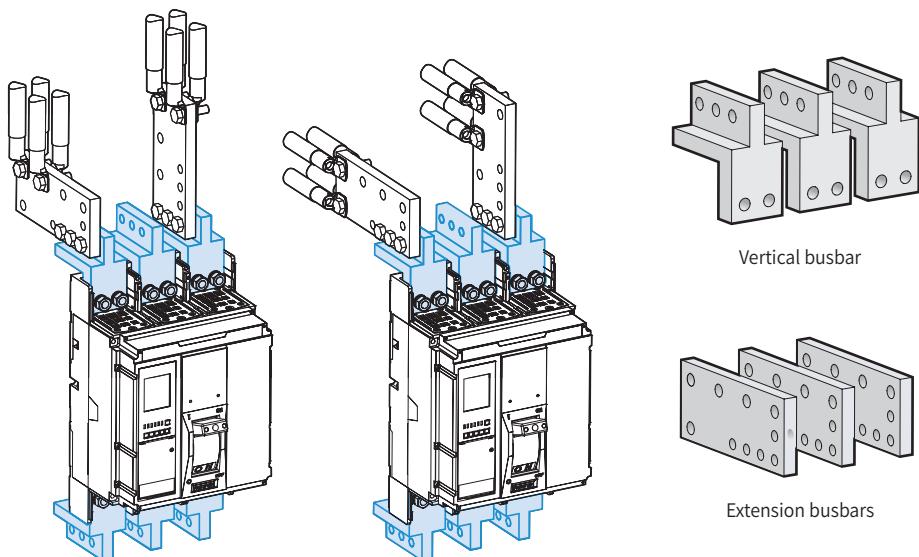
## Terminal



### Crimped Terminals

Crimped terminals are combined with the vertical and extension busbars. One to four cables with crimped terminals ( $\pm 300\text{mm}^2$ ) may be connected.

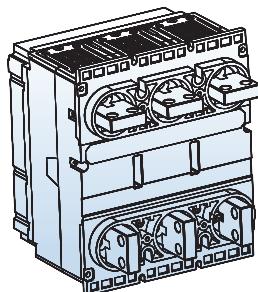
To ensure stability, connectors must be fixed and insulated between the terminal extensions.



Vertical busbar

Extension busbars

## Terminal



### Rear connection of Fixed devices

(Orderable with a breaker)

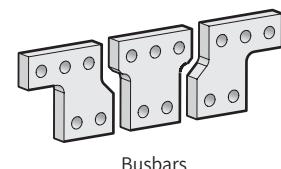
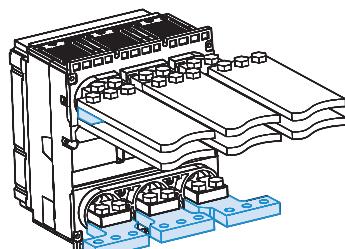
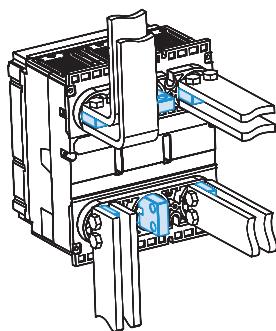
#### Bars

Rear connection devices equipped with horizontal or vertical connectors may be directly connected to flat or edgewise busbars, depending on the position of the connectors.

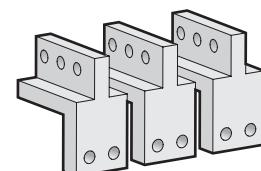
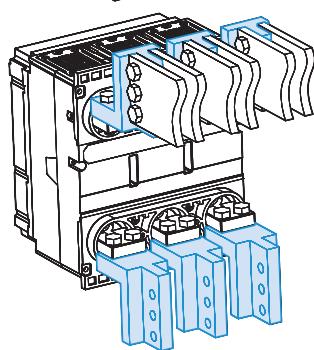
Busbars are available to increase the pole pitch to 95mm

The standard type of rear connection type is horizontal type.

If customer want to connect busbars with vertical or combination(horizontal and vertical) please order separately.



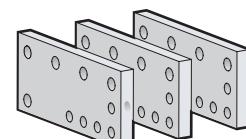
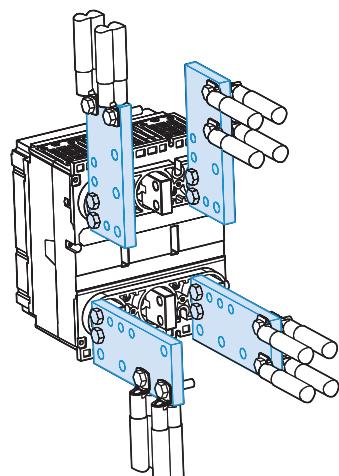
Busbars



Vertical busbar

#### Crimped Terminals

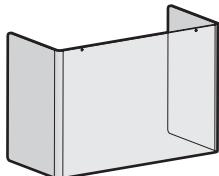
Crimped terminals enable connection of one to four cables with crimped terminals ( $\pm 300\text{mm}^2$ )  
To ensure stability, connectors must be fixed and insulated between the terminal extensions



Extension busbars

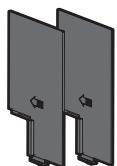
# Accessories for TS series 1600A

## Insulation



### Terminal cover

Mounted on fixed, front-connection devices, it insulates power-connection points.

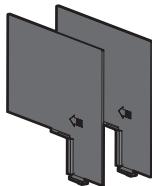


### Barrier

These barriers are insulated between the phases for increase insulation level. It also can be easily mounted, even the circuit-breaker already installed, inserting them in the corresponding slots. They are incompatible with both the insulating terminal covers. It is possible to mount the phase separating partitions between two circuit-breakers side

### Barrier for front connection

paking unit: 2ea/3Pole, 3EA/4Pole



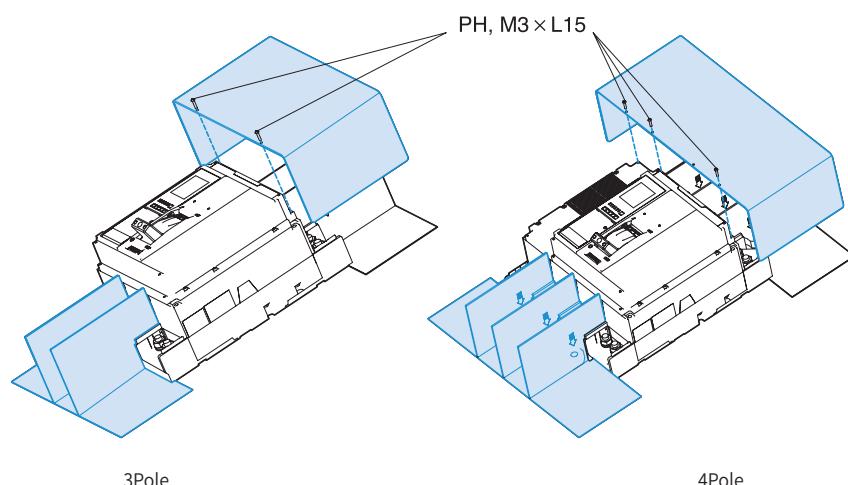
### Barrier for extension terminal

paking unit: 2ea/3Pole, 3EA/4Pole



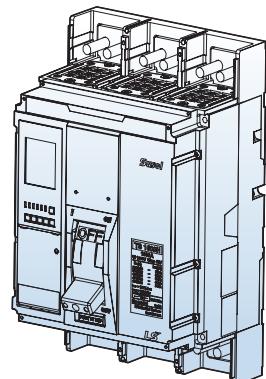
### Plate protection

paking unit: 1ea/3Pole, 1ea/4Pole

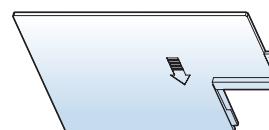
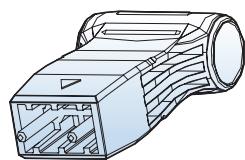


## Standard accessories

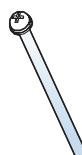
The following accessories for mounting, connection, insulation, handle operation are standard items and are packed with Susol TD & TS series circuit breakers.



Circuit breaker: 1ea

Barrier Interphase  
3P: 2ea, 4P: 3ea

Handle Aux: 1ea

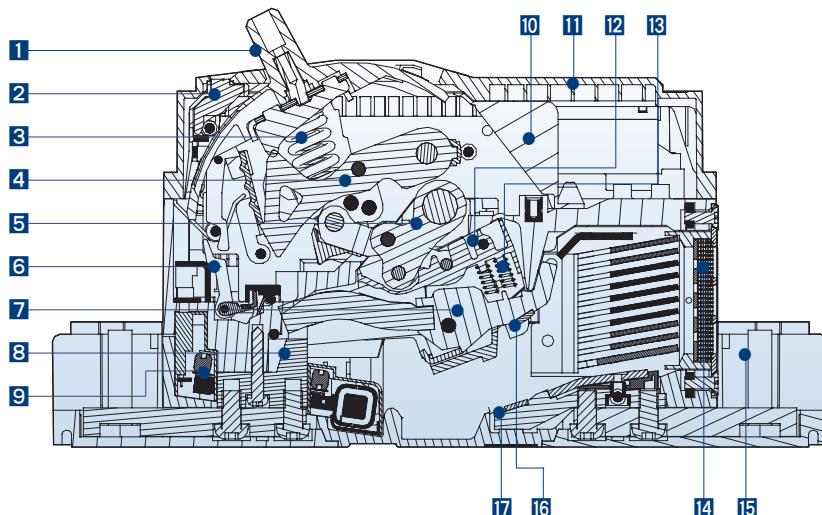
Nut(M5): 4ea  
Nut(M10), S/W, P/W  
3P: 12, 4P: 16

Screw (M5×110): 4ea



Plate protection: 1ea

## Components



- |                           |                                 |                          |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>1</b> Handle           | <b>7</b> Moving Contactor       | <b>13</b> Contact Spring |
| <b>2</b> Test Button      | <b>8</b> Load Terminal          | <b>14</b> Arc Chute      |
| <b>3</b> Main Spring      | <b>9</b> Power CT               | <b>15</b> Terminal Bolt  |
| <b>4</b> Link Ass'y       | <b>10</b> Handle Cover          | <b>16</b> Moving Tip     |
| <b>5</b> Main Shaft Ass'y | <b>11</b> Main Cover            | <b>17</b> Fixed Tip      |
| <b>6</b> Hard Trip Device | <b>12</b> Wall Holder Contactor |                          |





## A-4

### Mounting & Connection

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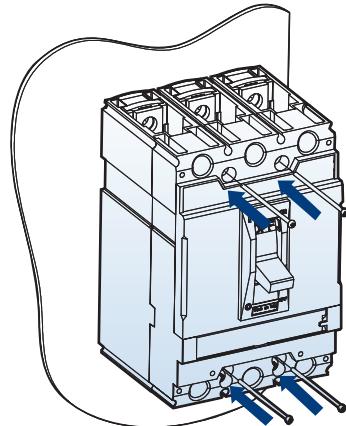
- Fixed mounting A-1
  - Connecting terminal & conductor A-2
  - Safety clearance A-3
  - Example of installation A-6
  - Connections for 1600AF A-7
  - Size of busbar for 1600AF A-8
-

# Mounting & Connection

## Fixed mounting

Susol TD and TS circuit-breakers can be directly connected to the mounting plate.

If busbars or terminals are used to connect the circuit breaker on the back of the mounting plate, the appropriate safety clearances must be observed.



Type	TD100, TD160	TS100, TS160, TS250	TS400, TS630	TS800
Screw for mounting				
	1Pole:2EA(M3×75) 3Pole:2EA(M4×75) 4Pole:4EA(M4×75)	3Pole:2EA(M4×75) 4Pole:4EA(M4×75)	3Pole:4EA(M5×85) 4Pole:4EA(M5×85)	3Pole:4EA(M6×100) 4Pole:4EA(M6×100)
Nut for mounting	-	-		
			3Pole:4EA 4Pole:4EA	3Pole:4EA 4Pole:4EA
Screw for connection of terminals, Spreader				
	1Pole:2EA(M8×20) 3Pole:6EA(M8×20) 4Pole:8EA(M8×20)	3Pole:6EA(M8×20) 4Pole:8EA(M8×20)	3Pole:6EA(M10×30) 4Pole:8EA(M10×30)	3Pole:6EA(M12×35) 4Pole:8EA(M12×35)
	Torque: Max 78kgf · cm	Torque: Max 147kgf · cm	Torque: Max 490kgf · cm	Torque: Max 630kgf · cm

## Connecting terminal & conductor

MCCB	Terminal (mm)	Conductor (mm)
TD100 TD160	<p>Max 78kgf · cm</p>	
TS100 TS160 TS250	<p>Max 147kgf · cm</p>	
TS400 TS630	<p>Max 490kgf · cm</p>	
TS800	<p>Max 630kgf · cm</p>	

# Mounting & Connection

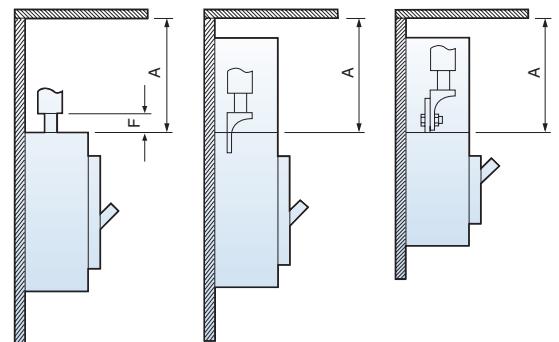
## Safety clearance

When installing a circuit breaker, safety clearances must be kept between the breaker and panels, bars and other protection devices installed nearby. These safety clearances are depend on the ultimate breaking capacity and are defined by tests carried out in accordance with standard IEC 60947-2.

When a short circuit interruption occur, high temperatures pressures are present in and above the arc chambers of the circuit-breaker. In order to allow the pressure to be distributed and to prevent fire and arcing or short-circuit currents, safety clearances are required.

### A: Insulation distance to ceiling for installation in metallic cubicle

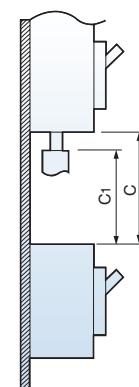
MCCB	A(mm)	
	415V	240V
TD100N, TD160N	35	30
TD100H, TD160H	35	30
TD100L, TD160L	35	30
TS100N, TS160N, TS250N	35	30
TS100H, TS160H, TS250H	35	30
TS100L, TS160L, TS250L	35	30
TS400N, TS630N	60	50
TS400H, TS630H	60	50
TS400L, TS630L	60	50
TS800N	100	80
TS800H	100	80
TS800L	100	80



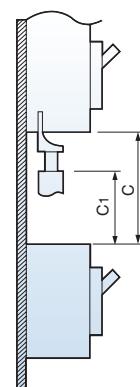
### C1: Minimum distance for superimposed circuit breakers (from lower circuit breaker to uninsulated part of terminal of upper circuit breaker) C: C1+ the dimension of exposed conduct

MCCB	C1(mm)		C(mm)
	415V	240V	
TD100N, TD160N	35	30	
TD100H, TD160H	35	30	
TD100L, TD160L	35	30	
TS100N, TS160N, TS250N	35	30	
TS100H, TS160H, TS250H	35	30	
TS100L, TS160L, TS250L	35	30	
TS400N, TS630N	60	50	
TS400H, TS630H	60	50	
TS400L, TS630L	60	50	
TS800N	100	80	
TS800H	100	80	
TS800L	100	80	

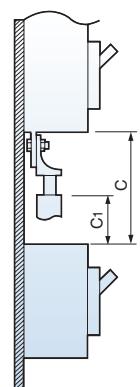
The dimension of exposed conduct



Direct connection of cable



Connection by using a cable terminal or ring terminal



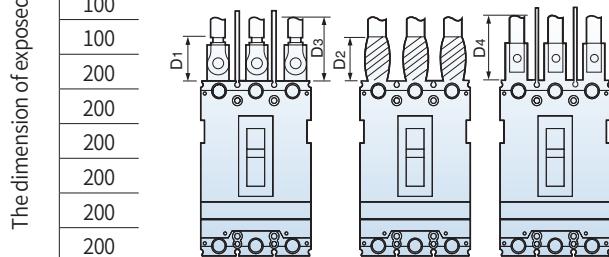
Connection by using a cable terminal with extended terminal

## Safety clearance

### D: Insulated length of main terminal of circuit breaker

- D1: Connection by ring terminal after taping (Larger than the dimension of exposed conducting part)  
D2: Connection by bar after taping  
D3: Connection by ring terminal using insulation barrier (Larger than the dimension of exposed conduct)  
D4: Connection by bar using insulation barrier

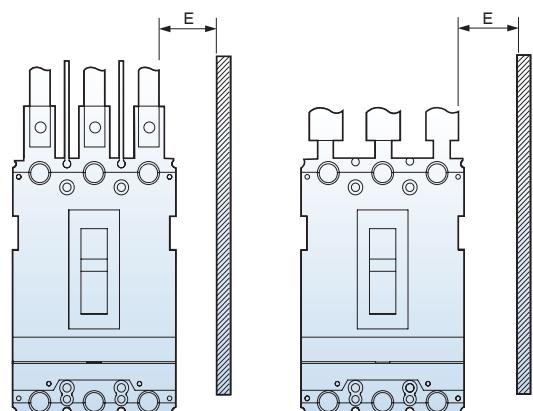
MCCB	D1 (mm)	D2 (mm)	D3 (mm)	D4 (mm)
TD100N, TD160N	50			50
TD100H, TD160H	50			50
TD100L, TD160L	50			50
TS100N, TS160N, TS250N	100			100
TS100H, TS160H, TS250H	100			100
TS100L, TS160L, TS250L	100			100
TS400N, TS630N	200			200
TS400H, TS630H	200			200
TS400L, TS630L	200			200
TS800N	200			200
TS800H	200			200
TS800L	200			200



Note) If uninsulated conductors are used for connection, please insulate by taping to the point where the conductors overlap with the insulation barrier or to the root of the circuit breaker.

### E: Distance from a side of breaker to side plate

MCCB	E (mm)	
	415V	240V
TD100N, TD160N	25	15
TD100H, TD160H	25	15
TD100L, TD160L	25	15
TS100N, TS160N, TS250N	25	15
TS100H, TS160H, TS250H	25	15
TS100L, TS160L, TS250L	25	15
TS400N, TS630N	20	15
TS400H, TS630H	20	15
TS400L, TS630L	20	15
TS800N	45	20
TS800H	45	20
TS800L	45	20

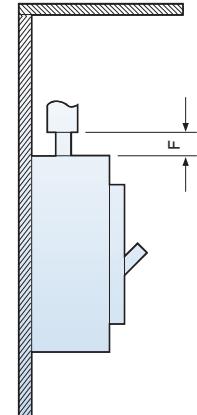


# Mounting & Connection

## Safety clearance

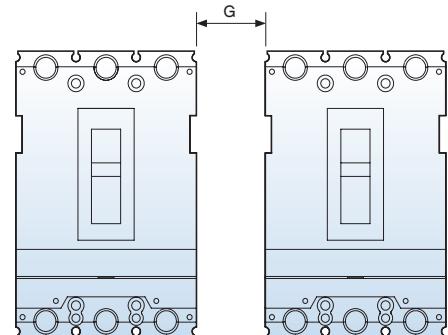
F: The dimension of exposed conducting part

MCCB	F (mm)
TD100N, TD160N	20
TD100H, TD160H	20
TD100L, TD160L	20
TS100N, TS160N, TS250N	10
TS100H, TS160H, TS250H	10
TS100L, TS160L, TS250L	10
TS400N, TS630N	10
TS400H, TS630H	10
TS400L, TS630L	10
TS800N	10
TS800H	10
TS800L	10



G: Minimum center distance for two horizontally installed circuit-breakers

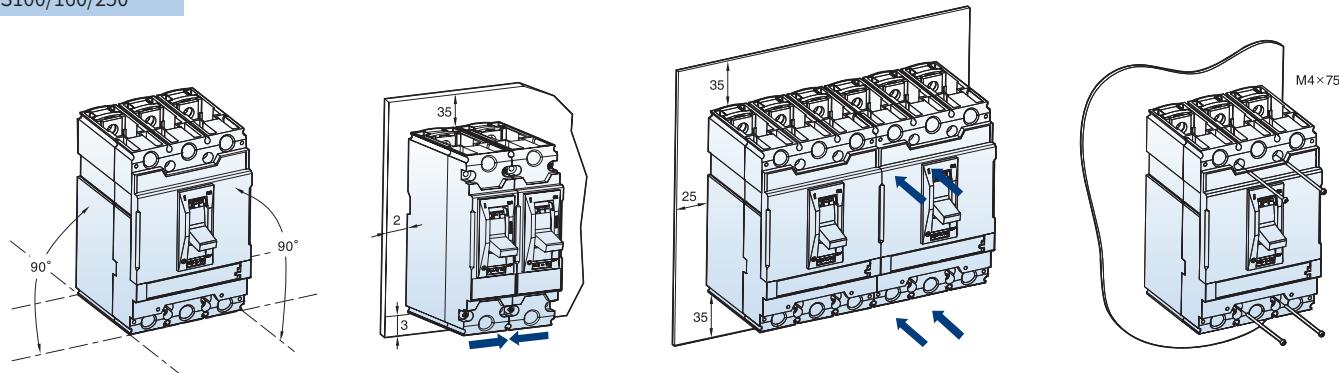
MCCB	G (mm)
TD100N, TD160N	0
TD100H, TD160H	0
TD100L, TD160L	0
TS100N, TS160N, TS250N	0
TS100H, TS160H, TS250H	0
TS100L, TS160L, TS250L	0
TS400N, TS630N	0
TS400H, TS630H	0
TS400L, TS630L	0
TS800N	0
TS800H	0
TS800L	0



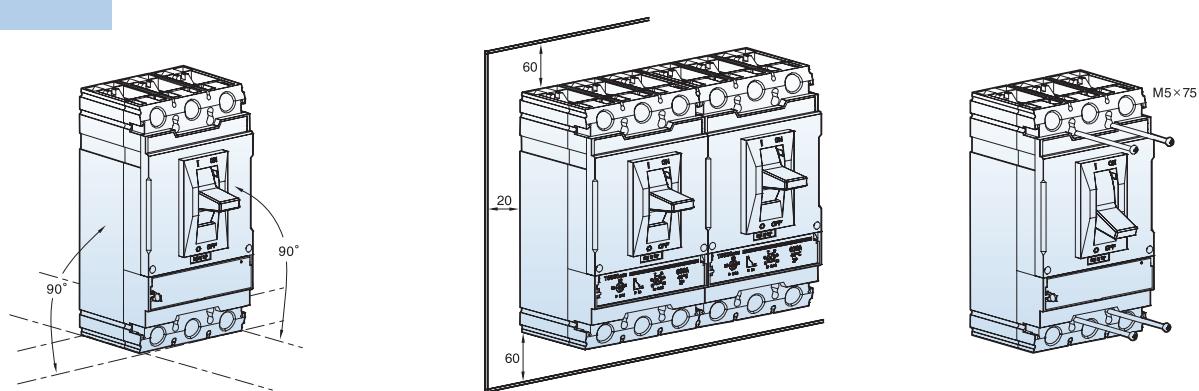
Note) In case of using long or short terminal covers.

## Example of installation

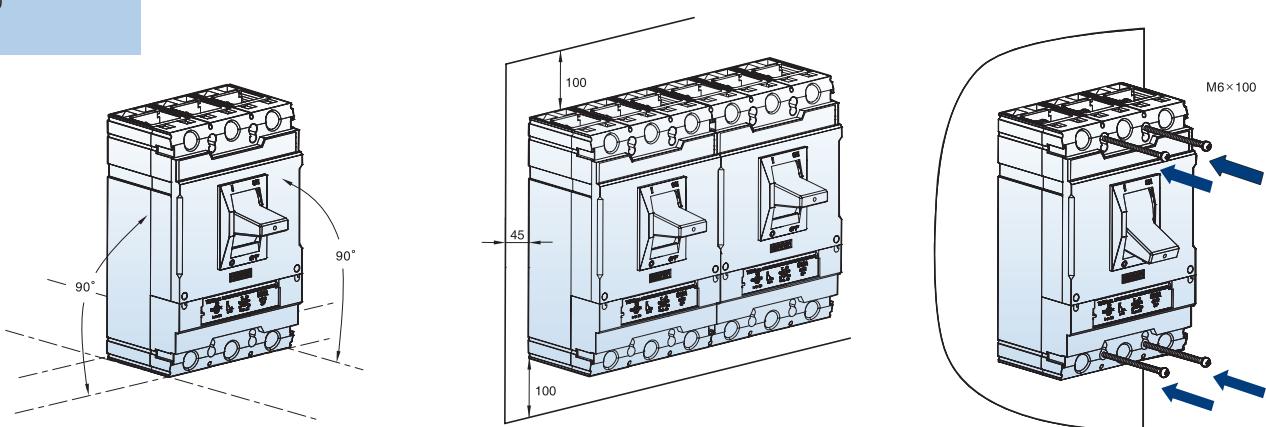
TD100/160  
TS100/160/250



TS400/630



TS800



Note) In case of using long or short terminal covers,  
no need to consider on minimum center distance for two horizontally installed circuit-breakers

# Mounting & Connection

## Connections for 1600AF

The quality of busbar connections depends, among other things, on the tightening torques used for nuts and bolts. Over-tightening may have the same consequences as under-tightening.

The correct tightening torques for the connection of busbars to the circuit breaker terminals are indicated in the table below.

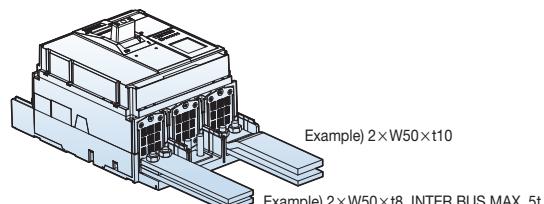
### Examples of busbar connections

Susol TS1600 MCCB may be installed vertically, horizontally or flat on their back.

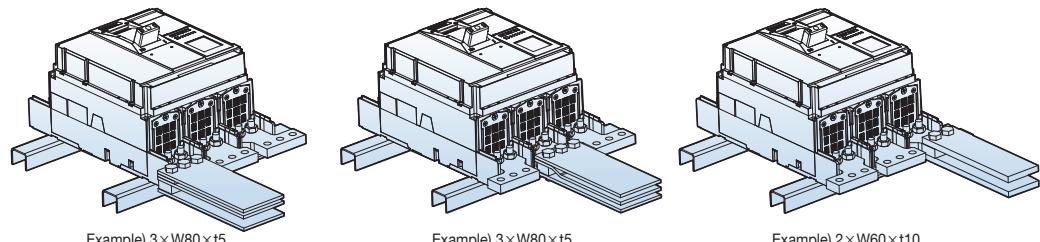
Note) Applicable only to rated current 1500A or less when directly connected to breaker terminals.

#### Front type

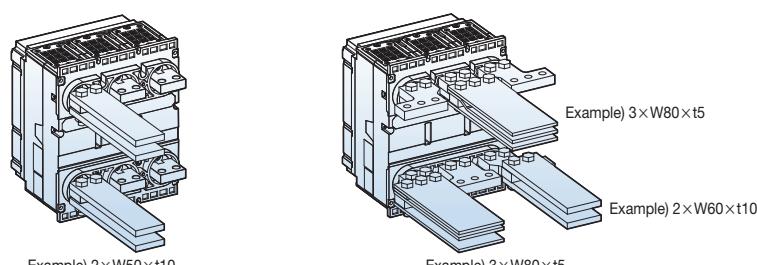
Front type with bars (on backplate or rail)



Front type with basbar (only on rail)

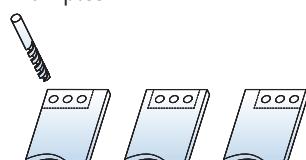


Rear type with bars (only on backplate)



### Insulation distance

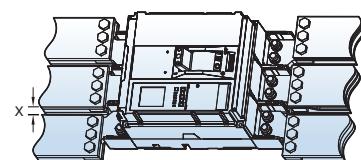
Examples



#### Tightening torques for busbar

Bolt	Drilling diameter (mm)	Tightening torque (kgf·cm)
M10	11	240~500

### Insulation distance



#### Dimension(mm)

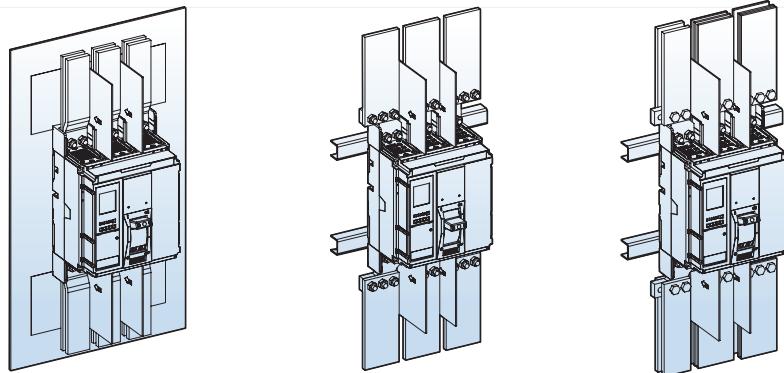
Utilisation voltage	X minimum
Ui≤600 B	8mm
Ui≤1000 B	14mm

## Size of busbar for 1600AF

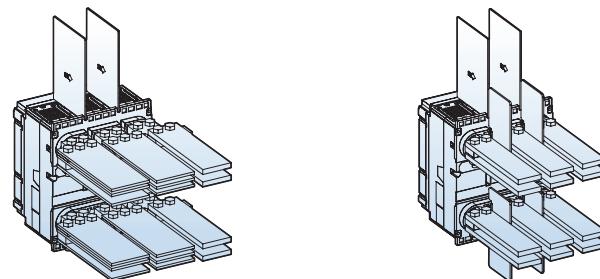
The following tables are based on the following assumptions;

- Maximum permissible temperature of busbars are 100°C
- T : Temperature around the circuit breaker and its connections

**Note 1.** The values presented in the tables are the result of trials and theoretical calculations on the basis of the assumption mentioned above.  
**2.** These tables are intended as an aid in designing connection, however, the actual values must be confirmed by tests on the installation.



Insulation barrier and plate protection on line side is standard.  
If customer want to using insulation accessories on load side, please oder separately.



Front and horizontal rear connection

Model	Maximum current	T: 40°C		T: 50°C		T: 60°C	
		t=5mm	t=10mm	t=5mm	t=10mm	t=5mm	t=10mm
TS1000	800	2b.5t×50	1b.10t×50	2b.5t×50	1b.10t×50	2b.5t×50	1b.10t×60
	1000	3b.5t×50	1b.10t×60	3b.5t×50	2b.10t×50	3b.5t×60	2b.10t×50
TS1250	1250	3b.5t×50	2b.10t×40	3b.5t×50	2b.10t×50	3b.5t×60	2b.10t×50
		2b.5t×80	2b.10t×40	2b.5t×80			
TS1600	1400	2b.5t×80	2b.10t×40	2b.5t×80	2b.10t×50	3b.5t×80	2b.10t×60
	1600	3b.5t×80	2b.10t×60	3b.5t×80	2b.10t×60	3b.5t×80	3b.10t×50

Vertical rear connection

Model	Maximum current	T: 40°C		T: 50°C		T: 60°C	
		t=5mm	t=10mm	t=5mm	t=10mm	t=5mm	t=10mm
TS1000	800	2b.5t×50	1b.10t×50	2b.5t×50	1b.10t×50	2b.5t×50	1b.10t×50
	1000	2b.5t×50	1b.10t×50	2b.5t×50	1b.10t×50	2b.5t×60	1b.10t×60
TS1250	1250	2b.5t×60	1b.10t×60	3b.5t×50	2b.10t×40	3b.5t×50	2b.10t×40
TS1600	1400	2b.5t×80	1b.10t×80	2b.5t×80	2b.10t×50	3b.5t×60	2b.10t×50
	1600	3b.5t×60	2b.10t×50	3b.5t×60	2b.10t×50	3b.5t×80	2b.10t×60





# A-5

## Characteristics curves

### Susol MCCB up to 800AF

- Thermal-magnetic trip units (TE100, TE160) A-5-1
- Thermal-magnetic trip units (TD100, TD160, TS100) A-5-3
- Magnetic only trip units (TS100, TS160) A-5-6
- Thermal-magnetic trip units (TS160, TS250) A-5-7
- Magnetic only trip units (TS250) A-5-11
- Thermal-magnetic trip units (TS400) A-5-12
- Magnetic only trip units (TS400) A-5-14
- Thermal-magnetic trip units (TS630) A-5-15
- Magnetic only trip units (TS630) A-5-17
- Thermal-magnetic trip units (TS800) A-5-18
- Magnetic only trip units (TS800) A-5-20
- Electronic trip unit (ETS) A-5-21
- Electronic trip unit (ETM) A-5-22
- Ground fault (G), ETM A-5-23

### Susol MCCB 1600AF

- OLong-time delay (L) A-5-24
- Short-time delay (S) A-5-25
- Instantaneous (I), Ground fault (G) A-5-26
- DMTL A-5-27
- Pre Trip Alarm A-5-28

Specific let-through energy curves A-5-29

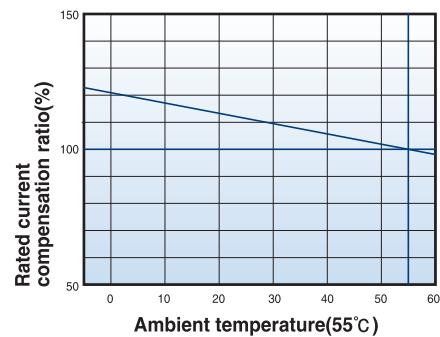
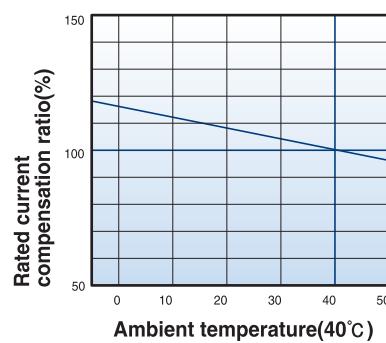
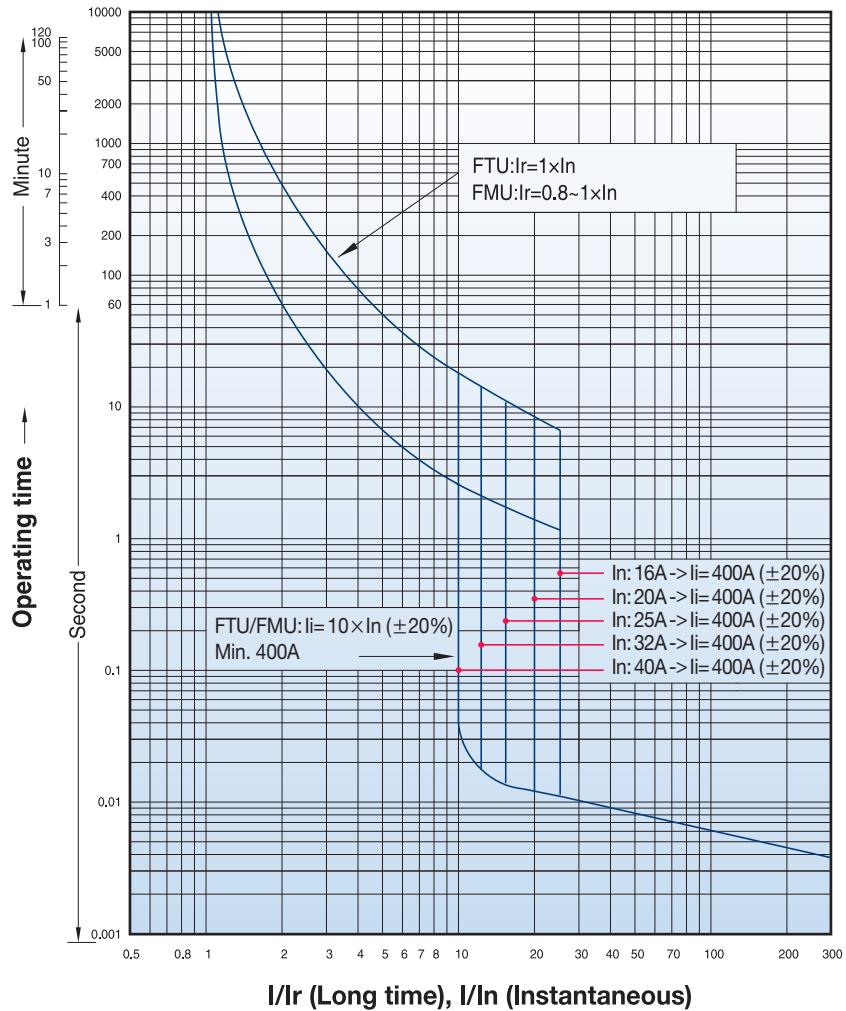
Current-limiting curves A-5-32

Time delay curves (RCD) A-5-35

# Characteristics curves

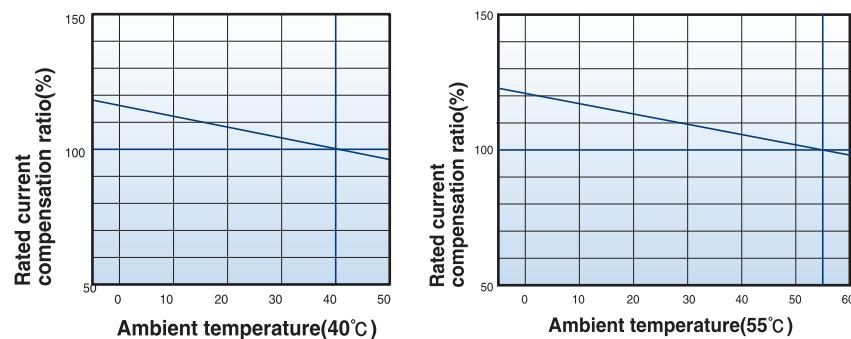
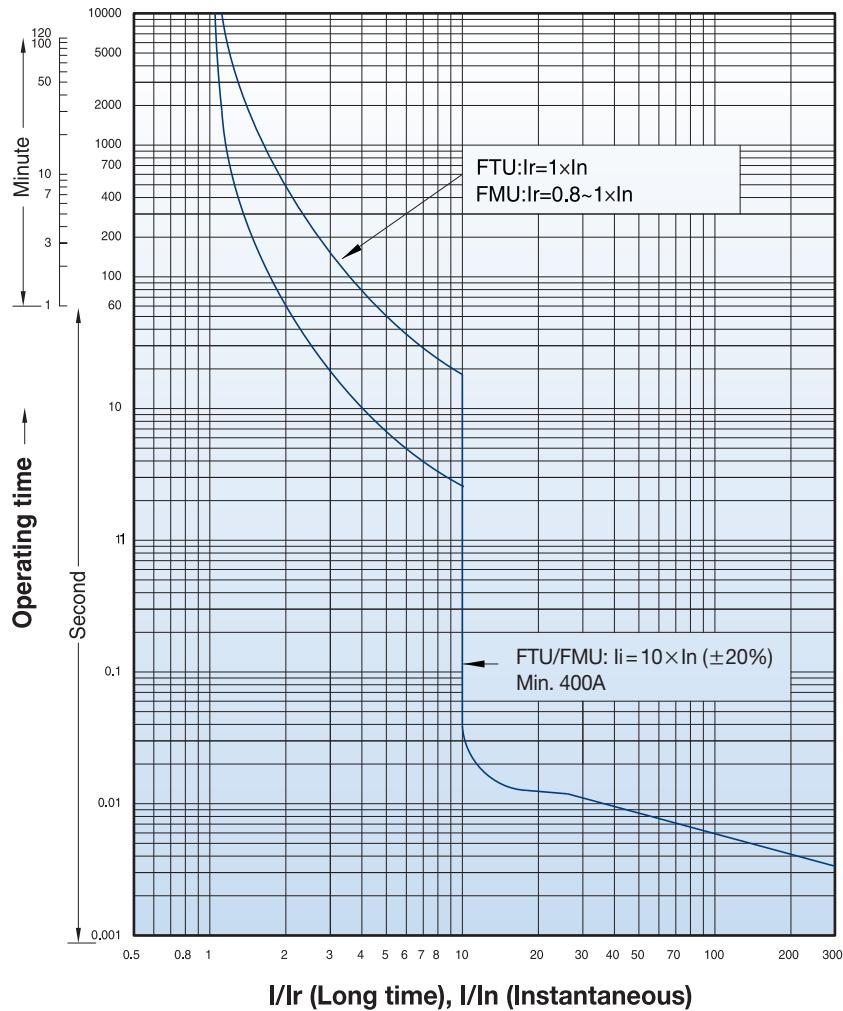
## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TE100  
FTU  
FMU  
16~100A



## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

**TE160**  
**FTU**  
**FMU**  
**100~160A**



# Characteristics curves

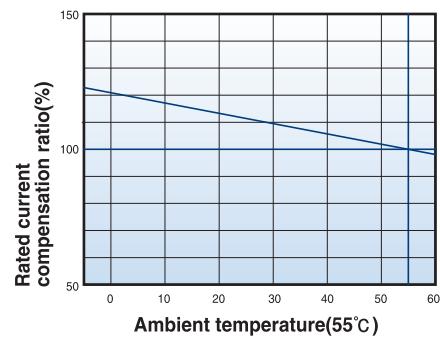
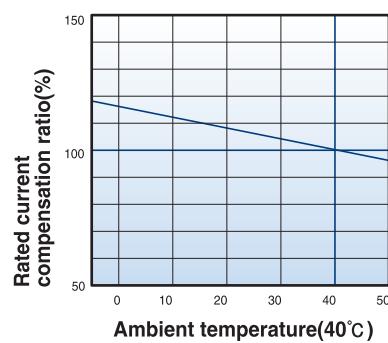
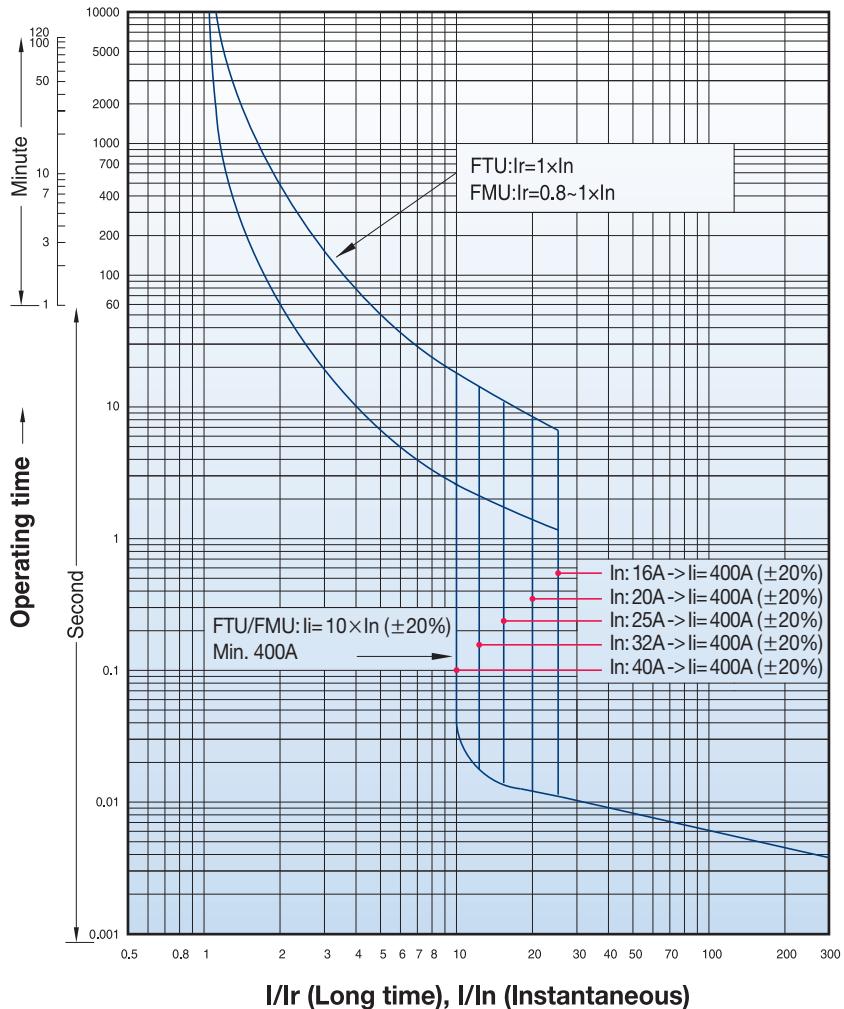
## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TD100

FTU

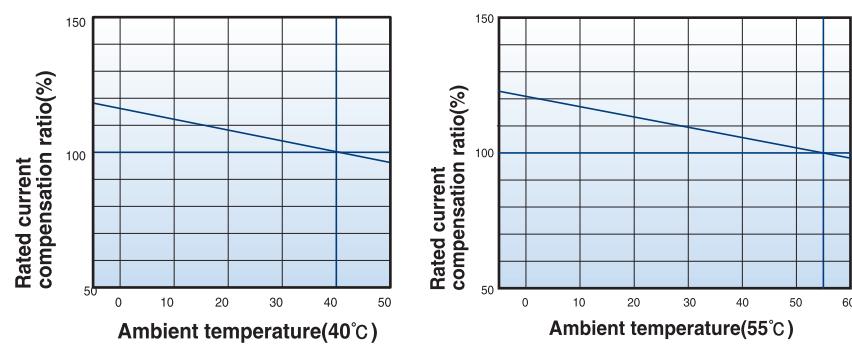
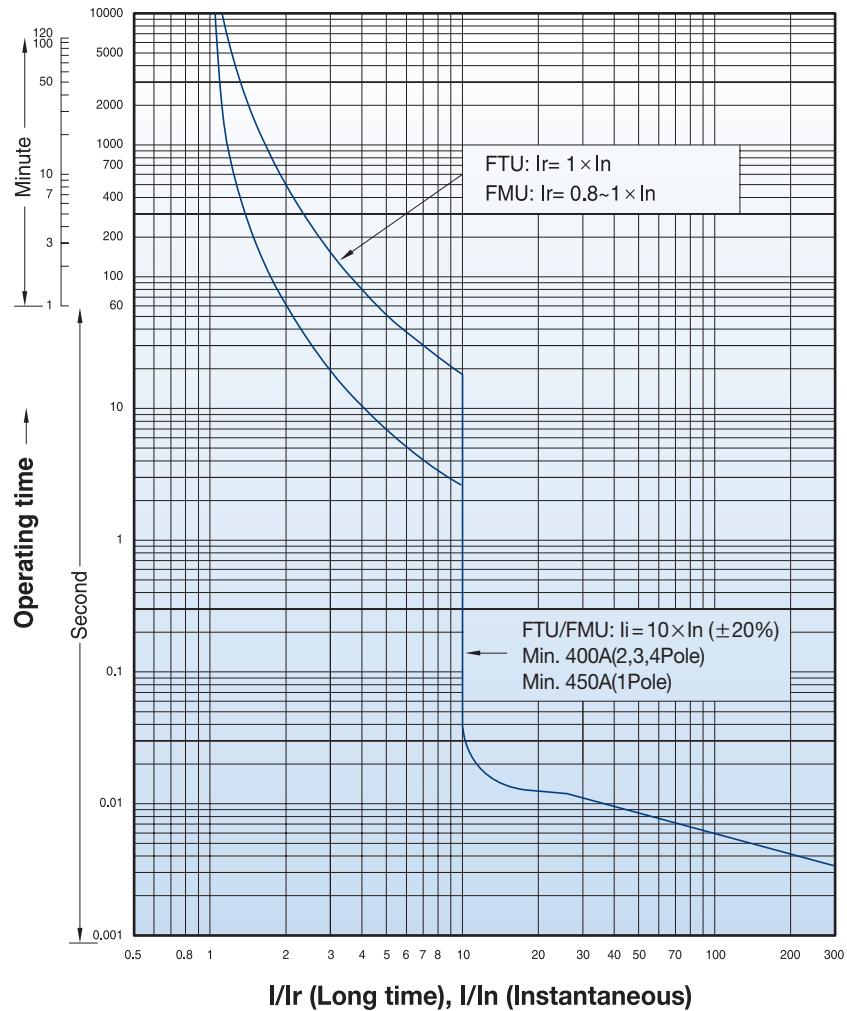
FMU

16~100A



## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

**TD160**  
**FTU**  
**FMU**  
**100~160A**



# Characteristics curves

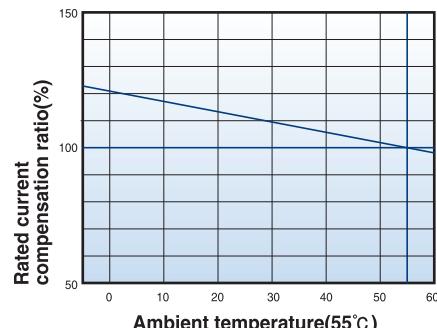
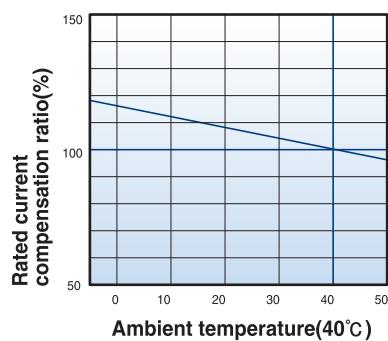
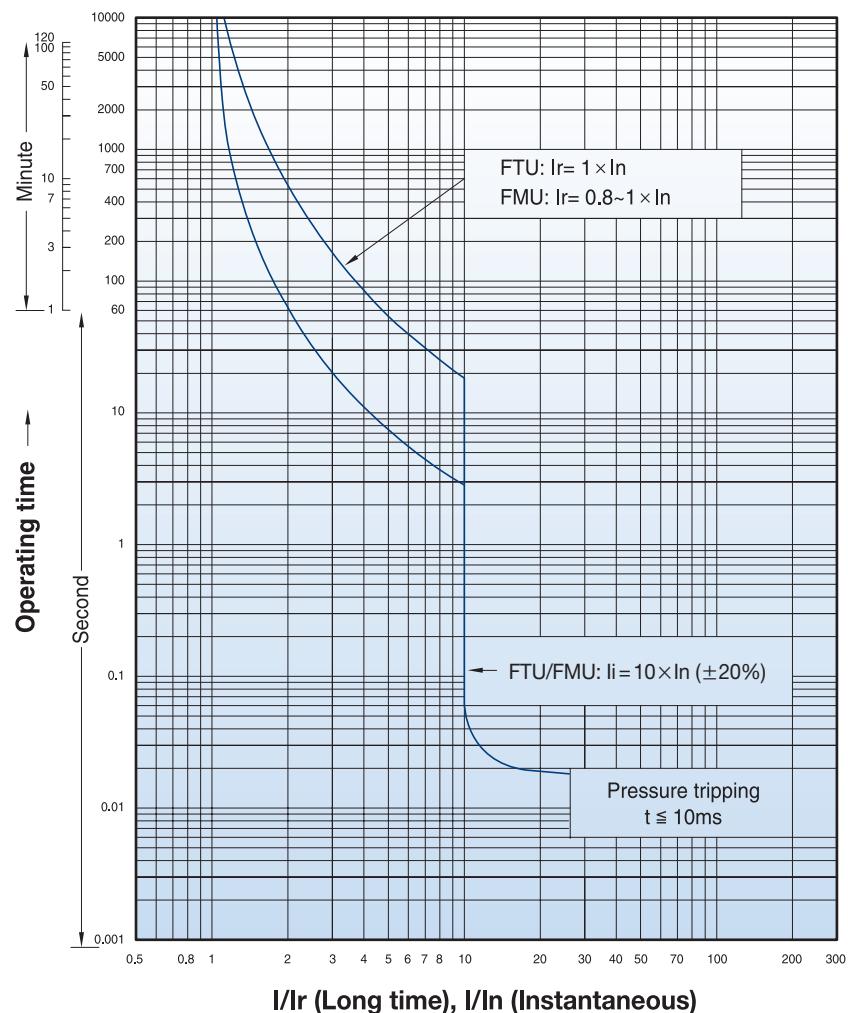
## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TS100

FTU

FMU

40~100A



## Circuit breakers with magnetic only trip units

TS100

Magnetic only

MTU

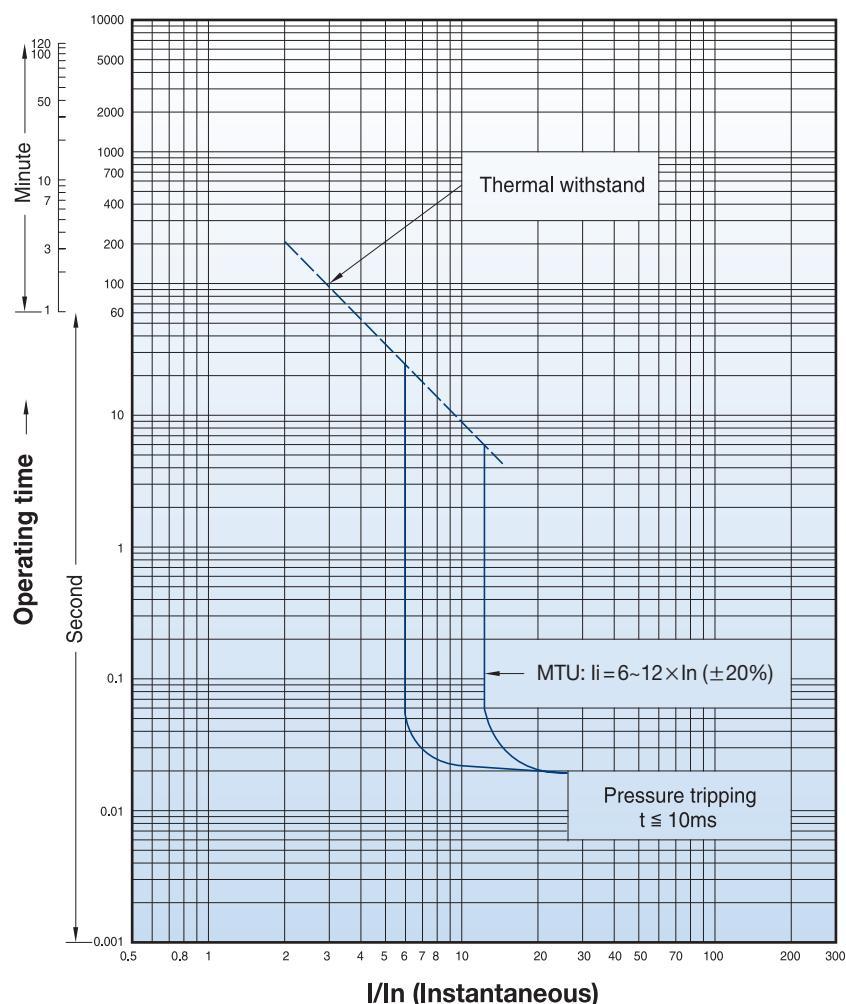
1.6~100A

TS160

Magnetic only

MTU

32~160A



### Magnetic trip units(MTU)

Rating(A)		In
N / H / L		
	TS100	●
	TS160	-
	TS250	-
	TS400	-
	TS630	-
	TS800	-

TS100~TS800													
1.6	3.2	6.3	12	20	32	50	63	100	160	220	320	500	630
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●

### Short - circuit protection(magnetic)

Pick - up	I <sub>i</sub>

Setting
6..12×In (6 Point)

# Characteristics curves

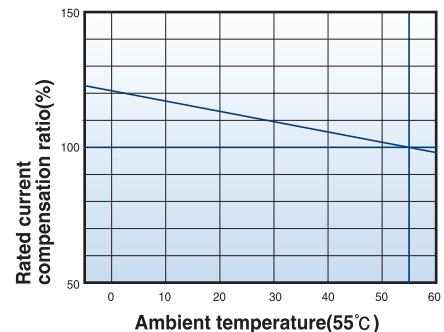
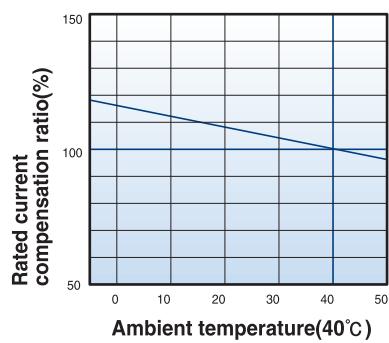
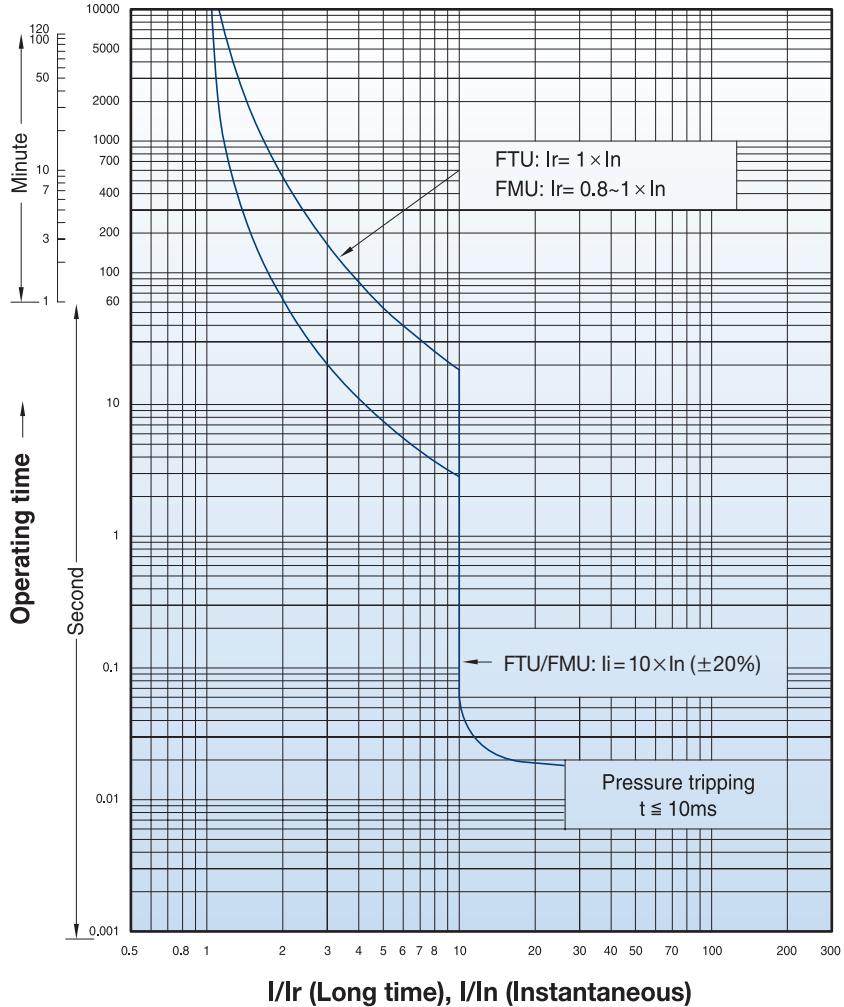
## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TS160

FTU

FMU

100, 125, 160A

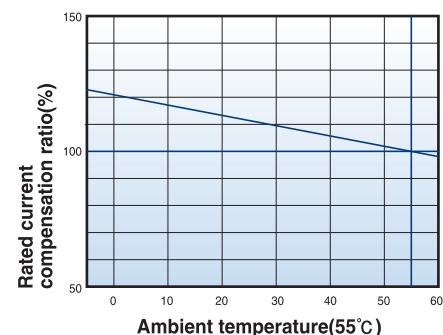
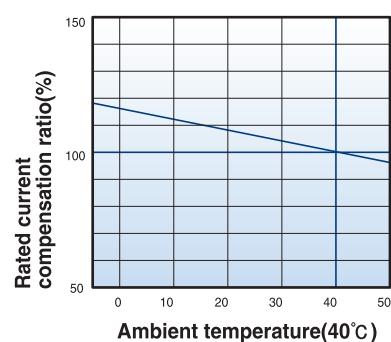
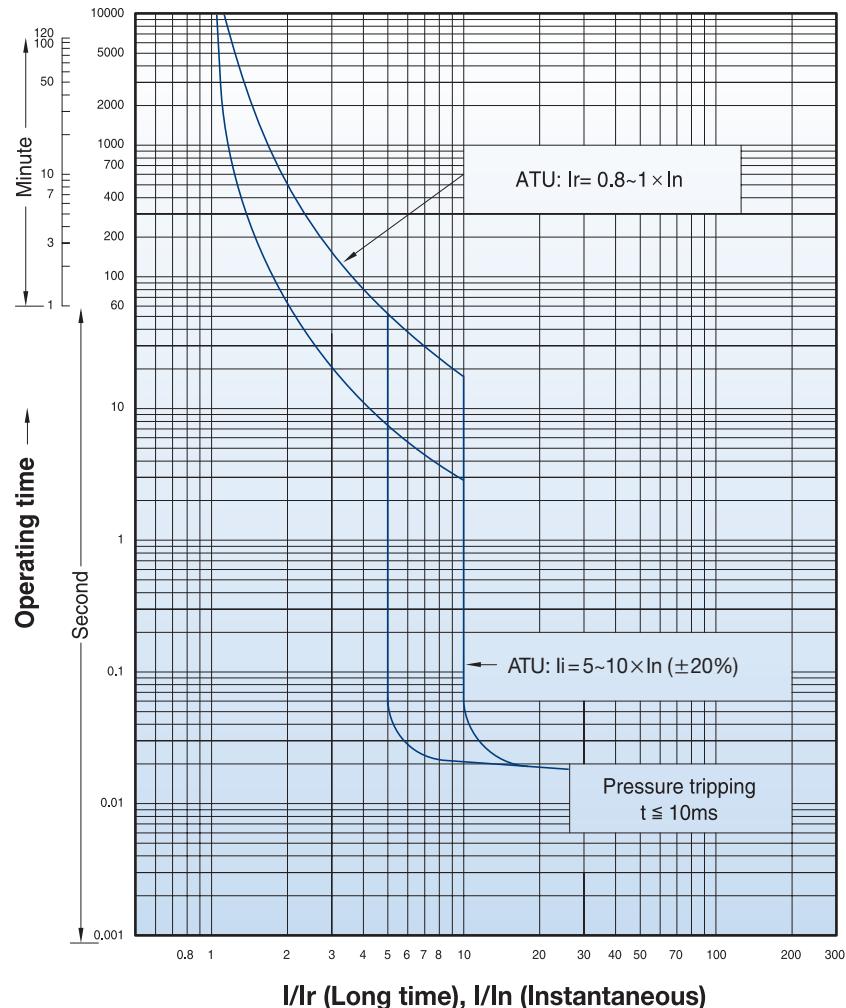


## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TS160

ATU

100, 125, 160A



# Characteristics curves

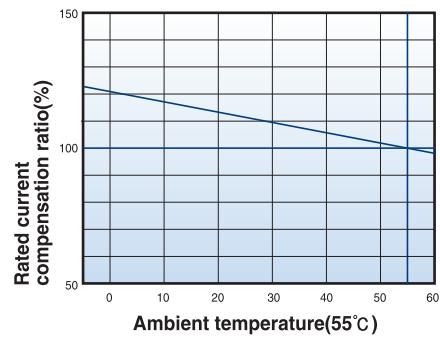
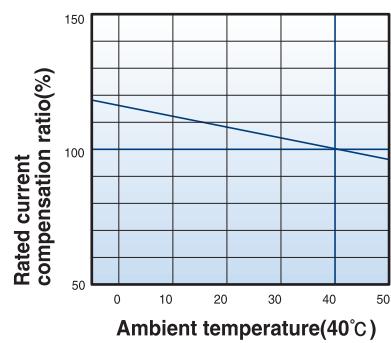
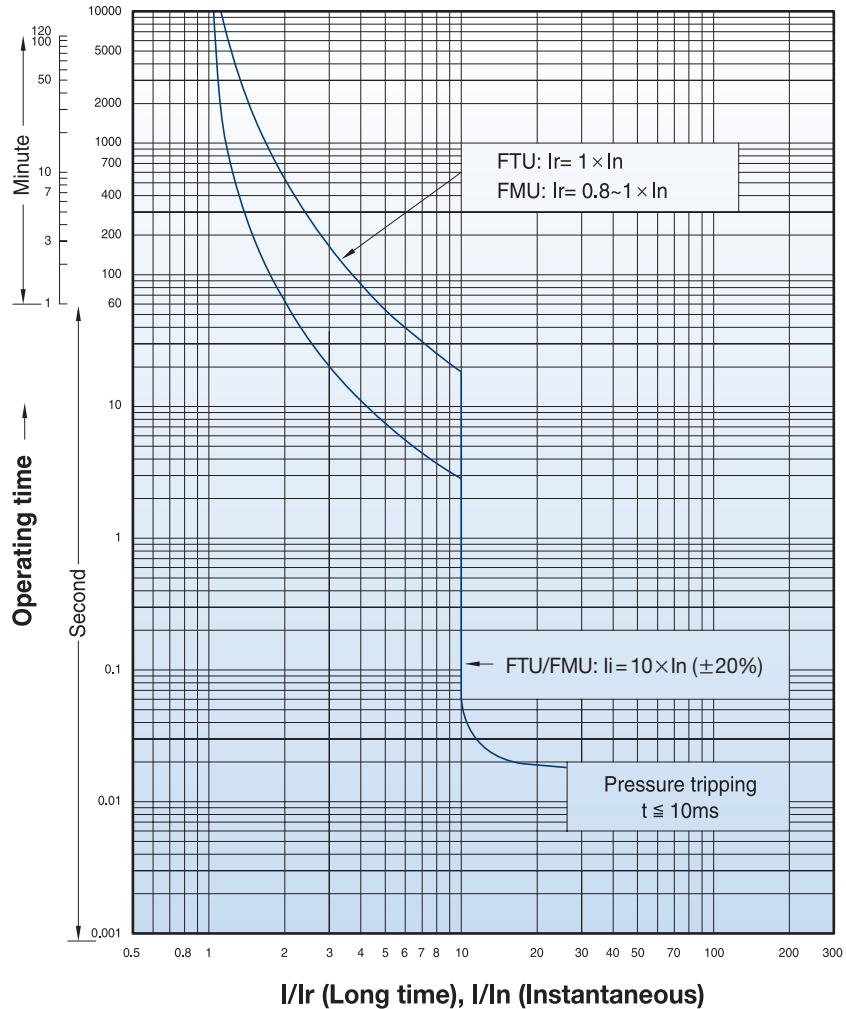
## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TS250

FTU

FMU

125~250A

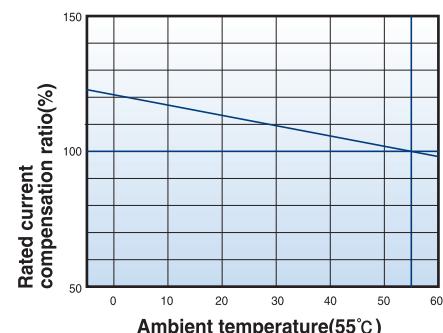
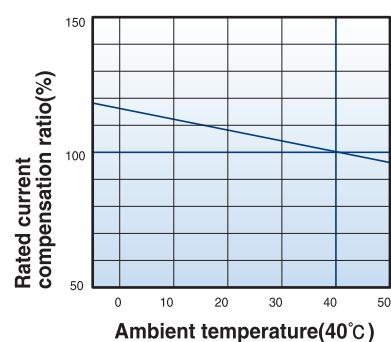
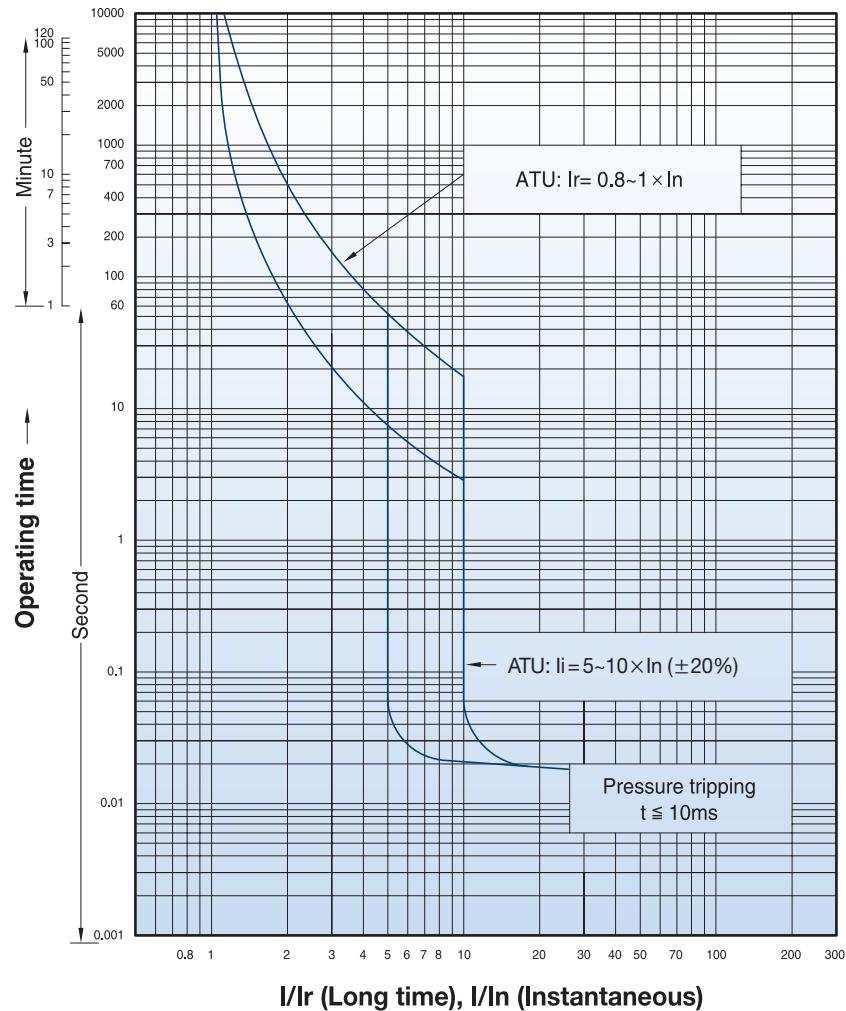


## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TS250

ATU

125~250A



# Characteristics curves

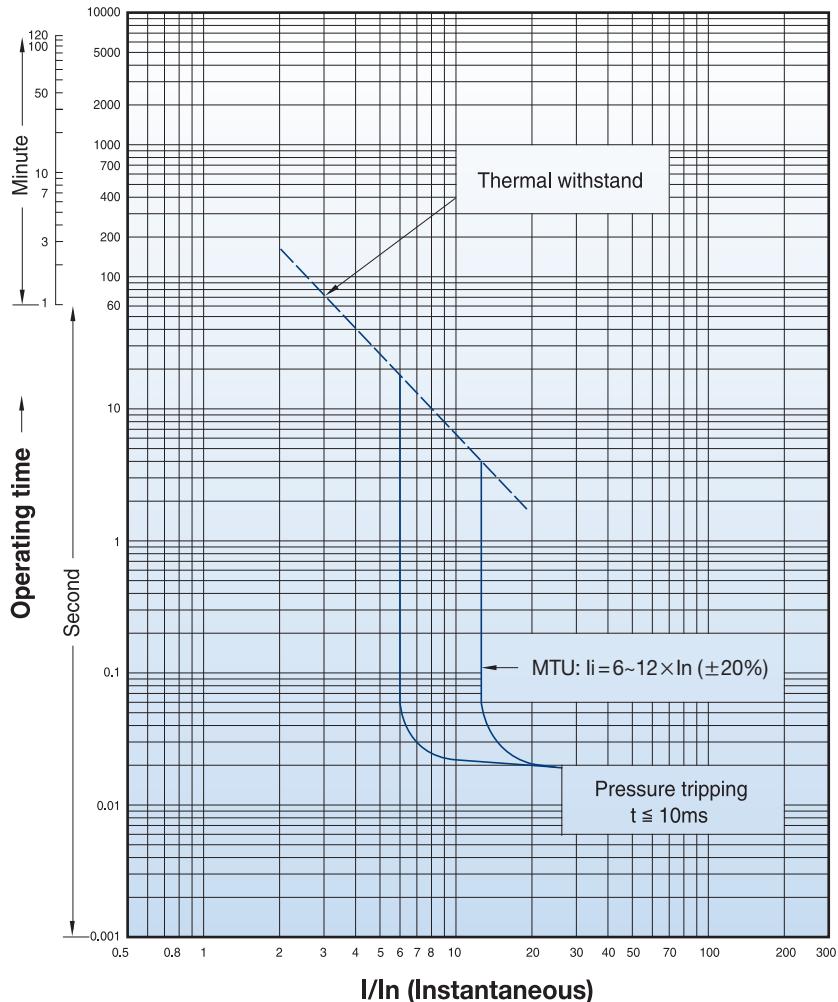
## Circuit breakers with magnetic only trip units

**TS250**

**Magnetic only**

**MTU**

**100, 160, 220A**



**Magnetic trip units(MTU)**

Rating(A)		I <sub>n</sub>
N / H / L	TS100	-
	TS160	-
	TS250	-
	TS400	-
	TS630	-
	TS800	-

TS100~TS800														
1.6	3.2	6.3	12	20	32	50	63	100	160	220	320	500	630	
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-

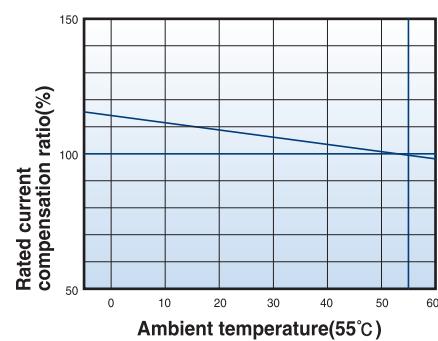
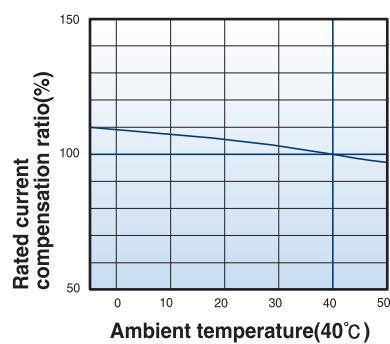
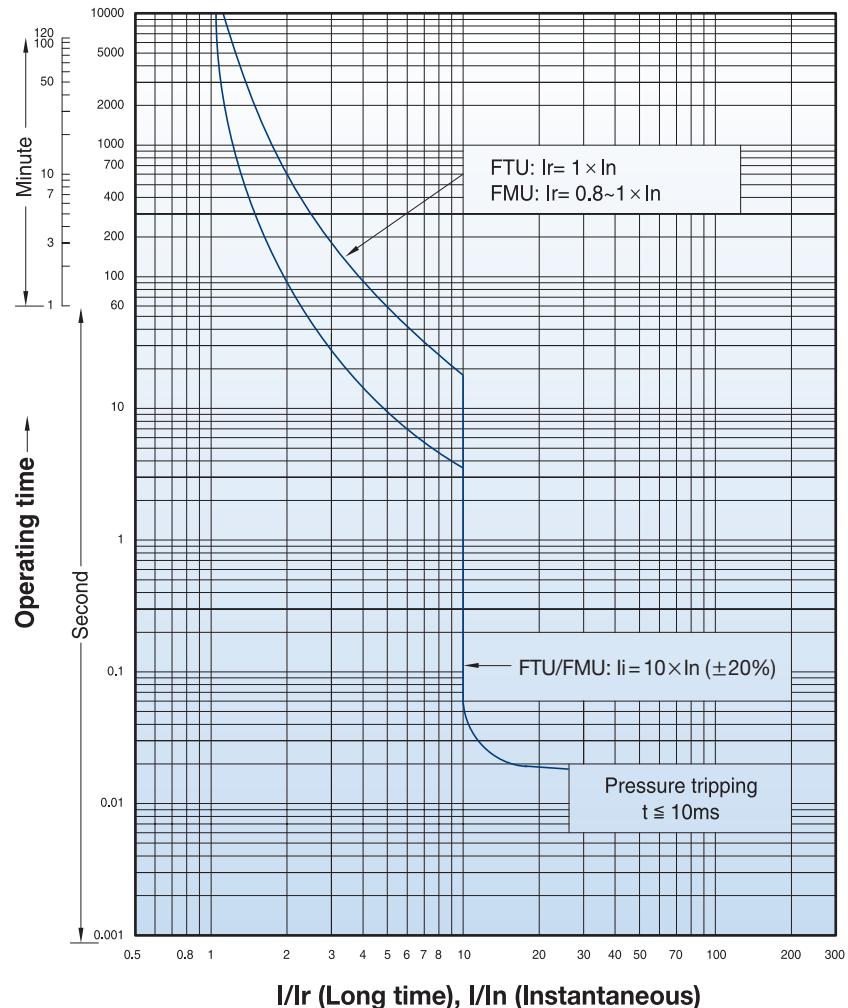
**Short - circuit protection(magnetic)**

Pick - up	I <sub>i</sub>

Setting  
6..12 x I<sub>n</sub> (6 Point)

## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

**TS400**  
**FTU**  
**FMU**  
**300, 400A**



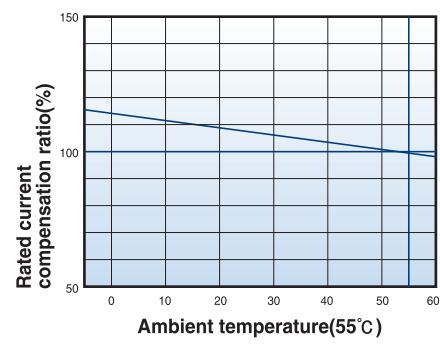
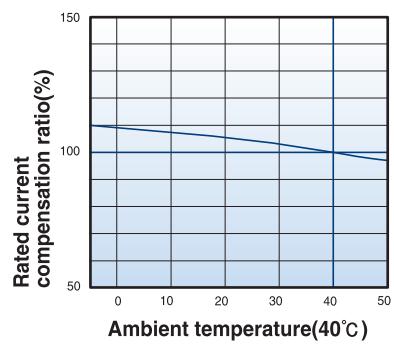
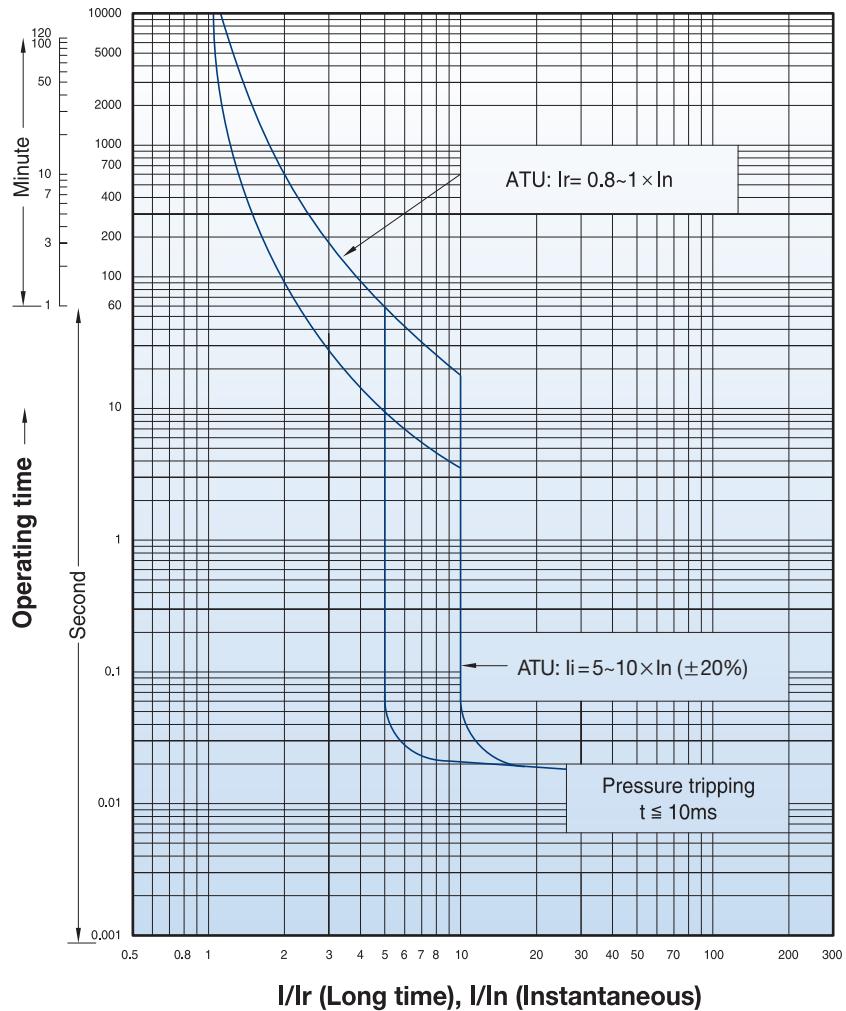
# Characteristics curves

## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TS400

ATU

300, 400A

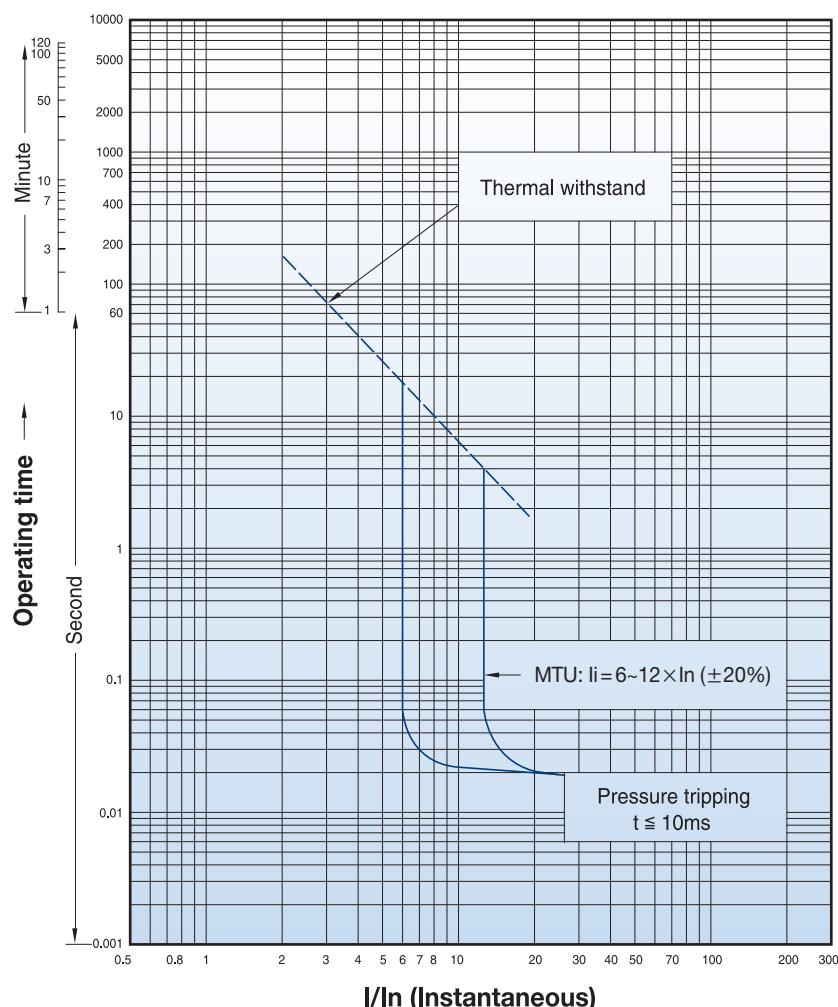


## Circuit breakers with magnetic only trip units

TS400

MTU

320A



### Magnetic trip units(MTU)

Rating(A)		In
N / H / L		
	TS100	●
	TS160	-
	TS250	-
	TS400	-
	TS630	-
	TS800	-

### TS100~TS800

1.6	3.2	6.3	12	20	32	50	63	100	160	220	320	500	630
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●

### Short - circuit protection(magnetic)

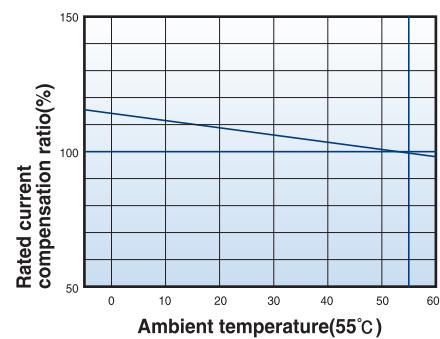
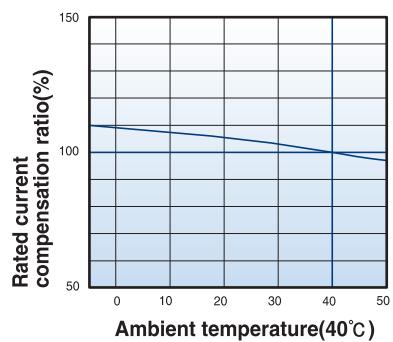
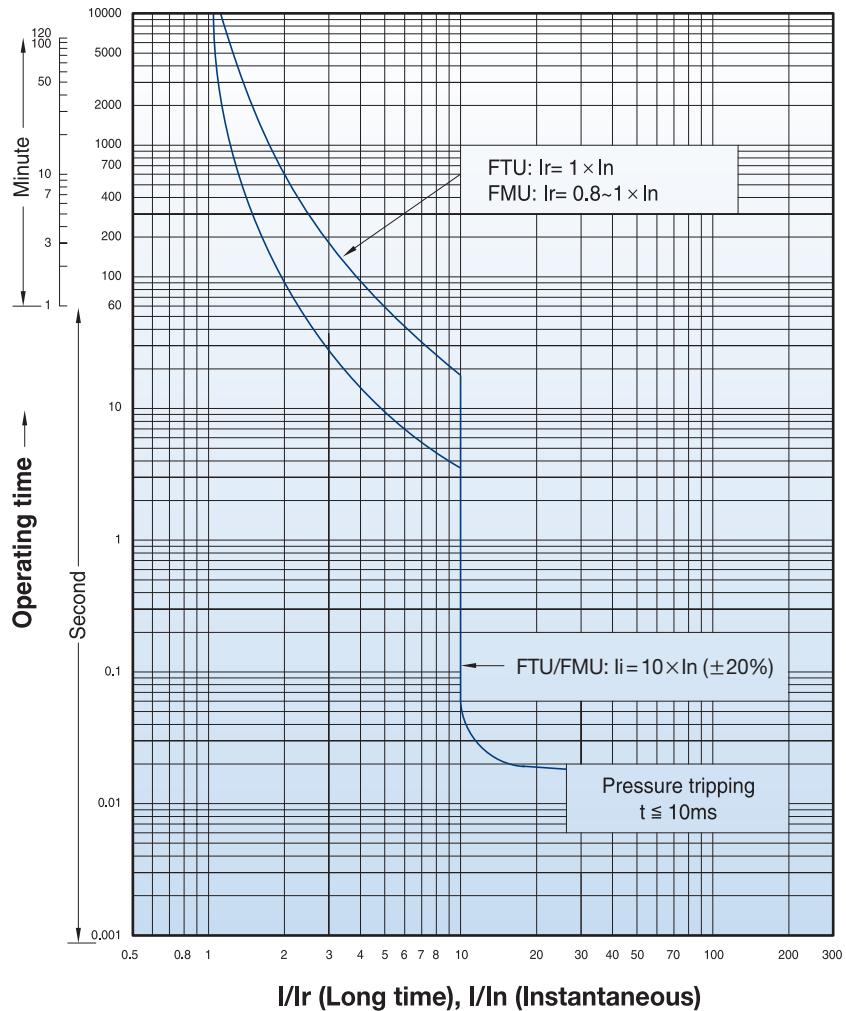
Pick - up	I <sub>i</sub>

Setting
6..12×I <sub>n</sub> (6 Point)

# Characteristics curves

## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TS630  
FTU  
FMU  
500, 630A

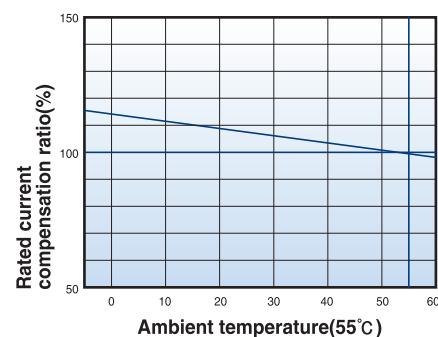
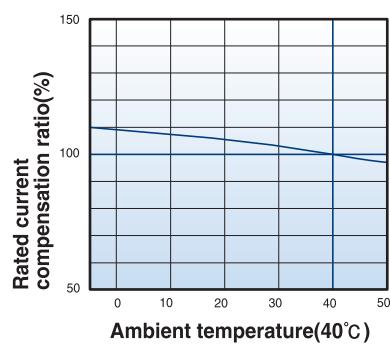
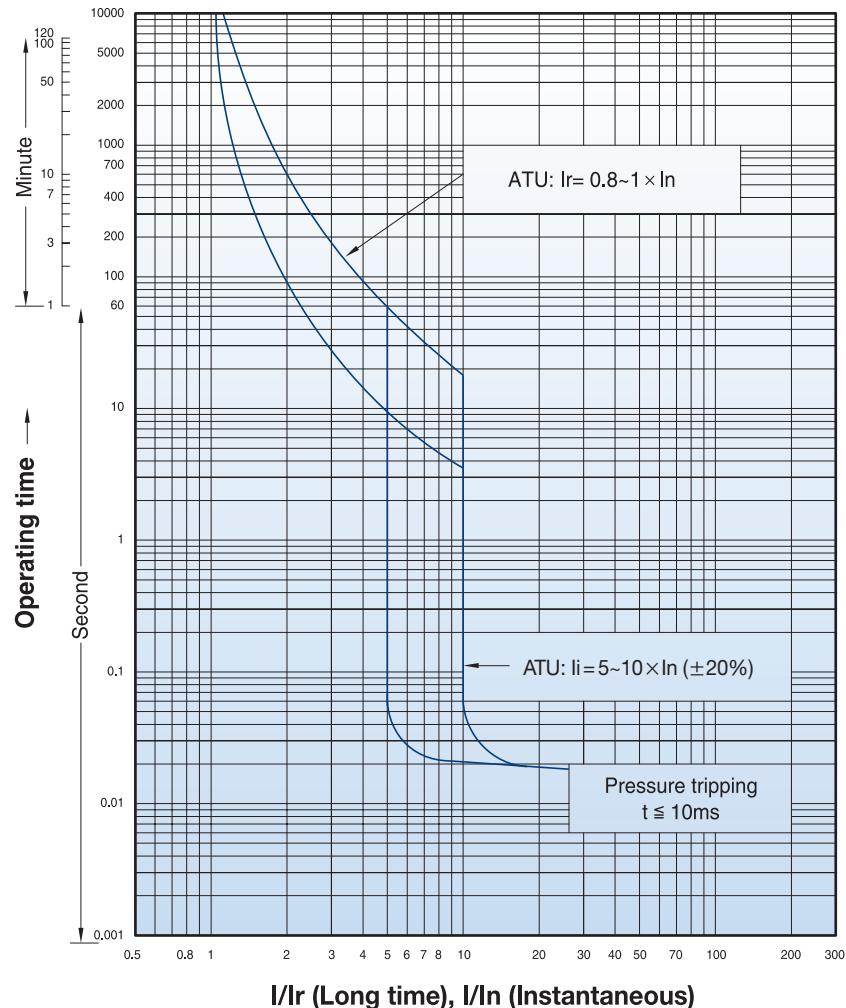


## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TS630

ATU

500, 630A



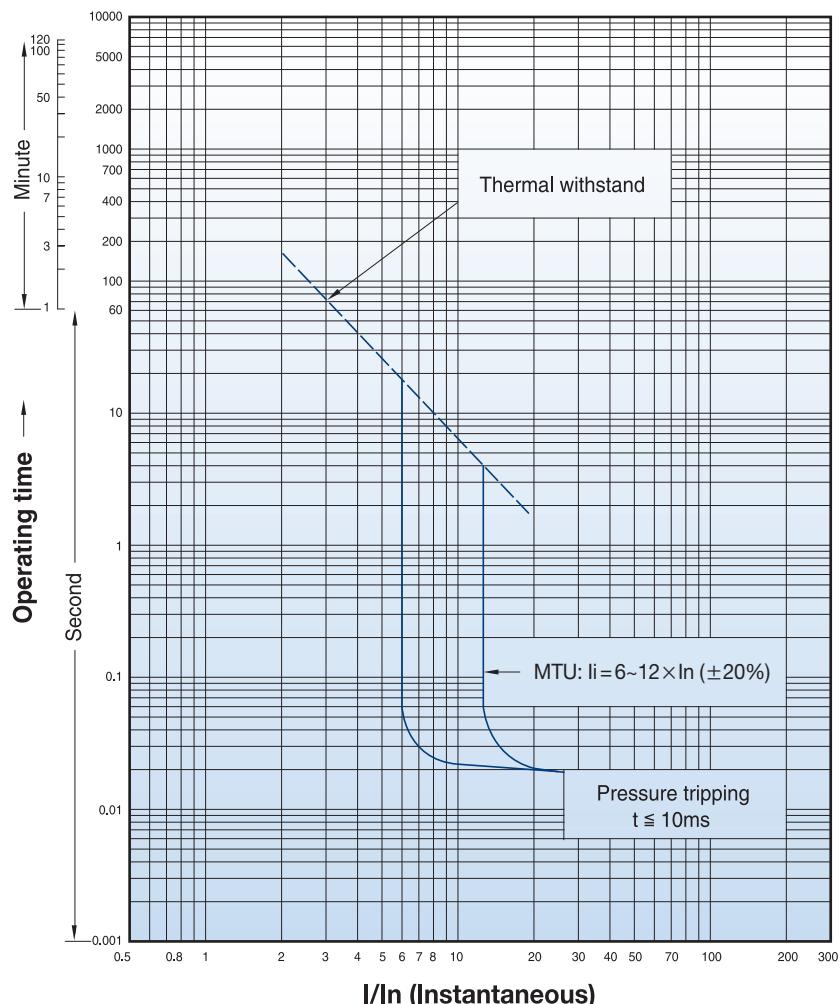
# Characteristics curves

## Circuit breakers with magnetic only trip units

TS630

MTU

500A



### Magnetic trip units(MTU)

Rating(A)	I <sub>n</sub>
N / H / L	TS100
	TS160
	TS250
	TS400
	TS630
	TS800

TS100~TS800														
1.6	3.2	6.3	12	20	32	50	63	100	160	220	320	500	630	
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-

### Short - circuit protection(magnetic)

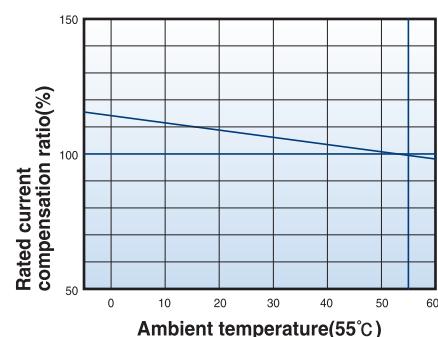
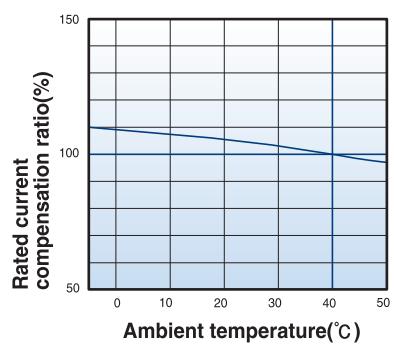
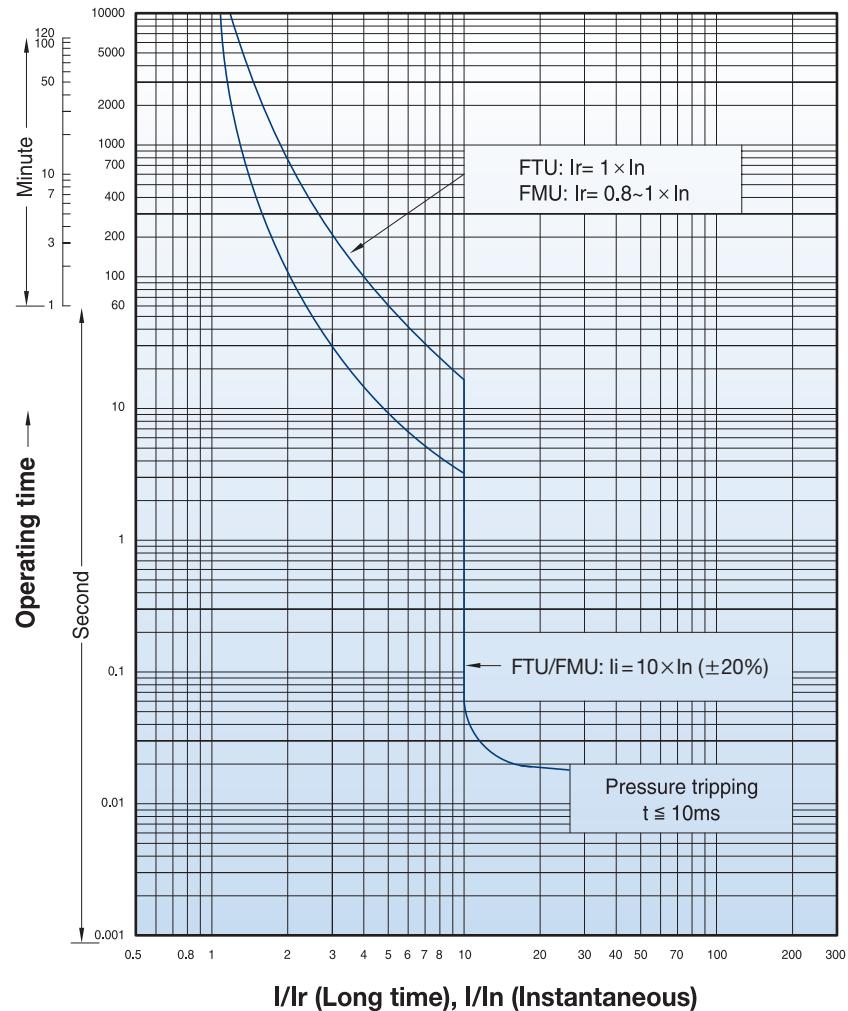
Pick - up	I <sub>i</sub>

Setting

6..12 × I<sub>n</sub> (6 Point)

## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TS800

FTU  
700, 800AFMU  
800A

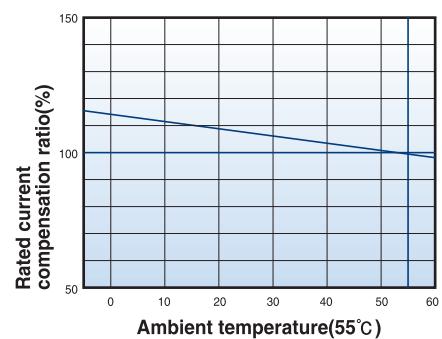
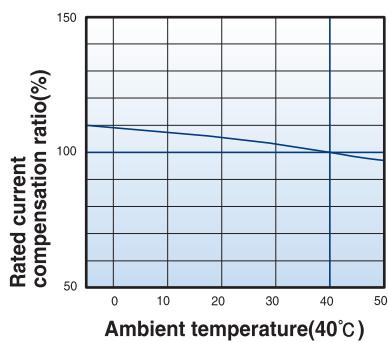
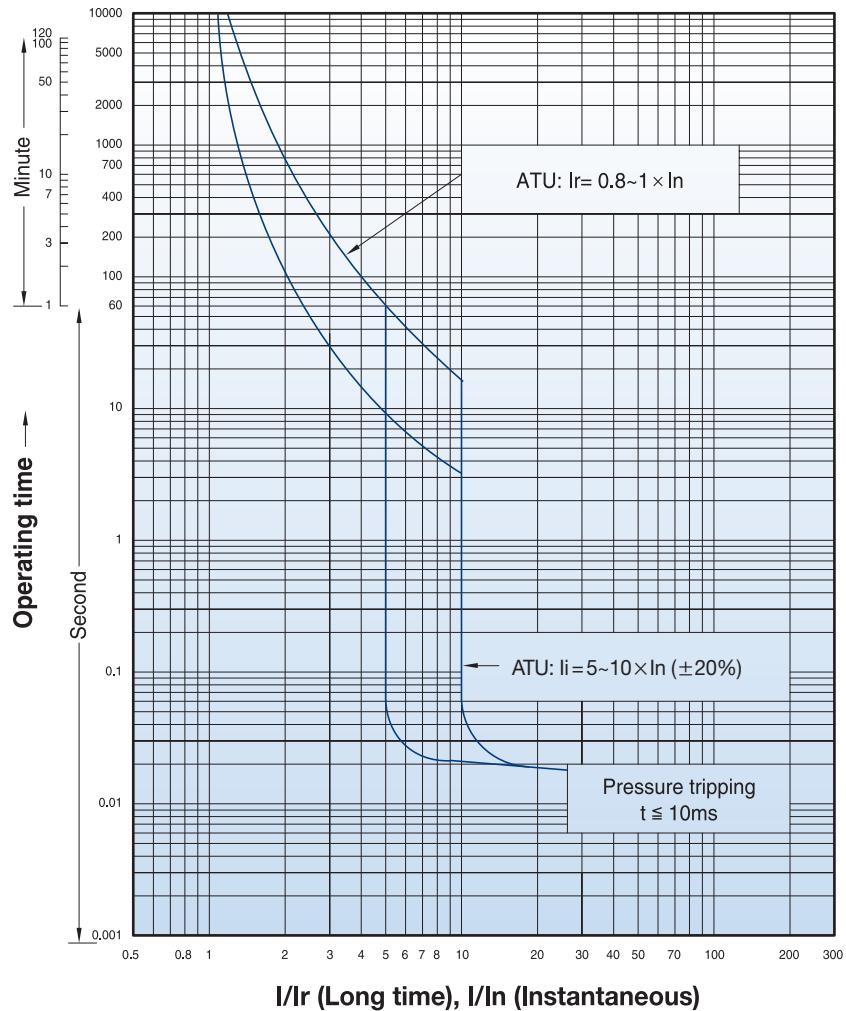
# Characteristics curves

## Circuit breakers with thermal-magnetic trip units

TS800

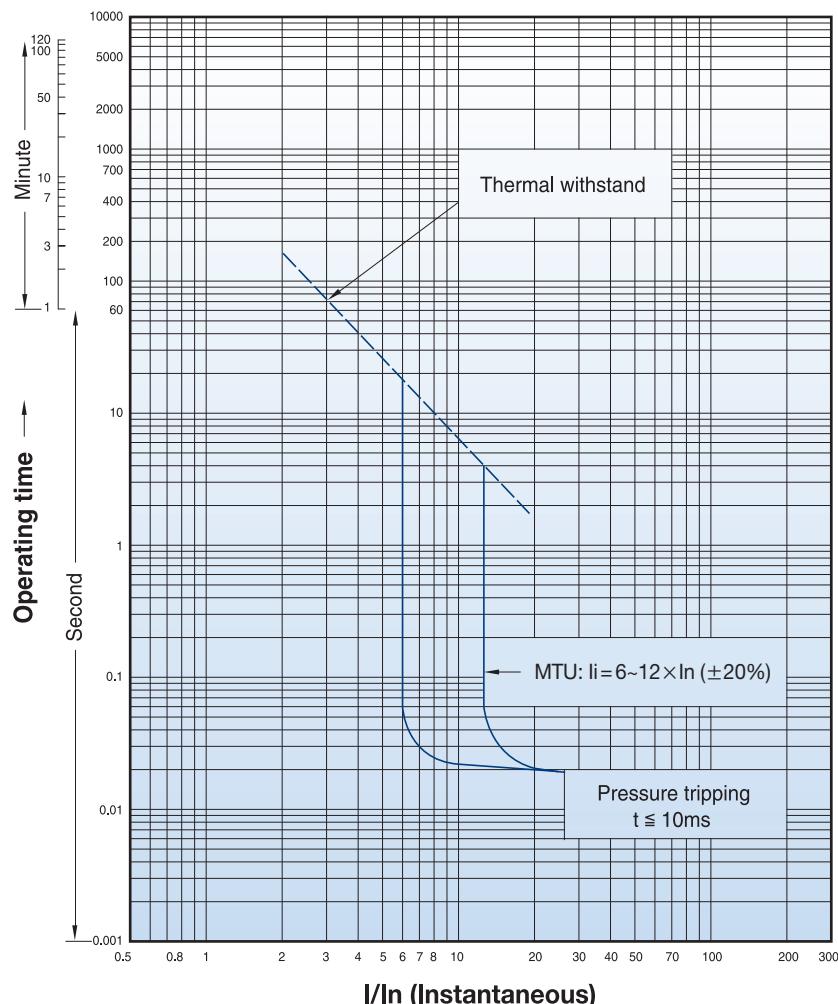
ATU

800A



## Circuit breakers with magnetic only trip units

TS800

MTU  
630A

### Magnetic trip units(MTU)

Rating(A)		In
N / H / L		
	TS100	
	TS160	
	TS250	
	TS400	
	TS630	
	TS800	

TS100~TS800														
1.6	3.2	6.3	12	20	32	50	63	100	160	220	320	500	630	
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	●	●	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●	●	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	-

### Short - circuit protection(magnetic)

Pick - up	I <sub>i</sub>

Setting
6..12×I <sub>n</sub> (6 Point)

# Characteristics curves

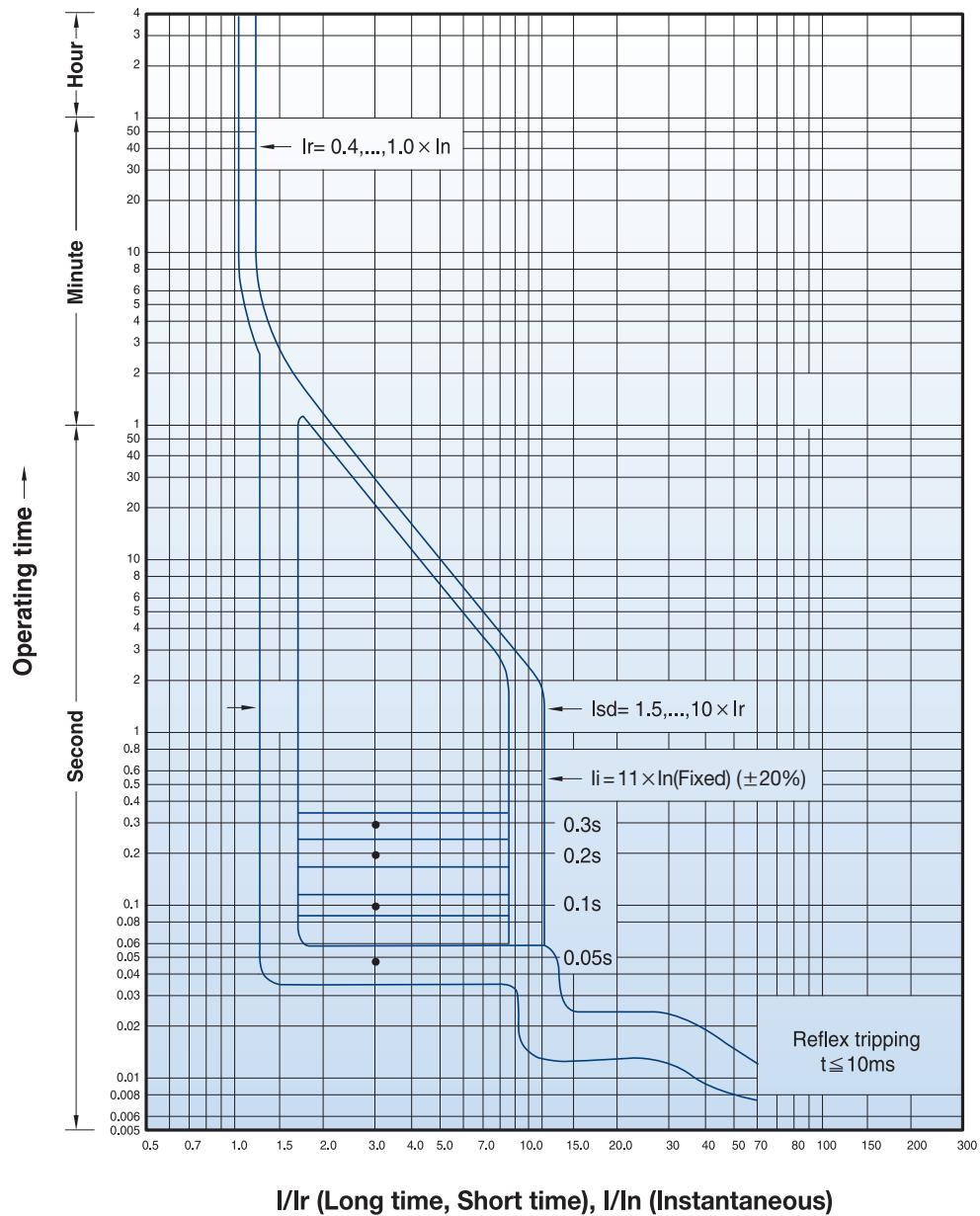
## Circuit breakers with electronic trip unit (ETS)

TS100 to TS800

ETS23

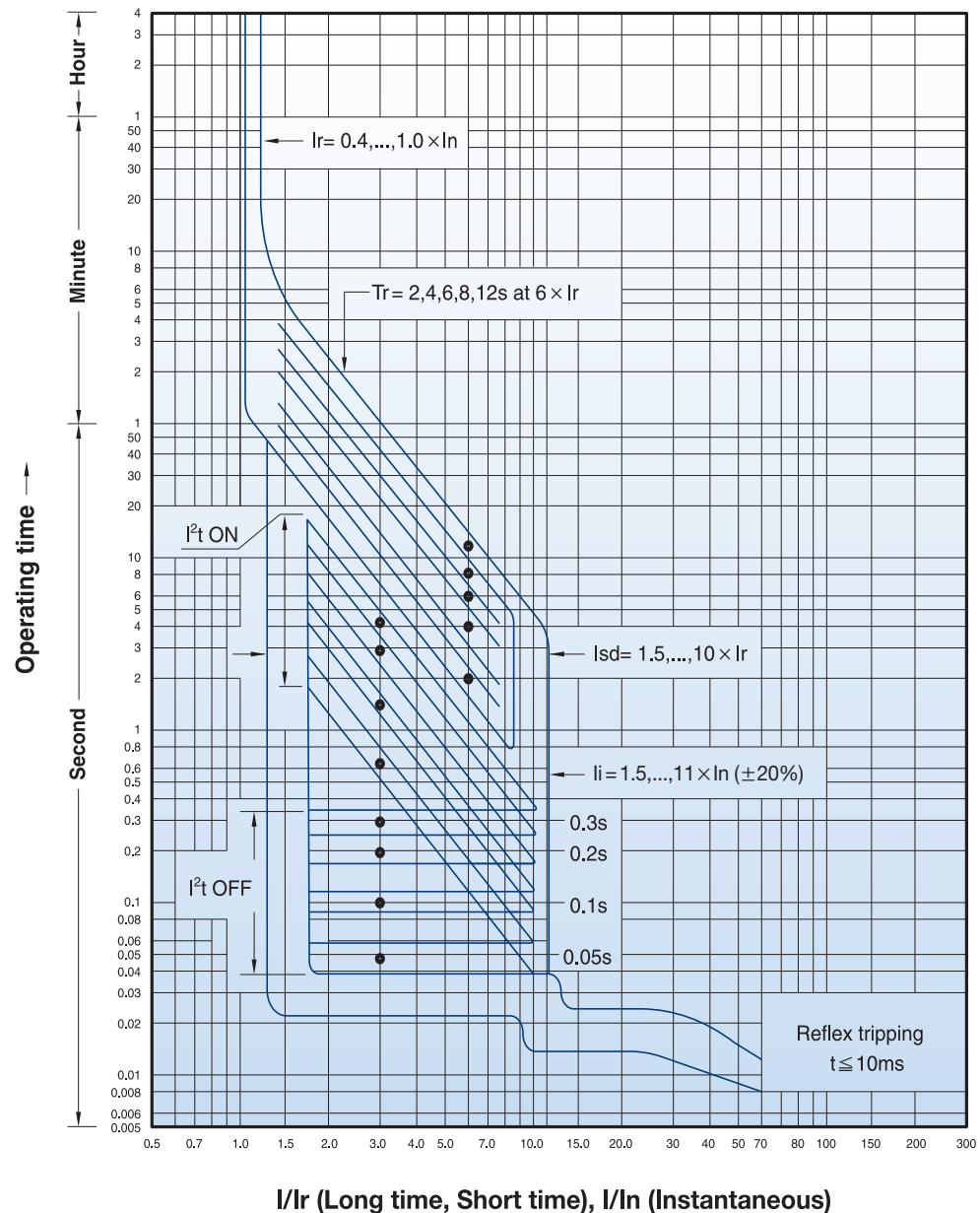
ETS33

ETS43



## Circuit breakers with electronic trip unit (ETM)

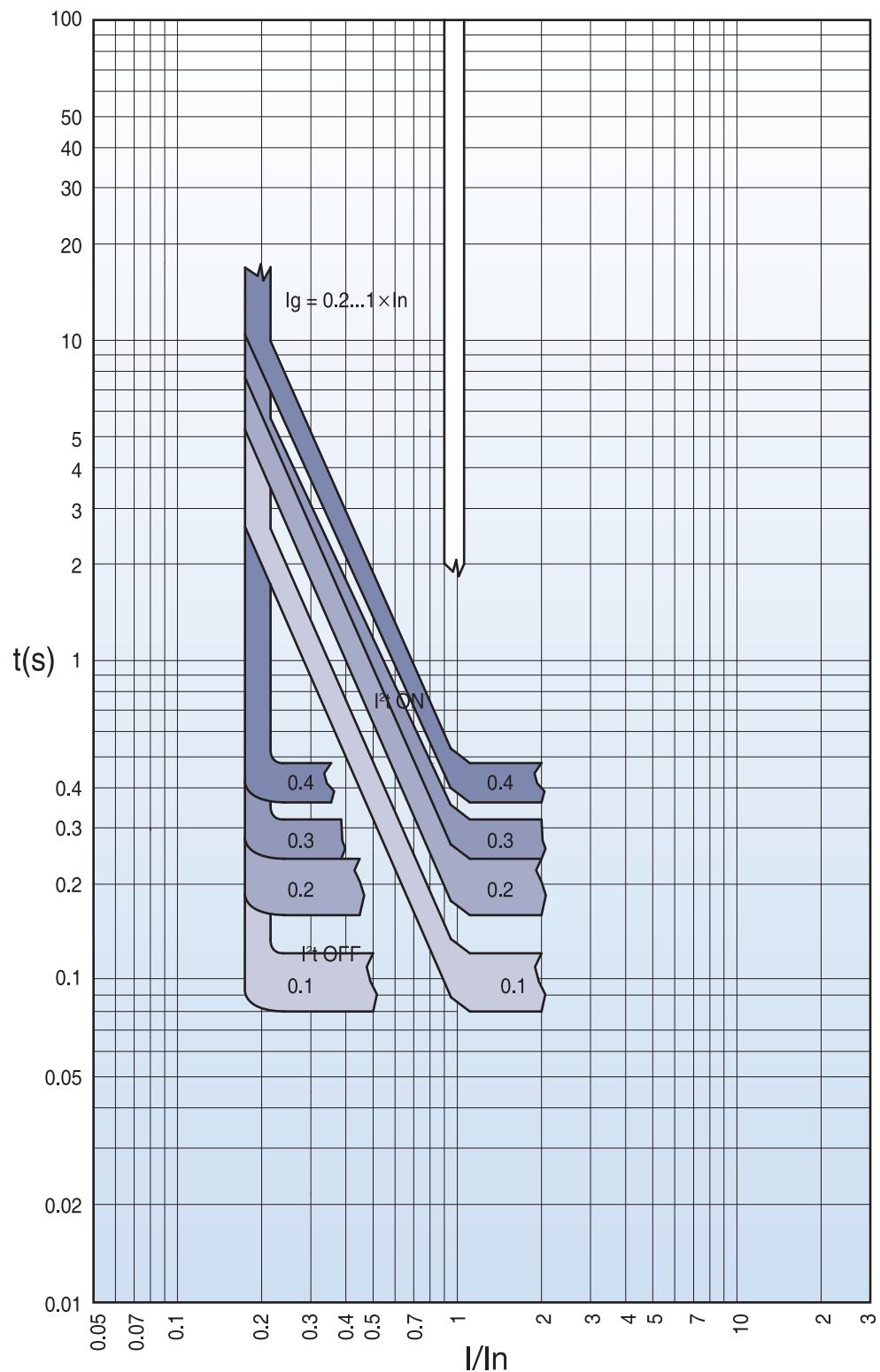
TS400  
 TS630  
 TS800  
 ETM33  
 ETM43



# Characteristics curves

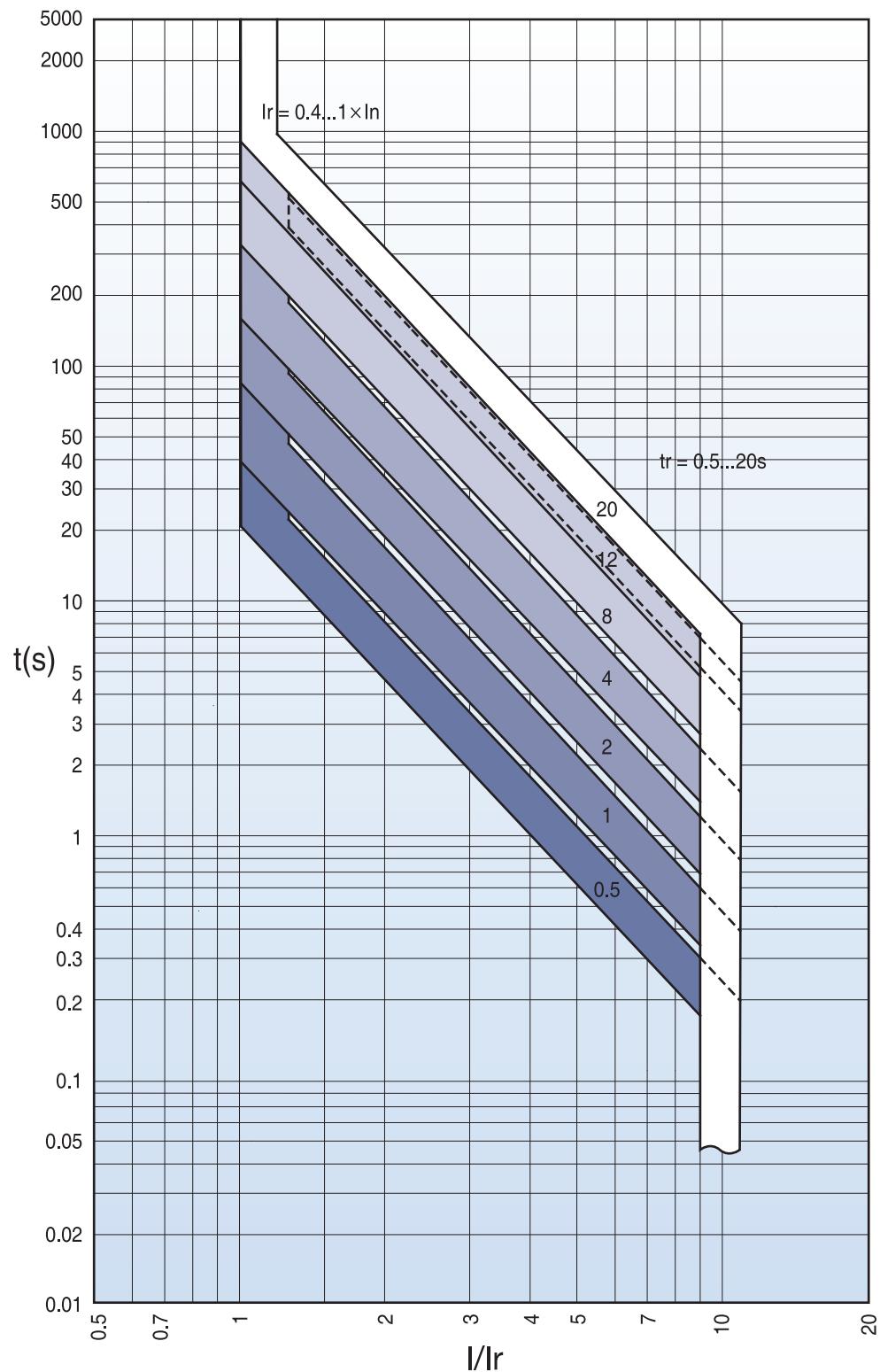
## ETM Ground fault (G)

TS400  
TS630  
TS800  
ETM33  
ETM43



## Long-time delay (L)

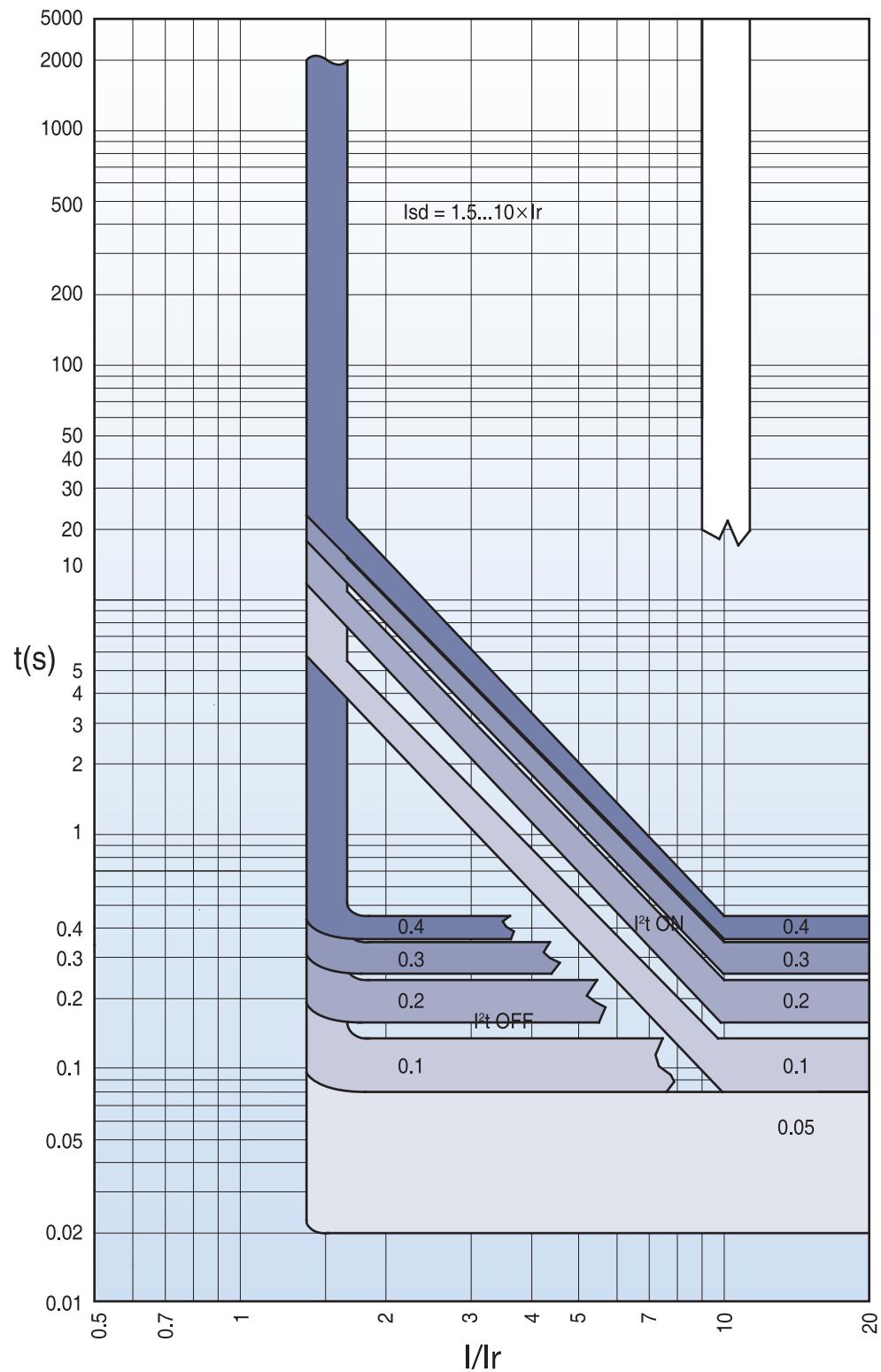
TS1600



# Characteristics curves

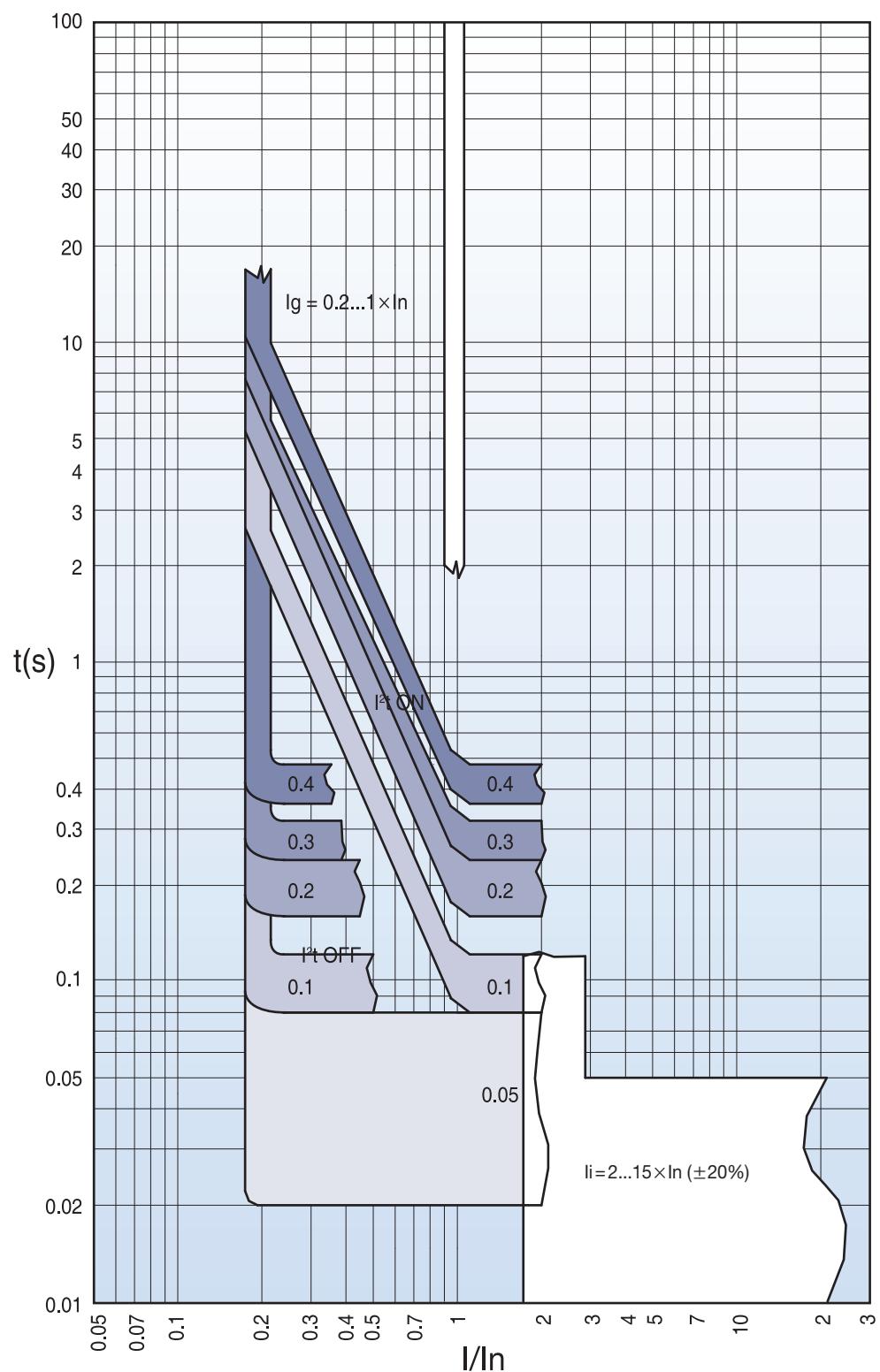
## Short-time delay (S)

TS1600



## Instantaneous (I) / Ground fault (G)

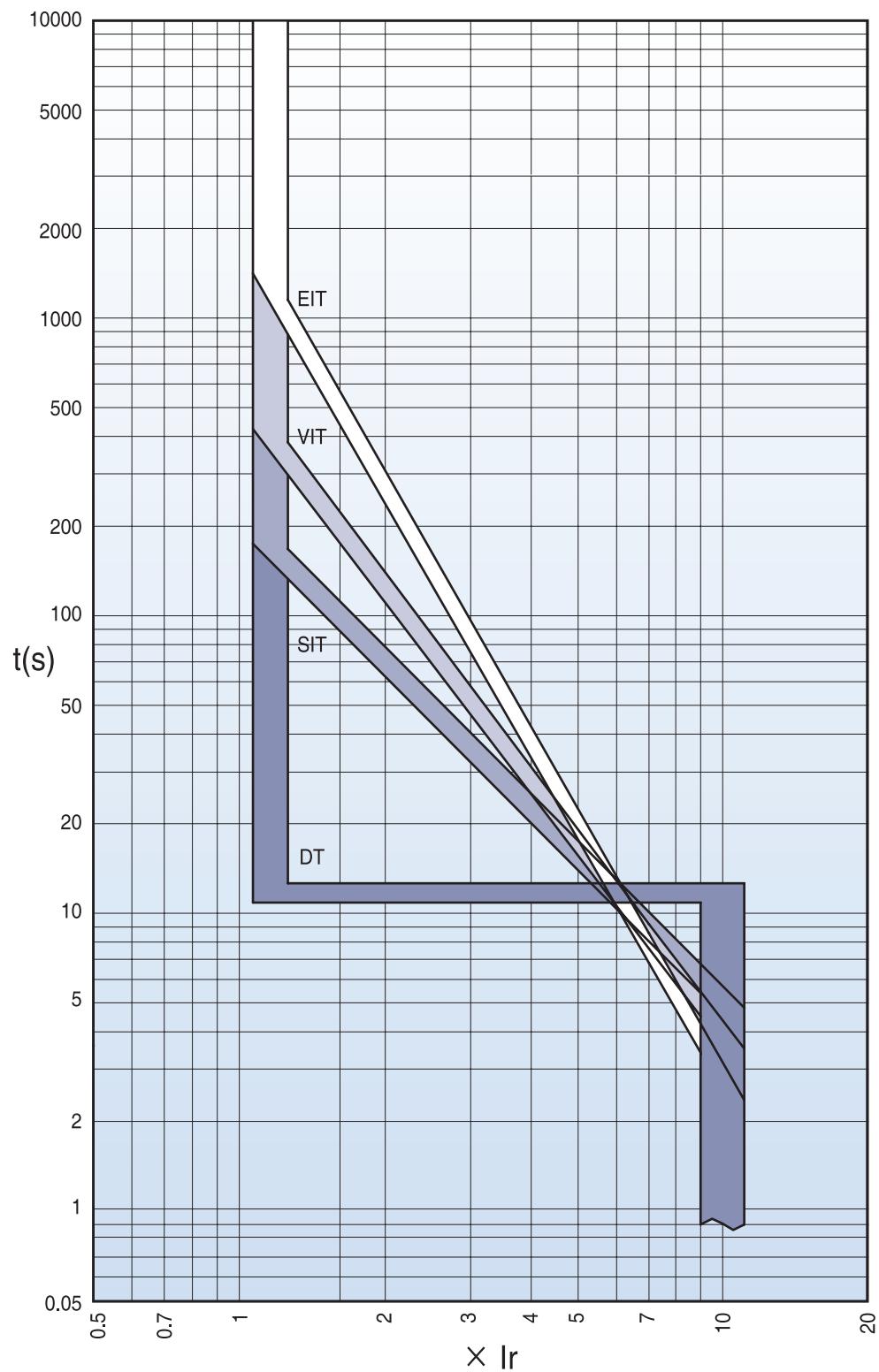
TS1600



# Characteristics curves

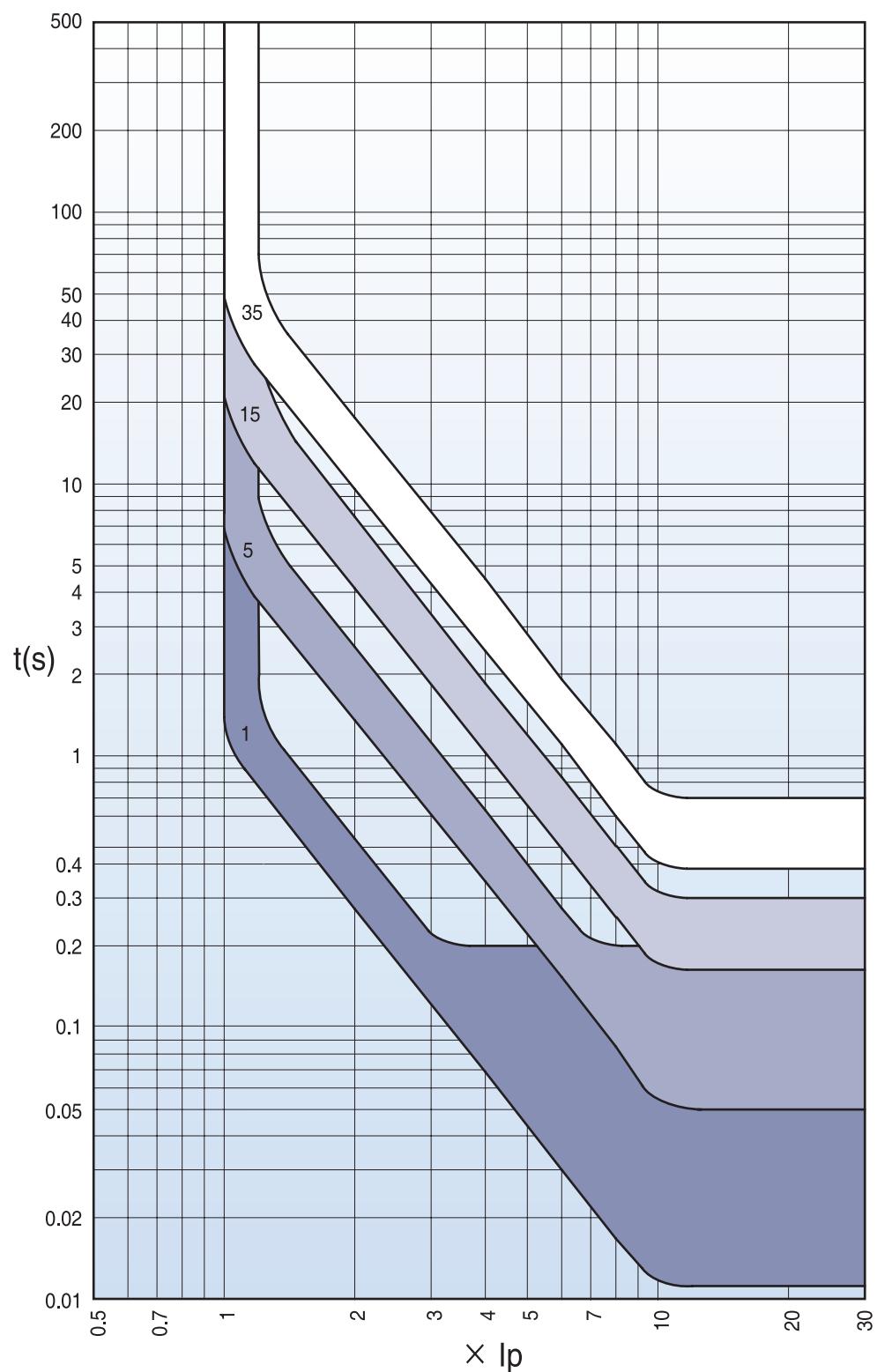
IDMTL

TS1600



## Pre Trip Alarm

TS1600

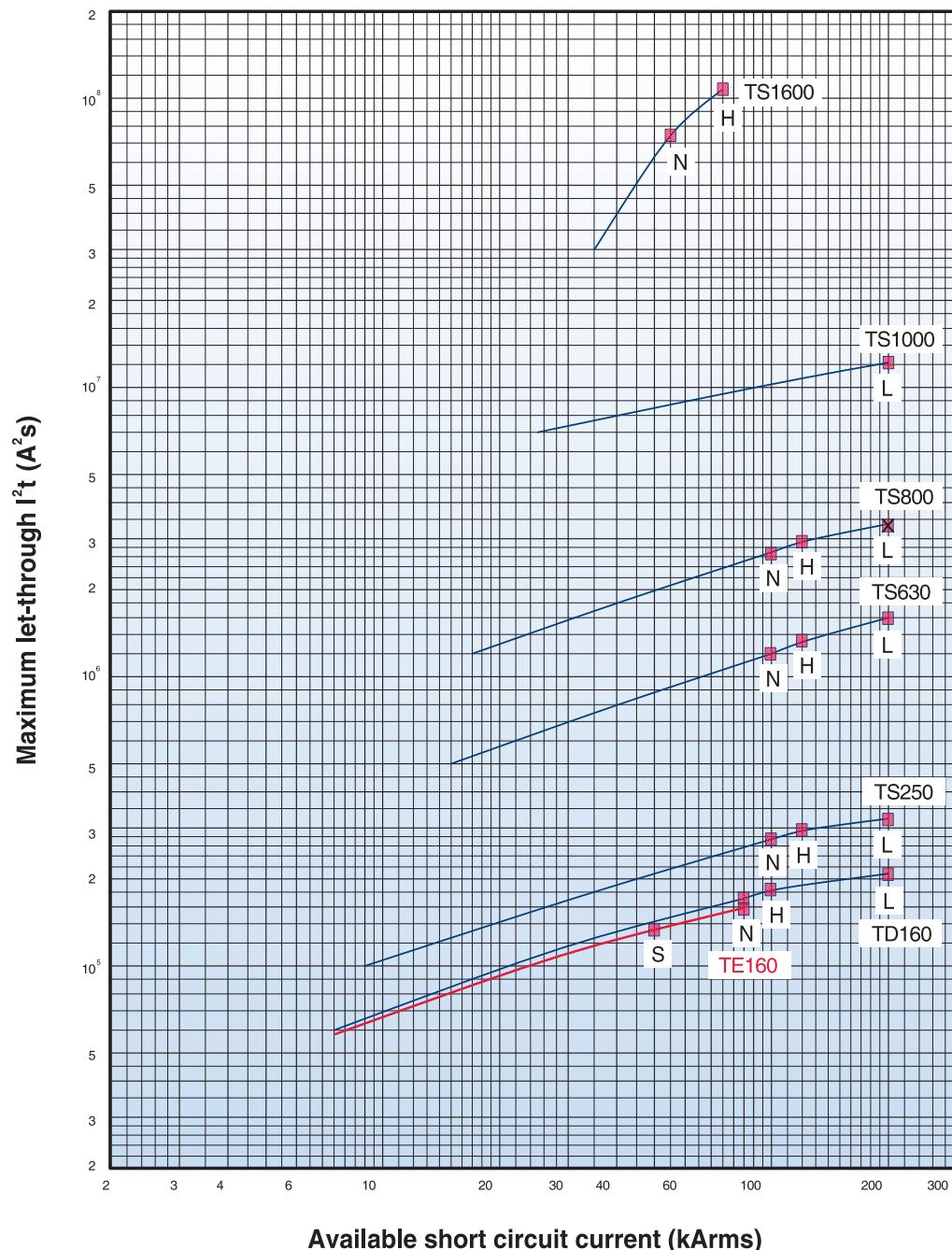


# Characteristics curves

## Specific let-through energy curves

220/240V

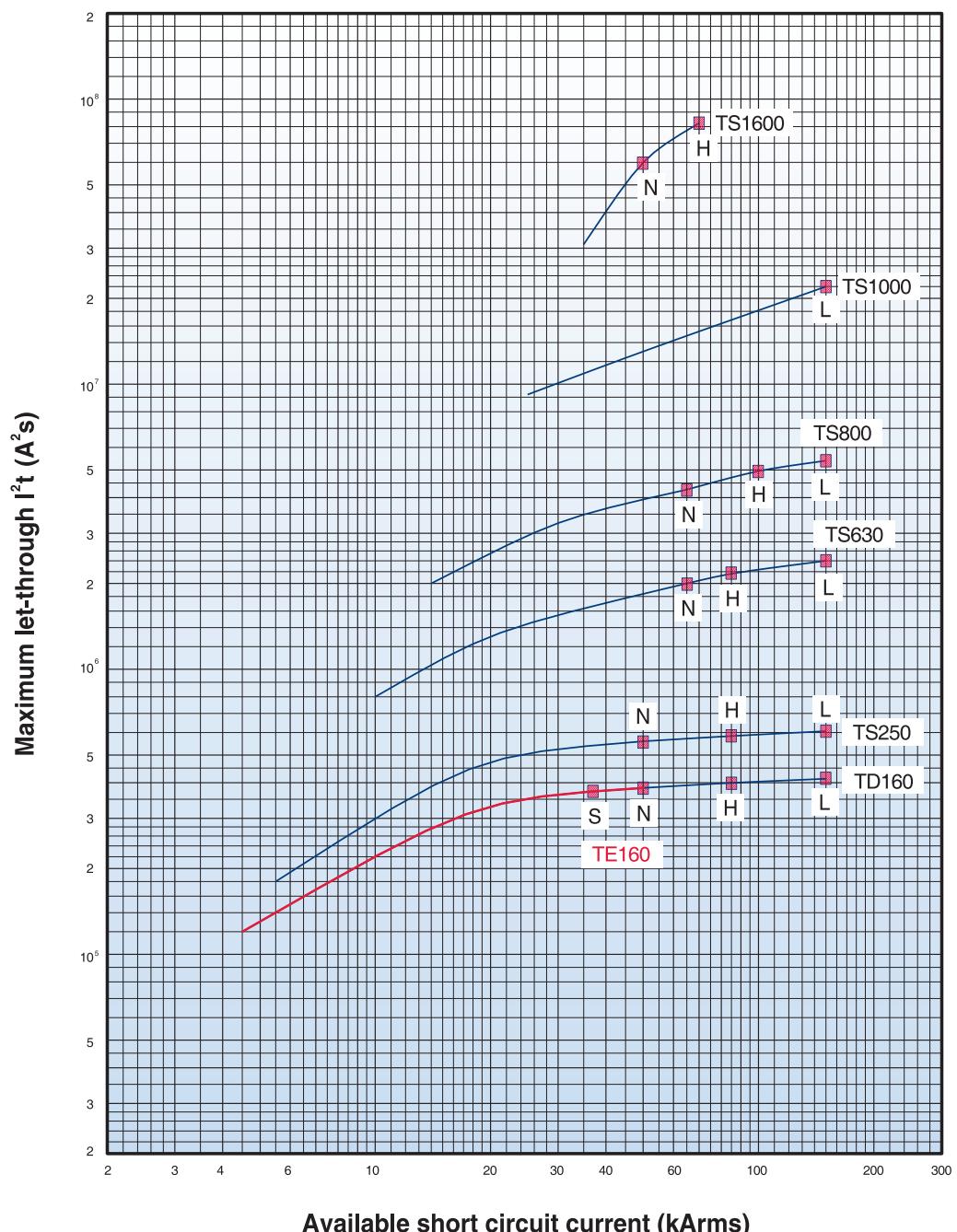
Thermal stress



## Specific let-through energy curves

380/415V

Thermal stress

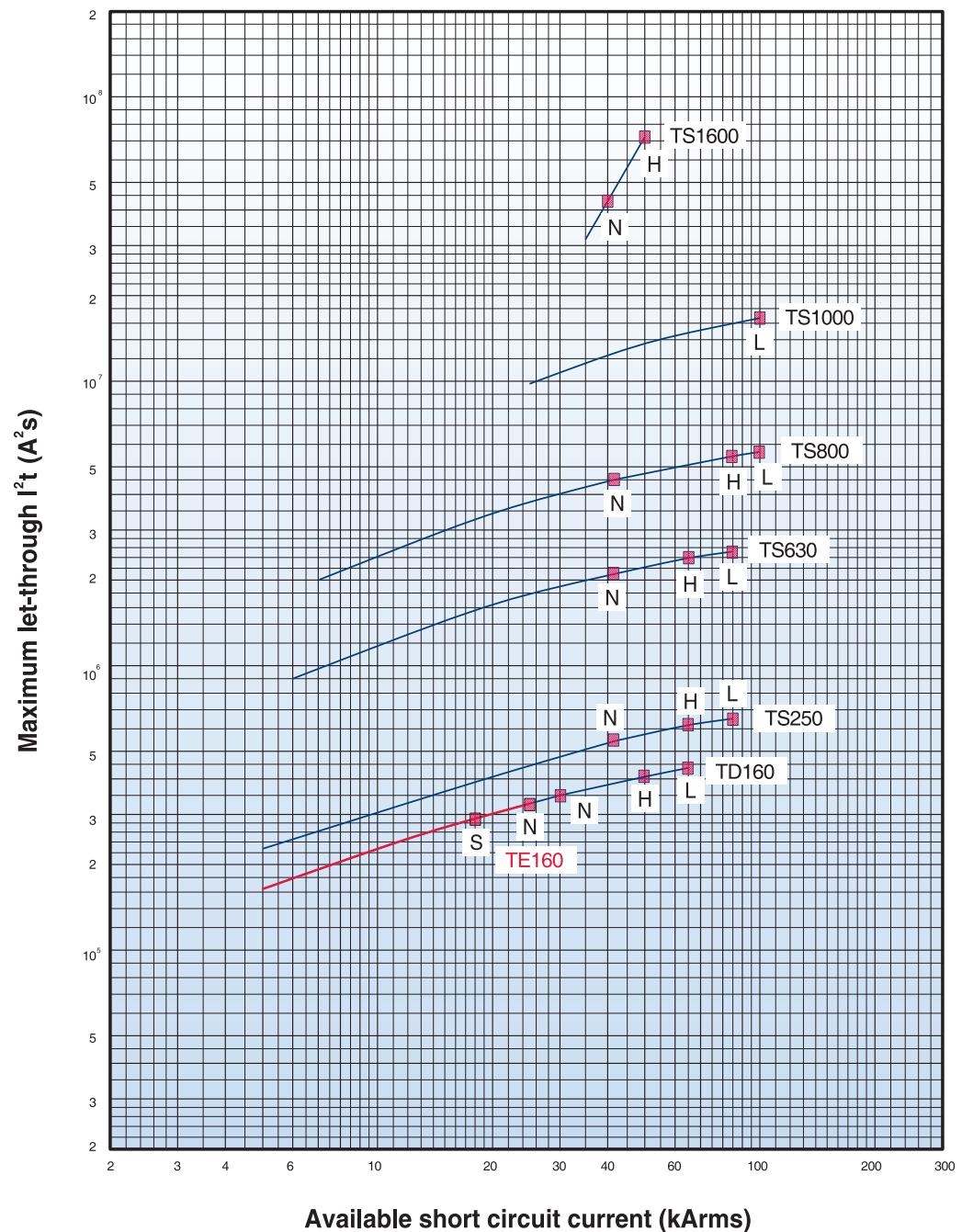


# Characteristics curves

## Specific let-through energy curves

480/500V

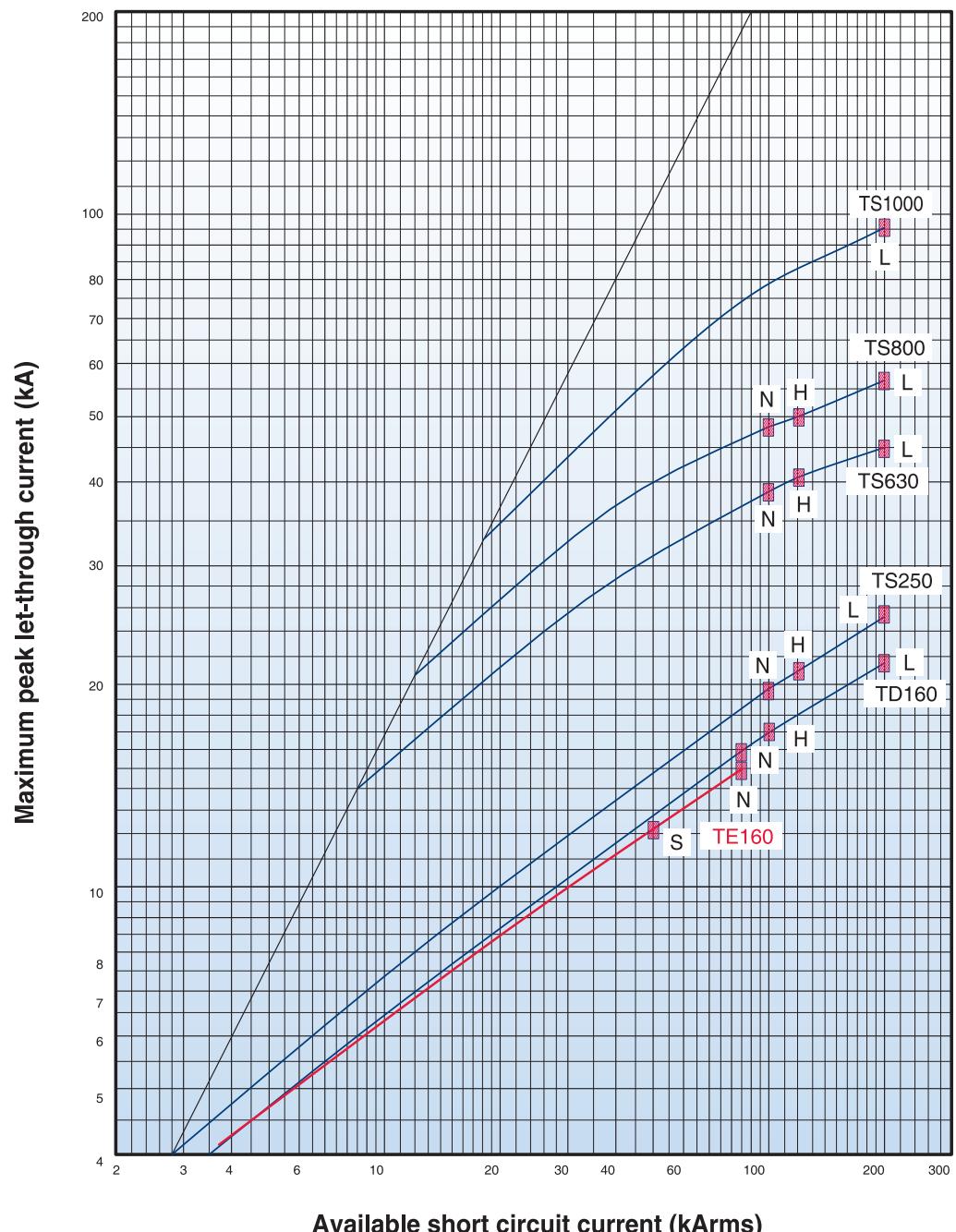
Thermal stress



## Current-limiting curves

220/240V

Peak current

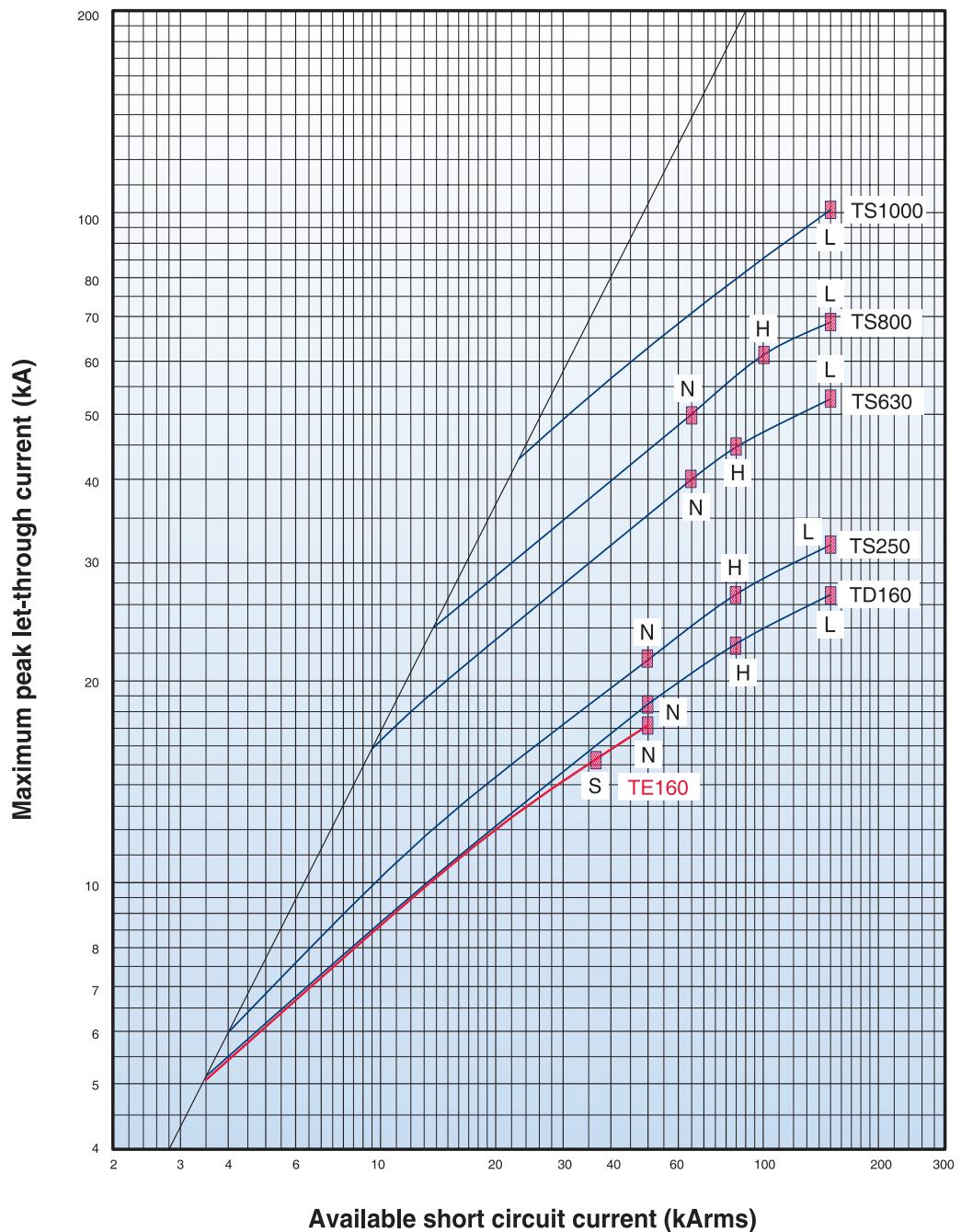


# Characteristics curves

## Current-limiting curves

380/415V

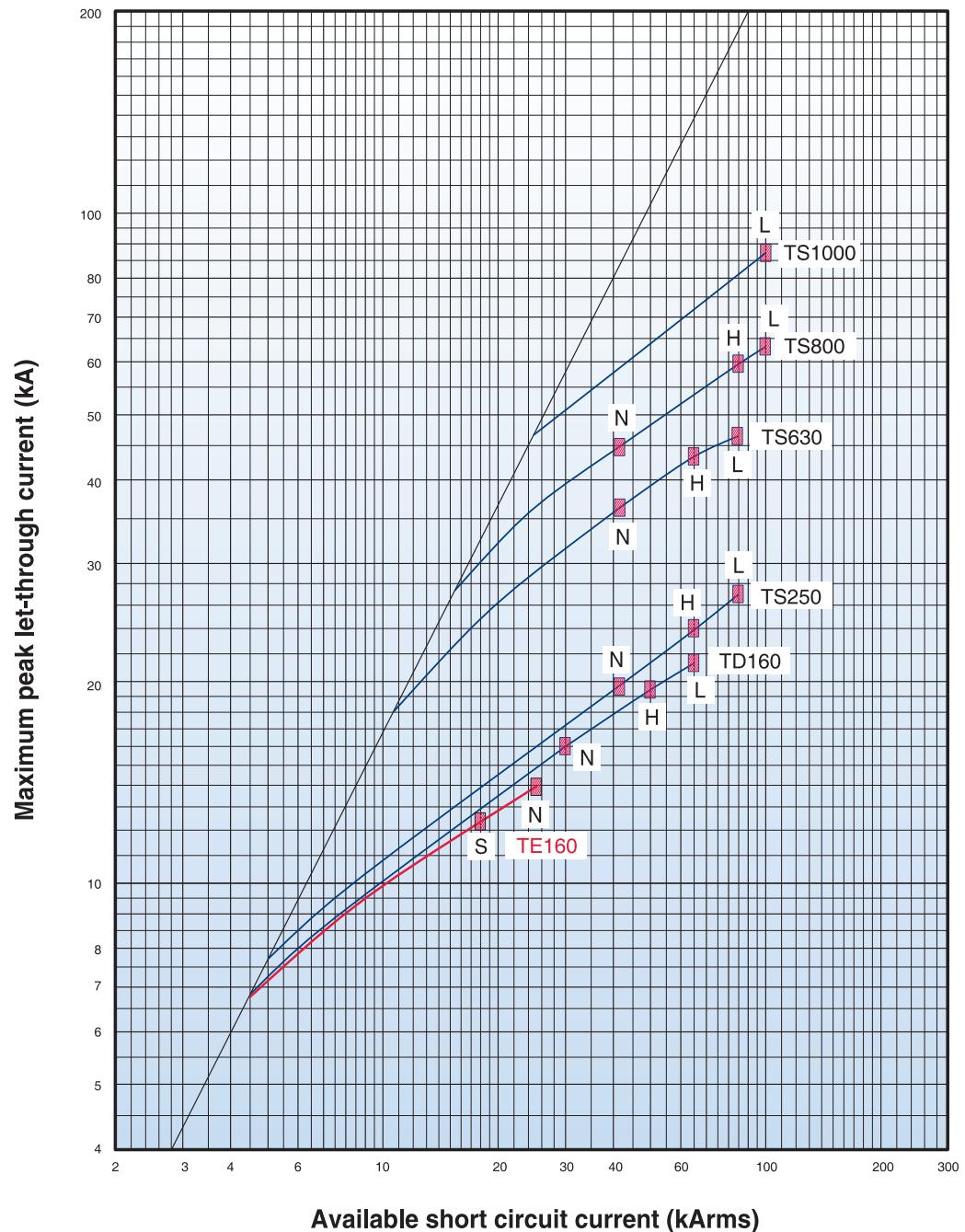
Peak current



## Current-limiting curves

480/500V

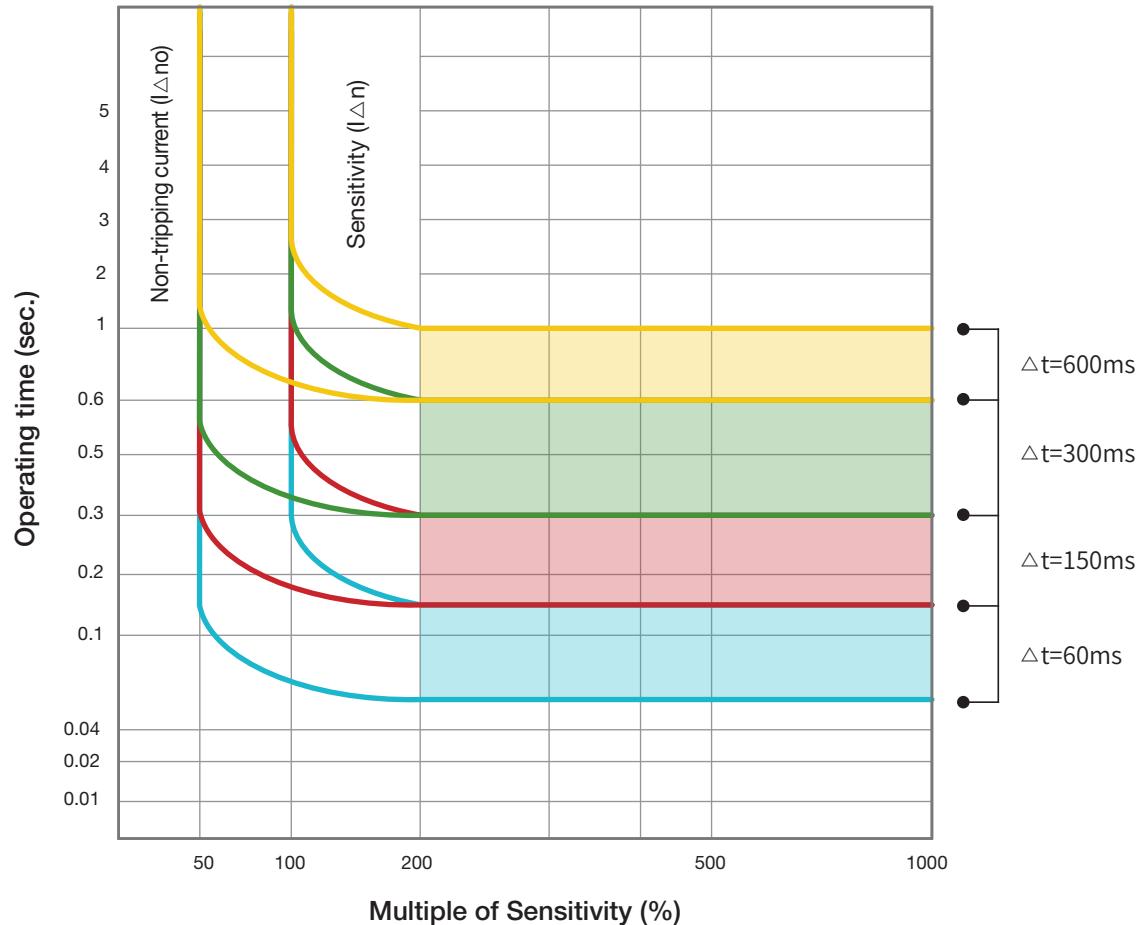
Peak current



# Characteristics curves

## Time delay curves (RCD)

RTU23  
RTU24  
RTU33  
RTU34  
RTU43



# Memo

Susol MCCB



# A-6

## Dimensions

### Susol MCCB TE100, 160 series

- TE100, 160 A-6-1

### Susol MCCB TD, TS series up to 800A

- TD160 A-6-2
- TD100, 160 A-6-3
- TS100, 160, 250 A-6-4
- TS400, 630 A-6-5
- TS800 A-6-6

### Accessories for TD/TS series up to 800A

- Direct rotary handles up to 800AF A-6-7
- Extended rotary handles up to 800AF A-6-13
- Mechanical interlocking device up to 800AF A-6-19
- Plug-in device up to 800AF A-6-22
- Terminal cover up to 800AF A-6-28
- Rear terminals up to 800AF A-6-30
- Extended terminal up to 800AF A-6-30
- Rear terminals up to 800AF A-6-31
- Circuit breaker with motor operator up to 800AF A-6-37
- Wiring connection(motor operator) A-6-38
- Wiring diagram(State of operation) A-6-39

### Susol MCCB TS series up to 1600A

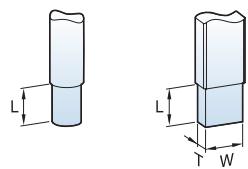
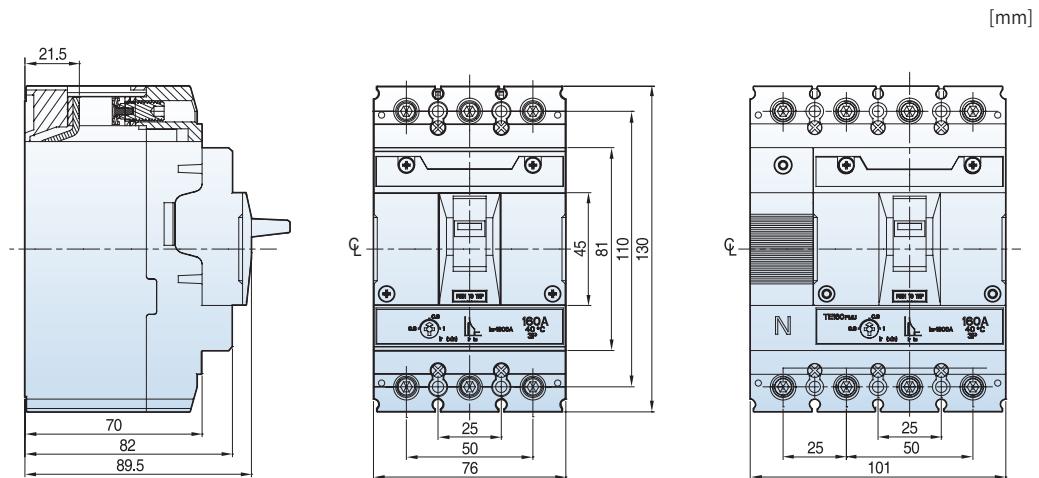
- TS1000, 1250, 1600A front type A-6-40
- TS1000, 1250, 1600A front type busbar A-6-41
- TS1000, 1250, 1600A rear type A-6-42
- Rotary handles for TS 1600AF A-6-43
- Locking devices for TS 1600AF A-6-44
- Terminals for TS1600AF A-6-45

### Susol MCCB DC PV series up to 1600A

- TD100, TD160, TS100, TS160, TS250 A-6-47
- TS400, TS630, TS800 A-6-48
- Short BUSBAR A-6-51
- TS1600NA A-6-54
- Short BUSBAR A-6-57

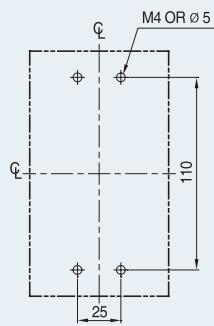
# Overall dimensions

**TE100/160**

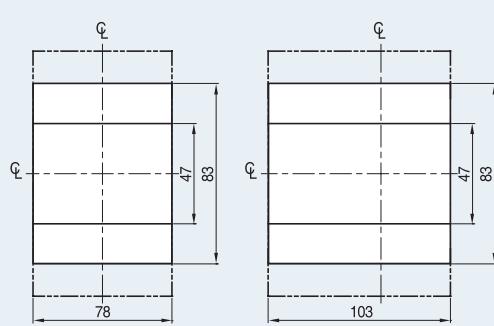


Wire size	Min	2.5mm <sup>2</sup>
	Max.	70mm <sup>2</sup>
L(mm)		17.5
W(mm)		≤13.5
T(mm)		≤6
Torque		80kgf.cm

**Panel drilling**

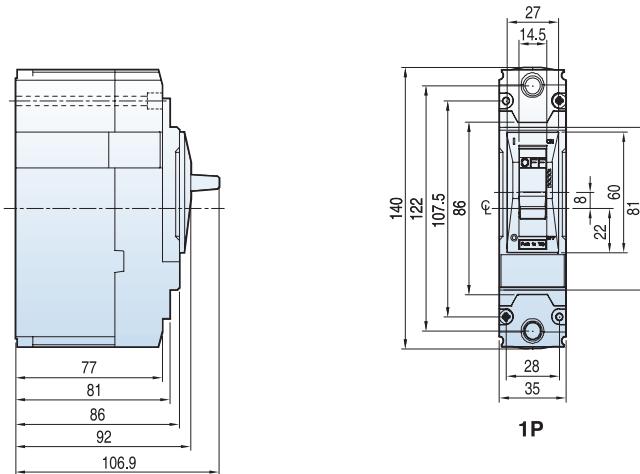
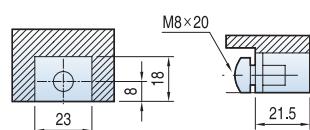
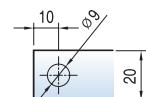
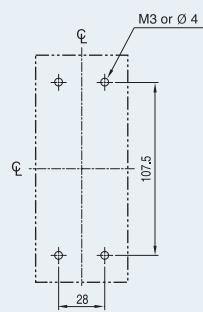
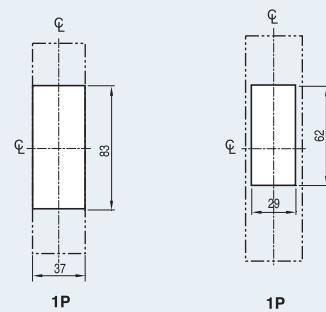


**Front panel cutting**



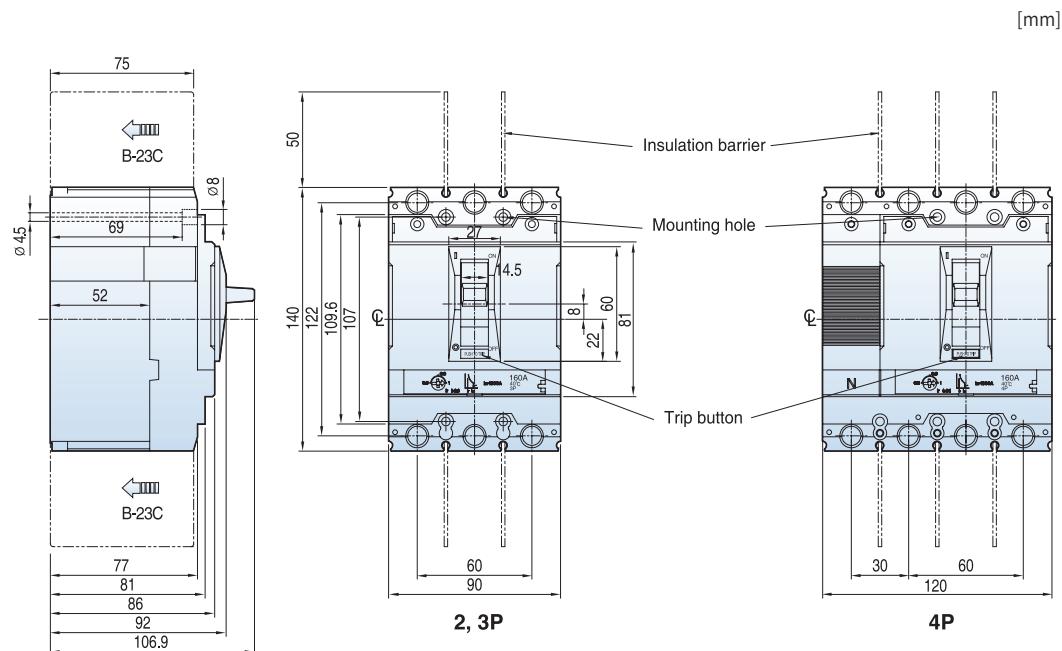
**TD160**

[mm]

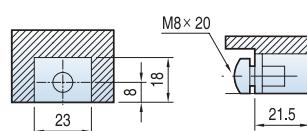
**Terminal section****Conductor****Panel drilling****Front panel cutting**

# Overall dimensions

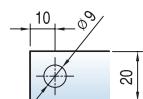
## TD100/160



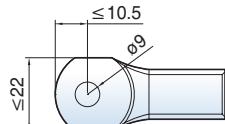
Terminal section



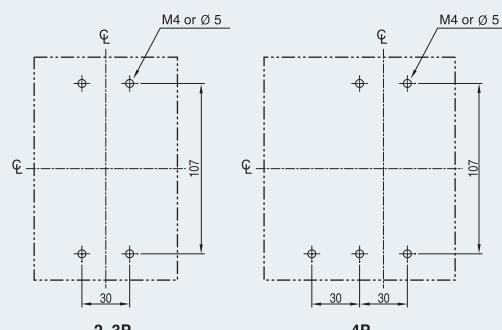
Conductor



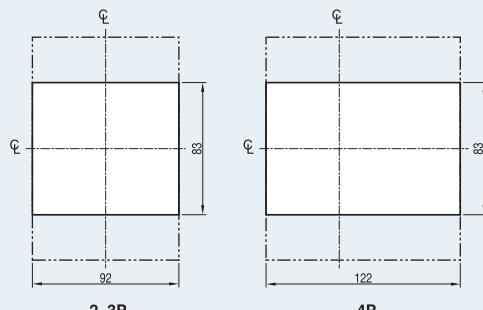
Terminal dimensions

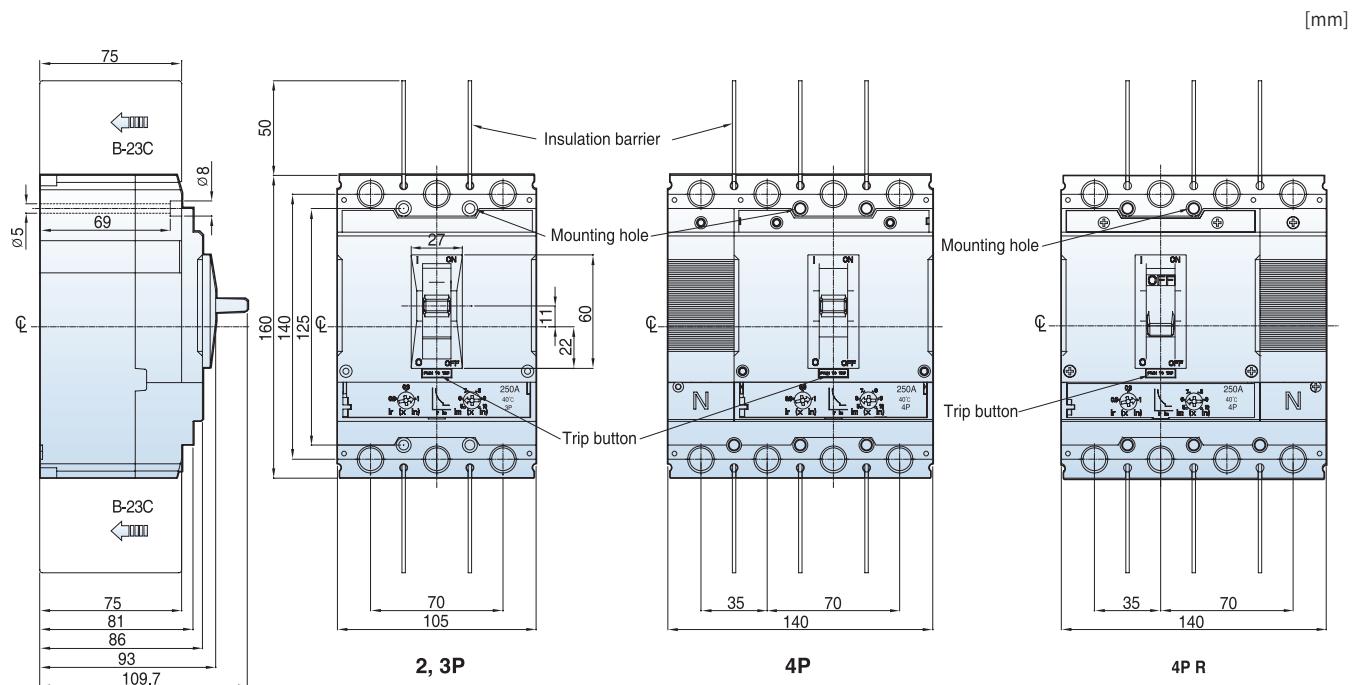
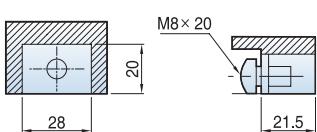
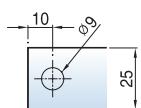
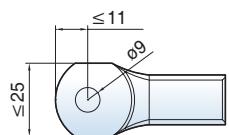
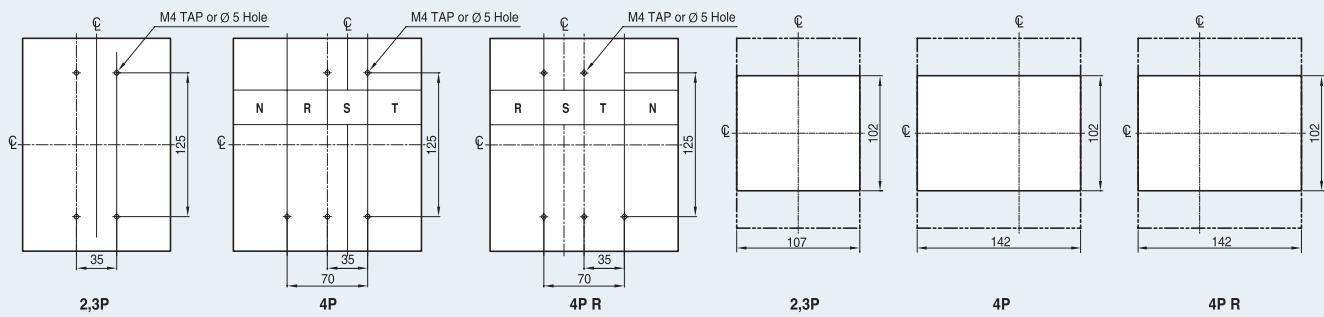


Panel drilling



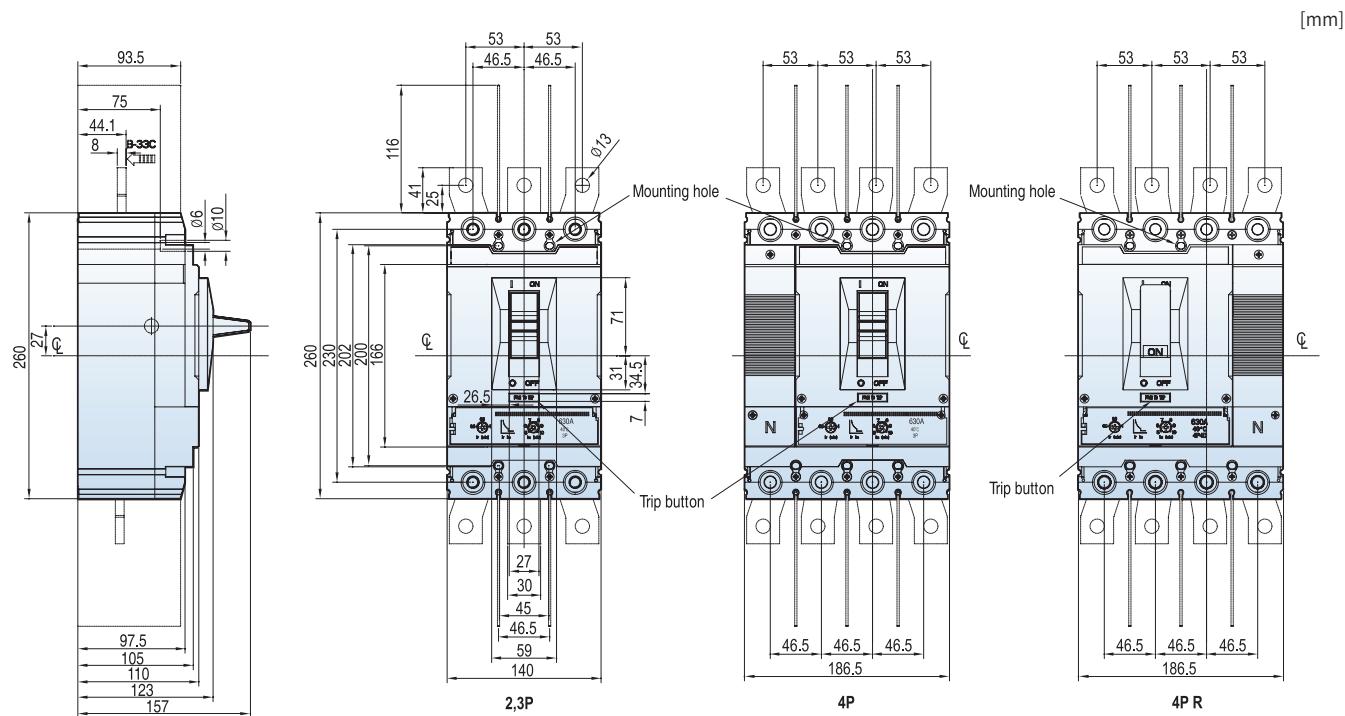
Front panel cutting



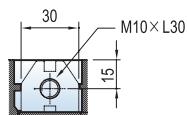
**TS100/160/250****Terminal section****Conductor****Terminal dimensions****Panel drilling****Front panel cutting**

# Overall dimensions

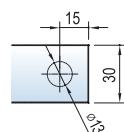
## TS400/630



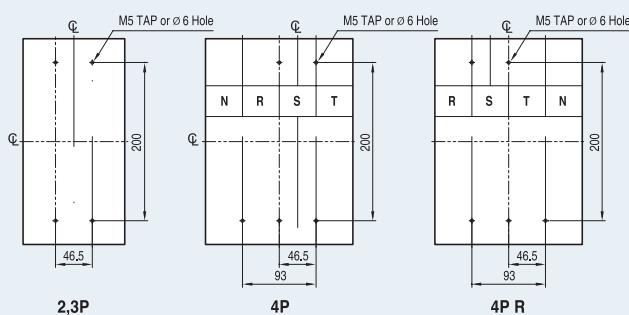
Terminal section



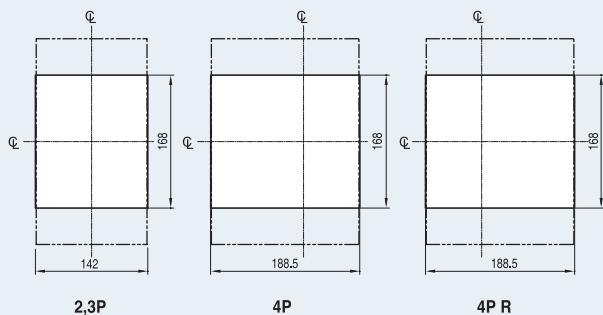
Conductor



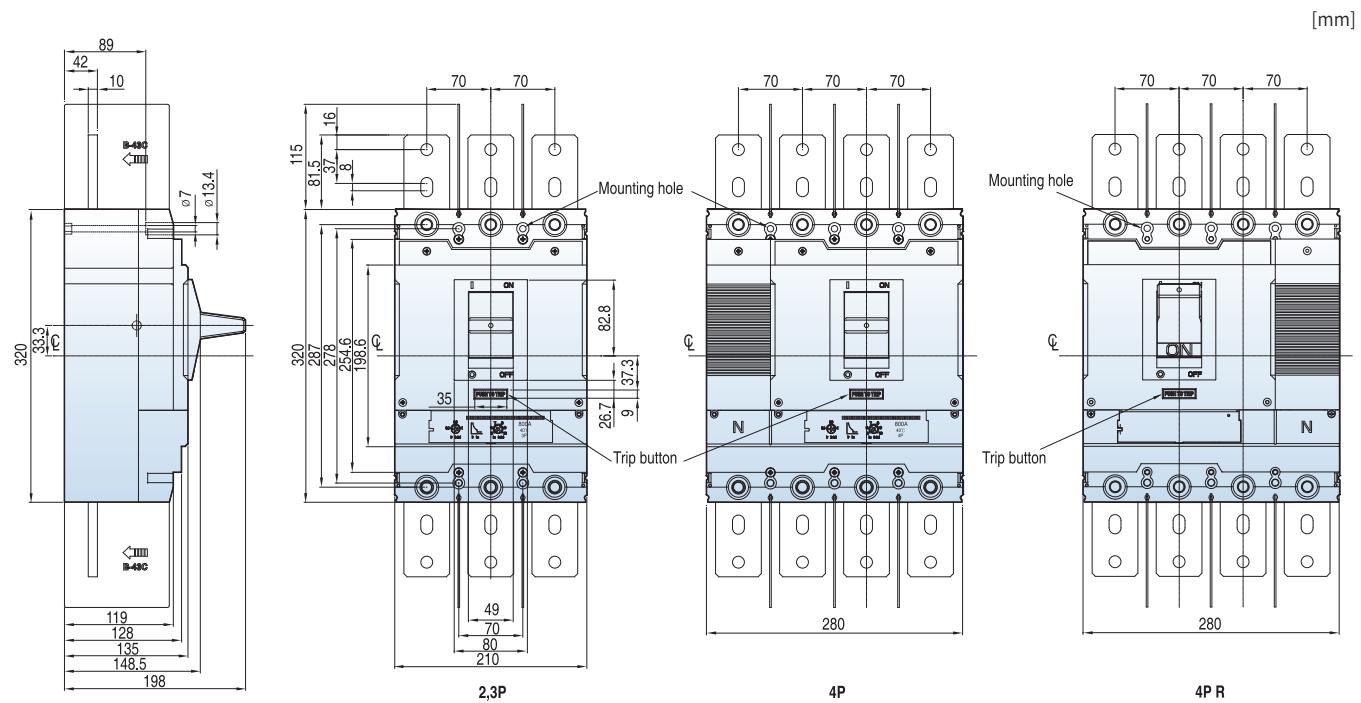
Panel drilling



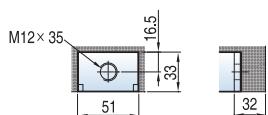
Front panel cutting



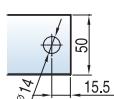
## TS800



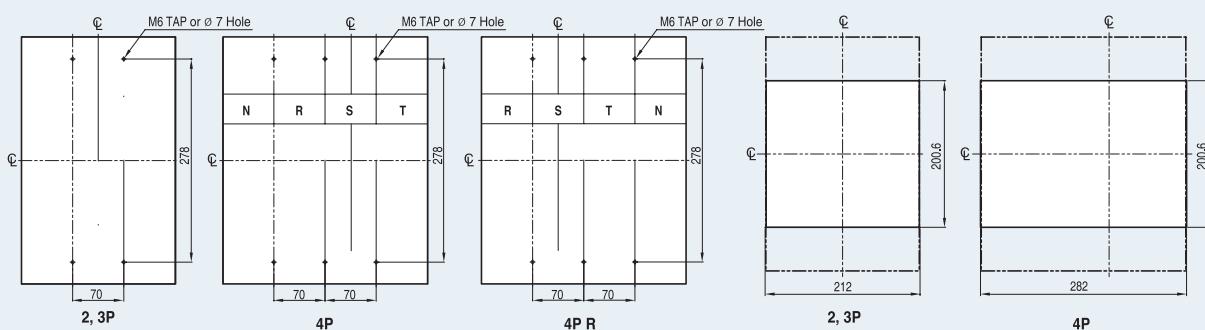
Terminal section



Conductor



Panel drilling



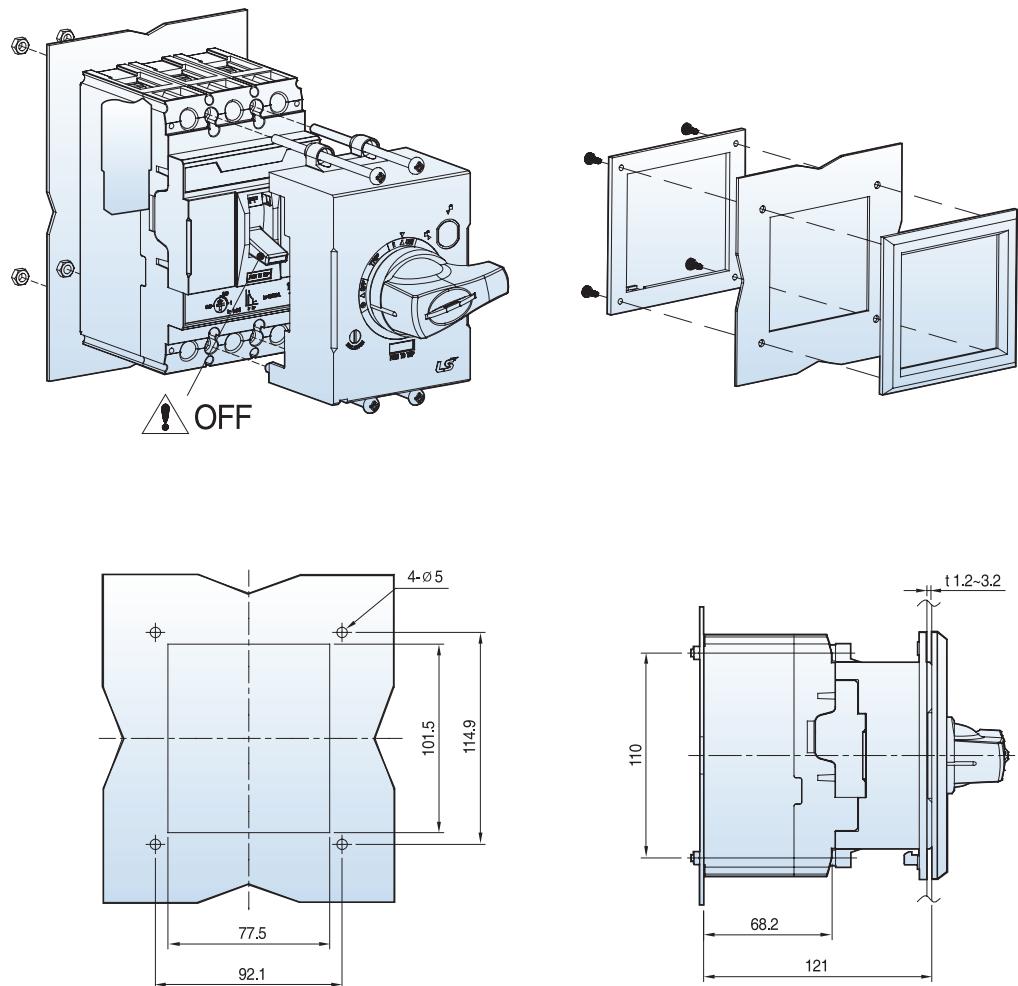
Front panel cutting

# Overall dimensions

## Direct rotary handles

DH1E for TE100/160

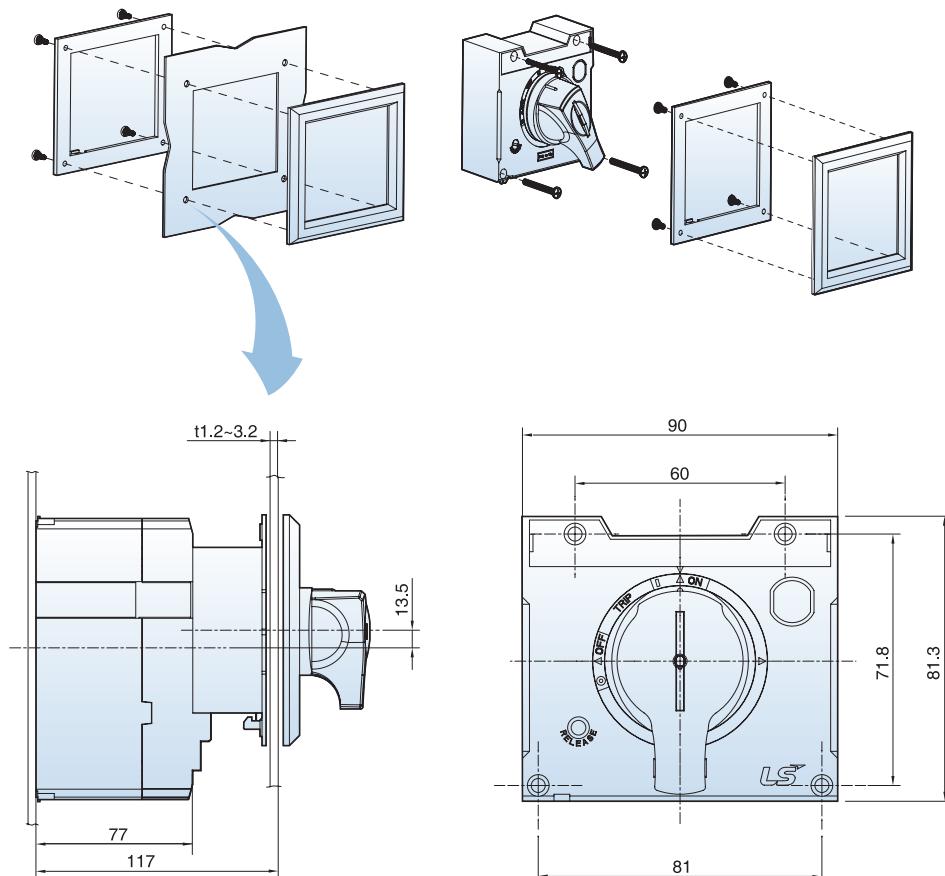
[mm]



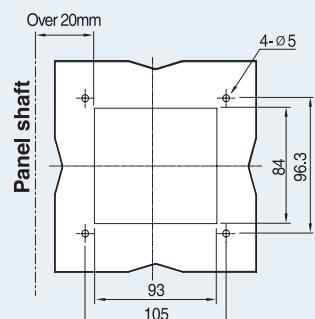
## Direct rotary handles

### DH1 & DHK1 for TD100/160

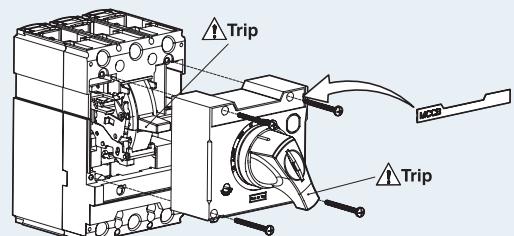
[mm]



#### Panel drilling



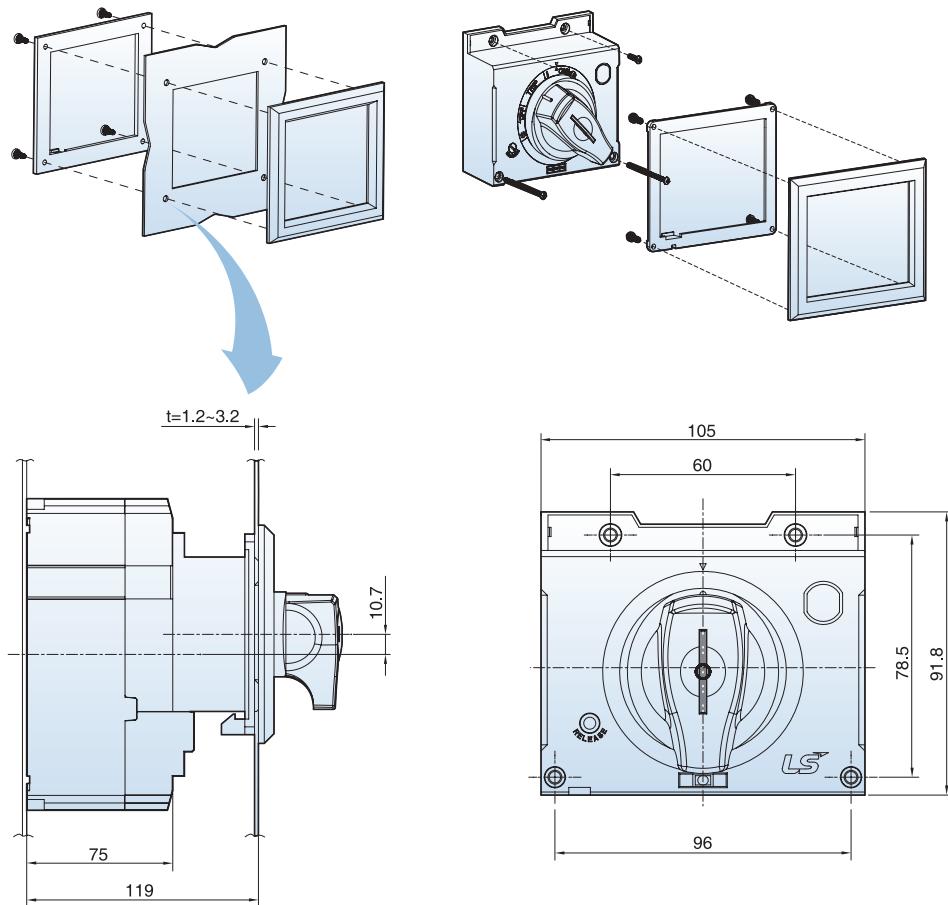
#### Way of installation



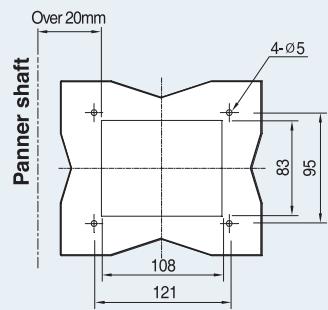
# Overall dimensions

## Direct rotary handles DH2 & DHK2 for TS100/160/250

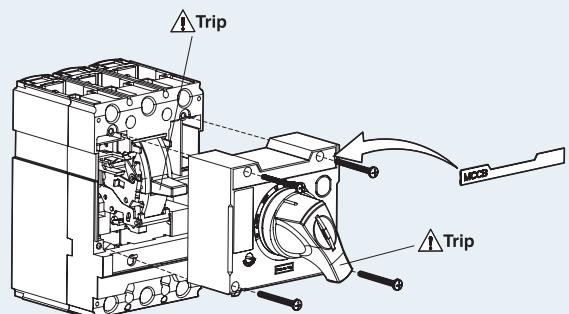
[mm]



### Panel drilling

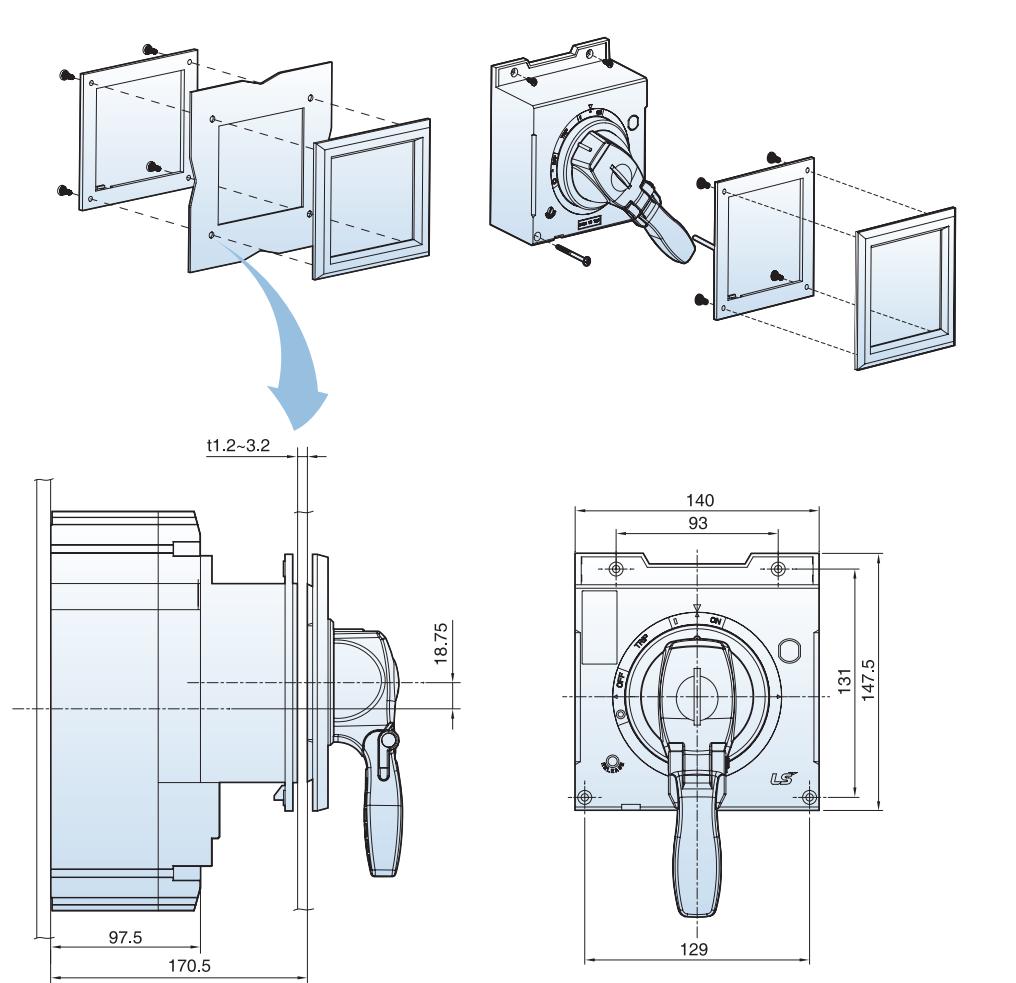


### Way of installation

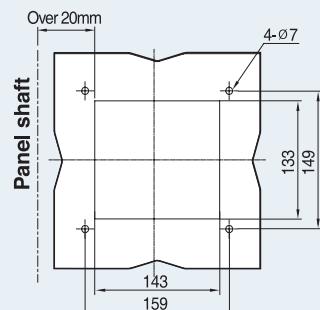


## Direct rotary handles

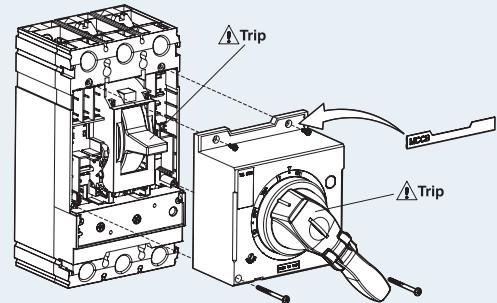
### DH3 & DHK3 for TS400/630



#### Panel drilling



#### Way of installation

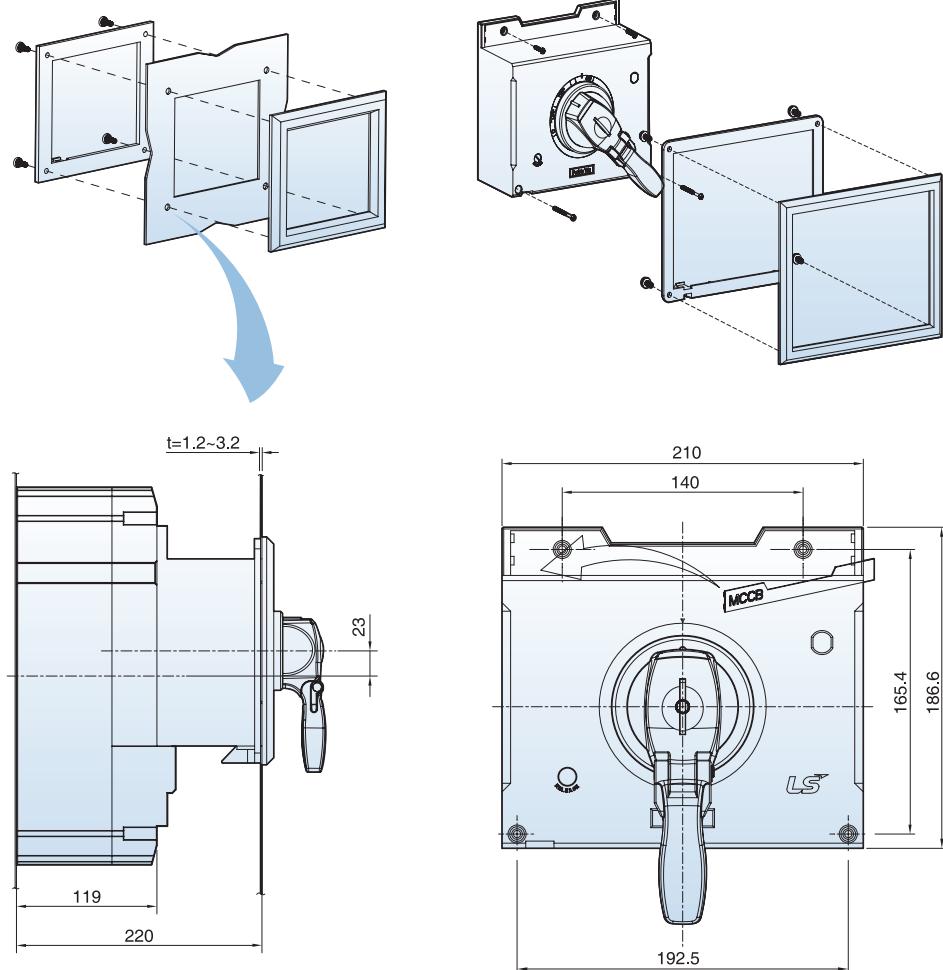


# Overall dimensions

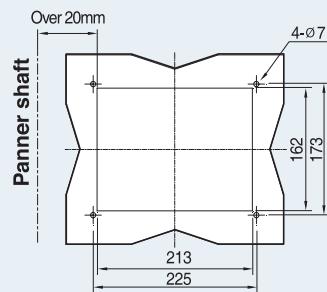
## Direct rotary handles

DH4 & DHK4 for TS800

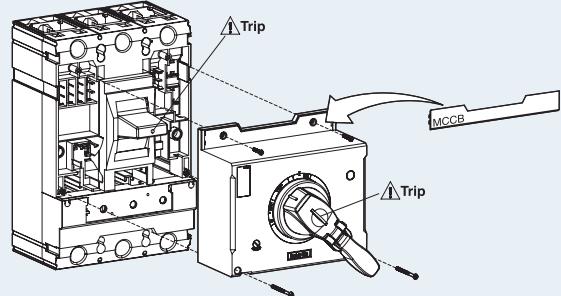
[mm]



### Panel drilling

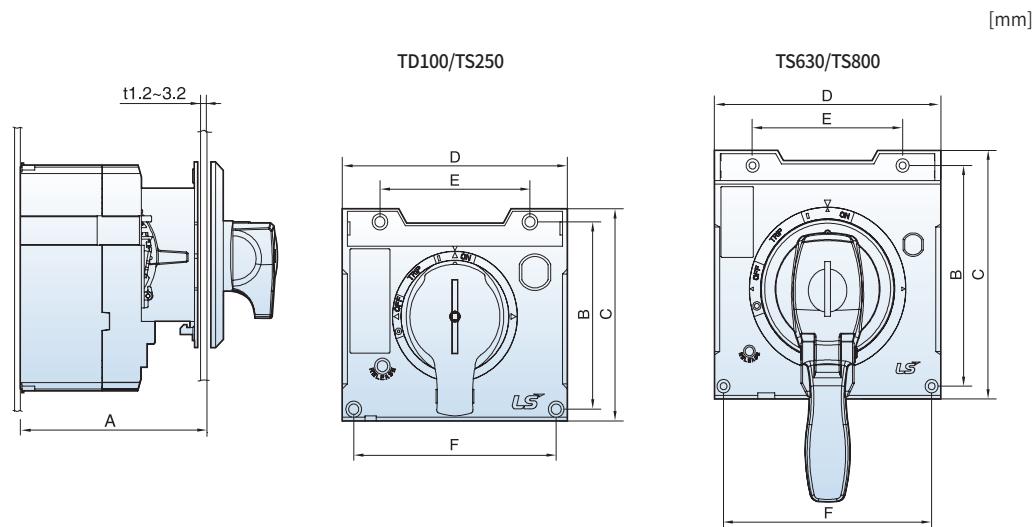


### Way of installation



## Direct rotary handles

### Dimension table for D-handles



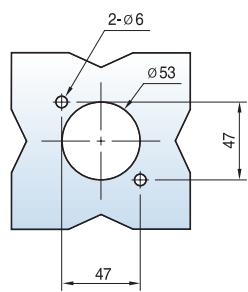
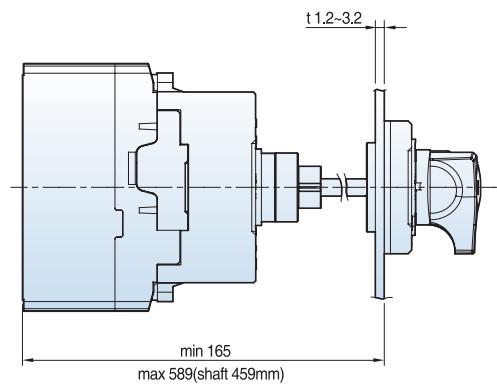
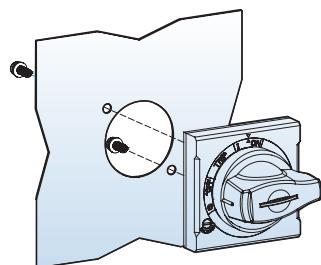
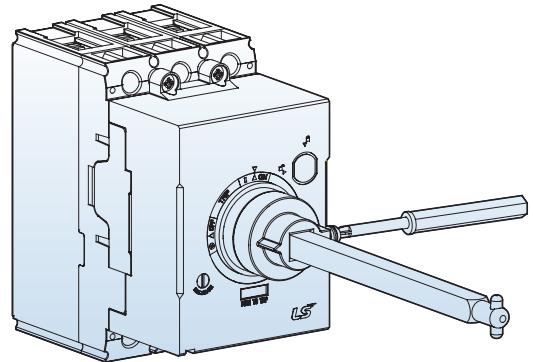
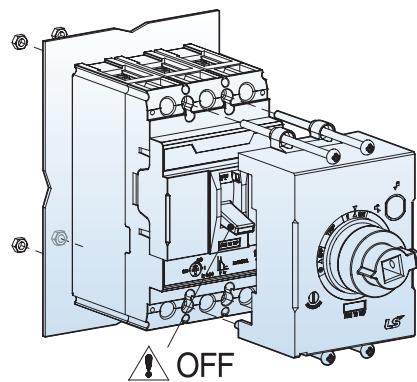
Applicable to	TD160	TS250	TS630	TS800
A (mm)	117	119	170.5	211
B (mm)	71.8	78.5	131	165.4
C (mm)	81.3	91.8	147.5	186.6
D (mm)	90	105	140	210
E (mm)	60	60	93	140
F (mm)	81	96	129	192.5

# Overall dimensions

## Extended rotary handles

EH1E for TE100/160

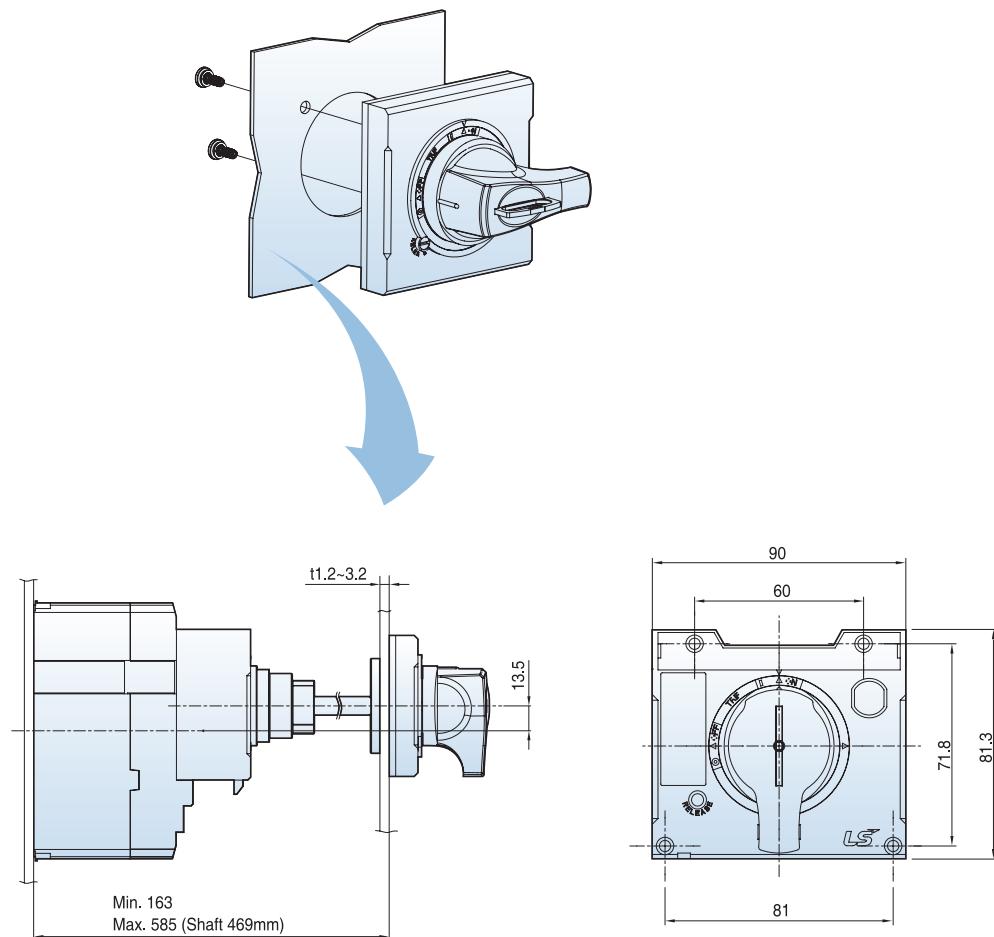
[mm]



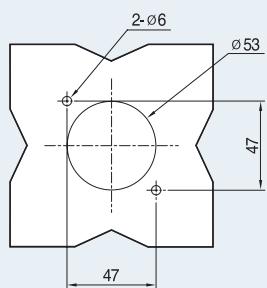
## Extended rotary handles

EH1 for TD100/160

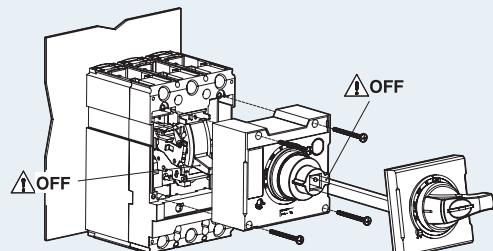
[mm]



### Panel drilling



### Way of installation

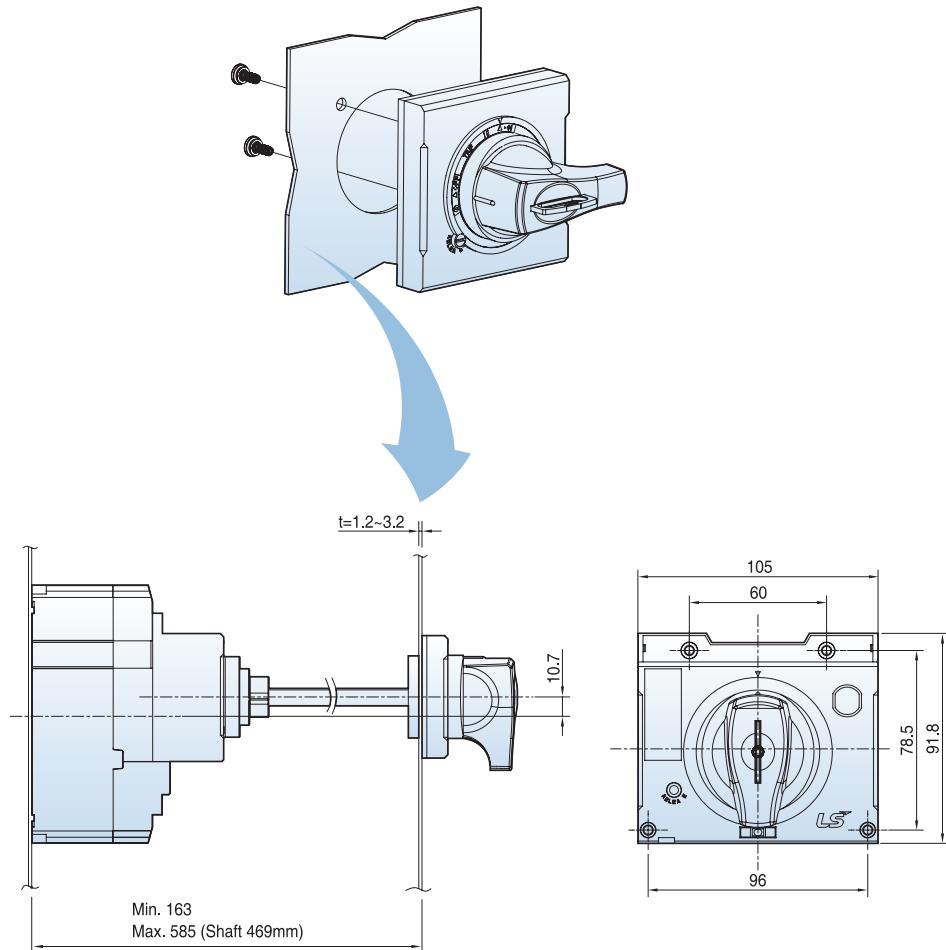


# Overall dimensions

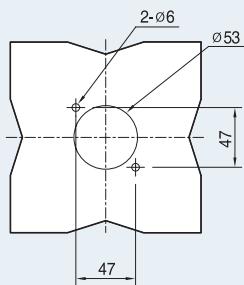
## Extended rotary handles

EH2 for TS100/160/250

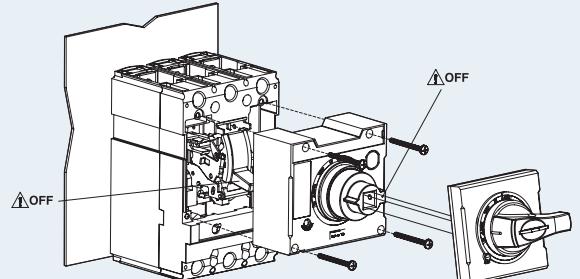
[mm]



### Panel drilling



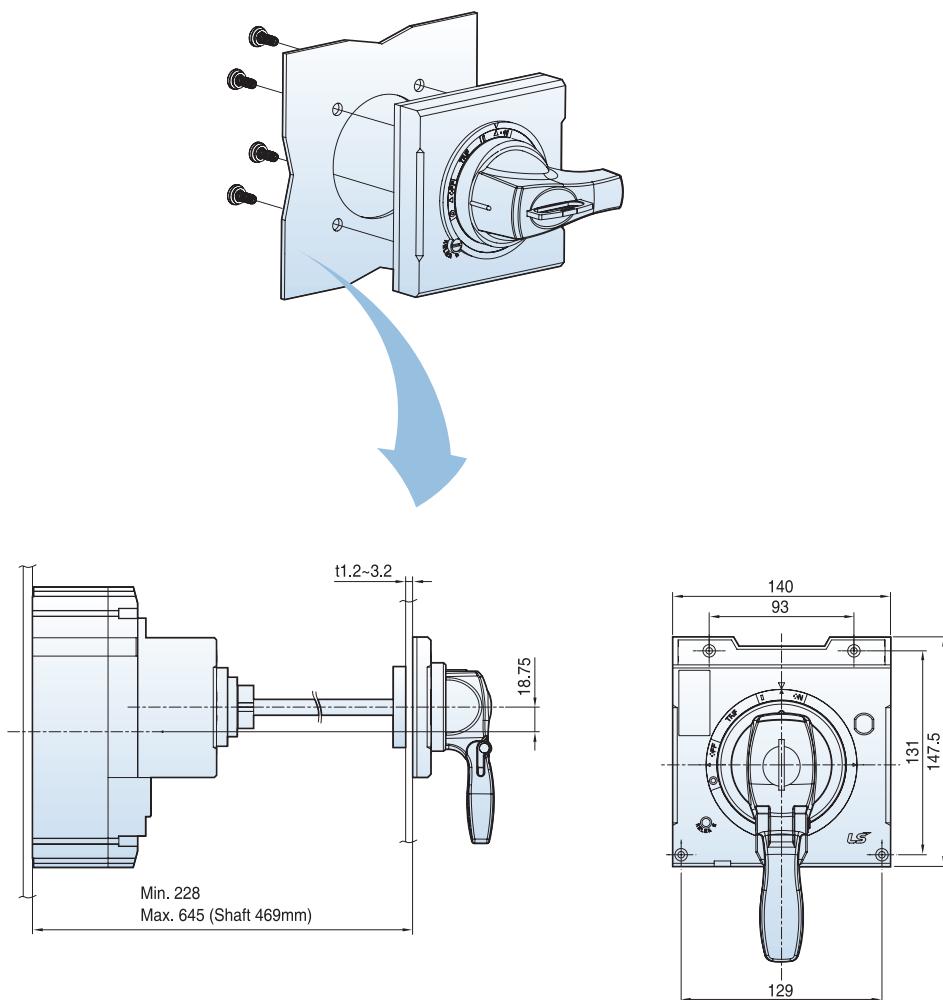
### Way of installation



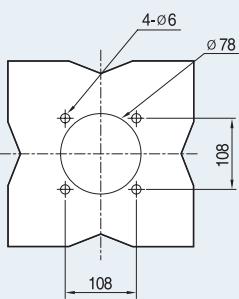
## Extended rotary handles

EH3 for TS400/630

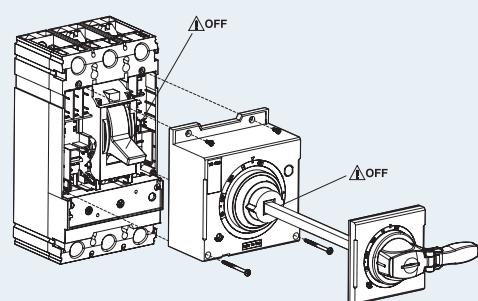
[mm]



**Panel drilling**



**Way of installation**

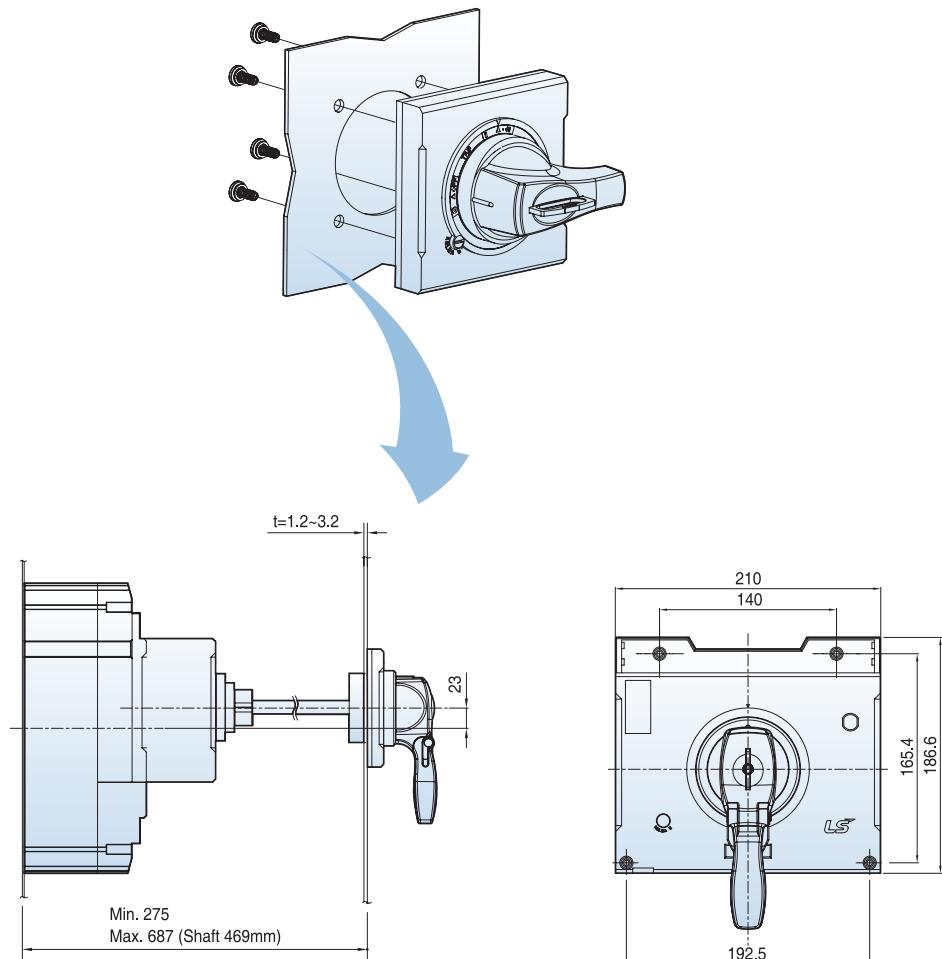


# Overall dimensions

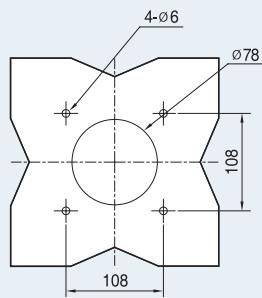
## Extended rotary handles

EH4 for TS800

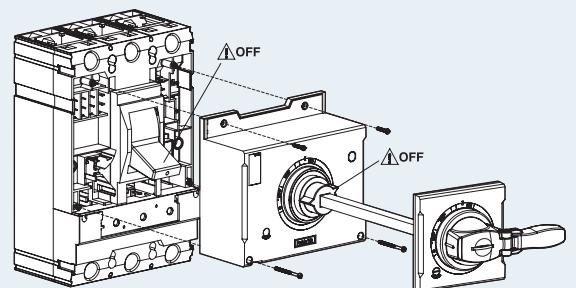
[mm]



Panel drilling

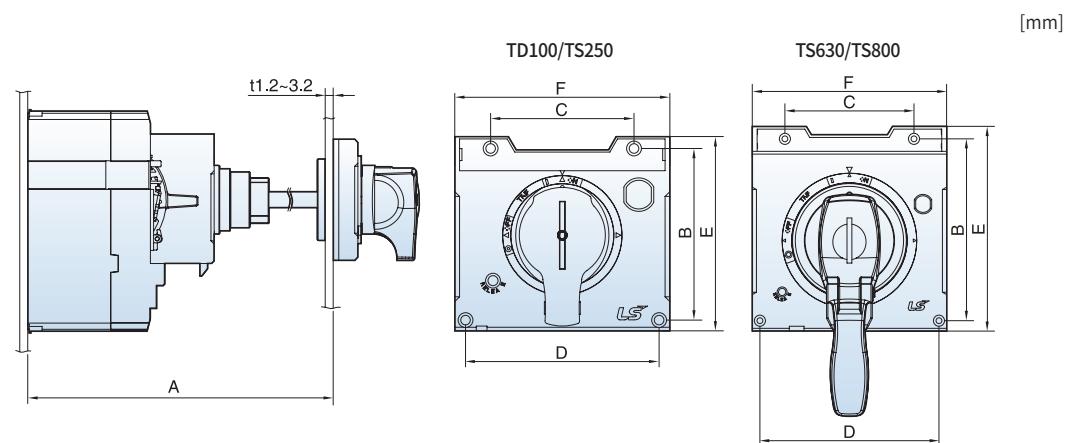


Way of installation



## Extended rotary handles

### Dimension table for E-handles



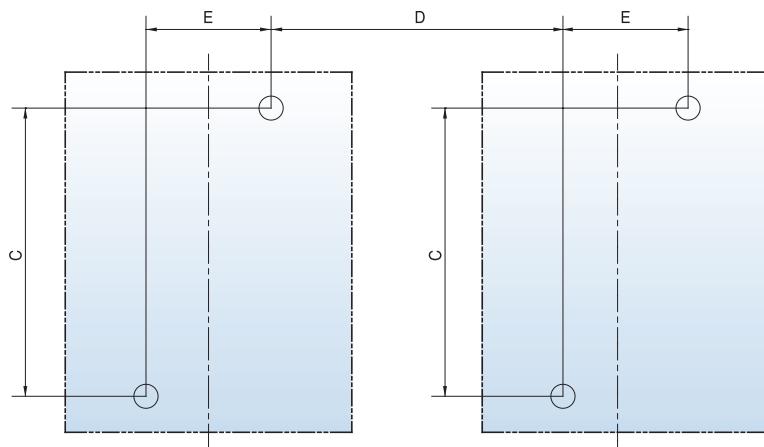
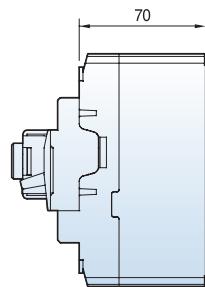
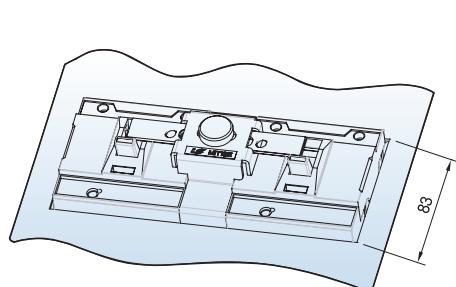
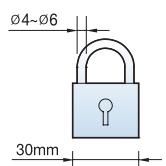
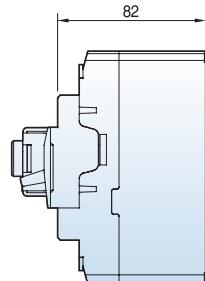
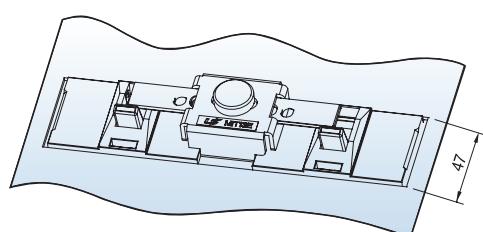
Model	EH1	EH2	EH3	EH4
Applicable to	TD160	TS250	TS630	TS800
A (mm)	Min. 163 Max. 585	Min. 163 Max. 585	Min. 228 Max. 645	Min. 275 Max. 687
B (mm)	71.8	78.5	131	165.4
C (mm)	60	60	93	140
D (mm)	81	96	129	192.5
E (mm)	81.3	91.8	147.5	186.6
F (mm)	90	105	140	210
Shaft (mm)	469	469	469	469

# Overall dimensions

## Mechanical interlocking device

MIT13E, MIT14E for TE100/160

[mm]

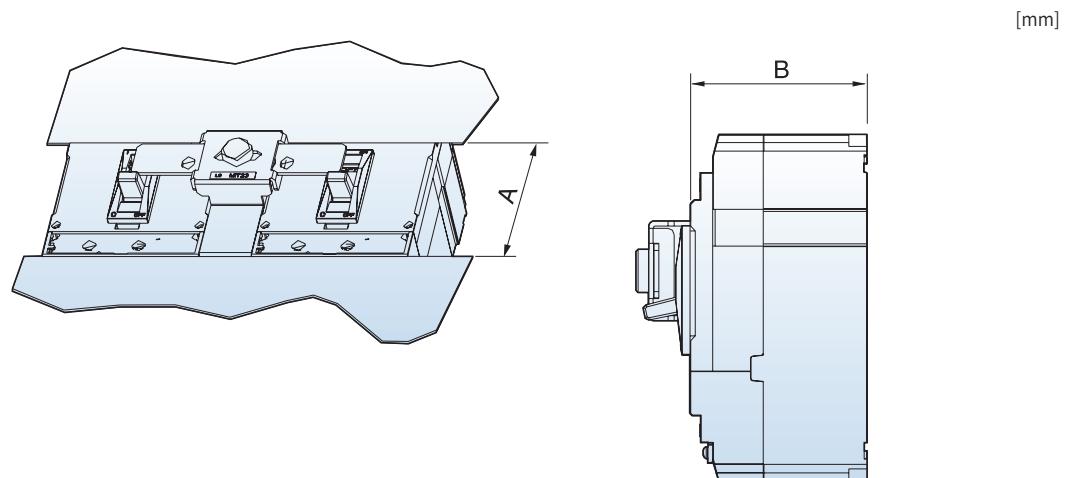


3Pole MCCBs	C (mm)	D (mm)	E (mm)
TE160	110	79	25

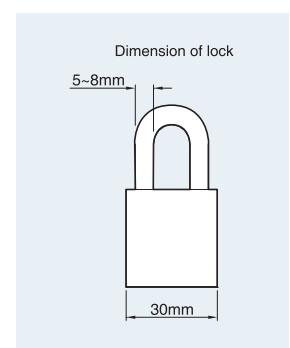
4Pole MCCBs	C (mm)	D (mm)	E (mm)
TE160	110	79	50

## Mechanical interlocking device

MIT13, MIT23, MIT33, MIT43



MCCBs	A (mm)	B (mm)
TD160	83	86
TS250	102	86
TS630	168	110
TS800	201	135

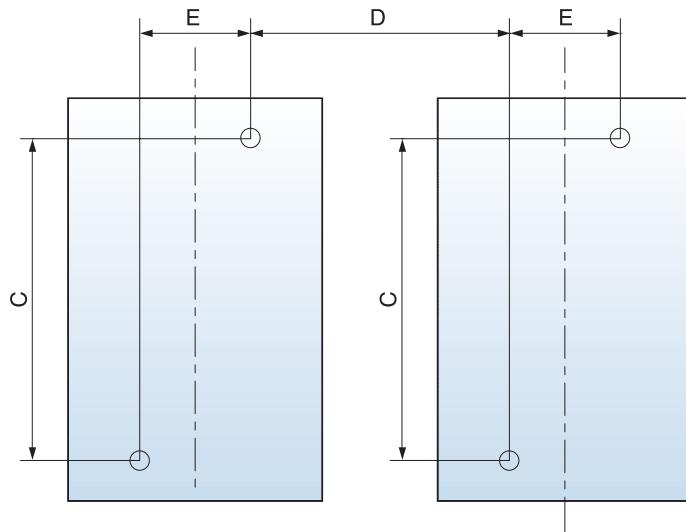


# Overall dimensions

## Mechanical interlocking device

### Mounting dimension for MIT

[mm]

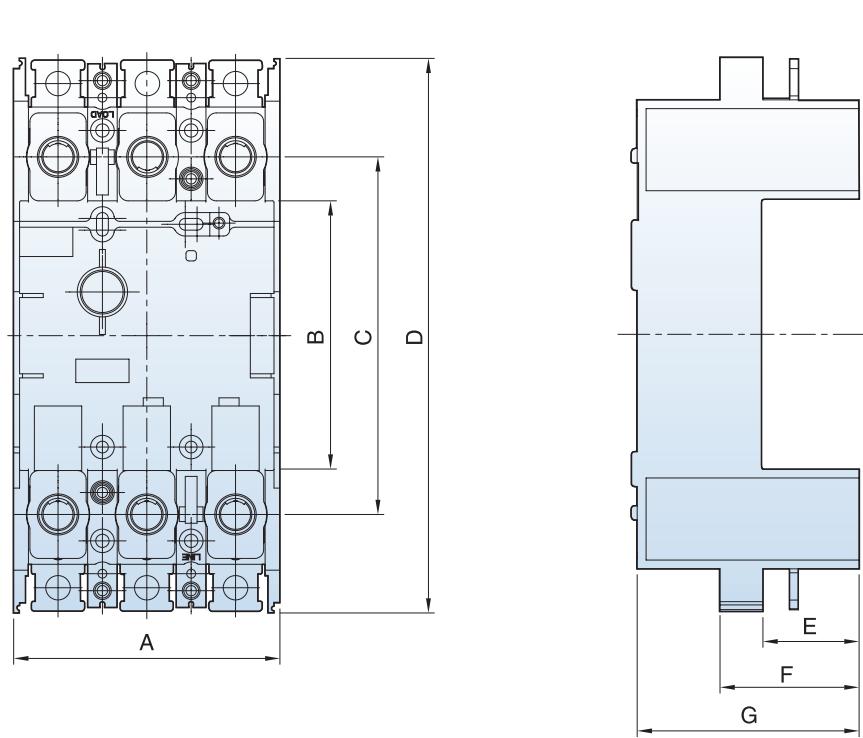


2, 3Pole MCCBs	C (mm)	D (mm)	E (mm)
TD100/160	107	90	30
TS100/160/250	125	105	35
TS400/630	200	139.5	46.5
TS800	278	210	70

4Pole MCCBs	C (mm)	D (mm)	E (mm)
TD100/160	107	90	60
TS100/160/250	125	105	70
TS400/630	200	139.5	93
TS800	278	210	140

## Plug-in device

### Plug-in devices for TD100/160



Applicable to	TD100/160
A (mm)	90 (120*)
B (mm)	92
C (mm)	122
D (mm)	189.2 (185.6*)
E (mm)	32.5
F (mm)	47
G (mm)	75

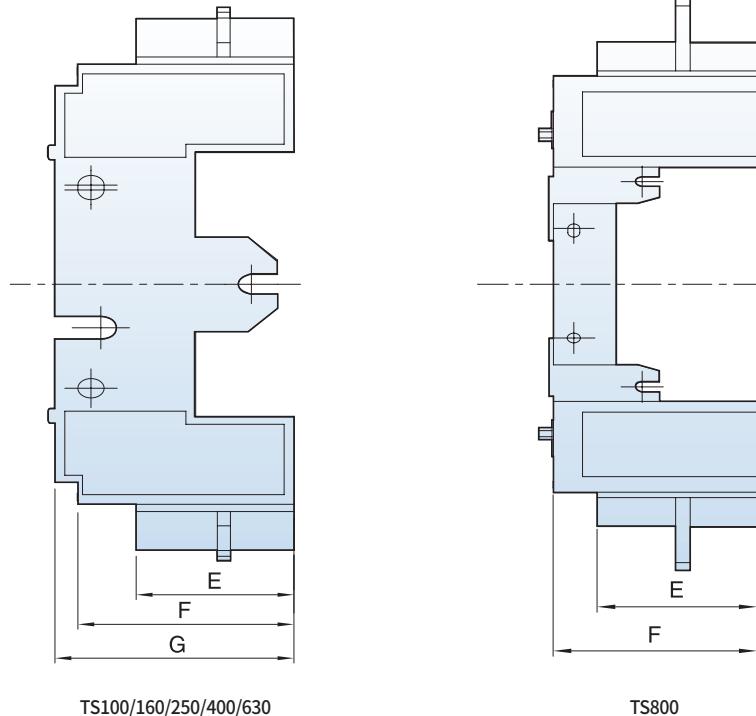
\* 4P Plug-in (TD100/160 only)

# Overall dimensions

## Plug-in device

Plug-in devices for TS100/160/250/400/630/800

[mm]



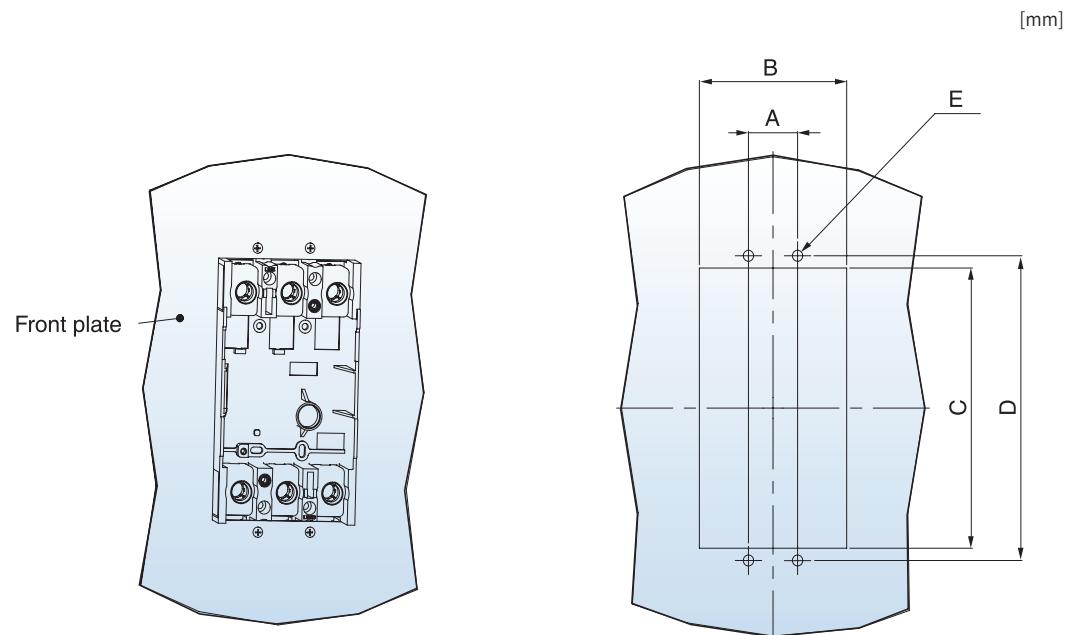
TS100/160/250/400/630

TS800

Applicable to	TS100/160/250	TS400/630	TS800
A (mm)	105	140	210
B (mm)	103.5	186.4	220
C (mm)	140	230	287
D (mm)	220	335.2	451
E (mm)	48.2	73	110
F (mm)	66	94.2	140
G (mm)	73	102	-

## Plug-in device

### Mounting to front plate



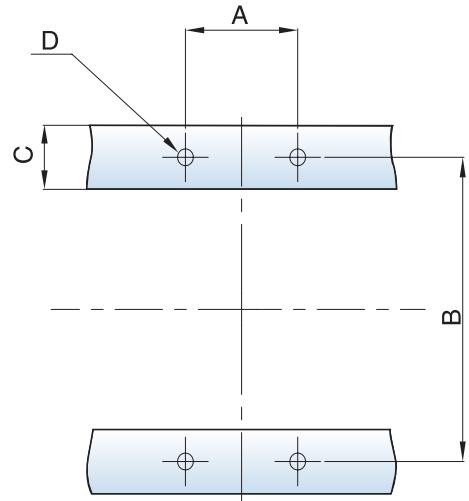
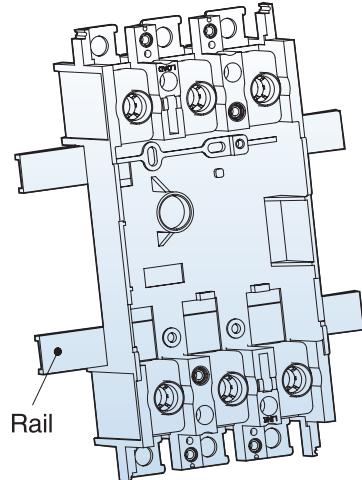
Applicable to	TD100/160	TS100/160/250	TS400/630	TS800
A (mm)	30 (60*)	35	46.5	70
B (mm)	90 (120*)	105	140	210
C (mm)	160	182	290	387
D (mm)	174	202	314	422
E (mm)	M4 or Ø5	M4 or Ø5	M5 or Ø6	M6 or Ø7

\* 4P Plug-in (TD100/160 only)

# Overall dimensions

## Plug-in device

### Rail mounting

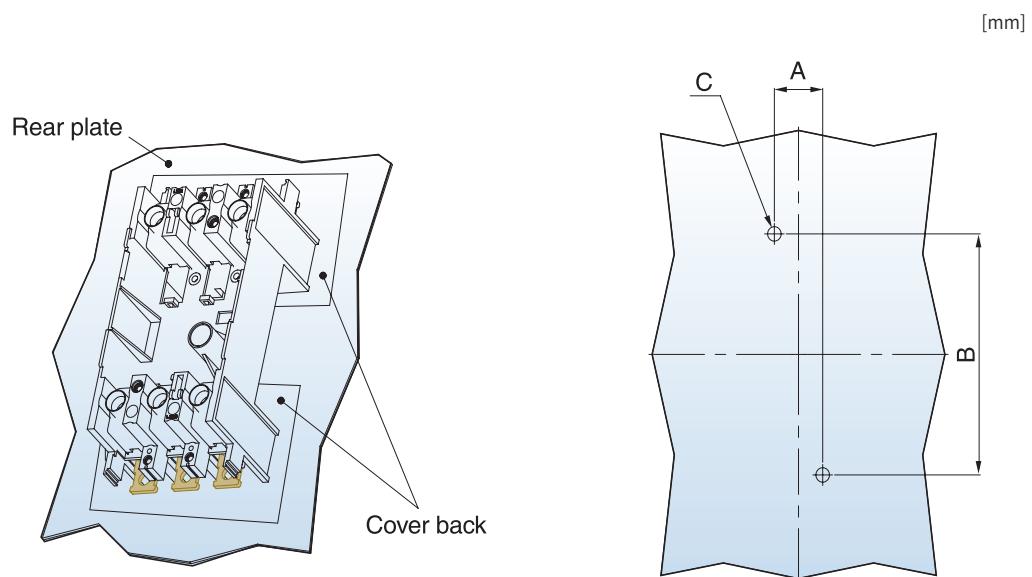


Applicable to	TD100/160	TS100/160/250	TS400/630	TS800
A (mm)	30 (60*)	70	100	156
B (mm)	76	77.8	101.6	104.2
C (mm)	14	28	32	43
D (mm)	M4 or Ø5	M6 or Ø7	M6 or Ø7	M8 or Ø9

\* 4P Plug-in (TD100/160 only)

## Plug-in device

### Mounting to rear plate with cover back



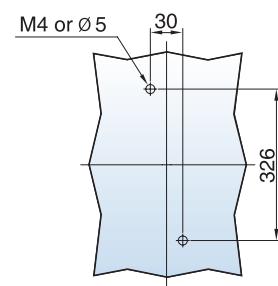
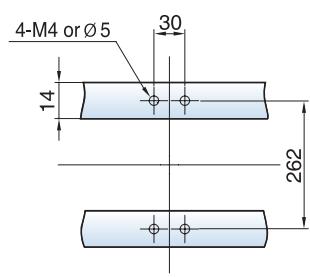
Applicable to	TD100/160	TS100/160/250	TS400/630	TS800
A (mm)	30 (60*)	35	46.5	70
B (mm)	140	154	262	343
C (mm)	M4 or Ø5	M4 or Ø5	M5 or Ø6	M6 or Ø7

\* 4P Plug-in (TD100/160 only)

# Overall dimensions

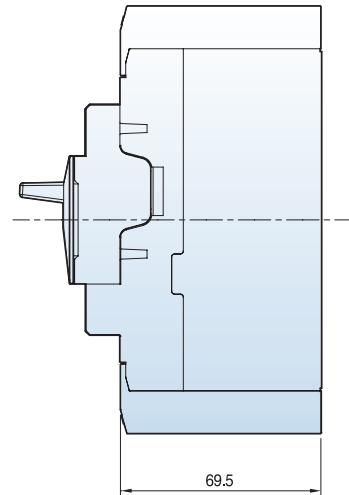
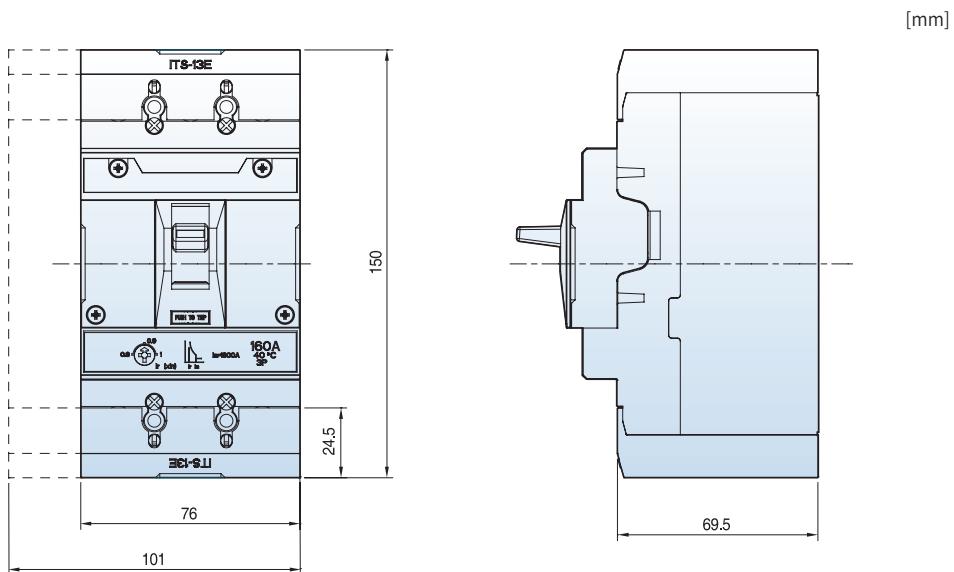
## Plug-in device

Mounting for TD100/160

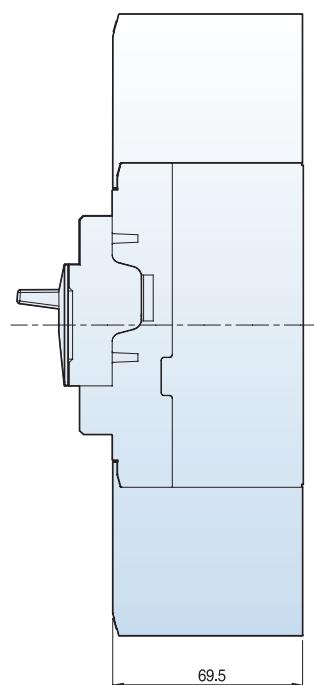
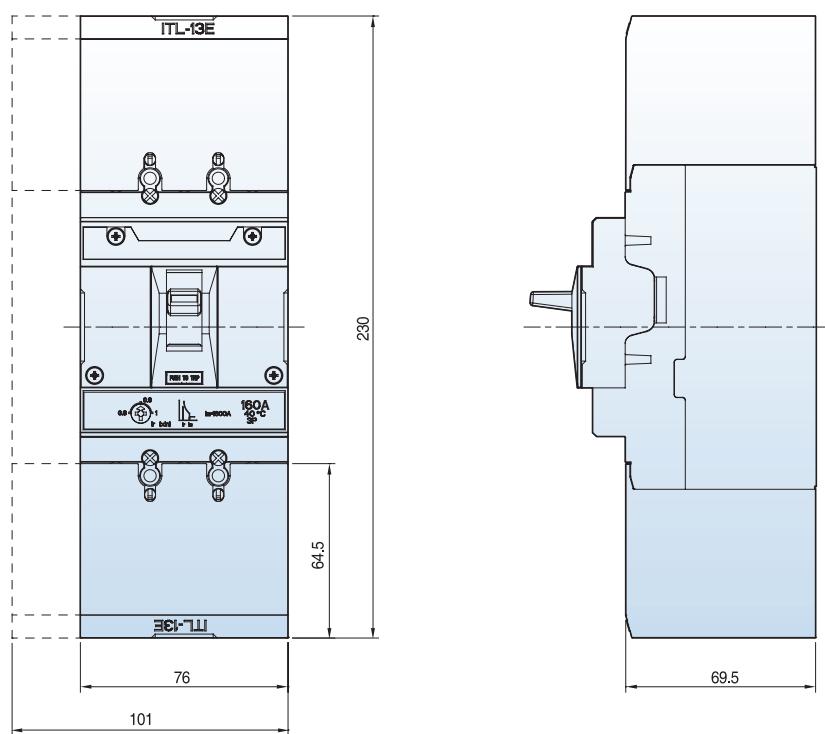


## Terminal cover

ITS13E, ITS14E for TE100/160



ITL13E, ITL14E for TE100/160

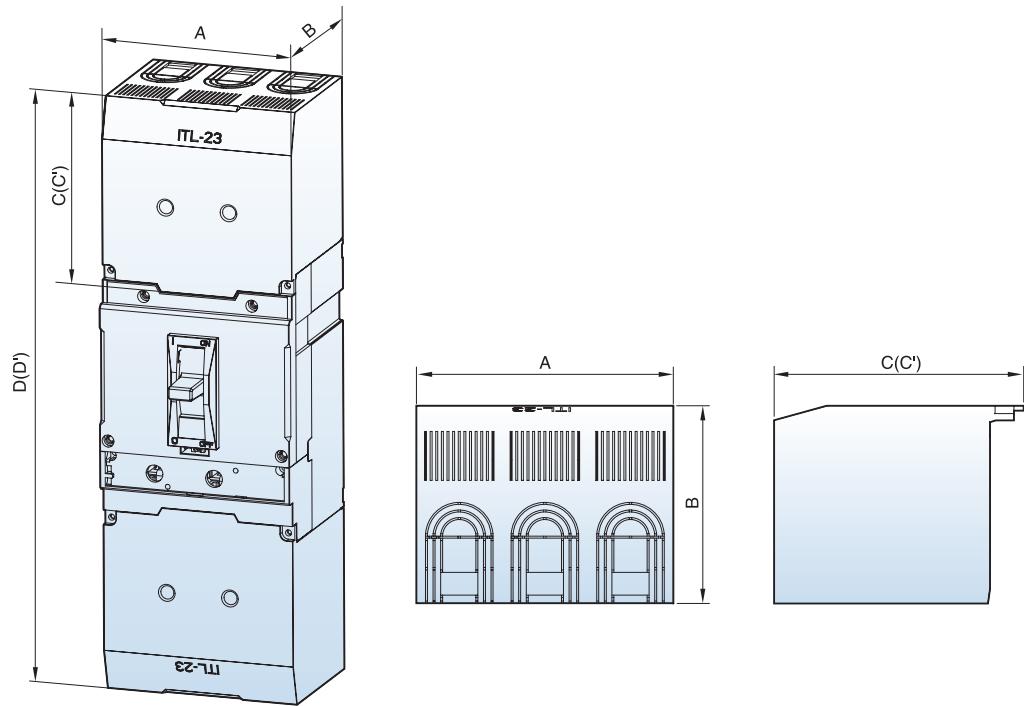


# Overall dimensions

## Terminal cover

ITS and ITL for TD100/160, TS100/160/250/400/630/800

[mm]

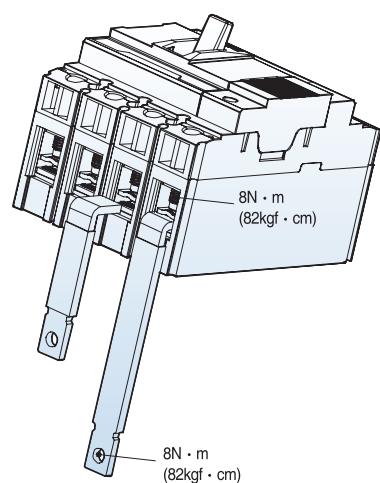
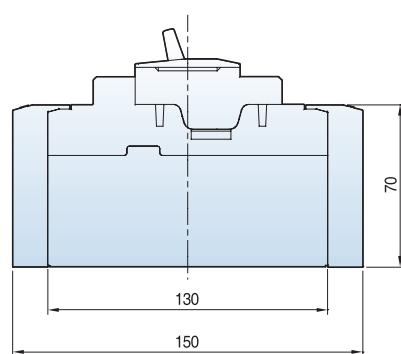
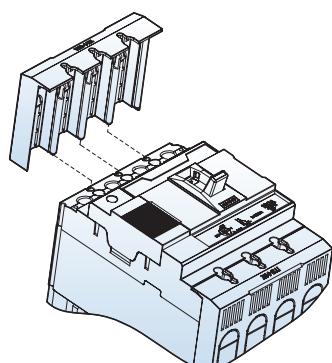
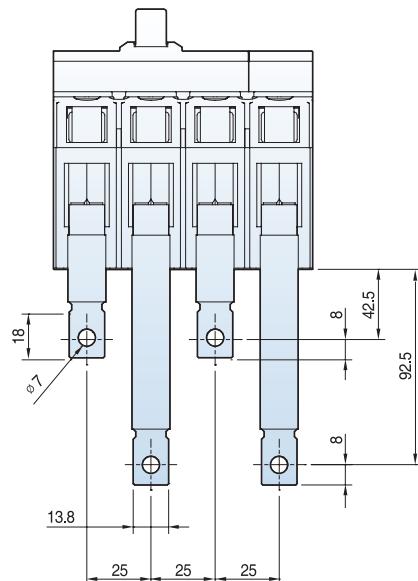
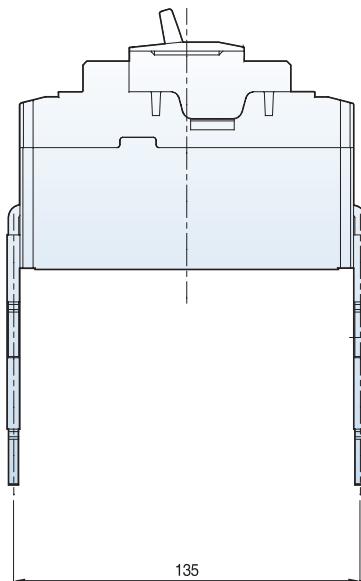


Applicable to		Type		Dimension (mm)					
Frame type	Pole	Long type	Short type	A	B	C (Long type)	C' (Short type)	D (Long type)	D' (Short type)
TD100, TD160	2P, 3P	ITL13	ITS13	90	80.8	48.5	30.5	196	160
	4P	ITL14	ITS14	120	80.8	32	25		
TS100, TS160, TS250	2P, 3P	ITL23	ITS23	105	80.8	102	36.3	321.4	190
	4P	ITL24	ITS24	140	80.8	98	32.3		
TS400, TS630	2P, 3P	ITL33	ITS33	140	105	144.5	54.8	479.4	300
	4P	ITL34	ITS34	186	105	138.5	48.8		
TS800	2P, 3P	ITL43	ITS43	210	127.8	181.5	61.5	600	360
	4P	ITL44	ITS44	280	127.8	172.5	52.5		

## Rear connection

RTF13, RTF14 for TE100/160

[mm]

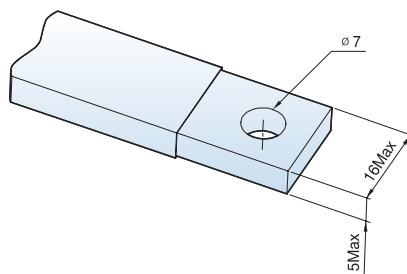
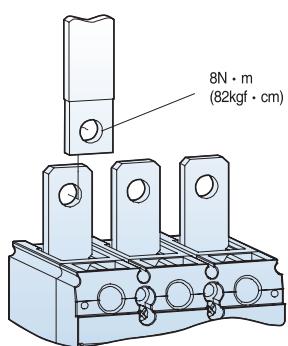
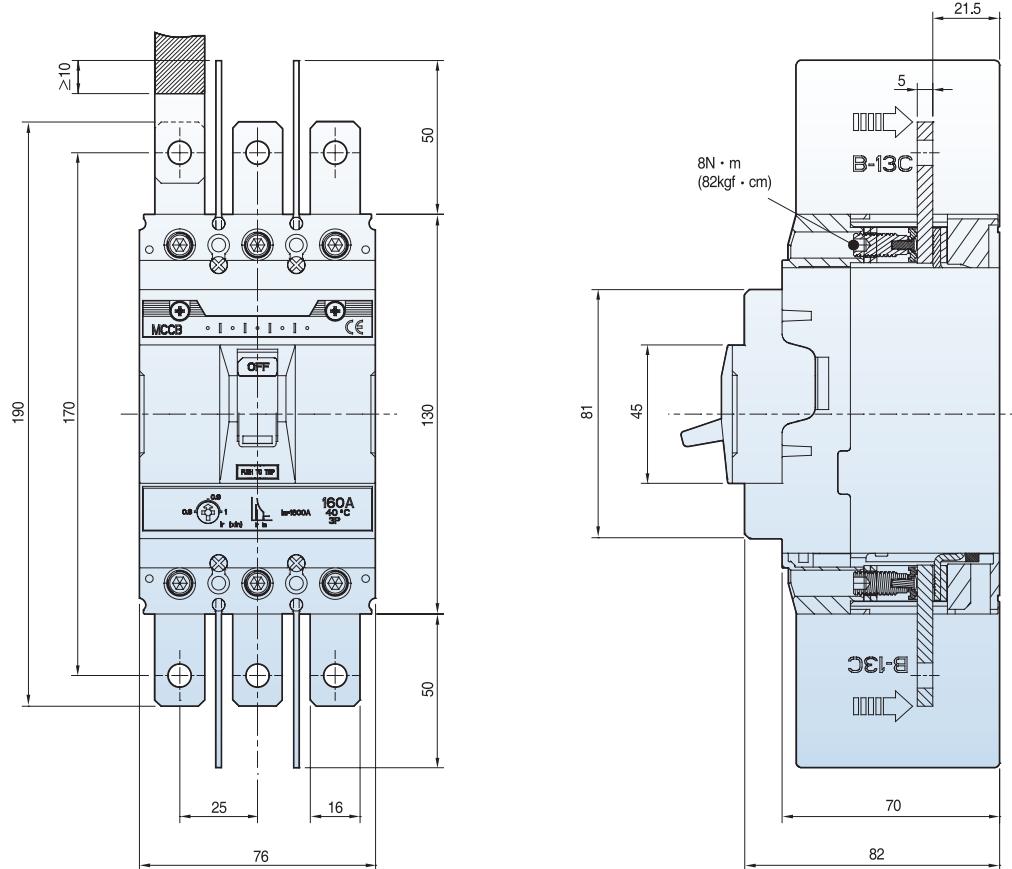


# Overall dimensions

## Extended terminal

ET13E, ET14E for TE100/160

[mm]

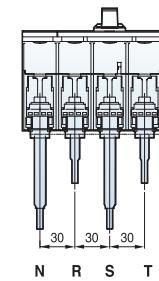
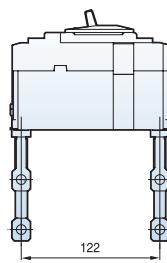


## Rear terminals

[mm]

TD100

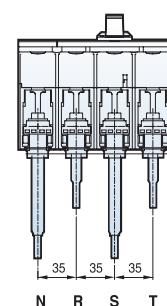
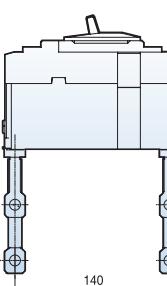
TD160



TS100

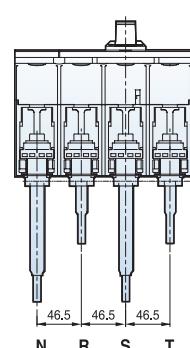
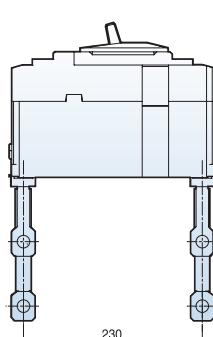
TS160

TS250

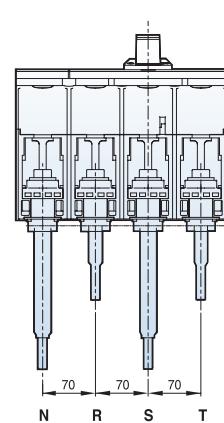
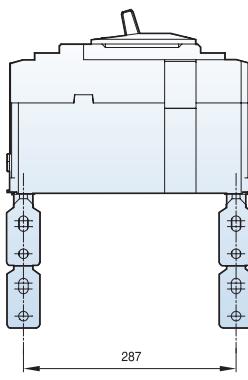


TS400

TS630



TS800



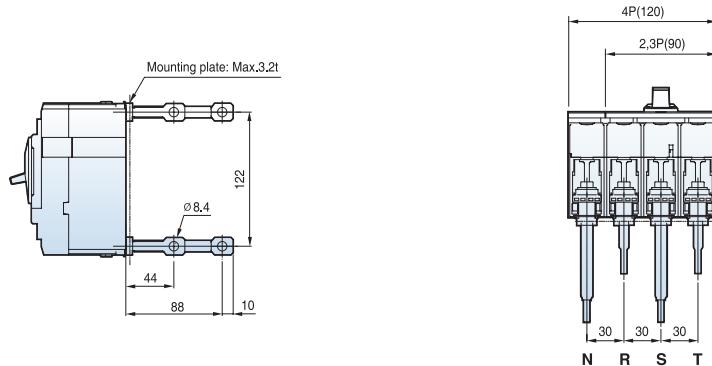
# Overall dimensions

## Rear terminals

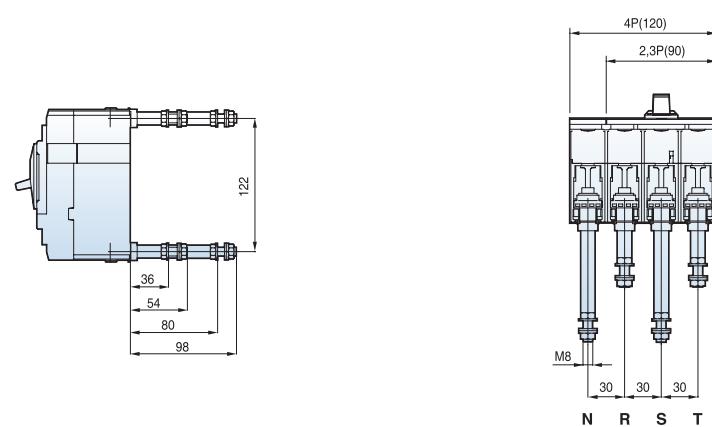
TD100 / TD160

[mm]

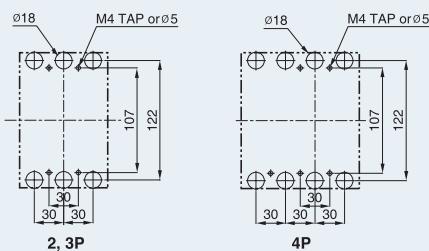
### Bar type



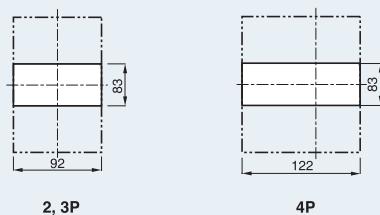
### Round type



### Panel drilling



### Front panel cutting

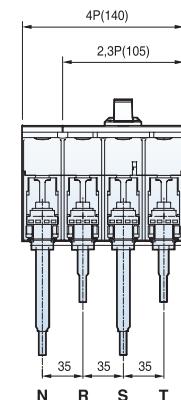
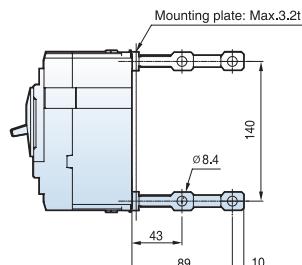


## Rear terminals

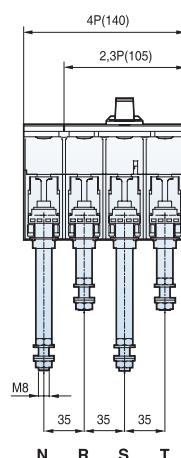
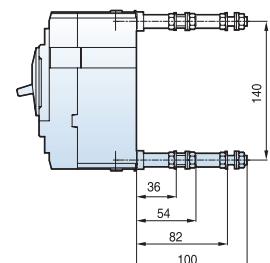
TS100 / TS160 / TS250

[mm]

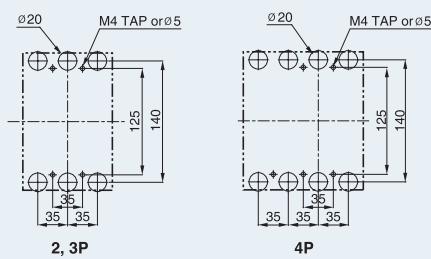
### Bar type



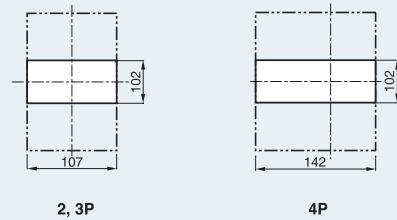
### Round type



### Panel drilling



### Front panel cutting



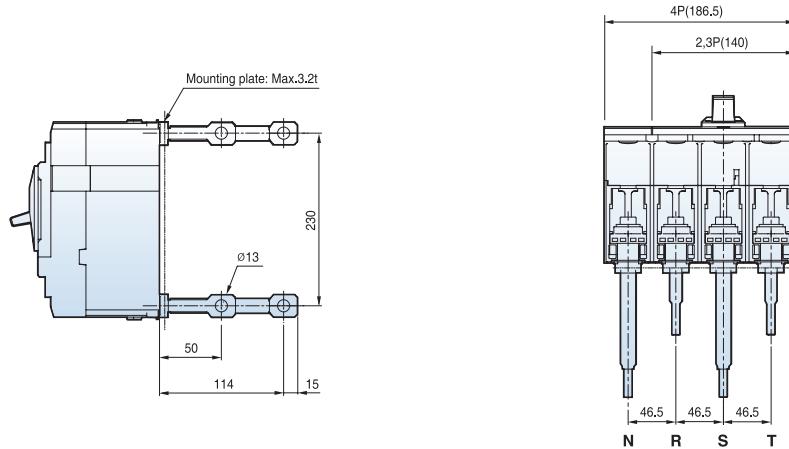
# Overall dimensions

## Rear terminals

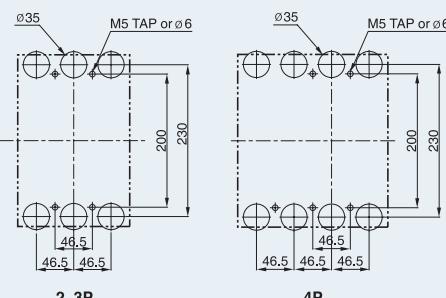
TS400 / TS630

[mm]

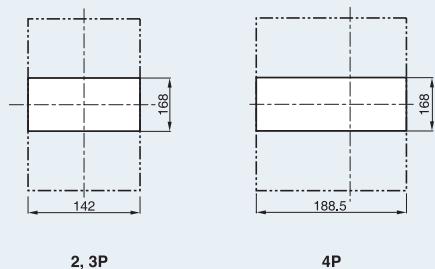
### Bar type



### Panel drilling



### Front panel cutting

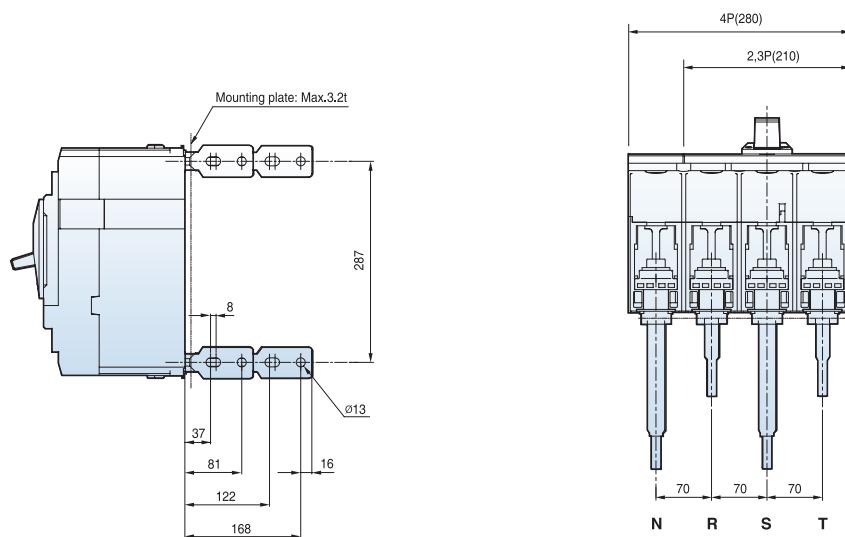


## Rear terminals

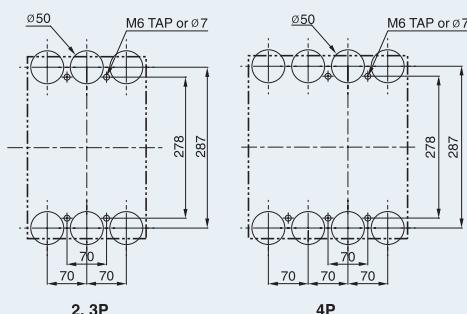
TS800

[mm]

### Bar type



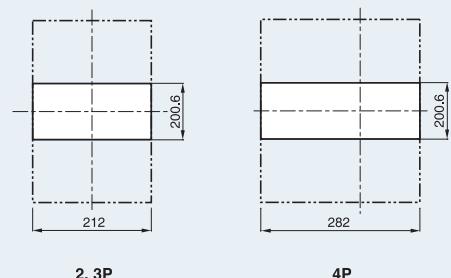
### Panel drilling



2, 3P

4P

### Front panel cutting



2, 3P

4P

# Overall dimensions

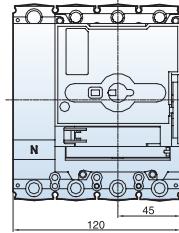
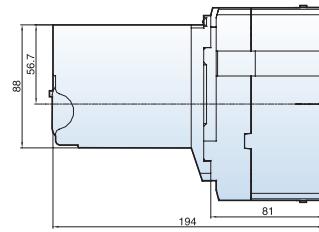
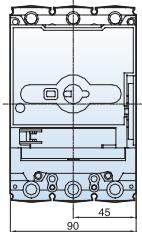
## Circuit breaker with motor operator

MOP1, MOP2, MOP3, MOP4

TD100N/H/L  
TD160N/H/L

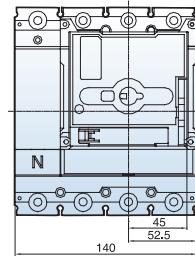
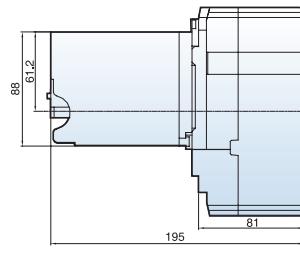
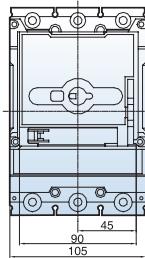
### Circuit breaker with MOP1

[mm]



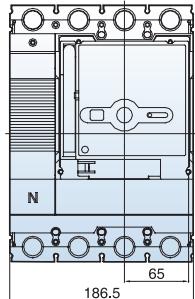
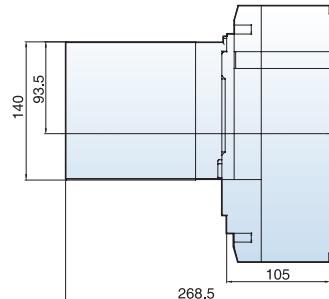
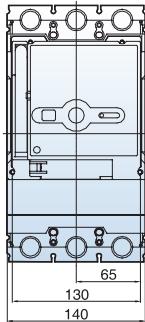
TS100N/H/L  
TS160N/H/L  
TS250N/H/L

### Circuit breaker with MOP2



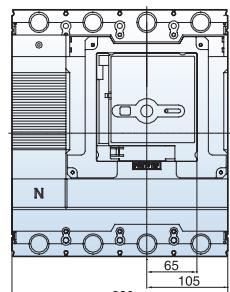
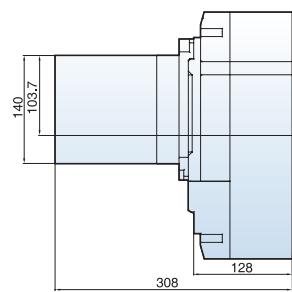
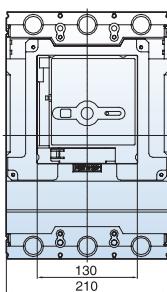
TS400N/H/L  
TS630N/H/L

### Circuit breaker with MOP3



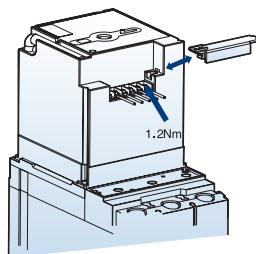
TS800N/H/L

### Circuit breaker with MOP4



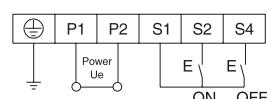
## Wiring connection

### Motor operator



#### Standard connection

Circuit breaker On and Off controlled by remote operation and manual operation

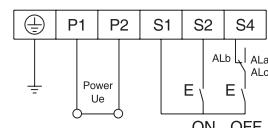


#### Connection with alarm switch (AL)

- 1) The below connection diagram is the method of using a alarm switch (AL) without shunt or undervoltage trip.
- 2) After clearing the fault surely, manual reset is mandatory in case of tripping due to an electrical fault.

#### Connection with FAL (only for the breakers with electronic trip unit ETS or ETM)

- 1) The below connection diagram is the method of using a FAL for circuit breakers with electronic trip unit.
- 2) After clearing the fault surely, manual reset is mandatory in case of tripping due to an electrical fault.



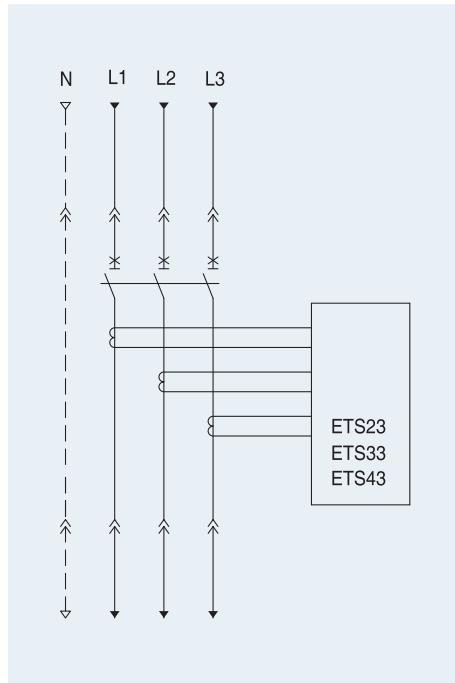
# Overall dimensions

## Wiring diagram(State of operation)

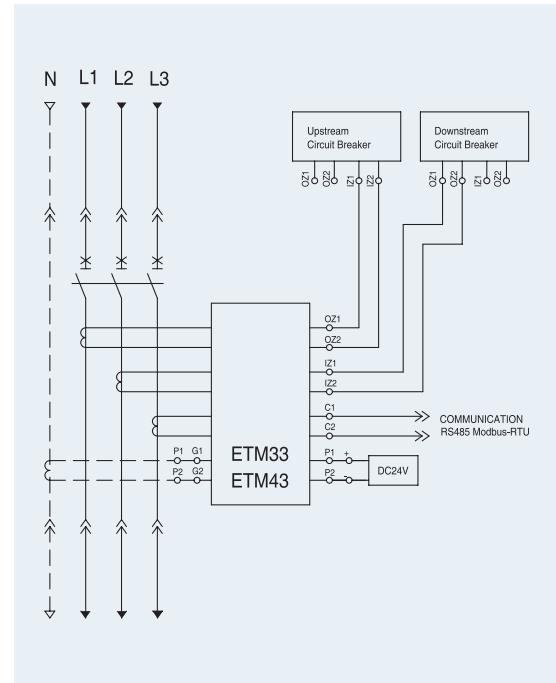
ETS23/ETS33/ETS43

The diagram is shown in the following conditions:

- Fixed version circuit-breaker (depending on type of circuit-breaker)
- Circuit breakers open.
- Releases not tripped



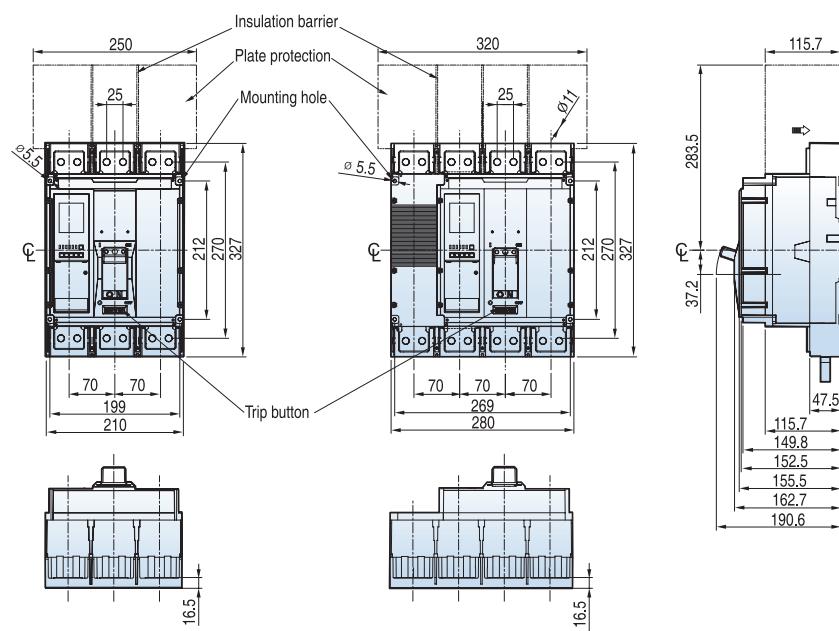
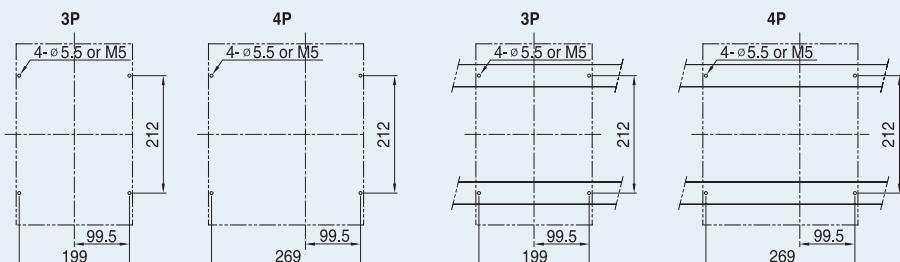
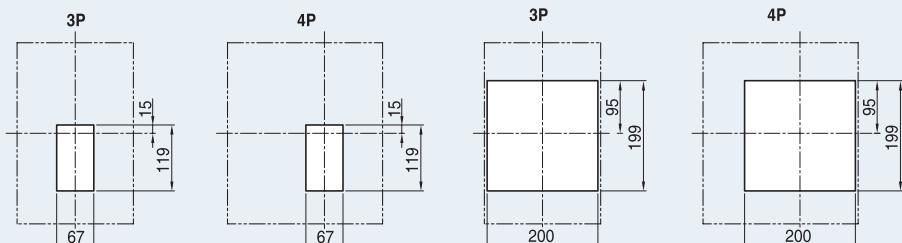
Three-pole circuit-breaker with  
ETS23/ETS33/ETS43 electronic release



Three-pole circuit-breaker with  
ETM33/ETM43 electronic release  
(External natural current transformer)

**TS 1000, 1250, 1600A****Front Type**

[mm]

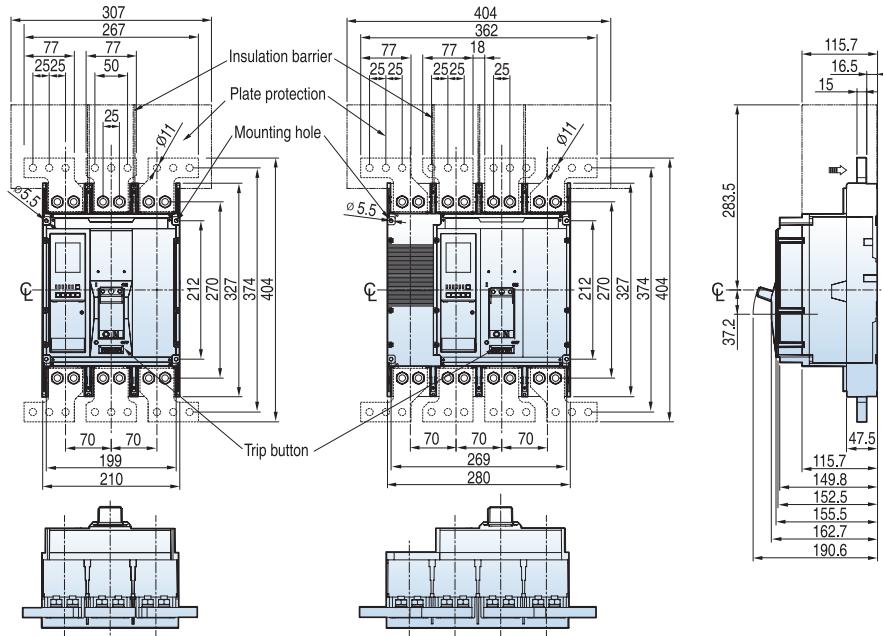
**Panel drilling****Front panel cutting**

# Overall dimensions

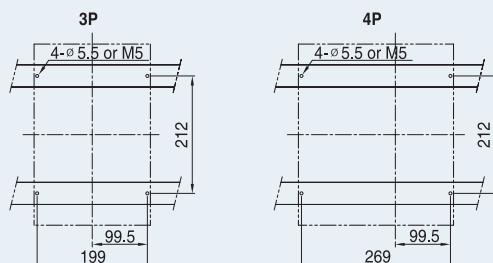
## TS 1000, 1250, 1600A

### Front Type Busbar

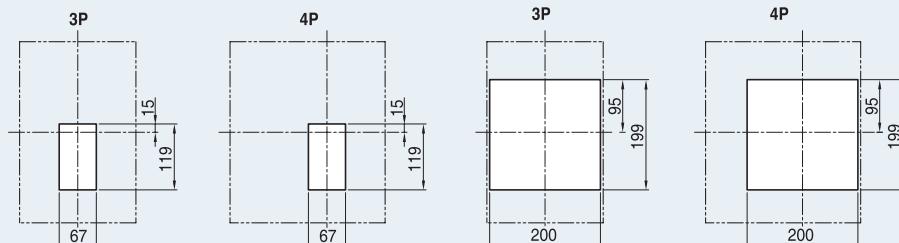
[mm]



### Panel drilling



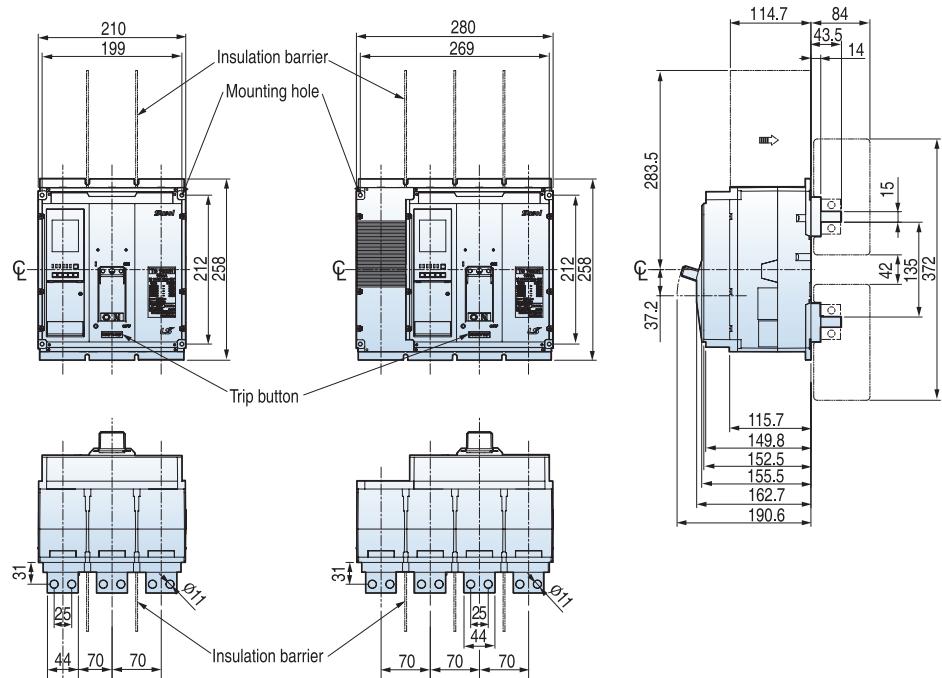
### Front panel cutting



## TS 1000, 1250, 1600A

## Rear Type

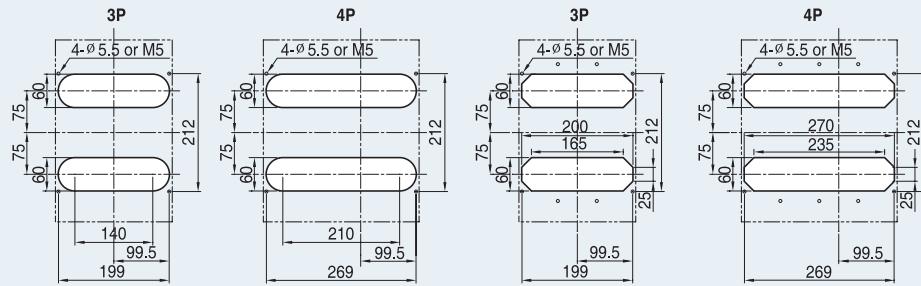
[mm]



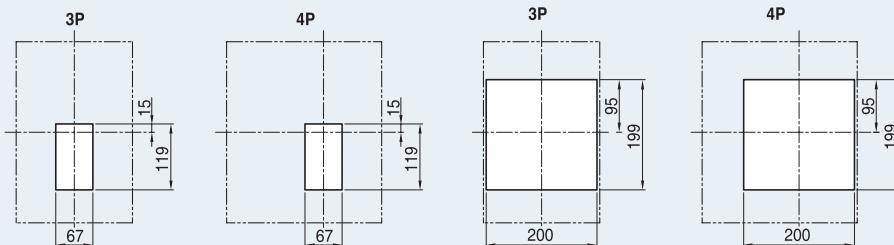
## Panel drilling

ON BACKPLATE

ON BACKPLATE



## Front panel cutting



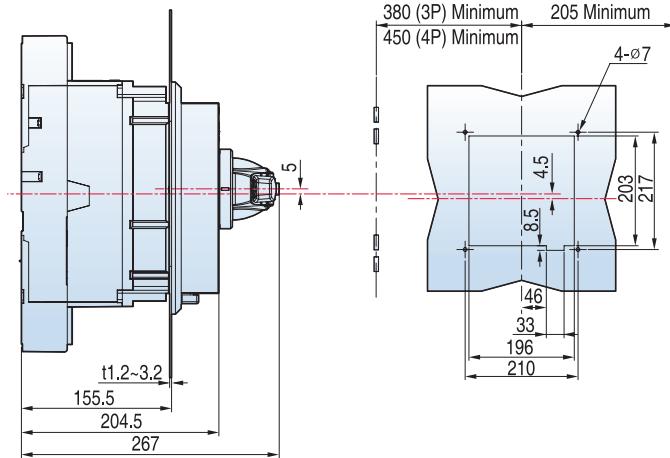
# Overall dimensions

## Rotary handles

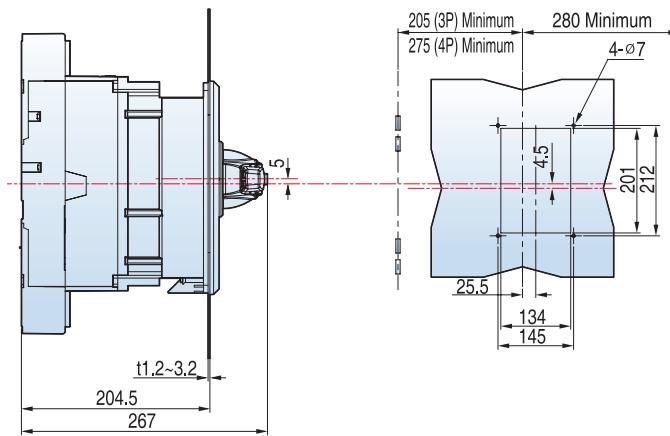
Direct rotary handles for TS 1600AF

[mm]

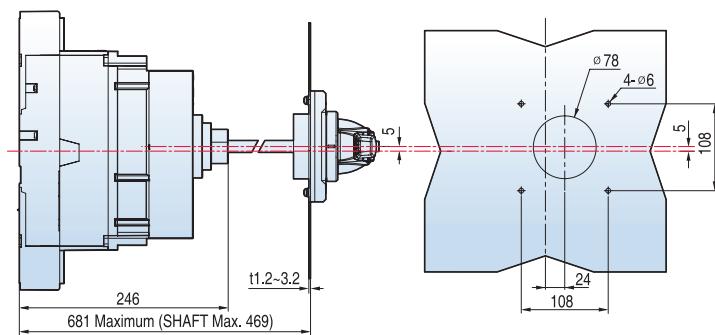
### A Type



### B Type

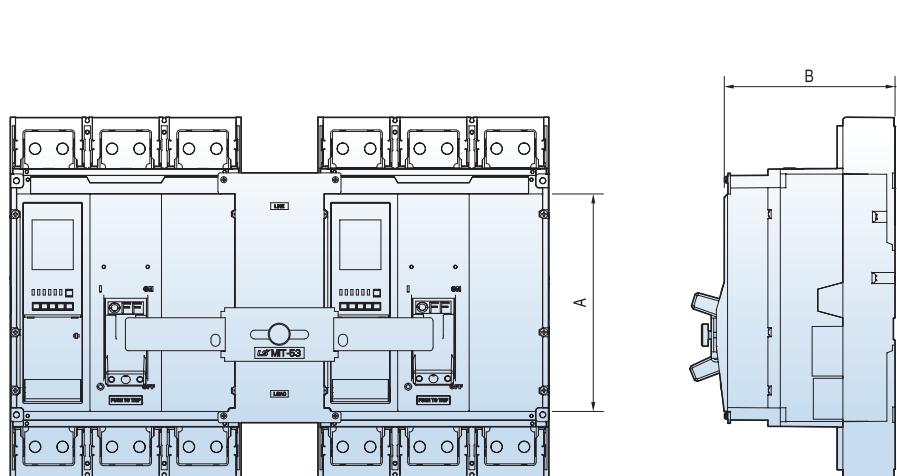


## Extended rotary handle for TS 1600AF



## Locking devices

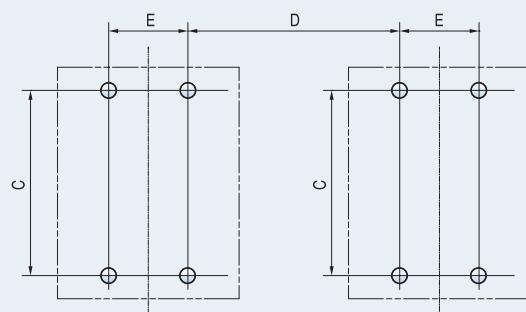
### Mechanical interlock for TS 1600AF



**The cutting of Panel**

3P	C	D	E
TS1600	212	81	199
4P	D	E	
TS1600	11	269	

**The dimension of installation holes**



**The cutting of Panel**

3P	C	D	E
TS1600	212	81	199
4P	D	E	
TS1600	11	269	

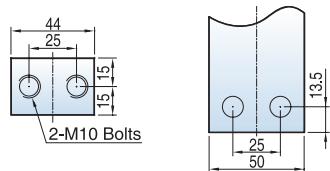
# Overall dimensions

## Terminals

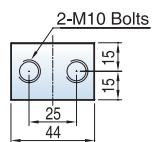
### Front connection with bars for TS1600

[mm]

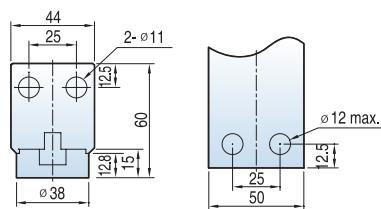
#### Top terminal



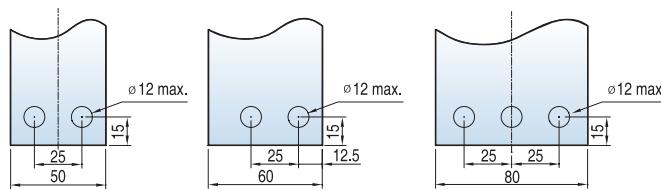
#### Bottom terminal



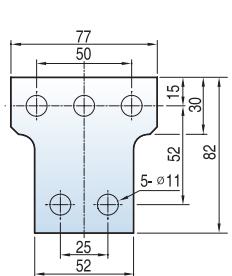
### Rear connection with bars



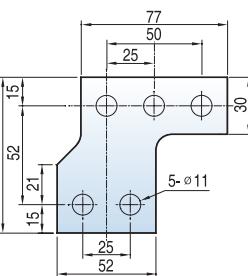
### Connection with Busbar



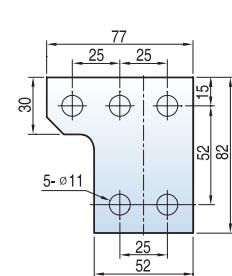
#### Middle busbar for 3P



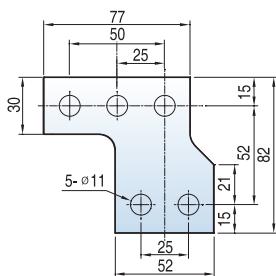
#### Left or right busbar for 3P



#### Middle left or middle right busbar for 4P

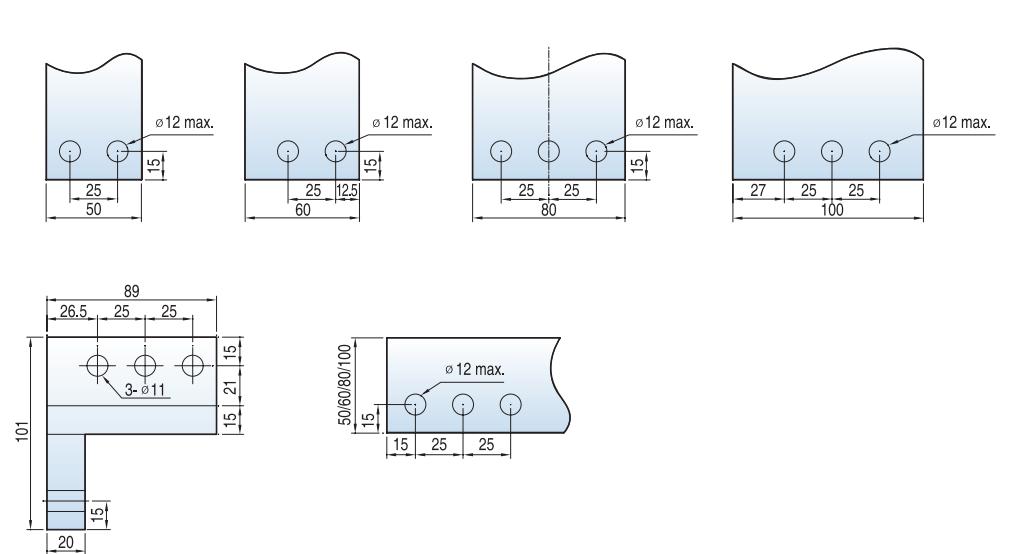


#### Left or right busbar for 4P

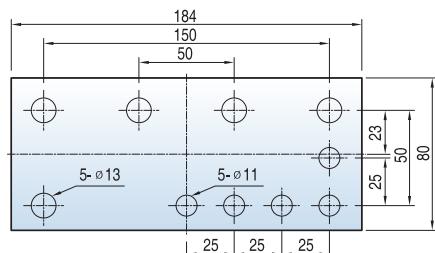


## Terminals

Front or Rear connection with vertical busbar for TS1600



## Extension Busbar

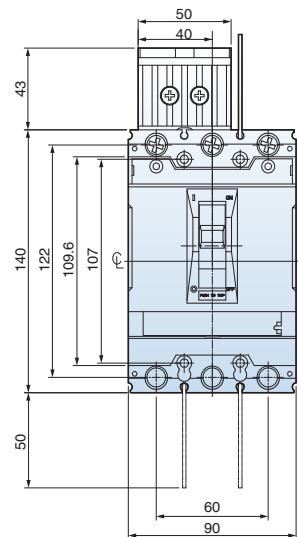


# Overall dimensions (DC1000V PV MCCB)

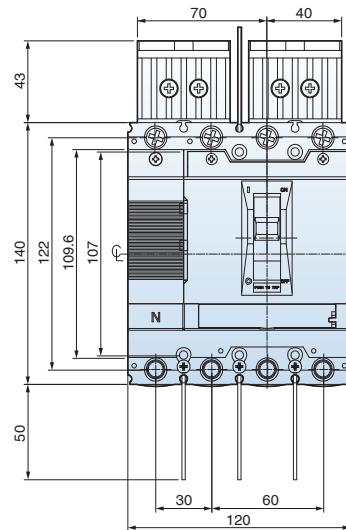
## TD100, TD160

Dimension of MCCB with short BUSBAR

[mm]



3P

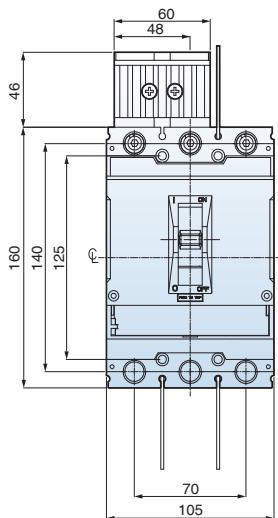


4P (L-type)

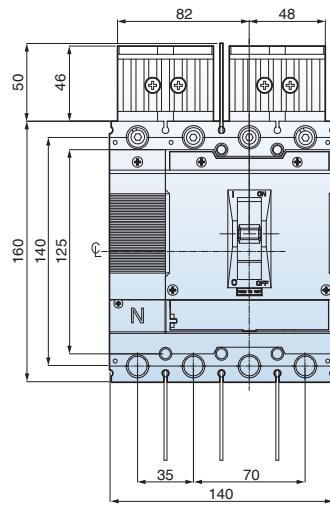
※ R, S Line Common conditions

## TS100, TS160, TS250

Dimension of MCCB with short BUSBAR



3P

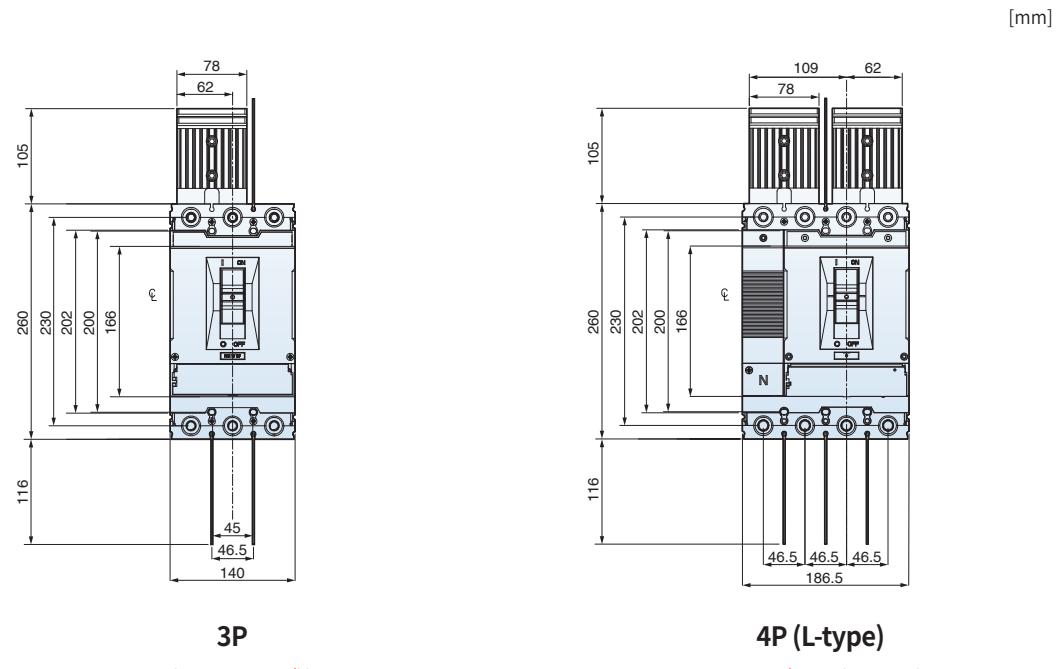


4P (L-type)

※ L-Type and R-Type is symmetric

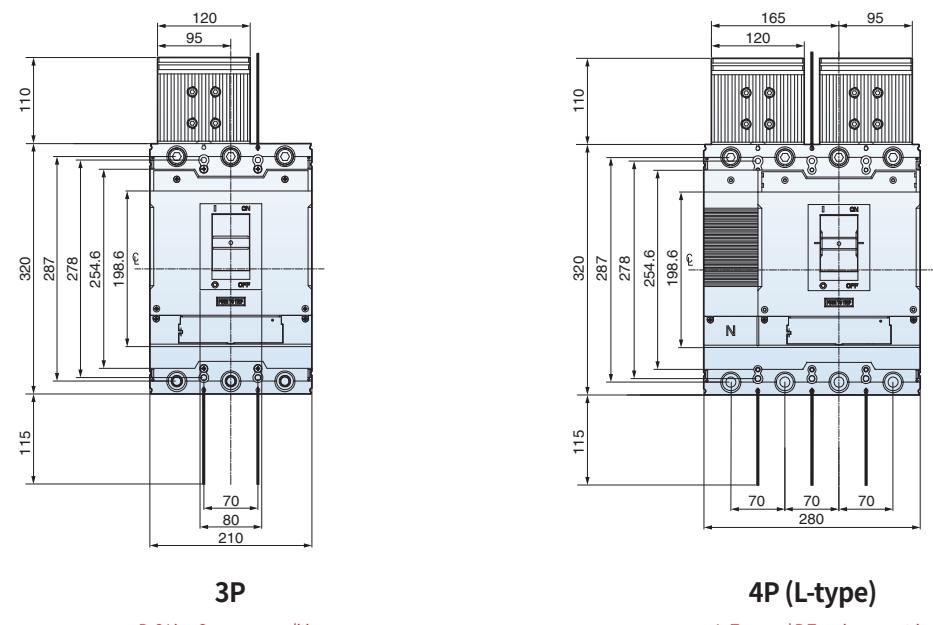
## TS400, TS630

### Dimension of MCCB with short BUSBAR



## TS800

### Dimension of MCCB with short BUSBAR

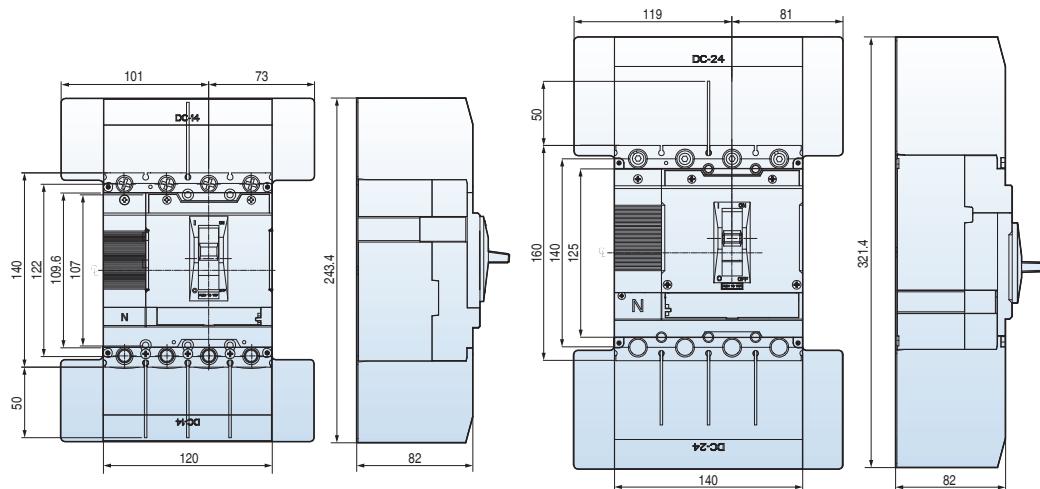


# Overall dimensions (DC1000V PV MCCB)

## TD160, TS250

Dimension of MCCB with terminal cover & Barrier

[mm]



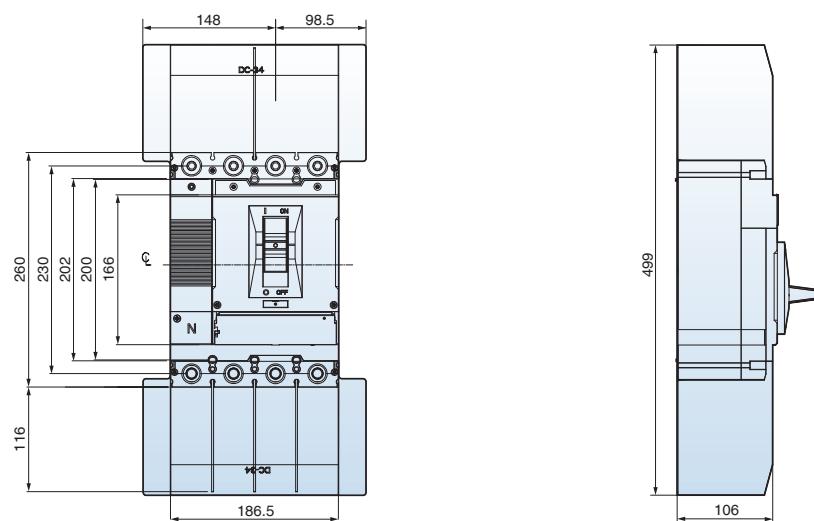
4P (L-type)

4P (L-type)

※ L-Type and R-Type is symmetric

## TS400, TS630

Dimension of MCCB with terminal cover & Barrier

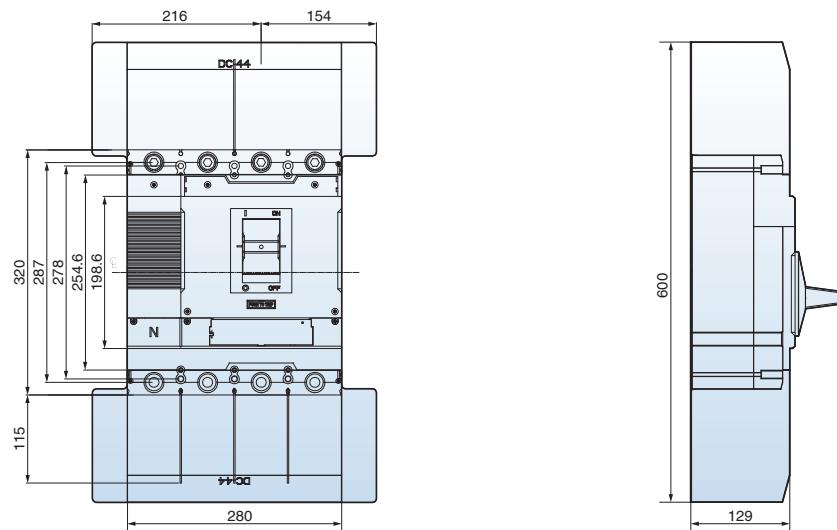


4P (L-type)

※ L-Type and R-Type is symmetric

**TS800****Dimension of MCCB with terminal cover & Barrier**

[mm]

**4P (L-type)**

※ L-Type and R-Type is symmetric

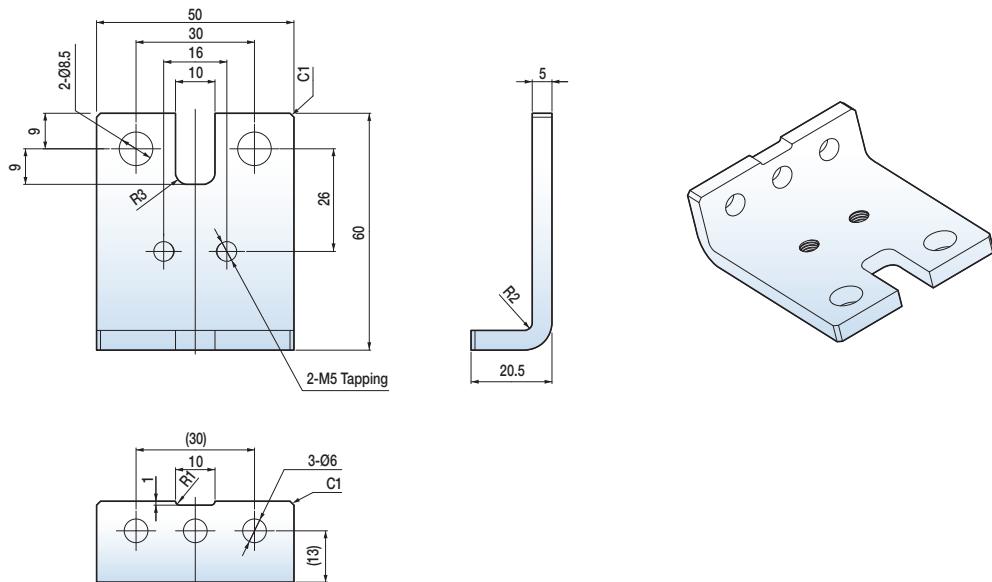
# Overall dimensions (DC1000V PV MCCB)

## TD160

### Short BUSBAR dimension

TD160 5t Short Busbar

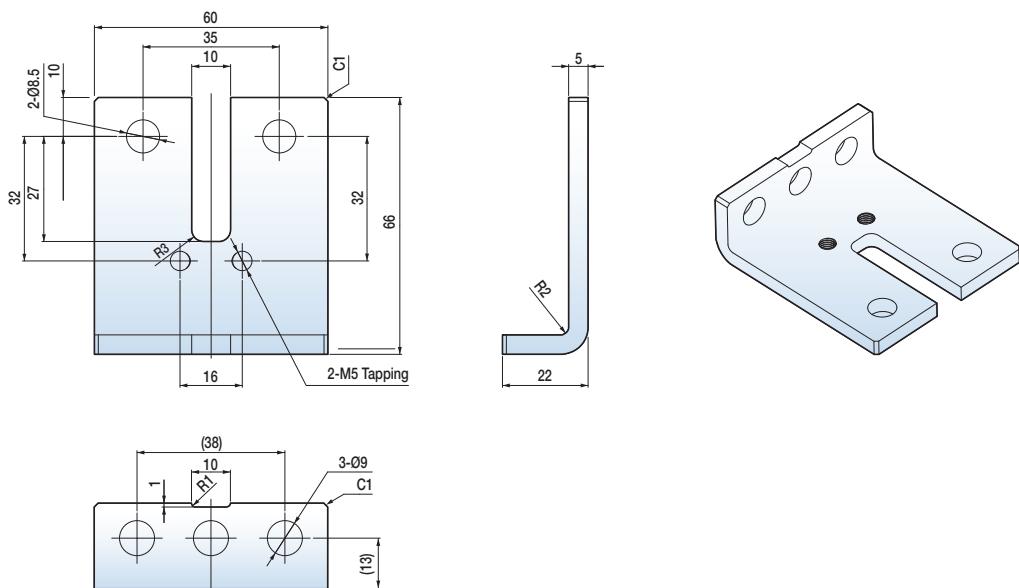
[mm]



## TS250

### Short BUSBAR dimension

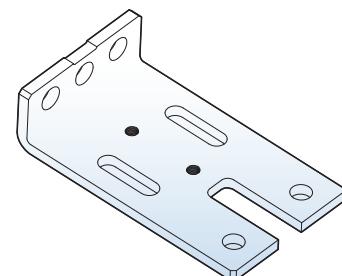
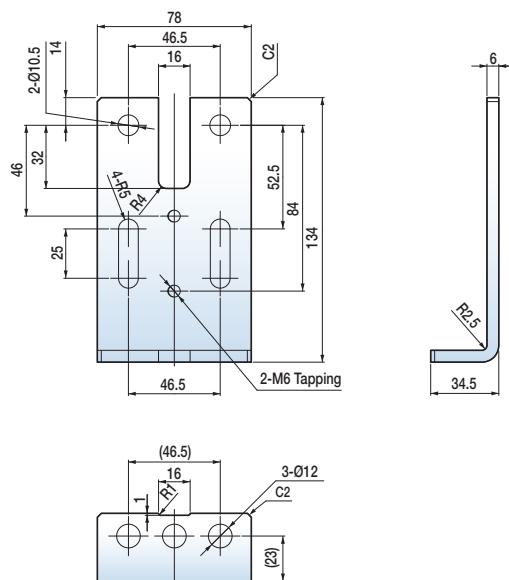
TS250 4t Short Busbar



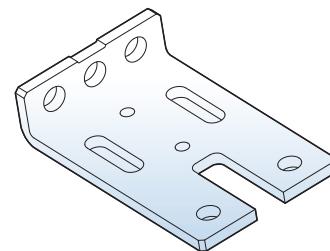
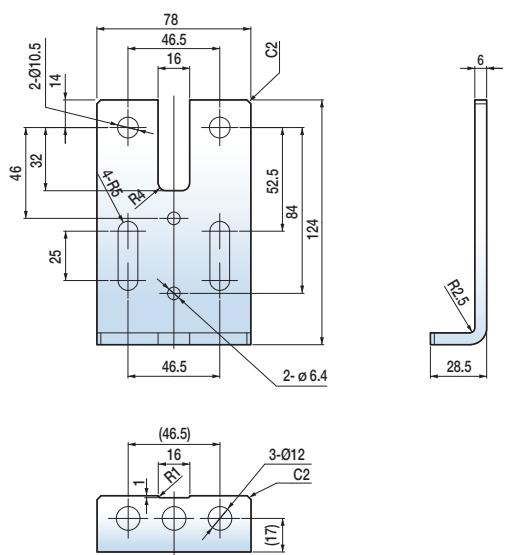
## TS630

### Short BUSBAR dimension

#### TS630 Lower Short Busbar



#### TS630 Upper Short Busbar



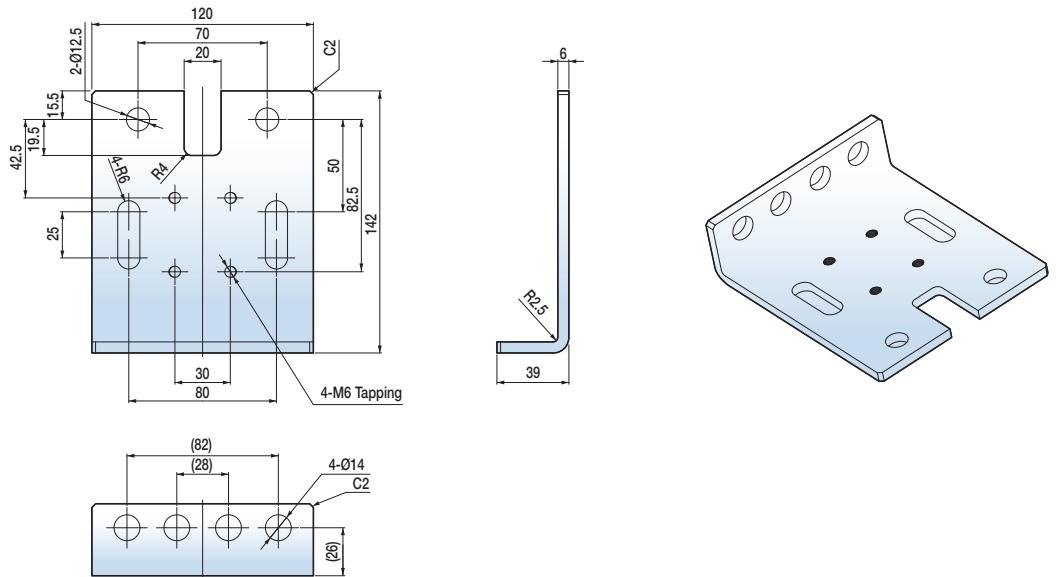
# Overall dimensions (DC1000V PV MCCB)

## TS800

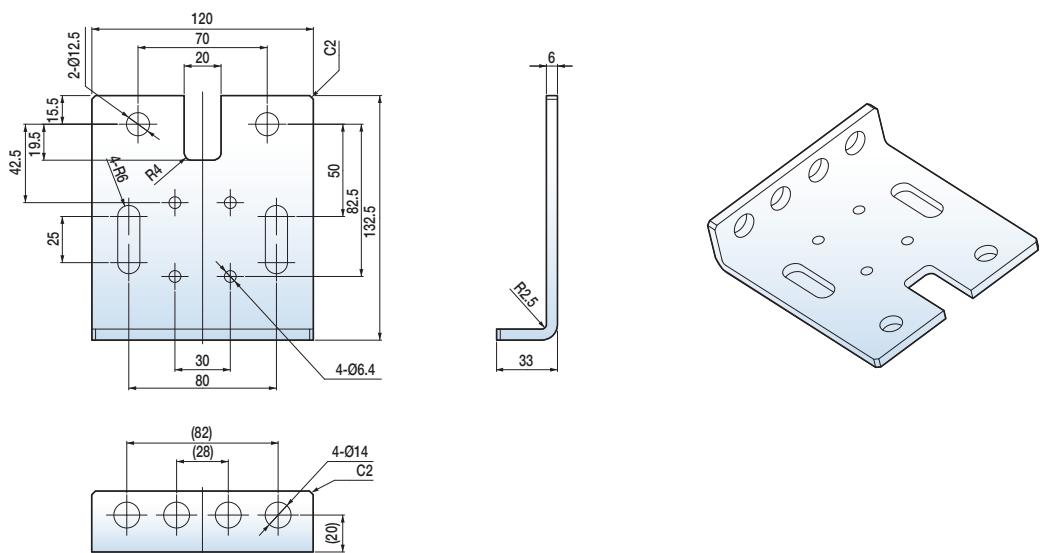
### Short BUSBAR dimension

#### TS800 Lower Short Busbar

[mm]

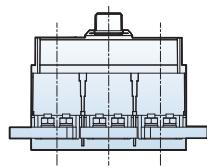
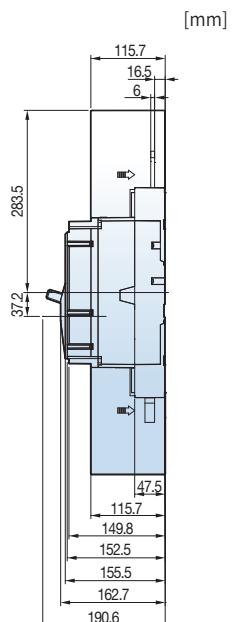
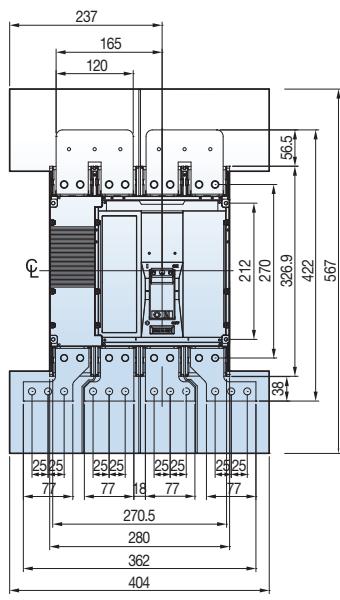
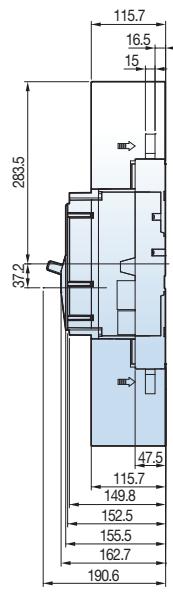
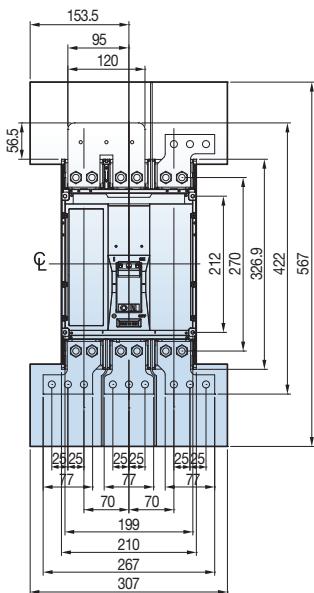


#### TS800 Upper Short Busbar

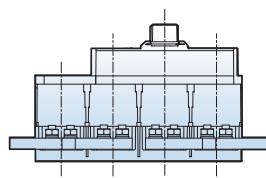


## TS1600NA

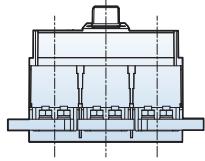
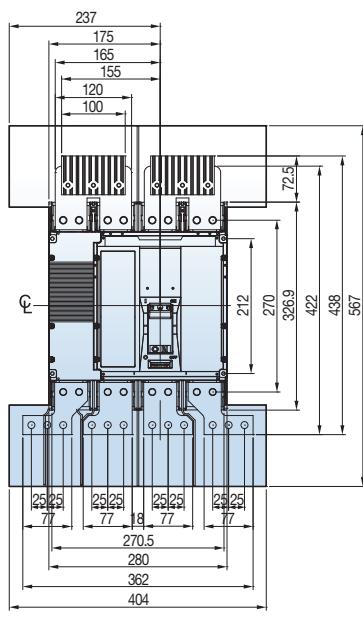
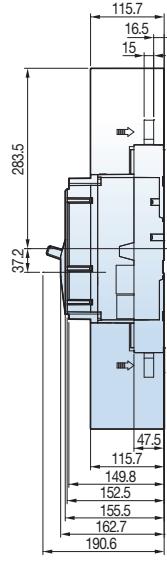
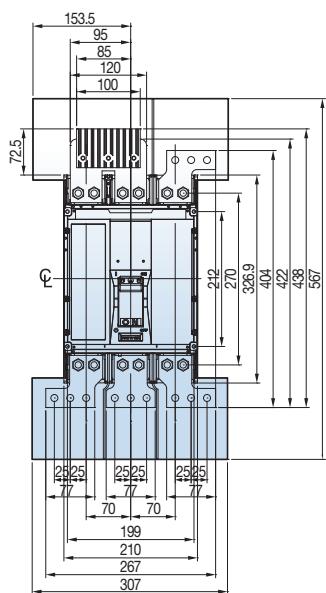
Dimension of MCCB with DC BUSBAR



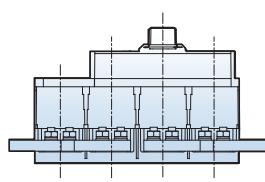
<TS1000NA 3P>



<TS1000NA 4P>



<TS1250NA 3P>

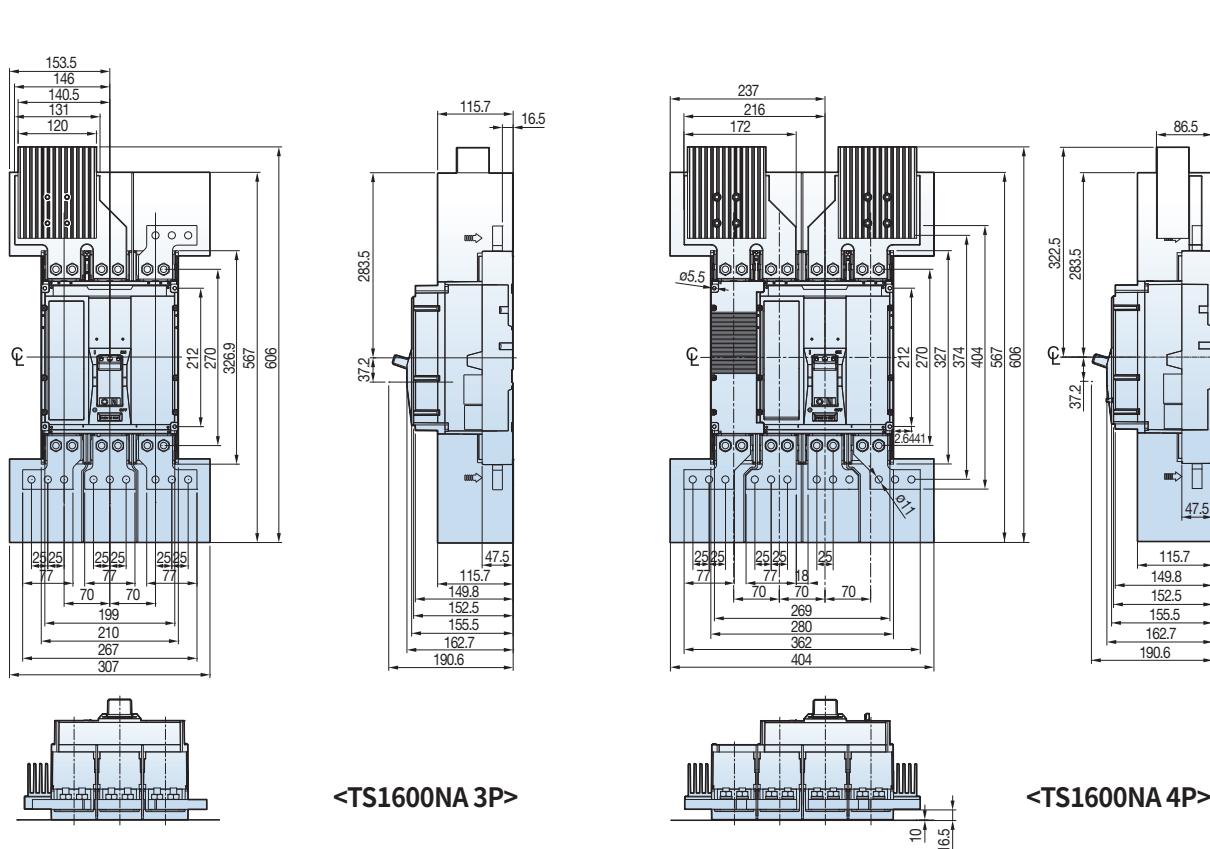


<TS1250NA 4P>

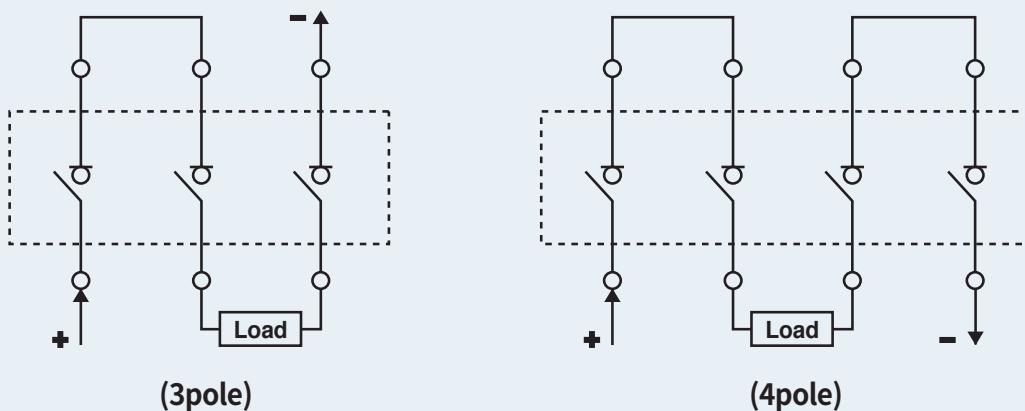
# Overall dimensions Disconnectors Switch (1600AF)

## TS1600NA

Dimension of MCCB with DC BUSBAR

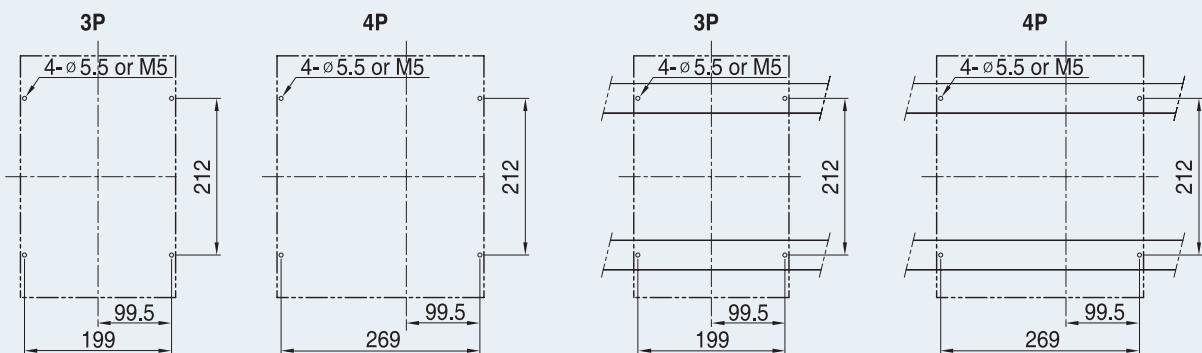
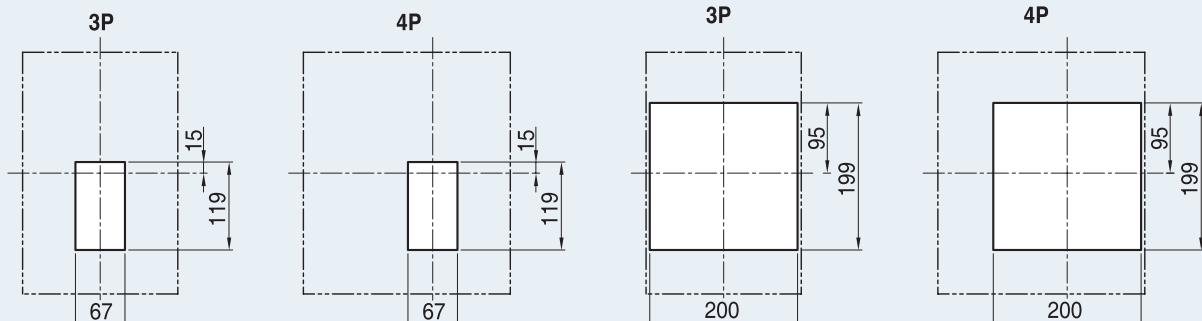


## Connection diagrams



**TS1600NA**

Panel drilling/Front panel cutting

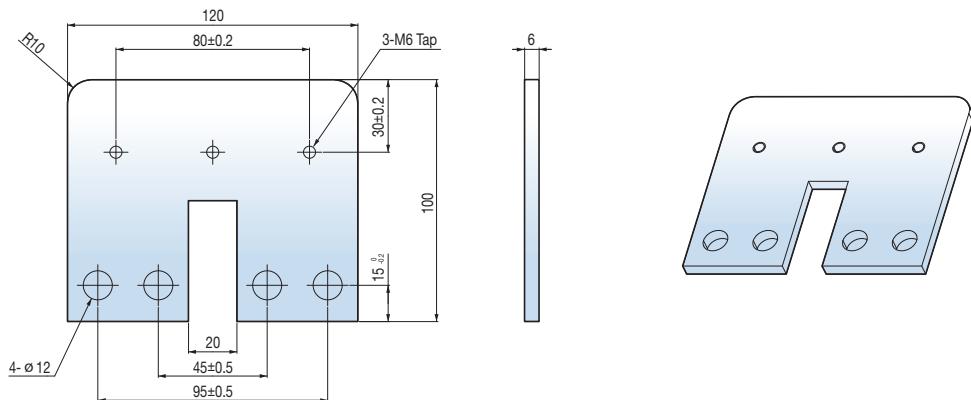
**Panel drilling****Front panel cutting**

# Overall dimensions Disconnectors Switch (1600AF)

## TS1000NA/TS1250NA

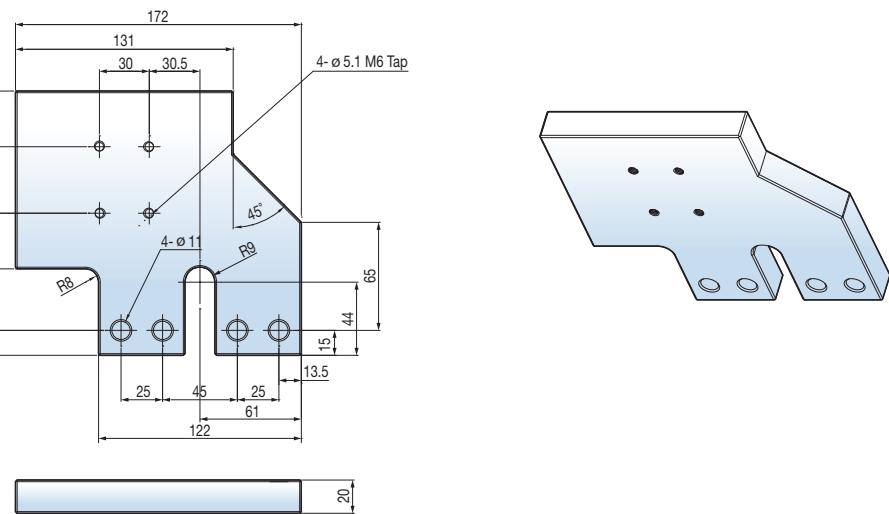
Short BUSBAR dimension

[mm]



## TS1600NA

Short BUSBAR dimension



# Memo

Susol MCCB



# A-7

## Technical information

### Temperature derating

- TD, TS series up to 1600A A-7-1

### Power dissipation /Resistance

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# Technical information

## Temperature derating

A derating of the rated operational current of the Susol TD and TS molded case circuit breaker is necessary if the ambient temperature is greater than 40°C. Namely, when the ambient temperature is greater than 40°C, overload-protection characteristics are slightly modified.

Electronic trip units are not affected by variations in temperature.

But, the maximum permissible current in the circuit breaker depends on the ambient temperature.

### Derating chart

- Connection type: Standard
- Trip unit: FTU, FMU, ATU, ETS, ETM

MCCB	Rating (A)	Fixed MCCB (c/w Thermal-magnetic trip unit)							
		10°C	20°C	30°C	40°C	45°C	50°C	60°C	70°C
TD100 TD160	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	14	13
	20	20	20	20	20	19	19	18	16
	25	25	25	25	25	24	23	22	21
	32	32	32	32	32	31	30	28	26
	40	40	40	40	40	39	38	35	33
	50	50	50	50	50	48	47	44	41
	63	63	63	63	63	61	59	56	52
	80	80	80	80	80	78	75	71	66
	100	100	100	100	100	97	94	88	82
	125	125	125	125	125	121	117	110	103
TS100 TS160	160	160	160	160	160	155	150	141	131
	40	40	40	40	40	39	38	35	33
	50	50	50	50	50	48	47	44	41
	63	63	63	63	63	61	59	56	52
	80	80	80	80	80	78	75	71	66
	100	100	100	100	100	97	94	88	82
	125	125	125	125	125	121	117	110	103
TS250	160	160	160	160	160	155	150	141	131
	200	200	200	200	200	194	188	176	164
TS400	250	250	250	250	250	242	234	220	205
	300	300	300	300	300	291	281	264	246
TS630	400	400	400	400	400	388	375	353	328
	500	500	500	500	500	484	469	441	410
TS800	630	630	630	630	630	610	591	555	517
	800	800	800	800	800	775	750	705	656

Note) TD160 1pole MCCB is not applied to temperature derating.

## Temperature derating

### Derating chart

- Connection type: Plug-in
- Trip unit: FTU, FMU, ATU, ETS, ETM

MCCB	Rating (A)	Fixed MCCB (c/w Thermal-magnetic trip unit)							
		10°C	20°C	30°C	40°C	45°C	50°C	60°C	70°C
TD100 TD160	16	16	16	16	16	15	14	13	
	20	20	20	20	19	19	18	16	
	25	25	25	25	24	23	22	21	
	32	32	32	32	31	30	28	26	
	40	40	40	40	39	38	35	33	
	50	50	50	50	48	47	44	41	
	63	63	63	63	61	59	56	52	
	80	80	80	80	78	75	71	66	
	100	100	100	100	97	94	88	82	
	125	125	125	125	121	117	110	103	
TS100 TS160	160	144	144	144	140	135	127	118	
	40	40	40	40	39	38	35	33	
	50	50	50	50	48	47	44	41	
	63	63	63	63	61	59	56	52	
	80	80	80	80	78	75	71	66	
	100	100	100	100	97	94	88	82	
	125	125	125	125	121	117	110	103	
TS250	160	160	160	160	155	150	141	131	
	200	200	200	200	194	188	176	164	
TS400	250	235	235	235	228	220	207	193	
	300	300	300	300	291	281	264	246	
TS630	400	400	400	400	388	375	353	328	
	500	500	500	500	484	469	441	410	
TS800	630	540	540	540	523	506	476	443	
	800	740	740	740	717	694	652	607	

### Environment where ambient temperature is -5°C or less

Molded Case Circuit Breaker is subject to the effect of low temperature brittle of metal part inside and insulator, or changes in viscosity of lubricating oil in device, extra care should be taken not to have the temperature drop extremely with the use of such device as space heater. In addition, in case of using a thermal magnetic trip element (FTU, FMU, ATU) , the operating characteristic changes toward the difficult direction, so you should identify the relationship of protection and correct accordingly.

Although MCCB is not affected by conduction switch, trip, or short circuit isolation in the temperature of -20°C, it is highly recommended to use a temperature maintaining device such as space heater. In addition, transportation and passing in stone-cold area in the temperature as low as -40°C is allowed but it is recommend to leave the status of MCCB off or tripped in order to minimize the effect of brittle due to a low temperature.

# Technical information

## Size of busbar

### Temperature derating

The table below indicates the maximum rated current value for each type of connection, depending on the ambient temperature.

Connection	Front or horizontal rear						
	T	40	45	50	55	60	65
TS1000	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
TS1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	1240	1090
TS1600	1600	1600	1560	1510	1470	1420	1360

Connection	Vertical rear						
	T	40	45	50	55	60	65
TS1000	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
TS1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	1180
TS1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	1510	1460

## Derating table

The following tables are based on the following assumptions;  
 - T : Temperature around the circuit breaker and its connections

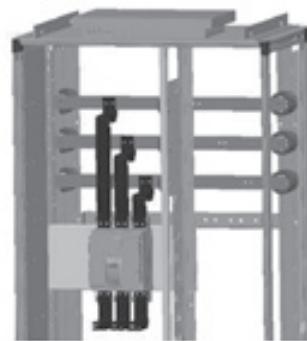
Note) 1. The values presented in the tables are the result of trials and theoretical calculations on the basis of the assumption mentioned above.  
 2. These tables are intended as an aid in designing connection, however, the actual values must be confirmed by tests on the installation.

TS1000 to TS1600 mounted

Using bar connection

- Cross section of bar: 1000 mm<sup>2</sup>

- Limit of temperature rising at terminal connection: 70k



Using the data below, it is possible to determine the maximum permissible currents when making the connections to busbars for a Vertical, TS1000/TS1600, taking into account the ambient temperature around the switchboard and the IP value. Connection to be made according to the busbar drawings supplied.

Permissible current at switchboard condition using above external terminal connections

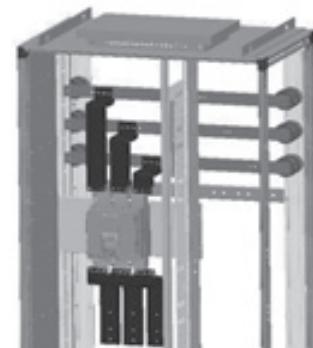
Model	T: 25°C	T: 30°C	T: 35°C	T: 40°C	T: 45°C	T: 50°C
	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40
TS1000 N/H/L	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
TS1250 N/H	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250
TS1600 N/H	1350	1350	1300	1250	1200	1150

TS1000 to TS1600 mounted

Using busbar connecting

- Cross section of bar: 1000 mm<sup>2</sup>

- Limit of temperature rising at terminal connection: 70k



Permissible current at switchboard condition using above external terminal connections

Model	T: 25°C	T: 30°C	T: 35°C	T: 40°C	T: 45°C	T: 50°C
	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40
TS1000 N/H/L	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
TS1250 N/H	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	1200
TS1600 N/H	1450	1400	1350	1300	1250	1200

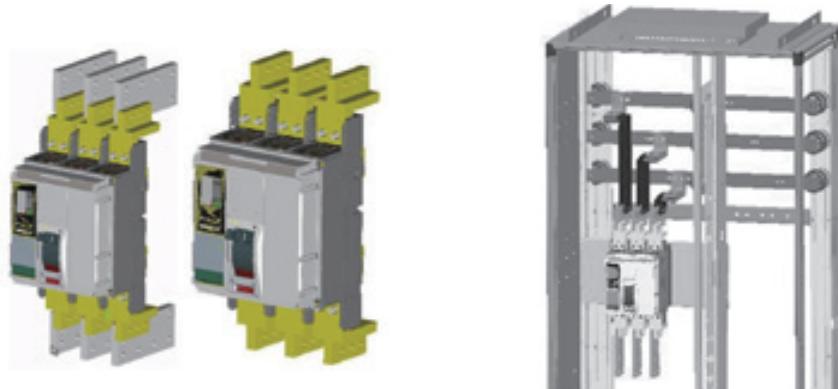
# Technical information

## Derating table

The following tables are based on the following assumptions;  
- T : Temperature around the circuit breaker and its connections

Note) 1. The values presented in the tables are the result of trials and theoretical calculations on the basis of the assumption mentioned above.  
2. These tables are intended as an aid in designing connection, however, the actual values must be confirmed by tests on the installation.

TS1000 to TS1600 mounted  
using special external connections  
- Cross section of bar: 1000 mm<sup>2</sup>  
- Limit of temperature rising at terminal connection: 70k



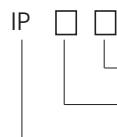
Using the data below, it is possible to determine the permissible current for a specified connection between TS1000/TS1600, fixed and busbars depending on the ambient temperature around the switchboard and the IP value.

Permissible current at switchboard condition using above external terminal connections

Model	T: 25°C	T: 30°C	T: 35°C	T: 40°C	T: 45°C	T: 50°C
	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40
TS1000 N/H/L	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
TS1250 N/H	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250
TS1600 N/H	1600	1600	1600	1550	1500	1450

## Installation recommendation

### Protection degree provided by enclosures (IP Code) IEC 60529



- First characteristic numeral × (numerals 0 to 6, or letter x)
- Second characteristic numeral × (numerals 0 to 8, or letter x)
- Code letters (international Protection)

#### First characteristic numeral

	Degree of protection	
	Brief description	Definition
0	Non-protected	-
1	Protected against solid foreign objects of 50mm ø and greater	The object probe sphere of 50mm ø, shall not fully penetrate
2	Protected against solid foreign objects of 12.5mm ø and greater	The object probe sphere of 12.5mm ø, shall not fully penetrate
3	Protected against solid foreign objects of 2.5mm ø and greater	The object probe sphere of 2.5mm ø, shall not penetrate at all
4	Protected against solid foreign objects of 1.0mm ø and greater	The object probe of 1.0mm ø, shall not penetrate at all
5	Dust-protected	Ingress of dust is not totally prevented, but dust shall not penetrate in a quantity to interfere with satisfactory operation of the apparatus or to impair safety
6	Dust-tight	No ingress of dust

#### Second characteristic numeral

	Degree of protection	
	Brief description	Definition
0	Non-protected	-
1	Protected against vertically falling water drops	Vertically falling drops shall have no harmful effects
2	Protected against vertically falling water drops when enclosure tilted up to 15°	Vertically falling drops shall have no harmful effects when the enclosure is tilted at any angle up to 15° on either side of the vertical
3	Protected against spraying water	Water sprayed at an angle up to 60° on either side of the vertical shall have no harmful effects
4	Protected against spraying water	Water splashed against the enclosure from any direction shall have no harmful effects
5	Protected against spraying jets	Water projected in powerful jets against the enclosure from any direction shall have no harmful effects
6	Protected against powerful water jets	Water projected in powerful jets against the enclosure from any direction shall have no harmful effects
7	Protected against the effects of temporary immersion in water	Ingress of water in quantities causing harmful effects shall not be possible when the enclosure is temporarily immersed in water under standardized conditions of pressure and time
8	Protected against the effects of continuous immersion in water	Ingress of water in quantities causing harmful effects shall not be possible when the enclosure is continuously immersed in water under conditions which shall be agreed between manufacturer and user but which are more severe than for numeral 7

# Technical information

## Power dissipation / Resistance

### Susol TD & TS series up to 1600A

	AF	TD100 (3P & 4P)								
		Rating (A)	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	100
Fixed MCCB	R (mΩ)	5.60	5.60	3.80	3.80	1.84	1.34	1.10	0.91	0.70
	Watt single pole	1.43	2.24	2.38	3.89	2.94	3.35	4.37	5.82	7.00
	Watt three poles	4.30	6.72	7.13	11.67	8.83	10.05	13.10	17.47	21.00
Plug-in MCCB	R (mΩ)	5.68	5.68	3.88	3.88	1.92	1.42	1.18	0.99	0.78
	Watt single pole	1.45	2.27	2.43	3.97	3.07	3.55	4.68	6.34	7.80
	Watt three poles	4.36	6.82	7.28	11.92	9.22	10.65	14.05	19.01	23.40

	AF	TD160 (3P & 4P)			
		Rating (A)	100	125	160
Fixed MCCB	R (mΩ)	0.70	0.61	0.50	
	Watt single pole	0.70	0.61	0.50	
	Watt three poles	21.00	28.59	38.40	
Plug-in MCCB	R (mΩ)	0.78	0.69	0.58	
	Watt single pole	7.80	10.78	14.85	
	Watt three poles	23.40	32.34	44.54	

	AF	TS100,TS160,TS250 (3P & 4P)								
		Rating (A)	40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200
Fixed MCCB	R (mΩ)	3.37	2.86	2.86	1.36	0.96	0.76	0.62	0.52	0.25
	Watt single pole	5.39	7.15	11.35	8.70	9.60	11.88	15.87	20.80	15.79
	Watt three poles	16.18	21.45	34.05	26.11	28.80	35.63	47.62	62.40	47.38
Plug-in MCCB	R (mΩ)	3.43	2.92	2.92	1.42	1.02	0.82	0.68	0.58	0.31
	Watt single pole	5.49	7.30	11.59	9.09	10.20	12.81	17.41	23.20	19.54
	Watt three poles	16.46	21.90	34.77	27.26	30.60	38.44	52.22	69.60	58.63

	AF	TS400, TS630 (3P, 4P)				TS800 (3P, 4P)			
		Rating (A)	300	400	500	630	700	800	
Fixed MCCB	R (mΩ)	0.30	0.30	0.26	0.21		0.12		0.12
	Watt single pole	26.82	47.68	65.25	83.35		73.81		73.81
	Watt three poles	80.46	143.04	195.75	250.05		221.44		221.44
Plug-in MCCB	R (mΩ)	0.34	0.34	0.30	0.25		0.14		0.14
	Watt single pole	30.42	54.08	75.25	99.23		86.61		86.61
	Watt three poles	91.26	162.24	225.75	297.68		259.84		259.84

	AF	TS1000N/H, TS1250N/H, TS1600N/H					TS1000L		
		Rating (A)	630	800	1000	1250	1600	630	800
Fixed MCCB	R (mΩ)	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.046	0.046	0.046
	Watt single pole	10.7	17.3	27.8	45.1	76.0	18.3	30.0	48.3
	Watt three poles	32.1	51.8	83.4	135.4	228.1	54.8	90.1	144.9

- Power dissipated per pole (P/pole): Watts (W).
- Resistance per pole (R/pole): Milliohms (mΩ) (measured cold).
- Total power dissipation is the value measured at In, 50/60Hz, for a 3 pole or 4 pole circuit breaker (Power=  $3I^2R$ )

## Application

### Primary use of transformer

#### Application for transformer protection

Transformer excitation surge current may possibly exceed 10 times rated current, with a danger of nuisance tripping of the MCCB. The excitation surge current will vary depending upon the supply phase angle at the time of switching, and also on the level of core residual magnetism.

So, it's recommended to select proper circuit breakers according to the continuous current carrying capacity of transformer. It requires to consider separately whether transformer is single phase or three phase. The below table indicates the proper molded case circuit breaker suitable for each transformer.

#### AC220V

Capacity of 3 phase transformer (kVA)	Below 1500	Below 1500		Below 2000		Below 3000	
Capacity of single phase transformer (kVA)	Below 300	-					
Breaking capacity (kA) (sym)	42	85	100	120	200		
Frame (A)	100	TD100N	TD100H TS100N	TS100H	TD100L TS100L		
	160	TD160N	TD160H TS160N	TS160H	TD160L TS160L		
	250	TS250N		TS250H	TS250L		
	400	TS400N		TS400H	TS400L		
	630	TS630N		TS630H	TS630L		
	800	TS800N		TS800H	TS800L		

#### AC460V

Capacity of 3 phase transformer (kVA))	Below 2000		Below 3000			Below 4000	
Breaking capacity (kA) (sym)	50	65	70	85	100	130	
Frame (A)	100	TD100N TS100N	TD100H TS100H		TD100L TS100L		
	160	TD160N TS160N	TD160H TS160H		TD160L TS160L		
	250	TS250N	TS250H		TS250L		
	400	TS400N		TS400H		TS400L	
	630	TS630N		TS630H		TS630L	
	800	TS800N		TS800H			TS800L

# Technical information

## Application Primary use of transformer

### Application for transformer protection (MCCBs for Transformer-Primary Use)

Transformers are used to change in the supply voltage, for both medium and low voltage supplies. The choice of the protection devices should be considered transient insertion phenomena, during which the current may reach values higher than the rated full load current; the phenomenon decays in a few seconds.

The peak value of the first half cycle may reach values of 15 to 25 times the effective rated current. For a protective device capable of protecting these units this must be taken into account. Manufacturers data and tests have indicated that a protective device feeding a transformer must be capable of carrying the following current values without tripping.

### TD100/160, TS100~800 equipped with Thermal magnetic trip units

Transformer ratings (kVA)			MCCB rated current (A)	Trip unit
1 phase 230V	3 phase 230V 1 phase 400V	3 phase 400V		
3 to 4	5 to 6	9 to 11	16	
4 to 5	6 to 8	11 to 14	20	
5 to 6	8 to 10	14 to 17	25	
6 to 7	10 to 13	18 to 22	32	
7 to 9	13 to 16	22 to 28	40	
9 to 12	16 to 20	28 to 35	50	
12 to 14	20 to 25	35 to 44	63	
15 to 18	26 to 32	44 to 55	80	
18 to 23	32 to 40	55 to 69	100	
23 to 29	40 to 50	69 to 87	125	
29 to 37	51 to 64	89 to 111	160	
37 to 47	64 to 80	111 to 138	200	
46 to 58	80 to 100	138 to 173	250	
55 to 69	96 to 120	166 to 208	300	
74 to 92	128 to 160	221 to 277	400	
92 to 115	160 to 200	277 to 346	500	
116 to 145	202 to 252	349 to 436	630	
129 to 161	224 to 280	388 to 484	700	
147 to 184	256 to 320	443 to 554	800	

FTU  
FMU  
ATU

### TS100~800 equipped with electronic trip units

Transformer ratings (kVA)			MCCB rated current (A)	Trip unit	Ir max setting
1 phase 230V	3 phase 230V 1 phase 400V	3 phase 400V			
4 to 7	6 to 13	11 to 22	40	ETS ETM	0.8
9 to 19	16 to 32	27 to 56	100		0.8
15 to 30	25 to 52	44 to 90	160		0.8
23 to 46	40 to 80	70 to 139	250		0.8
37 to 74	64 to 128	111 to 222	400		0.8
58 to 115	100 to 200	175 to 346	630		0.8
74 to 184	127 to 319	222 to 554	800		1

## Application

### Protection of lighting & heating circuits

In the lighting & heating circuits, switching-surge magnitudes and times are normally not sufficient to cause serious tripping problems. But, in some cases, such as incandescent lamps, mercury arc lamps, metal halide and sodium vapour, or other large starting-current equipment, the proper selection should be considered.

Upon supply of a lighting installation, for a brief period an initial current exceeding the rated current (corresponding to the power of the lamps) circulates on the network. This possible peak has a value of approximately 15÷20 times the rated current, and is present for a few milliseconds; there may also be an inrush current with a value of approximately 1.5÷3 times the rated current, lasting up to some minutes. The correct dimensioning of the switching and protection devices must take these problems into account. Generally, it is recommended to make the maximum operating current not to exceed 80% of the related current.

#### AC220V

The maximum operating current (A)	The rated current of MCCB (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)				
		(sym)	85	100	120	200
12	16	TD100N	TD100H	TD100L		
16	20					
20	25		TD100H TS100N	TD100L TS100H	TD100L TS100L	
25	32					
32	40					
40	50		TD160H TS160N	TS160H	TD160L TS160L	
50	63					
64	80		TS250N	TS250H	TS250L	
80	100					
100	125	TD160N	TD160H TS160N	TS160H	TD160L TS160L	
128	160					
160	200		TS250N	TS250H	TS250L	
200	250					
240	300		TS400N	TS400H	TS400L	
320	400					
400	500		TS630N	TS630H	TS630L	
504	630					
560	700		TS800N	TS800H	TS800L	
640	800					

#### AC460V

The maximum operating current (A)	The rated current of MCCB (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)					
		(sym)	50	65	70	85	100
12	16	TD100N TS100N	TD100H TS100H	TD100L TS100L			
16	20						
20	25						
25	32						
32	40						
40	50						
50	63						
64	80						
80	100						
100	125		TD160H TS160H	TD160L TS160L			
128	160						
160	200	TS250N	TS250H		TS250L		
200	250						
240	300	TS400N	TS400H		TS400L		
320	400						
400	500	TS630N	TS630H		TS630L		
504	630						
560	700	TS800N	TS800H			TS800L	
640	800						

# Technical information

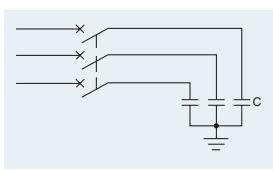
## Application Protection of resistance welding circuits

Short circuit protection for resistance welding devices can be obtained by applying molded case circuit breaker properly. These breakers permit normally high welding currents, but trip instantaneously if a short circuit develops.

It's recommended to select proper circuit breaker according to the characteristics of welding devices as the follow table.

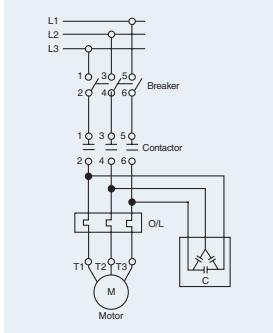
Characteristics of welding device		Applied circuit breaker (MCCB 2P)	
Capacity (kVA)	Maximum input (kVA)	220V (Single phase)	400V (Single phase)
15	35	TD100N/H/L 100A TS100N/H/L 100A TD160N/H/L 100A TS160N/H/L 100A	TD100N/H/L 50A TS100N/H/L 50A
30	65	TD160N/H/L 125A TS160N/H/L 125A TS250N/H/L 125A	TD100N/H/L 100A TS100N/H/L 100A TD160N/H/L 100A TS160N/H/L 100A
55	140	TS250N/H/L 250A	TD160N/H/L 125A TS160N/H/L 125A TS250N/H/L 125A

## Application Use of circuit-breakers for capacitor banks



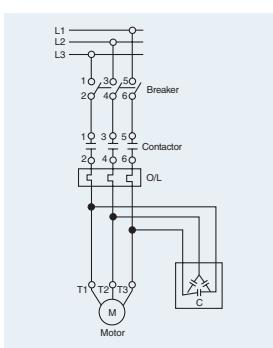
### Application for protection of capacitor circuit

In order to reduce system losses (less than 0.5W/kvar in low voltage) and voltage drops in the power distribution system, reactive power compensation or power factor correction is generally undertaken. As a result, the power fed into the system is used as active power and costs will be saved through a reduction in the capacitive and inductive power factors. The compensation can be carried out by the fixed capacitors and automatic capacitor banks. However, the disadvantages of installing capacitors are sensitivity to over-voltages and to the presence of nonlinear loads.

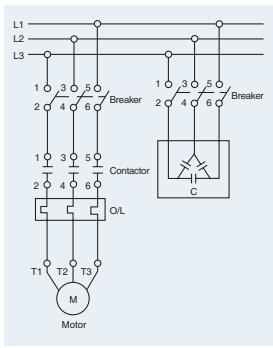


Examples of equipment which consume reactive energy are all those receivers which require magnetic fields or arcs in order to operate, such as:

- **Asynchronous motors:** An asynchronous motor is a large consumer of inductive reactive energy. The amount of reactive power consumed is between 20% and 25% of the rated power of the motor (depending on its speed).
- **Power Transformers:** Power transformers are normally always connected. This means that reactive energy is always consumed. Also, as a consequence of its inductive nature, the reactive energy increases when the transformer is loaded.
- **Discharge lamps, Resistance-type soldering machines, Dielectric type heating ovens, Induction heating ovens, Welding equipments, Arc furnaces**



At the instant of closing a switch to energize a capacitor, the current is limited only by the impedance of the network upstream of the capacitor, so that high peak values of current will occur for a brief period, rapidly falling to normal operating values.



Usual connection diagram

According to the relevant standards IEC 60831-1/IEC 70, capacitors must function under normal operating conditions with the current having a RMS value up to 1.3 times the rated current of the capacitor. Additionally, a further tolerance of up to 15% of the real value of the power must be taken into consideration. The maximum current with which the selected circuit-breaker can be constantly loaded, and which it must also be able to switch, is calculated as follows:

$$\text{Maximum expected rated current} = \text{Rated current of the capacitor bank} \times 1.5 \text{ (RMS value)}$$

# Technical information

## Application Use of circuit-breakers for capacitor banks

### 220V, 50/60Hz Circuit

Capacitor rating kVAR	Single-phase circuit		Three-phase circuit	
	Capacitor rated current (A)	MCCB rated current (A)	Capacitor rated current (A)	MCCB rated current (A)
5	22.7	40	13.1	20
10	45.5	80	26.2	40
15	68.2	125	39.4	63
20	90.9	160	52.5	80
25	113.6	200	65.6	100
30	136.4	225	78.7	125
40	181.8	300	105.0	160
50	227.3	400	131.2	200
75	340.9	630	196.8	300
100	454.5	700	262.4	400
150	681.8	-	393.7	630
200	909.1	-	524.9	800
300	1363.6	-	787.3	-
400	1818.2	-	1049.8	-

Notes) 1. The MCCB rated current should be approx. 150% of the capacitor rated current.  
2. The MCCB short-circuit capacity should be adequate for the circuit short-circuit capacity.

## Application

### Use of circuit-breakers for capacitor banks

#### 440V, 50/60Hz Circuit

Capacitor rating kVAR	Single-phase circuit		Three-phase circuit	
	Capacitor rated current (A)	MCCB rated current (A)	Capacitor rated current (A)	MCCB rated current (A)
5	11.4	20	6.6	16
10	22.7	40	13.1	20
15	34.1	63	19.7	32
20	45.5	80	26.2	40
25	56.8	100	32.8	50
30	68.2	125	39.4	63
40	90.9	160	52.5	80
50	113.6	200	65.6	100
75	170.5	300	98.4	160
100	227.3	400	131.2	200
150	340.9	500	196.8	300
200	454.5	700	262.4	400
300	681.8	-	393.7	630
400	909.1	-	524.9	800

Notes) 1. The MCCB rated current should be approx. 150% of the capacitor rated current.  
 2. The MCCB short-circuit capacity should be adequate for the circuit short-circuit capacity.

# Technical information

## Application Using circuit-breakers in DC networks

Susol circuit-breakers for protection of power distribution with thermal overload and magnetic short-circuit trip units are suitable for usage in DC networks.

The circuit-breakers with electronic overcurrent releases are not suitable for DC networks.

### Circuit-breaker selection criteria

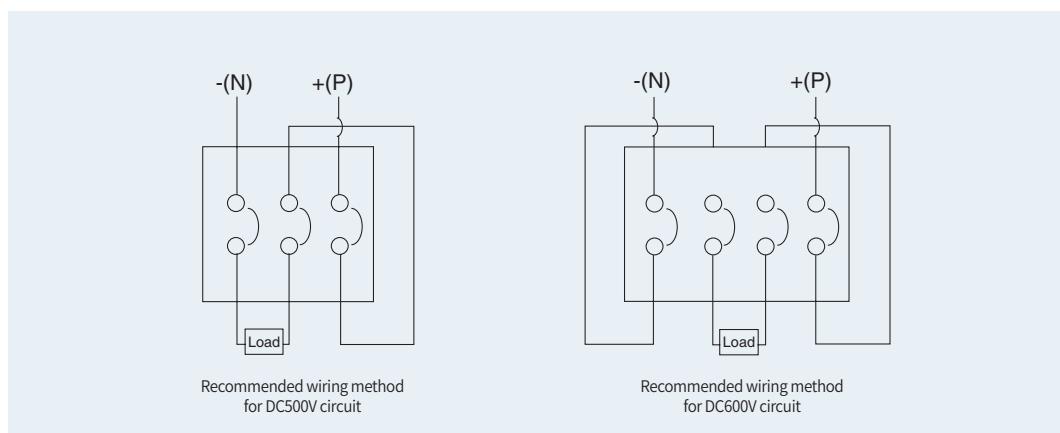
The followings are the most important criteria for selection of suitable circuit breaker for DC networks.

- The rated current determines the rating and size of the circuit-breaker (Equipment)
- The rated voltage determines the number of poles in series necessary for breaking
- The maximum short-circuit current at the connection point determines the breaking capacity

### Setting range of the trip values

- Thermal overload protection: Same setpoints as in 50/60Hz circuits
- Instantaneous short-circuit protection: The response threshold increases by maximum 40%.

**The following wiring diagrams are recommended since the current must flow through all current paths in order to conform to the thermal tripping characteristic curve.**



	Model	Trip unit	Applicable to DC circuits	Breaking capacity (kA)
Thermal magnetic	TD100N,TD160N	FTU FMU ATU	<input type="radio"/>	42
	TS100N,TS160N, TS250N		<input type="radio"/>	50
	TS400N, TS630N		<input type="radio"/>	65
	TS800N		<input type="radio"/>	85
	TD100H, TD160H		<input type="radio"/>	100
	TS100H, TS160H, TS250H			
	TS400H, TS630H			
	TS800H			
	TD100L, TD160L			
Electronic	TS100L, TS160L, TS250L	ETS, ETM		
	TS400L, TS630L			
Electronic	TS800L			
	TS250, TS630, TS800		Impossible to use to DC circuits	

## Application Circuit breakers for 400Hz networks

When circuit breakers are used at high frequencies, the breakers in many cases require to be derated as the increased resistance of the copper sections resulting from the skin effect produced by eddy currents at 400Hz.

- Standard production breakers can be used with alternating currents with frequencies other than 50/60Hz (the frequencies to which the rated performance of the device refer, with alternating current) as appropriate derating coefficients are applied.

### Thermal magnetic trip units

#### Thermal trip

As can be seen from the data shown in below, the tripping threshold of the thermal element ( $I_{th}$ ) decreases as the frequency increases because of the reduced conductivity of the materials and the increase of the associated thermal phenomena.

Rated current (A) at 400Hz =  $K_1 \times$  rated current (A) at 50/60Hz

#### Instantaneous trip

The magnetic threshold increases with the increase in frequency.

Instantaneous current (A) at 400Hz =  $K_2 \times$  Instantaneous current (A) at 50/60Hz

### Thermal magnetic trip units

#### TD and TS series performance table at 400Hz

Rated current (A) in 400Hz	Applied circuit breaker (MCCB)	Trip unit	Multiplier factors (K1, K2)	
			K1 (Thermal trip units)	K2 (Magnetic trip units)
16	TD100N, TD100H, TD100L TS100N, TS100H, TS100L TD160N, TD160H, TD160L TS160N, TS160H, TS160L  FTU FMU ATU	FTU FMU ATU	0.8	2
20			0.8	2
25			0.8	2
32			0.8	2
40			0.8	2
50			0.8	2
63			0.8	2
80			0.8	2
100			0.8	2
125			0.8	2
160			0.8	2
200			0.8	2
250			0.8	2
300			0.8	2
400			0.8	2
500			0.8	2
630			0.8	2
700			0.8	2

Note)  $K_1 \times$  Multiplier factor of rated current ( $I_{th}$ )

$K_2$ -Multiplier factor of instantaneous current due to the induced magnetic fields

FTU-Fixed Thermal and magnetic trip unit

FMU×Adjustable thermal and fixed magnetic trip unit

ATU×Adjustable thermal and magnetic trip unit

# Technical information

## Application Circuit breakers for 400Hz networks

### Electronic trip units

The use of electronics offers the advantage of greater operating stability when the frequency is varied. However, the devices are still subjected to frequency related temperature effects which may sometimes pose restrictions on their use. Column K1 of the table below gives the maximum permissible current to be used for the current setting (knob position).

Rated current (A) in 400Hz	Applied circuit breaker (MCCB)	Trip unit	Multiplier factors (K1, K2)	
			K1 (Thermal trip units)	K2 (Magnetic trip units)
40	TS100N, TS100H, TS100L TS160N, TS160H, TS160L TS250N, TS250H, TS250L TS400N, TS400H, TS400L TS630N, TS630H, TS630L TS800N, TS800H, TS800L	ETS ETM	0.4 to 1	1
80			0.4 to 1	1
160			0.4 to 0.9	1
250			0.4 to 0.9	1
400			0.4 to 0.8	1
630			0.4 to 0.8	1
800			0.4 to 0.75	0.97

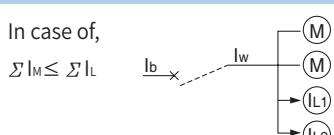
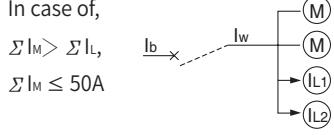
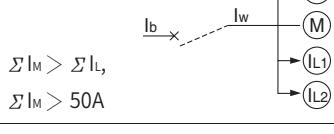
Note) ATU×Adjustable thermal and magnetic trip unit  
K1×Multiplier factor of rated current ( $I_n$ )  
K2-Multiplier factor of instantaneous current due to the induced magnetic fields  
ETS×Electronic trip unit (Standard)  
ETM×Electronic trip unit (Multi-function)

## Application Protection of several kinds of loads

### Application for protection of several kinds of loads

It requires to select proper circuit breakers according to the characteristics of loads when they are installed to protect several kinds of loads. It's needed to consider the maximum operating current and the capacity of loads in total so as to select the rated current of breakers.

#### Selection of circuit breaker protecting the several loads simultaneously

The kind of loads (IM: motors, IL: others)	Permissible current in cable or wire: Iw	The rated current of circuit breaker: Ib
In case of, $\Sigma IM \leq \Sigma IL$ 	$Iw \geq \Sigma IM + \Sigma IL$	Choose the low value among two formulas: $Ib \geq 3\Sigma IM + \Sigma IL$ and $Ib \leq 2.5Iw$
In case of, $\Sigma IM > \Sigma IL$ , $\Sigma IM \leq 50A$ 	$Iw \geq 1.25\Sigma IM + \Sigma IL$	It's permitted to select the above value only if $Iw$ (above 100A) isn't subject to the rated current of circuit breaker.
In case of, $\Sigma IM > \Sigma IL$ , $\Sigma IM > 50A$ 	$Iw \geq 1.1\Sigma IM + \Sigma IL$	

#### The rated current of breakers as the main circuit of 3 phase inductive loads (AC 220V)

Capacity of loads In total (below kW)	The maximum operating current (below A)	Capacity of the highest motor (kW / A)															
		0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90
4.8	8	11.1	17.4	26	34	48	65	79	93	125	160	190	230	310	360		
3	15	20	32	32													
4.5	20	32	32	32	50												
6.3	30	40	40	40	50	63											
8.2	40	50	50	50	80	100											
12	50	63	63	63	80	100											
15.7	75	100	100	100	100	100	125	160									
19.5	90	100	100	100	100	100	125	160	200								
23.2	100	125	125	125	125	125	125	160	200	200							
30	125	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	200	250							
37.5	150	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	250	300							
45	175	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	250	300	400						
52.5	200	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	300	400	500					
63.7	250	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	400	500	500				
75	300	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	500	500				
86.2	350	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	500	500	500	630		
97.5	400	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	630	700	
112.5	450	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	700	700
125	500	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	700	700
150	600	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	800
175	700	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800

# Technical information

## Application Protection of several kinds of loads

The rated current of breakers as the main circuit of 3 phase inductive loads (AC 440V)

Capacity of loads In total (below kW)	The maximum operating current (below A)	Capacity of the highest motor (kW / A)															
		0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90
3	7.5	16	16	16													
4.5	10	16	16	16	32												
6.3	15	20	20	20	32	40											
8.2	20	32	32	32	40	50											
12	25	32	32	32	40	50											
15.7	38	50	50	50	50	50	50	63	80								
19.5	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	63	80	100							
23.2	50	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	80	100	125						
30	63	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	100	100	125						
37.5	75	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	125	160					
45	88	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	125	160	200				
52.5	100	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	160	200	250			
63.7	125	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	200	250	250		
75	150	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	250	250		
86.2	175	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	250	300	400	
97.5	200	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	300	400	400
112.5	225	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	300	400	400
125	250	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	400	400
150	300	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
175	350	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
200	400	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	700
250	500	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	800
300	600	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	800
350	700	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	-
400	700	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	-

Notes) The above mentioned technical data is defined under the usage conditions as follows ;

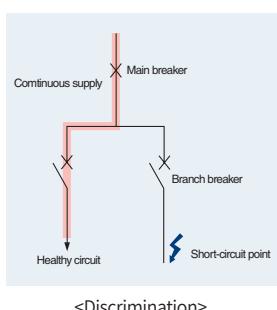
1. The circuit breaker is tripped within 10seconds in 600% of the current of the fully operating loads.
2. The start-up input current is set within 1700% of the current of the fully operating loads.
3. The capacity of highest motor is also applied when several loads starts up simultaneously.

## Protective coordination Discrimination & Cascading

The primary purpose of a circuit protection system is to prevent damage to series connected equipment and to minimize the area and duration of power loss.

The first consideration is whether an air circuit breaker or molded case circuit breaker is the most suitable. The next is the type of system to be used.

The two major types are: Discrimination and cascading.



### Discrimination

According to IEC60947-2, the discrimination can be defined as follows.

#### Total discrimination (total selectivity)

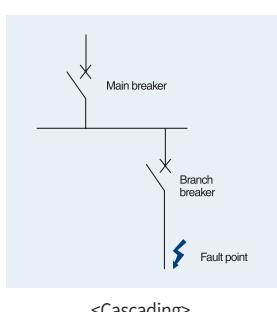
Over-current discrimination where, in the presence of two over-current protective devices in series, the protective device on the load side effects the protection without causing the other protective device to operate.

#### Partial discrimination (partial selectivity)

Over-current discrimination where, in the presence of two over-current protective devices in series, the protective device on the load side effects the protection up to a given level of over-current, without causing the other protective device to operate.

#### No discrimination

In case of a fault, main and branch circuit breakers open.



### Cascading

This is an economical approach to the use of circuit breakers, whereby only the main (upstream) breaker has adequate interrupting capacity for the maximum available fault current.

The MCCBs downstream cannot handle this maximum fault current and rely on the opening of the upstream breaker for protection.

The advantage of the cascade back-up approach is that it facilitates the use of low cost, low fault level breakers downstream, thereby offering savings in both the cost and size of equipment.

As Susol TD & TS circuit breakers have a very considerable current limiting effect, they can be used to provide this 'cascade back-up' protection for downstream circuit breakers.

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Cascading, network 220/240V

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TD/TS series      Branch: Metasol AB and Susol MCCB

	Main breaker	TD100N	TD100H	TD100L	TD160N	TD160H	TD160L	TS100N	TS100H	TS100L	
Branch breaker	Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	85	100	200	85	100	200	100	120	200	
AB	ABS33c	30	50	50	65	50	50	65	65	85	
	ABN53c	30	50	50	65	50	50	65	85	100	
	ABS53c	35	65	65	85	65	65	85	100	120	
	ABH53c	100			120			120			
	ABN63c	30	50	65	85	65	65	85	65	85	
	ABS63c	35	65	85	100	85	85	100	85	100	
	ABN103c	35	85	100	120	85	100	120	100	120	
	ABS125c	85									
	ABH125c	100									
	ABN203c	65									
	ABS203c	85									
	ABH203c	100									
	ABN403c	50									
	ABS403c	75									
	ABH403c	85									
	ABL403c	125									
	ABN803c	50									
	ABS803c	85									
	ABL803c	125									
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	85		100	200		100	200	100	120	200
	TD100H	100			200			200		120	200
	TD160N	85					100	200			
	TD160H	100						200			
	TS100N	100								120	200
	TS100H	120									200
	TS160N	100									
	TS160H	120									
	TS250N	100									
	TS250H	120									
	TS400N	100									
	TS400H	120									
	TS630N	100									
	TS630H	120									
	TS800N	100									
	TS800H	120									
	TS1000N	55									
	TS1000H	75									
	TS1250N	55									
	TS1250H	75									

## Protective coordination Cascading, network 220/240V

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TS series      Branch: Metasol AB and Susol MCCB

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TS160N	TS160H	TS160L	TS250N	TS250H	TS250L	TS400N	TS400H	TS400L
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200
AB	ABS33c	30	65	65	85	50	50	65			
	ABN53c	30	85	100	100	50	50	65			
	ABS53c	35	100	120	120	65	65	85			
	ABH53c	100					120	120			
	ABN63c	30	65	65	85	65	65	85			
	ABS63c	35	85	100	100	85	85	100			
	ABN103c	35	100	120	120	85	100	120			
	ABS125c	85				100	100	120	100	120	150
	ABH125c	100					120	150	100	120	150
	ABN203c	65				85	85	100	85	85	100
	ABS203c	85				100	100	120	100	120	150
	ABH203c	100					120	150	100	120	150
	ABN403c	50							85	100	100
	ABS403c	75							100	120	120
	ABH403c	85							100	120	150
	ABL403c	125									200
	ABN803c	50									
	ABS803c	85									
	ABL803c	125									
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	85	100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200
	TD100H	100		120	200		120	200		120	200
	TD160N	85	100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200
	TD160H	100		120	200		120	200		120	200
	TS100N	100		120	200		120	200		120	200
	TS100H	120			200			200			200
	TS160N	100		120	200		120	200		120	200
	TS160H	120			200			200			200
	TS250N	100					120	200		120	200
	TS250H	120						200			200
	TS400N	100								120	200
	TS400H	120									200
	TS630N	100									
	TS630H	120									
	TS800N	100									
	TS800H	120									
	TS1000N	55									
	TS1000H	75									
	TS1250N	55									
	TS1250H	75									

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Cascading, network 220/240V

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TS series      Branch: Metasol AB and Susol MCCB

Branch breaker	Main breaker	TS630N	TS630H	TS630L	TS800N	TS800H	TS800L
	Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	100	120	200	100	120	200
AB	ABS33c	30					
	ABN53c	30					
	ABS53c	35					
	ABH53c	100					
	ABN63c	30					
	ABS63c	35					
	ABN103c	35					
	ABS125c	85	100	120	150		
	ABH125c	100	100	120	150		
	ABN203c	65	85	85	100		
	ABS203c	85	100	120	150		
	ABH203c	100	100	120	150		
	ABN403c	50	85	100	100	85	100
	ABS403c	75	100	120	120	100	120
	ABH403c	85	100	120	150	100	120
	ABL403c	125			200		200
	ABN803c	50				100	120
	ABS803c	85					120
	ABL803c	125					150
							200
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	85	100	120	200	100	120
	TD100H	100		120	200		120
	TD160N	85	100	120	200	100	120
	TD160H	100		120	200		120
	TS100N	100		120	200		120
	TS100H	120			200		200
	TS160N	100		120	200		120
	TS160H	120			200		200
	TS250N	100		120	200		120
	TS250H	120			200		200
	TS400N	100		120	200		120
	TS400H	120			200		200
	TS630N	100		120	200		120
	TS630H	120			200		200
	TS800N	100				120	200
	TS800H	120					200
	TS1000N	55					
	TS1000H	75					
	TS1250N	55					
	TS1250H	75					

## Protective coordination Cascading, network 220/240V

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TS series      Branch: Metasol AB and Susol MCCB

		Main breaker	TS1000N	TS1000H	TS1000L	TS1250N	TS1250H	TS1600N	TS1600H
Branch breaker		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	55	75	200	55	75	55	75
AB	ABS33c	30							
	ABN53c	30							
	ABS53c	35							
	ABH53c	100							
	ABN63c	30							
	ABS63c	35							
	ABN103c	35							
	ABS125c	85							
	ABH125c	100							
	ABN203c	65							
	ABS203c	85							
	ABH203c	100							
	ABN403c	50	55	75	200	55	75	55	75
	ABS403c	75			200				
	ABH403c	85			200				
	ABL403c	125			200				
	ABN803c	50	55	75	200	55	75	55	75
	ABS803c	85			200				
	ABL803c	125			200				
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	85			200				
	TD100H	100			200				
	TD160N	85			200				
	TD160H	100			200				
	TS100N	100			200				
	TS100H	120			200				
	TS160N	100			200				
	TS160H	120			200				
	TS250N	100			200				
	TS250H	120			200				
	TS400N	100			200				
	TS400H	120			200				
	TS630N	100			200				
	TS630H	120			200				
	TS800N	100			200				
	TS800H	120			200				
	TS1000N	55			200		75		75
	TS1000H	75			200				
	TS1250N	55			200		75		75
	TS1250H	75			200				

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Cascading, network 380/415V

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TD/TS series      Branch: Metasol AB and Susol MCCB

	Main breaker	TD100N	TD100H	TD100L	TD160N	TD160H	TD160L	TS100N	TS100H	TS100L	
Branch breaker	Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	50	85	150	50	85	150	50	85	150	
AB	ABS33c	14	25	30	30	25	30	30	40	40	
	ABN53c	14	35	50	50	35	50	50	65	65	
	ABS53c	18	50	65	65	50	65	65	70	70	
	ABH53c	50									
	ABN63c	14	25	30	30	25	30	30	40	40	
	ABS63c	18	35	50	50	35	50	50	65	65	
	ABN103c	18	50	65	65	50	65	65	70	70	
	ABS125c	37	50	65	65	50	65	65	70	70	
	ABH125c	50									
	ABN203c	26									
	ABS203c	37									
	ABH203c	50									
	ABN403c	37									
	ABS403c	50									
	ABH403c	65									
	ABL403c	85									
	ABN803c	37									
	ABS803c	65									
	ABL803b	85									
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	50		85	150		85	150		85	150
	TD100H	85			150			150			150
	TD160N	50				85	150				
	TD160H	85					150				
	TS100N	50							85	150	
	TS100H	85								150	
	TS160N	50									
	TS160H	85									
	TS250N	50									
	TS250H	85									
	TS400N	65									
	TS400H	85									
	TS630N	65									
	TS630H	85									
	TS800N	65									
	TS800H	85									
	TS1000N	50									
	TS1000H	70									
	TS1250N	50									
	TS1250H	70									

## Protective coordination Cascading, network 380/415V

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TS series      Branch: Metasol AB and Susol MCCB

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TS160N	TS160H	TS160L	TS250N	TS250H	TS250L	TS400N	TS400H	TS400L
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	50	85	150	50	85	150	65	85	150
AB	ABS33c	14	30	40	40	30	40	40			
	ABN53c	14	35	65	65	35	65	65			
	ABS53c	18	50	70	70	50	70	70			
	ABH53c	50					65	70			
	ABN63c	14	30	40	40	30	40	40			
	ABS63c	18	35	65	65	35	65	65			
	ABN103c	18	50	70	70	50	70	70			
	ABS125c	37	50	70	70	40	65	70	50	70	85
	ABH125c	50		70	70		70	85		85	100
	ABN203c	26				35	50	50	40	50	70
	ABS203c	37				40	65	70	50	70	85
	ABH203c	50					70	85		85	100
	ABN403c	37							50	70	85
	ABS403c	50								85	100
	ABH403c	65								85	120
	ABL403c	85									150
	ABN803c	37									
	ABS803c	65									
	ABL803b	85									
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	50		85	150		85	150	65	85	150
	TD100H	85			150			150			150
	TD160N	50		85	150		85	150	65	85	150
	TD160H	85			150			150			150
	TS100N	50		85	150		85	150	65	85	150
	TS100H	85			150			150			150
	TS160N	50		85	150		85	150	65	85	150
	TS160H	85			150			150			150
	TS250N	50					85	150	65	85	150
	TS250H	85						150			150
	TS400N	65								85	150
	TS400H	85									150
	TS630N	65									
	TS630H	85									
	TS800N	65									
	TS800H	85									
	TS1000N	50									
	TS1000H	70									
	TS1250N	50									
	TS1250H	70									

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Cascading, network 380/415V

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TS series      Branch: Metasol AB and Susol MCCB

	Main breaker	TS630N	TS630H	TS630L	TS800N	TS800H	TS800L
Branch breaker	Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	65	85	150	65	100	150
AB	ABS33c	14					
	ABN53c	14					
	ABS53c	18					
	ABH53c	50					
	ABN63c	14					
	ABS63c	18					
	ABN103c	18					
	ABS125c	37	50	70	85		
	ABH125c	50		85	100		
	ABN203c	26	40	50	70		
	ABS203c	37	50	70	85		
	ABH203c	50		85	100		
	ABN403c	37	50	70	85	50	70
	ABS403c	50		85	100	85	100
	ABH403c	65		85	120	65	100
	ABL403c	85			150		100
	ABN803c	37				65	85
	ABS803c	65				65	100
	ABL803b	85					100
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	50	65	85	150	65	100
	TD100H	85			150		150
	TD160N	50	65	85	150	65	100
	TD160H	85			150		150
	TS100N	50	65	85	150	65	100
	TS100H	85			150		150
	TS160N	50	65	85	150	65	100
	TS160H	85			150		150
	TS250N	50	65	85	150	65	100
	TS250H	85			150		150
	TS400N	65		85	150		100
	TS400H	85			150		150
	TS630N	65		85	150		100
	TS630H	85			150		150
	TS800N	65				100	150
	TS800H	85					
	TS1000N	50					
	TS1000H	70					
	TS1250N	50					
	TS1250H	70					

## Protective coordination Cascading, network 380/415V

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TS series      Branch: Metasol AB and Susol MCCB

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TS1000N	TS1000H	TS1000L	TS1250N	TS1250H	TS1600N	TS1600H
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	50	70	150	50	70	50	70
AB	ABS33c	14							
	ABN53c	14							
	ABS53c	18							
	ABH53c	50							
	ABN63c	14							
	ABS63c	18							
	ABN103c	18							
	ABS125c	37							
	ABH125c	50							
	ABN203c	26							
	ABS203c	37							
	ABH203c	50							
	ABN403c	37	50	70	150	50	70	50	70
	ABS403c	50		70	150		70		70
	ABH403c	65		70	150		70		70
	ABL403c	85			150				
	ABN803c	37	50	70	150	50	70	50	70
	ABS803c	65		70	150		70		70
	ABL803b	85			150				
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	50		70	150		70		70
	TD100H	85			150				
	TD160N	50		70	150		70		70
	TD160H	85			150				
	TS100N	50		70	150		70		70
	TS100H	85			150				
	TS160N	50		70	150		70		70
	TS160H	85			150				
	TS250N	50		70	150		70		70
	TS250H	85			150				
	TS400N	65		70	150		70		70
	TS400H	85			150				
	TS630N	65		70	150		70		70
	TS630H	85			150				
	TS800N	65		70	150		70		70
	TS800H	85			150				
	TS1000N	50		70	150		70		70
	TS1000H	70			150				
	TS1250N	50		70	150		70		70
	TS1250H	70			150				

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Motor protection cascading, network 220/240V

Main: Susol TD/TS series

Branch: Susol MCCB

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TD100N	TD100H	TD100L	TD160N	TD160H	TD160L	TS100N	TS100H	TS100L
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	85	100	200	85	100	200	100	120	200
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	85		100	200		100	200	100	120	200
	TD100H	100			200			200		120	200
	TD160N	85					100	200			
	TD160H	100						200			
	TS100N	100								120	200
	TS100H	120									200
	TS160N	100									
	TS160H	120									

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TS160N	TS160H	TS160L	TS250N	TS250H	TS250L	TS400N	TS400H	TS400L
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	85	100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200
	TD100H	100		120	200		120	200		120	200
	TD160N	85	100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200
	TD160H	100		120	200		120	200		120	200
	TS100N	100		120	200		120	200		120	200
	TS100H	120			200			200			200
	TS160N	100		120	200		120	200		120	200
	TS160H	120			200			200			200
	TS250N	100					120	200		120	200
	TS250H	120						200			200

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TS630N	TS630H	TS630L	TS800N	TS800H	TS800L
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	100	120	200	100	120	200
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	85	100	120	200	100	120	200
	TD100H	100		120	200		120	200
	TD160N	85	100	120	200	100	120	200
	TD160H	100		120	200		120	200
	TS100N	100		120	200		120	200
	TS100H	120			200			200
	TS160N	100		120	200			120
	TS160H	120			200			200
	TS250N	100		120	200		120	200
	TS250H	120			200			200
TS	TS400N	100		120	200		120	200
	TS400H	120			200			200
	TS630N	100		120	200		120	200
	TS630H	120			200			200
	TS800N	100					120	200
	TS800H	120						200
	TS800L							

**Main: Susol TS series****Branch: Susol MCCB**

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TS1000N	TS1000H	TS1000L	TS1250N	TS1250H	TS1600N	TS1600H
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	55	75	200	55	75	55	75
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	85			200				
	TD100H	100			200				
	TD160N	85			200				
	TD160H	100			200				
	TS100N	100			200				
	TS100H	120			200				
	TS160N	100			200				
	TS160H	120			200				
	TS250N	100			200				
	TS250H	120			200				
	TS400N	100			200				
	TS400H	120			200				
	TS630N	100			200				
	TS630H	120			200				
	TS800N	100			200				
	TS800H	120			200				
	TS1000N	55			200		75		75
	TS1000H	75			200				
	TS1250N	55			200		75		75
	TS1250H	75			200				

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Motor protection cascading, network 380/415V

Main: Susol TD/TS series

Branch: Susol MCCB

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TD100N	TD100H	TD100L	TD160N	TD160H	TD160L	TS100N	TS100H	TS100L
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	85	100	200	85	100	200	100	120	200
Susol	TD100N	50		85	150		85	150		85	150
	TD100H	85			150			150			150
	TD160N	50					85	150			
	TD160H	85						150			
	TS100N	50								85	150
	TS100H	85									150
	TS160N	50									
	TS160H	85									

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TS160N	TS160H	TS160L	TS250N	TS250H	TS250L	TS400N	TS400H	TS400L
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	100	120	200	100	120	200	100	120	200
Susol	TD100N	50		85	150		85	150	65	85	150
	TD100H	85			150			150			150
	TD160N	50		85	150		85	150	65	85	150
	TD160H	85			150			150			150
	TS100N	50		85	150		85	150	65	85	150
	TS100H	85			150			150			150
	TS160N	50		85	150		85	150	65	85	150
	TS160H	85			150			150			150
	TS250N	50					85	150	65	85	150
	TS250H	85						150			150

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TS630N	TS630H	TS630L	TS800N	TS800H	TS800L
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	100	120	200	100	120	200
Susol	TD100N	50	65	85	150	65	100	150
	TD100H	85			150			150
	TD160N	50	65	85	150	65	100	150
	TD160H	85			150			150
	TS100N	50	65	85	150	65	100	150
	TS100H	85			150			150
	TS160N	50	65	85	150	65	100	150
	TS160H	85			150			150
	TS250N	50	65	85	150	65	100	150
	TS250H	85			150			150
TD & TS	TS400N	65		85	150		100	150
	TS400H	85			150			150
	TS630N	65		85	150		100	150
	TS630H	85			150			150
	TS800N	65					100	150
	TS800H	85						

**Main: Susol TS series****Branch: Susol MCCB**

Branch breaker		Main breaker	TS1000N	TS1000H	TS1000L	TS1250N	TS1250H	TS1600N	TS1600H
		Rated breaking capacity (kArms)	55	75	200	55	75	55	75
Susol TD & TS	TD100N	50		70	150		70		70
	TD100H	85			150				
	TD160N	50		70	150		70		70
	TD160H	85			150				
	TS100N	50		70	150		70		70
	TS100H	85			150				
	TS160N	50		70	150		70		70
	TS160H	85			150				
	TS250N	50		70	150		70		70
	TS250H	85			150				
	TS400N	65		70	150		70		70
	TS400H	85			150				
	TS630N	65		70	150		70		70
	TS630H	85			150				
	TS800N	65		70	150		70		70
	TS800H	85			150				
	TS1000N	50		70	150		70		70
	TS1000H	70			150				
	TS1250N	50		70	150		70		70
	TS1250H	70			150				

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Protection discrimination table, Discrimination

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol MCCB 100~800AF Branch: AB type MCCB

Branch breaker	Main breaker	TD100N/H/L											TD160N/H/L		
		Trip units-Thermal magnetic													
		Rating (A)	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	100	125	160	
AB100	N	~10	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.6	0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0	
		15						0.6	0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0	
		20						0.6	0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0	
		30						0.6	0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0	
		40						0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		50						0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		60								1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		75								1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		100										1.50	2.0		
		15						0.6	0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0	
AB125	S	20					0.96	0.6	0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0	
		30						0.6	0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0	
		40						0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		50						0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		60							0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		75								1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		100										1.50	2.0		
		125											2.0		
		15						0.6	0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0	
		20						0.6	0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0	
		30						0.6	0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0	
		40						0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		50						0.756	0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		60							0.96	1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
		75								1.2	1.2	1.50	2.0		
AB203	H	100											1.50	2.0	
		125												2.0	
		150												2.0	
		175													
		200													
		225													
		250													
		100											1.50	2.0	
		125												2.0	
		150												2.0	
		175													
		200													
		225													
		250													



# Technical information

## Protective coordination Protection discrimination table, Discrimination

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol MCCB 100~800AF(Electronic) Branch: AB type MCCB

Branch breaker	Main breaker	Trip units-Electronic									
		TS100N/H/L			TS160N/H/L			TS250N/H/L			
		Rating (A)	40	80	40	80	160	40	80	160	250
AB100	N	~10	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.3
		15	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.3
		20	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.3
		30	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.3
		40		1.0		1.0	2.1		1.0	2.1	3.3
		50		1.0		1.0	2.1		1.0	2.1	3.3
		60		1.0		1.0	2.1		1.0	2.1	3.3
		75					2.1			2.1	3.3
		100					2.1			2.1	3.3
		15	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.3
AB125	S	20	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.3
		30	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.3
		40		1.0		1.0	2.1		1.0	2.1	3.3
		50		1.0		1.0	2.1		1.0	2.1	3.3
		60		1.0		1.0	2.1		1.0	2.1	3.3
		75					2.1			2.1	3.3
		100					2.1			2.1	3.3
		125									3.3
		15	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.3
		20	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.3
		30	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.3
		40		1.0		1.0	2.1		1.0	2.1	3.3
		50		1.0		1.0	2.1		1.0	2.1	3.3
		60		1.0		1.0	2.1		1.0	2.1	3.3
		75					2.1			2.1	3.3
AB203	H	100									3.3
		125									3.3
		150									3.3
		175									3.3
		200									
		225									
		250									
		100									3.3
		125									3.3
		150									3.3
		175									3.3
		200									
AB203	S/ H	225									
		250									

	TS400N/H/L			TS630N/H/L				TS800N/H/L	
	Trip units-Electronic								
	160	250	400	160	250	400	630	630	800
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	T	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.6	3.3	4.8	1.6	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.6	3.3	4.8	1.6	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.6	3.3	4.8	1.6	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
		3.3	4.8		3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	T	T	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
		3.3	4.8		3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
		3.3	4.8		3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
			4.8			5.6	8.8	8.8	T
						5.6	8.8	8.8	10.4
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
	1.9	3.3	4.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
		3.3	4		3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
		3.3	4		3.3	5.6	8.8	8.8	T
			4			5.6	8.8	8.8	T
						5.6	8.8	8.8	10.4
						5.6	8.8	8.8	T
						5.6	8.8	8.8	10.4

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Protection discrimination table, Discrimination

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TD 100/160 Branch: Susol TD 100/160

Branch breaker	Main breaker	TD100N/H/L											TD160N/H/L			
		Trip units-Thermal magnetic/Electronic														
		Rating (A)	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	100	125	160		
TD100	N	16				0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		20						0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		25						0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		32							0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		40								0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		50								0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		63									0.8	2	2	2		
		80												1.25	2	
		100														1.6
		16					0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
TD100	H	20						0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		25						0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		32							0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		40								0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		50								0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		63									0.8	2	2	2		
		80												1.25	2	
		100												1	1.6	
		16					0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		20						0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
TD160	L	25						0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		32							0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		40								0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		50								0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		63									0.8	2	2	2		
		80												1.25	2	
		100												1	1.6	
		16					0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		20						0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		25						0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
TD160	N	32							0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		40								0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		50								0.63	0.8	2	2	2		
		63									0.8	2	2	2		
		80												1.25	2	
		100												1	1.6	
		100												1	1.6	
		125													1.25	
TD160	H	160														
		100														1.6
		125														1.25
		160														
		100														1.6
		125														1.25
TD160	L	160														
		100														1.6
		125														1.25
		160														

## Protective coordination Protection discrimination table, Discrimination

### Complementary technical information

**Main: Susol TS 100/160/250(Electronic) Branch: Susol TD 100/160**

Branch breaker	Main breaker	Trip units-Thermal magnetic/Electronic													
		TS100N/H/L						TS160N/H/L				TS250N/H/L			
		40	50	63	80	100	100	125	160	125	160	200	250		
TD100	N	16	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		20	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		25	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		32			0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		40				0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		50				0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		63					0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		80					0.8	1	1.25	2	1.25	36	36	36	
		100							1	1.6	1	36	36	36	
		16	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
TD160	H	20		0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		25		0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		32			0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		40				0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		50				0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		63					0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		80					0.8	1	1.25	2	1.25	36	36	36	
		100							1	1.6	1	36	36	36	
		16	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		20		0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
TD160	L	25		0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		32			0.5	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		40				0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		50				0.63	0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		63					0.8	2	2	2	36	36	36		
		80					0.8	1	1.25	2	1.25	36	36	36	
		100							1	1.6	1	36	36	36	
		100							1	1.6	1	2.6	4	5	
		125								1.25		1.25	4	5	
		160												5	
TD160	N	100							1	1.6	1	2.6	4	5	
		125								1.25		1.25	4	5	
		160												5	
		100							1	1.6	1	2.6	4	5	
		125								1.25		1.25	4	5	
TD160	H	160												5	
		100							1	1.6	1	2.6	4	5	
		125								1.25		1.25	4	5	
TD160	L	100							1	1.6	1	2.6	4	5	
		125								1.25		1.25	4	5	
		160												5	

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Protection discrimination table, Discrimination

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TS 400/630/800(Electronic) Branch: Susol TS 100/160

Branch breaker	Main breaker	TS400N/H/L					TS630N/H/L					TS800N/H/L	
		Trip units-Thermal magnetic/Electronic											
		Rating (A)	300	400	500	630		800					
TD100	N	16	T	T	T	T		T					
		20	T	T	T	T		T					
		25	T	T	T	T		T					
		32	T	T	T	T		T					
		40	T	T	T	T		T					
		50	T	T	T	T		T					
		63	T	T	T	T		T					
		80	T	T	T	T		T					
		100	T	T	T	T		T					
		16	T	T	T	T		T					
TD100	H	20	T	T	T	T		T					
		25	T	T	T	T		T					
		32	T	T	T	T		T					
		40	T	T	T	T		T					
		50	T	T	T	T		T					
		63	T	T	T	T		T					
		80	T	T	T	T		T					
		100	T	T	T	T		T					
		16	T	T	T	T		T					
		20	T	T	T	T		T					
TD160	L	25	T	T	T	T		T					
		32	T	T	T	T		T					
		40	T	T	T	T		T					
		50	T	T	T	T		T					
		63	T	T	T	T		T					
		80	T	T	T	T		T					
		100	T	T	T	T		T					
		16	T	T	T	T		T					
		20	T	T	T	T		T					
		25	T	T	T	T		T					
TD160	N	32	T	T	T	T		T					
		40	T	T	T	T		T					
		50	T	T	T	T		T					
		63	T	T	T	T		T					
		80	T	T	T	T		T					
		100	T	T	T	T		T					
		125	T	T	T	T		T					
		160	T	T	T	T		T					
TD160	H	100	T	T	T	T		T					
		125	T	T	T	T		T					
		160	T	T	T	T		T					
		100	T	T	T	T		T					
		125	T	T	T	T		T					
		160	T	T	T	T		T					
TD160	L	100	T	T	T	T		T					
		125	T	T	T	T		T					
		160	T	T	T	T		T					
		100	T	T	T	T		T					

## Protective coordination Protection discrimination table, Discrimination

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol 1000/1250/1600 Branch: Susol TS 100/160

Branch breaker	Main breaker	TS1000L						TS1000N/H		TS1250N/H		TS1600N/H	
		Trip units-Electronic(Instant OFF)											
		Rating (A)	800	1000	800	1000	1250	1600					
TD100	H	N	16	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		20	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		25	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		32	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		40	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		50	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		63	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		80	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		16	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		20	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		25	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		32	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		40	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		50	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
TD160	L	H	63	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		N	80	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		16	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		20	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		25	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		32	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		40	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		50	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		63	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		80	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		125	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
TD160	L	H	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		125	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		N	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		125	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
TD160	L	N	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		125	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Protection discrimination table, Discrimination

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TS 100/160/250(Electronic) Branch: Susol TS 100/160/250

Branch breaker	Main breaker	Trip units-Thermal magnetic/Electronic											
		TS100N/H/L				TS160N/H/L				TS250N/H/L			
		40	50	63	80	100	100	125	160	125	160	200	250
TD100	N	40			0.63	0.8	2	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
		50			0.63	0.8	2	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
		63			0.8	2	2	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
		80						1.25	2	2	2.6	4	5
		100						1	1.6	1	2.6	4	5
		40			0.63	0.8	2	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
	H	50			0.63	0.8	2	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
		63			0.8	2	2	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
		80					1.25	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
		100					1	1.6	1	2.6	4	5	
		40			0.63	0.8	2	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
		50			0.63	0.8	2	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
TS160	N	63			0.8	2	2	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
		80					1.25	2	2	2	2.6	4	5
		100					1	1.6	1	2.6	4	5	
		125							1.6	1	2.6	4	5
		160							1.25		1.25	4	5
		100											5
	H	125							1.6	1	2.6	4	5
		160							1.25		1.25	4	5
		100											5
		125							1.6	1	2.6	4	5
		160							1.25		1.25	4	5
		100											5
TS250	N	125										1.25	2.5
		160											2.5
		200											
		250											
		125										1.25	2.5
		160											2.5
	H	200											
		250											
		125										1.25	2.5
		160											2.5
		200											
		250											
L	N	125											
		160											
		200											
		250											
		125										1.25	2.5
		160											2.5
L	H	200											
		250											
		125										1.25	2.5
		160											2.5
		200											
		250											

## Protective coordination Protection discrimination table, Discrimination

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol TS 400/630/800(Electronic) Branch: Susol TS 100/160/250

Branch breaker	Main breaker	TS400N/H/L					TS630N/H/L					TS800N/H/L	
		Trip units-Thermal magnetic/Electronic											
		Rating (A)	300	400	500	630		300	400	500	630		300
TS100	N	40	T	T	T	T							T
		50	T	T	T	T							T
		63	T	T	T	T							T
		80	T	T	T	T							T
		100	T	T	T	T							T
		40	T	T	T	T							T
	H	50	T	T	T	T							T
		63	T	T	T	T							T
		80	T	T	T	T							T
		100	T	T	T	T							T
		40	T	T	T	T							T
		50	T	T	T	T							T
TS160	N	63	T	T	T	T							T
		80	T	T	T	T							T
		100	T	T	T	T							T
		40	T	T	T	T							T
		50	T	T	T	T							T
		100	T	T	T	T							T
	H	125	T	T	T	T							T
		160	T	T	T	T							T
		100	T	T	T	T							T
		125	T	T	T	T							T
		160	T	T	T	T							T
		100	T	T	T	T							T
TS250	N	125	T	T	T	T							T
		160		5	T	T							T
		200			T	T							T
		250				T							T
		125	5	5	T	T							T
		160		5	T	T							T
	H	200			T	T							T
		250				T							T
		125	5	5	T	T							T
		160		5	T	T							T
		200			T	T							T
		250				T							T

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Protection discrimination table, Discrimination

### Complementary technical information

Main: TS1000/1250/1600 Branch: TS100/160/250

Branch breaker	Main breaker	Trip units-Electronic(Instant OFF)					
		TS1000L		TS1000N/H		TS1250N/H	TS1600N/H
		Rating (A)		800	1000	800	1000
TS100	N	40	T	T	T	T	T
		50	T	T	T	T	T
		63	T	T	T	T	T
		80	T	T	T	T	T
		100	T	T	T	T	T
		40	T	T	T	T	T
		50	T	T	T	T	T
	H	63	T	T	T	T	T
		80	T	T	T	T	T
		100	T	T	T	T	T
		40	T	T	T	T	T
		50	T	T	T	T	T
		63	T	T	T	T	T
		80	T	T	T	T	T
	L	100	T	T	T	T	T
		100	T	T	T	T	T
		125	T	T	T	T	T
		160	T	T	T	T	T
		100	T	T	T	T	T
		125	T	T	T	T	T
		160	T	T	T	T	T
TS160	L	100	T	T	T	T	T
		125	T	T	T	T	T
		160	T	T	T	T	T
		100	T	T	T	T	T
		125	T	T	T	T	T
		160	T	T	T	T	T
		100	T	T	T	T	T
	N	125	T	T	T	T	T
		160	T	T	T	T	T
		200	T	T	T	T	T
		250	T	T	T	T	T
		125	T	T	T	T	T
		160	T	T	T	T	T
		200	T	T	T	T	T
TS250	H	250	T	T	T	T	T
		125	T	T	T	T	T
		160	T	T	T	T	T
		200	T	T	T	T	T
		250	T	T	T	T	T
	L	125	T	T	T	T	T
		160	T	T	T	T	T
		200	T	T	T	T	T
		250	T	T	T	T	T

## Protective coordination Protection discrimination table, Discrimination

### Complementary technical information

**Main: Susol TS 400/630/800(Electronic) Branch: Susol TS 400/630/800**

Branch breaker	Main breaker	TS400N/H/L					TS630N/H/L					TS800N/H/L	
		Trip units-Thermal magnetic/Electronic											
		Rating (A)	300	400	500	630	800	300	400	500	630	800	T
TS400	N	300			8	8							
		400			8	8							10
	H	300			8	8							
		400			8	8							10
	L	300			8	8							
		400			8	8							10
TS630	N	500				8							10
		630				8							10
	H	500				8							10
		630				8							10
	L	500				8							10
		630				8							10
TS800	N	800											
	H	800											
	L	800											

### Complementary technical information

**Main: Susol TS 1000/1250/1600 Branch: Susol TS 400/630/800/1000/630/800(Electronic)**

Branch breaker	Main breaker	TS1000L				TS1000N/H				TS1250N/H		TS1600N/H	
		Trip units-Electronic(Instant OFF)											
		Rating (A)	800	1000	800	1000	1250	1600	800	1000	1250	1600	800
TS400	N	300	18	18	T	T	T	T					
		400	18	18	T	T	T	T					
	H	300	18	18	T	T	T	T					
		400	18	18	T	T	T	T					
	L	300	30	30	T	T	T	T					
		400	30	30	T	T	T	T					
TS630	N	500	12	12	T	T	T	T					
		630		12		T	T	T					
	H	500	12	12	T	T	T	T					
		630		12		T	T	T					
	L	500	12	12	T	T	T	T					
		630		12		T	T	T					
TS800	N	800											
	H	800											
	L	800											
TS1000	N	800								25		25	
		1000										25	
	H	800								25		25	
		1000										25	
	L	800								50		50	
		1000										50	

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Motor protection discrimination table

### Complementary technical information

Main: Susol MCCB      Branch: Susol MCCB

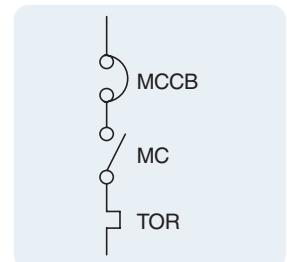
Branch breaker	Main breaker	TD100N/H/L									
		Trip units-Thermal magnetic									
		Rating (A)	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100
TD100N/H/L	FMU	16							5	6.4	8
		20								6.4	8
		25								6.4	8
		32									8
		40									
		50									
		63									
		80									
		100									
TD160N/H/L	FMU	100									
		125									
		160									
TS100N/H/L	MTU	100									
TS160N/H/L	MTU	150									
TS250N/H/L	MTU	220									
TS400N/H/L	MTU	320									
TS630N/H/L	MTU	500									
TS100N/H/L	ETS	40									
		80									
		100									
TS160N/H/L	ETS	150									
TS250N/H/L	ETS	220									
TS400N/H/L	ETS	320									

	TD160N/H/L			TS250N/H/L		TS100N/H/L		TS160N/H/L TS250N/H/L			TS400N/H/L TS630N/H/L		TS800N/H/L	
	FMU			ATU		ETS		ETS			ETS/ETM		ETS/ETM	
100	125	160	200	250	40	80	80	160	250	400	630	630	800	
	12.5	12.5	12.5	20	25		1	0.9	1.75	36	T	T	T	T
	12.5	12.5	12.5	20	25		1	0.9	1.75	36	T	T	T	T
	12.5	12.5	12.5	20	25		1	0.9	1.75	36	T	T	T	T
	12.5	12.5	12.5	20	25				1.75	36	T	T	T	T
		12.5	20	25					1.75	36	T	T	T	T
		12.5	20	25					1.75	36	T	T	T	T
			20	25						36	T	T	T	T
				25						36	T	T	T	T
											T	T	T	T
											T	T	T	T
											T	T	T	T
											T	T	T	T
											T	T	T	T
	12.5	12.5	36	36				1.75	3.6	T	T	T	T	
			36						3.6	T	T	T	T	
										T	T	T	T	
										T	T	T	T	
										T	T	T	T	

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Type 2 Coordination according to IEC60947-4-1

Performance: Ue=200/240V			
MCCB	N	H	L
TD100	85kA	100kA	200kA
TS100	100kA	120kA	200kA

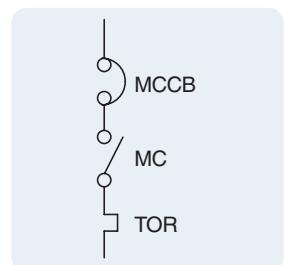


Motor		MCCB		Contactor	Thermal overload relay	
kW	A	Type	Rating Ir (A)	Type	Type	Setting range (A)
0.37	1.8	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1.6-2.5
0.55	2.75	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	2.5-4
0.75	3.5	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	2.5-4
1.1	4.4	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	4-6
1.5	6.1	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	5-8
2.2	8.7	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	9-13
3	11.5	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	9-13
3.7	13.5	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	12-18
4	14.5	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	12-18
5.5	20	TD100	20	MC-40	MT-63	16-22
7.5	27	TD100	32	MC-40	MT-63	24-36
9	32	TD100	32	MC-85	MT-95	28-40
10	35	TD100	40	MC-85	MT-95	28-40
11	39	TD100	40	MC-85	MT-95	34-50
15	52	TD100	63	MC-85	MT-95	45-65
18.5	64	TD100 TS100	80	MC-85	MT-95	54-75
22	75	TD100 TS100	80	MC-85	MT-95	63-85
25	85	TD100 TS100	100	MC-85	MT-95	70-95

## Protective coordination

### Type 2 Coordination according to IEC60947-4-1

Performance: Ue=380/415V			
MCCB	N	H	L
TD100	50kA	85kA	150kA
TS100	50kA	85kA	150kA

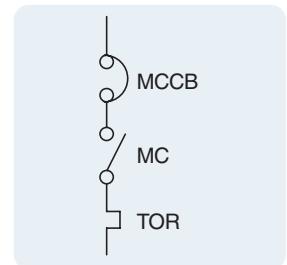


Motor		MCCB		Contactor	Thermal overload relay	
kW	A	Type	Rating Ir (A)	Type	Type	Setting range (A)
0.37	1.03	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1-1.6
0.55	1.6	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1-1.6
0.75	2	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1.6-2.5
1.1	2.6	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	2.5-4
1.5	3.5	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	2.5-4
2.2	5	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	4-6
3	6.6	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	5-8
3.7	7.7	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	6-9
4	8.5	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	7-10
5.5	11.5	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	9-13
7.5	15.5	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	12-18
9	18.5	TD100	20	MC-40	MT-63	16-22
10	20	TD100	20	MC-40	MT-63	16-22
11	22	TD100	25	MC-40	MT-63	16-22
15	30	TD100	32	MC-85	MT-95	24-36
18.5	37	TD100 TS100	40	MC-85	MT-95	28-40
22	44	TD100 TS100	50	MC-85	MT-95	34-50
25	52	TD100 TS100	63	MC-85	MT-95	45-65
30	60	TD100 TS100	63	MC-85	MT-95	45-65
33	68	TD100 TS100	80	MC-85	MT-95	54-75
37	72	TD100 TS100	80	MC-85	MT-95	63-85
40	79	TD100 TS100	80	MC-85	MT-95	63-85
45	85	TD100 TS100	100	MC-85	MT-95	70-95

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Type 2 Coordination according to IEC60947-4-1

Performance: Ue=440V			
MCCB	N	H	L
TD100	42kA	72kA	130kA
TS100	42kA	72kA	130kA

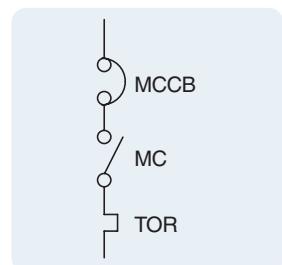


Motor		MCCB		Contactor	Thermal overload relay	
kW	A	Type	Rating Ir (A)	Type	Type	Setting range (A)
0.37	0.99	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	0.63-1
0.55	1.36	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1-1.6
0.75	1.68	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1.6-2.5
1.1	2.37	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1.6-2.5
1.5	3.06	TD100	16	MC-18	MT-32	2.5-4
2.2	4.42	TD100	16	MC-25	MT-32	4-6
3	5.57	TD100	16	MC-25	MT-32	4-6
3.7	7.1	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	5-8
4	7.9	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	6-9
5.5	10.4	TD100	20	MC-32	MT-32	9-13
7.5	13.7	TD100	20	MC-32	MT-32	12-18
9	16.9	TD100	20	MC-40	MT-63	12-18
11	20.1	TD100	25	MC-40	MT-63	16-22
15	26.5	TD100	32	MC-40	MT-63	24-36
18.5	32.8	TD100 TS100	40	MC-50	MT-63	28-40
22	39	TD100 TS100	40	MC-50	MT-63	34-50
25	45.3	TD100 TS100	50	MC-50	MT-63	34-50
30	51.5	TD100 TS100	63	MC-65	MT-95	45-65
33	58	TD100 TS100	63	MC-65	MT-95	45-65
37	64	TD100 TS100	80	MC-65	MT-95	54-75
40	67	TD100 TS100	80	MC-85	MT-95	54-75
45	76	TD100 TS100	100	MC-85	MT-95	63-85

## Protective coordination

### Type 2 Coordination according to IEC60947-4-1

Performance: Ue=480/500V			
MCCB	N	H	L
TD100	30kA	50kA	65kA
TS100	42kA	65kA	85kA



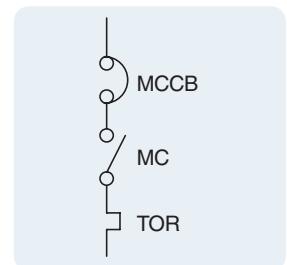
Motor		MCCB		Contactor	Thermal overload relay	
kW	A	Type	Rating Ir (A)	Type	Type	Setting range (A)
0.37	1	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	0.63-1
0.55	1.21	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1-1.6
0.75	1.5	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1-1.6
1.1	2	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1.6-2.5
1.5	2.6	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	2.5-4
2.2	3.8	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	2.5-4
3	5	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	4-6
3.7	5.9	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	5-8
4	6.5	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	5-8
5.5	9	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	7-10
7.5	12	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	9-13
9	13.9	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	12-18
11	15	TD100	16	MC-85	MT-95	12-18
15	18.4	TD100	20	MC-85	MT-95	16-22
18.5	23	TD100	25	MC-85	MT-95	18-25
22	28.5	TD100	32	MC-85	MT-95	24-36
25	33	TD100 TS100	40	MC-85	MT-95	28-40
30	39.4	TD100 TS100	40	MC-85	MT-95	34-50
33	45	TD100 TS100	50	MC-85	MT-95	34-50
37	50	TD100 TS100	50	MC-85	MT-95	45-65
40	55	TD100 TS100	63	MC-85	MT-95	45-65
45	60	TD100 TS100	63	MC-85	MT-95	54-75

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Type 2 Coordination according to IEC60947-4-1

Performance: Ue=660/690V

MCCB	N	H	L
TD100	5kA	8kA	10kA
TS100	10kA	15kA	20kA



Motor		MCCB		Contactor	Thermal overload relay	
kW	A	Type	Rating Ir (A)	Type	Type	Setting range (A)
0.37	0.6	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	0.4~0.63
0.55	0.9	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	0.63-1
0.75	1.1	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1-1.6
1.1	1.5	TD100	16	MC-9	MT-32	1-1.6
1.5	2	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	1.6-2.5
2.2	2.8	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	2.5-4
3	3.8	TD100	16	MC-32	MT-32	2.5-4
3.7	4.4	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	4-6
4	4.9	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	4-6
5.5	6.6	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	5-8
7.5	8.9	TD100	16	MC-40	MT-63	7-10
9	10.6	TD100	16	MC-85	MT-95	9-13
11	11.5	TD100	16	MC-85	MT-95	9-13
15	14	TD100	16	MC-85	MT-95	12-18
18.5	17.3	TD100	20	MC-85	MT-95	16-22
22	21.3	TD100	25	MC-85	MT-95	18-25
25	25.4	TD100	32	MC-85	MT-95	24-36
30	30.3	TD100	32	MC-85	MT-95	24-36
33	34.6	TD100 TS100	40	MC-85	MT-95	28-40
37	39	TD100 TS100	40	MC-85	MT-95	34-50
40	42	TD100 TS100	50	MC-85	MT-95	34-50
45	44	TD100 TS100	50	MC-85	MT-95	34-50

## Protective coordination Type 2 Coordination according to IEC60947-4-1]

**440V - N type**

Rated operational power		MCCB		Contactor	Thermal overload relay		Short circuit breaking capacity	
kW	Current (A) 440V	Type	Rating (A)	Type	Type	Setting range (A)	I <sub>r</sub> (kA)	I <sub>q</sub> (kA)
1.1	2.37	TD100N	16	MC-12b	MT-32	2.5~4	1	50
1.5	3.06	TD100N	16	MC-18b	MT-32	2.5~4	1	50
2.2	4.42	TD100N	16	MC-22b	MT-32	4~6	1	50
3	5.77	TD100N	16	MC-22b	MT-32	5~8	1	50
4	7.90	TD100N	16	MC-32a	MT-32	6~9	1	50
5.5	10.40	TD100N	16	MC-32a	MT-32	9~13	3	50
7.5	13.70	TD100N	20	MC-32a	MT-32	12~18	3	50
11	20.10	TD100N	32	MC-40a	MT-32	18~25	3	50
15	26.50	TD100N	40	MC-40a	MT-32	22~32	3	50
18.5	32.80	TS100N	40	MC-50a	MT-63	28~40	3	50
22	39.00	TS100N	50	MC-50a	MT-63	34~50	3	50
30	51.50	TS100N	63	MC-65a	MT-63	45~65	3	50
37	64.00	TS100N	80	MC-75a	MT-95	54~75	5	50
45	76.00	TS100N	100	MC-85a	MT-95	63~85	5	50
55	90.00	TS100N	100	MC-100a	MT-95	70~95	5	50
59	97.00	TS160N	100	MC-130a	MT-150	80~105	5	50
75	125	TS160N	160	MC-150a	MT-150	110~150	10	50
90	146	TS160N	160	MC-185a	MT-225	120~185	10	50
110	178	TS250N	200	MC-185a	MT-225	160~240	10	50
132	215	TS250N	250	MC-225a	MT-225	160~240	10	65
160	256	TS400N	300	MC-400a	MT-400	200~330	18	65
200	330	TS400N	400	MC-400a	MT-400	260~400	18	65
220	353	TS400N	400	MC-400a	MT-400	260~400	18	65
250	401	TS630N	500	MC-630a	MT-800	260~400	18	65
300	481	TS630N	500	MC-630a	MT-800	400~630	18	65

# Technical information

## Protective coordination Type 2 Coordination according to IEC60947-4-1]

440V - H type

Rated operational power		MCCB		Contactor	Thermal overload relay		Short circuit breaking capacity	
kW	Current (A) 440V	Type	Rating (A)	Type	Type	Setting range (A)	Ir (kA)	Iq (kA)
1.1	2.37	TD100H	16	MC-12b	MT-32	2.5~4	1	50
1.5	3.06	TD100H	16	MC-18b	MT-32	2.5~4	1	50
2.2	4.42	TD100H	16	MC-22b	MT-32	4~6	1	50
3	5.77	TD100H	16	MC-22b	MT-32	5~8	1	50
4	7.90	TD100H	16	MC-32a	MT-32	6~9	1	50
5.5	10.40	TD100H	16	MC-32a	MT-32	9~13	3	50
7.5	13.70	TD100H	20	MC-32a	MT-32	12~18	3	70
11	20.10	TD100H	32	MC-40a	MT-32	18~25	3	70
15	26.50	TD100H	40	MC-40a	MT-32	22~32	3	70
18.5	32.80	TS100H	40	MC-50a	MT-63	28~40	3	70
22	39.00	TS100H	50	MC-50a	MT-63	34~50	3	70
30	51.50	TS100H	63	MC-65a	MT-63	45~65	3	70
37	64.00	TS100H	80	MC-75a	MT-95	54~75	5	70
45	76.00	TS100H	100	MC-85a	MT-95	63~85	5	70
55	90.00	TS100H	100	MC-100a	MT-95	70~95	5	70
59	97.00	TS160H	100	MC-130a	MT-150	80~105	5	70
75	125	TS160H	160	MC-150a	MT-150	110~150	10	70
90	146	TS160H	160	MC-185a	MT-225	120~185	10	70
110	178	TS250H	200	MC-185a	MT-225	160~240	10	70
132	215	TS250H	250	MC-225a	MT-225	160~240	10	70
160	256	TS400H	300	MC-400a	MT-400	200~330	18	85
200	330	TS400H	400	MC-400a	MT-400	260~400	18	85
220	353	TS400H	400	MC-400a	MT-400	260~400	18	85
250	401	TS630H	500	MC-630a	MT-800	260~400	18	85
300	481	TS630H	500	MC-630a	MT-800	400~630	18	100

## Protective coordination Type 2 Coordination according to IEC60947-4-1]

**440V - L type**

Rated operational power		MCCB		Contactor	Thermal overload relay		Short circuit breaking capacity	
kW	Current (A) 440V	Type	Rating (A)	Type	Type	Setting range (A)	I <sub>r</sub> (kA)	I <sub>q</sub> (kA)
1.1	2.37	TD100L	16	MC-12b	MT-32	2.5~4	1	50
1.5	3.06	TD100L	16	MC-18b	MT-32	2.5~4	1	50
2.2	4.42	TD100L	16	MC-22b	MT-32	4~6	1	50
3	5.77	TD100L	16	MC-22b	MT-32	5~8	1	50
4	7.90	TD100L	16	MC-32a	MT-32	6~9	1	50
5.5	10.40	TD100L	16	MC-32a	MT-32	9~13	3	50
7.5	13.70	TD100L	20	MC-32a	MT-32	12~18	3	100
11	20.10	TD100L	32	MC-40a	MT-32	18~25	3	100
15	26.50	TD100L	40	MC-40a	MT-32	22~32	3	100
18.5	32.80	TS100L	40	MC-50a	MT-63	28~40	3	130
22	39.00	TS100L	50	MC-50a	MT-63	34~50	3	130
30	51.50	TS100L	63	MC-65a	MT-63	45~65	3	130
37	64.00	TS100L	80	MC-75a	MT-95	54~75	5	130
45	76.00	TS100L	100	MC-85a	MT-95	63~85	5	130
55	90.00	TS100L	100	MC-100a	MT-95	70~95	5	130
59	97.00	TS160L	100	MC-130a	MT-150	80~105	5	130
75	125	TS160L	160	MC-150a	MT-150	110~150	10	130
90	146	TS160L	160	MC-185a	MT-225	120~185	10	130
110	178	TS250L	200	MC-185a	MT-225	160~240	10	130
132	215	TS250L	250	MC-225a	MT-225	160~240	10	130
160	256	TS400L	300	MC-400a	MT-400	200~330	18	130
200	330	TS400L	400	MC-400a	MT-400	260~400	18	130
220	353	TS400L	400	MC-400a	MT-400	260~400	18	130
250	401	TS630L	500	MC-630a	MT-800	260~400	18	130
300	481	TS630L	500	MC-630a	MT-800	400~630	18	130

## How to calculate short-circuit current value Various short-circuit

The purpose of calculating short circuit values

- Selection of circuit breakers, fuse.
- Adjusting metering devices
- Consideration for mechanical resistance
- Consideration for thermal resistance

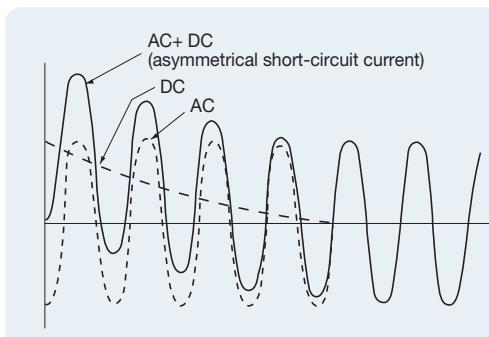
Various value of short-circuit current should be applied to the tests for upper factors.

Symmetrical current for AC and asymmetrical current for DC are used for classifying short circuit current.

Their differences should be essentially considered in the basic step of making network plan.

### Symmetrical short-circuit current real value

Short-circuit current is composed of AC and DC as it shows on <Fig.1>. The short-circuit which indicates the real value of AC is called as symmetrical short-current real value,  $I_{(rms)sym}$ . This current is the essential factor of selecting MCCB, ACB, fuse.



<Fig.1> Composition of short-circuit current

### Maximum asymmetrical short-circuit current real value: $I_{(rms)asym}$

The short-circuit which indicates the real value of DC is called as asymmetrical short-circuit current real value.

And this current value is changeable upon the short-circuit closing phase.

This current value is treated for checking the thermal resistant strength of wrings, CT and etc.

With symmetrical short-circuit current real value and short-circuit power factor, we can achieve the value,  $\alpha$  from <Fig.5>.

and maximum asymmetrical short-circuit current real value is calculated with this formula.

$$I_{(rms)asym} = \alpha I_{(rms)sym}$$

### 3-phases average asymmetrical short-circuit current real value: $I_{(rms)ave}$

Each phase is different in its input current value in 3 phases circuit. So that AC rate for 3 phases is different. This value is the average of asymmetrical short-circuit current of 3 phases.

And with symmetrical short-circuit current real value and short-circuit power factor, we can achieve the value,  $\beta$ , and 3-phases average asymmetrical short circuit current real value is calculated with this formula.

$$I_{(rms)ave} = \beta I_{(rms)sym}$$

### Maximum asymmetrical short-circuit current instantaneous value: $I_{max}$

Each phase has different instantaneous current value. And when asymmetrical short-circuit current shows its maximum instantaneous value, the current value is called as maximum asymmetrical short-circuit current instantaneous value. This current is to test the mechanical strength of serial equipments.

And with symmetrical short-circuit current real value and short-circuit power factor, we can achieve the value,  $\gamma$  and maximum asymmetrical short-circuit current instantaneous value is calculated with this formula.

$$I_{max} = \gamma I_{(rms)sym}$$

### Network impedance for calculating short-circuit current value

Bellow should be considered for the calculation as the impedance components affecting circuit to trouble spot from short-circuit power.

#### a. Primary part impedance of incoming transformer

It's calculated from the short- circuit current data which is provided by power supplier. Calculated value can be regarded as reactance.

#### b. Impedance of incoming transformer

Its amount is upon the capacity of transformer and primary voltage. Generally this impedance can be regarded as reactance and refer to <Table.4>, <Table.5>.

## How to calculate short-circuit current value

### Various short-circuit

#### c. Reactance of motor

Motor works as generator and supply short circuit current in the condition of an accident circuit such as <Fig.2>.

Generation factor of firm motor should be considered in a low voltage circuit where a circuit breaker operates quickly and in a high voltage circuit for the selection of fuse. Reactance of motor can be regarded in the range of 25% normally.

#### d. Distribution impedance

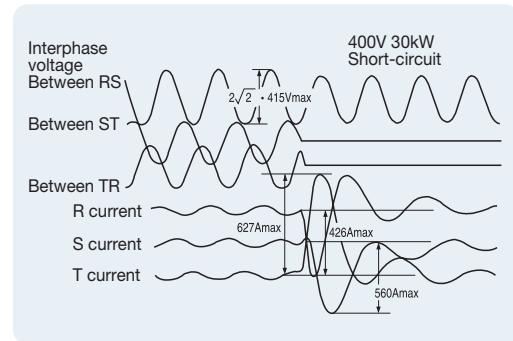
Impedance of cable and busduct do control short-circuit remarkably in low voltage network. Refer to <Table.5>, <Table.6>.

#### e. Others

MCCB, ACB CT are equipments for the network of low voltage.

The impedance of these equipment which is calculated from short-circuit current value should be considered.

Generally, the impedance of those equipment is that of rated current (normal condition), if operators apply that impedance value, bigger reactance value may be applied to calculated short-circuit current value.



<Fig.2> Short-circuit of motor

# Technical information

## How to calculate short-circuit current value With percent impedance

Ohm formula ( $\Omega$ ), percent impedance formula (%), unit formula (per unit) can be applied to calculate short-circuit current value.

### Ohm formula [ $\Omega$ ]

Short-circuit current value is calculated by converting into ohm value [ $\Omega$ ]

### Percent impedance formula (%) Each impedance is converted into the impedance of base value and base voltage.

And the required amount for electric demand should be shown as percent unit.  
And apply that value in ohm formula.

### Unit formula

The base value equals 1.0. and all value of network shows in the way of decimal system. Applying any of upper calculation formulas to achieve short-circuit current value, it shows equal value. To select a certain formula for doing it, operator can select one of those formula which is proper to oneself. Below is percent impedance formula.

### Finding base value

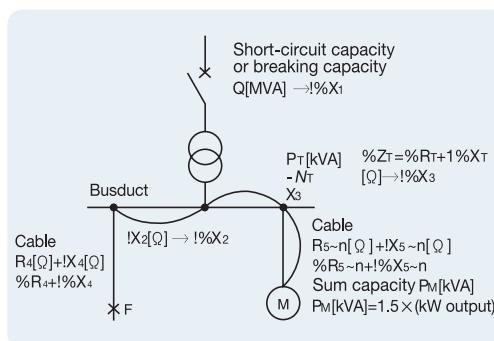
The rated current of transformer shall be the base value.

$$\text{Base capacity } P_b = P_t [\text{kVA}]$$

$$\text{Base voltage } V_b = V_t [\text{V}]$$

$$\text{Base current } I_b = I_t = \frac{P_t}{\sqrt{3}V_t} \times 10^3 [\text{A}]$$

$$\text{Base impedance } Z_b = \frac{V_b^2}{P_b \times 10^3} = \frac{V_t^2}{P_t \times 10^3} [\Omega]$$



<Fig.3> Base value

### Converting impedance into base value

a. Primary part impedance of transformer:  $\%X_1$

$$\%X_1 = \frac{P_b}{Q \times 10^3} \times 100 [\%]$$

$Q$ : Primary part short-circuit capacity

b. Impedance of transformer:  $\%Z_T$

It generally indicates as percent impedance.  
If base capacity is equal to transformer capacity,  $\%Z_T$  can be used as it is. When base capacity is not equal to transformer capacity, convert values by this formula.

$$\frac{P_t}{\%Z_t} = \frac{P_b}{\%Z_b}$$

$\%:$  value converted by base value

1phase transformer should converted into the value of 3 phase transformer,  
And the percent impedance is equal to  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times$  calculated urgent value.

c. Reactance of motor:  $\%X_m$

Transformer capacity shows the value in kW, so it is converted into unit, kVA.  
(kVA value)  $\approx 1.5 \times$  (Output of motor, kW)  
 $\%X_m = 25\%$  Converting it from base capacity

$$\frac{P_m}{\%X_m} = \frac{P_b}{\%X_b}$$

(Converting formula for different capacity)

d. Impedance of busduct, cable

Cable: Area of cross-section & length  
Busduct: Rated current

In <Fig.5>, <Fig.6>

$Z_c = (\Omega \text{ per each unit length}) \times (\text{length}) [\Omega]$   
Convert this value into % value.

$$\%Z_c = \frac{Z_c}{Z_b}$$

(% converting formula)

2cables in same dimension, it's recommendable to divide the length by 2.

## How to calculate short-circuit current value

### Preparing a impedance map

Prepare impedance map according to the impedance value from (2). Various electricity suppliers like source, motor have same electric potential in impedance map.

As you find it on <Fig.4> (a), extend it from the unlimited bus to fault point, draw impedance map.

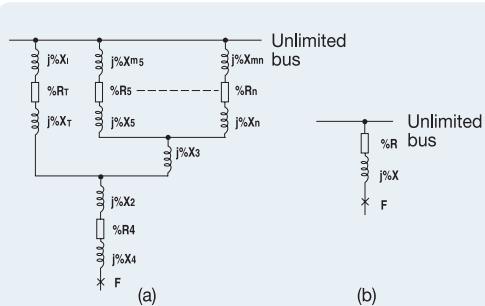
### Calculating impedance

Calculate impedance as <Fig.4 (b)> in impedance map <Fig.4 (a)>

$$\%Z = \%R + j\%X$$

$$\%Z = \sqrt{(\%R)^2 + (\%X)^2}$$

### Calculating symmetrical short-circuit current real value



<Fig.4> Base value

### Calculating various short-circuit current value

$$IF(3\varnothing) = IF(rms)sym(3\varnothing)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{P_B \times 10^3}{\sqrt{3}V_B \cdot \%Z} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{I_B}{\%Z} \times 100 [A] \end{aligned}$$

Calculate various short-circuit current value with  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  values from <Fig.5> like

$$\text{short-circuit power factor } \cos \varnothing = \frac{\%R}{\%Z}$$

3 phases average asymmetrical real value

$$I_F(rms)ave = \beta I_F(rms)sym$$

Maximum average asymmetrical real value

$$I_F(rms)asym = \Omega I_F(rms)sym$$

Maximum asymmetrical instantaneous value

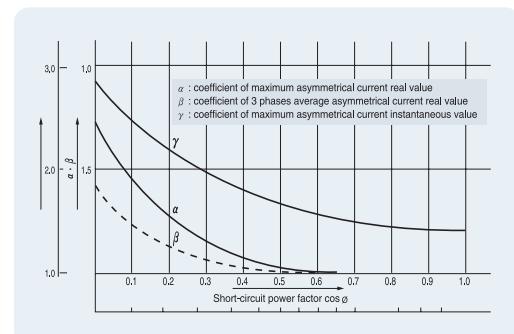
$$I_{Fmax} = \gamma I_F(rms)sym$$

### In case of 1 phase short-circuit

$$\text{Current value from (5) multiplied by } \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\text{Each short-circuit current value (1\varnothing)} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$(3\text{phases short-circuit current}) \times \alpha \text{ (or } \gamma \text{)}$$



<Fig.5>

# Technical information

## How to calculate short-circuit current value With a simple formula

For its special cases, calculating exact value should be needed, in the other hand, for the practical use, we recommend simple formula.

### Finding a base value

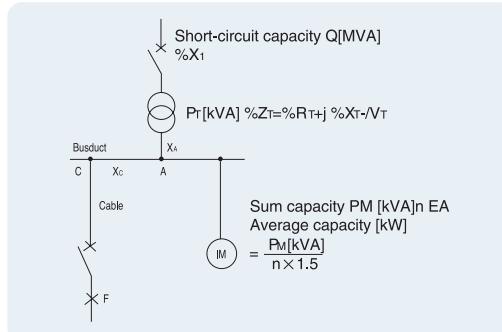
It shall be the rated current of transformer.

$$P_B = PT \text{ [kVA]}$$

$$V_B = VT \text{ [V]}$$

$$I_B = IT \text{ [A]}$$

$$Z_B = \frac{VT_B [\Omega]}{PT \times 10^3}$$



<Fig.6> Base value

### Short-circuit current from incoming circuit

Disregard the impedance value of primary part of transformer. Calculate short-circuit current value according to <Fig.7>.

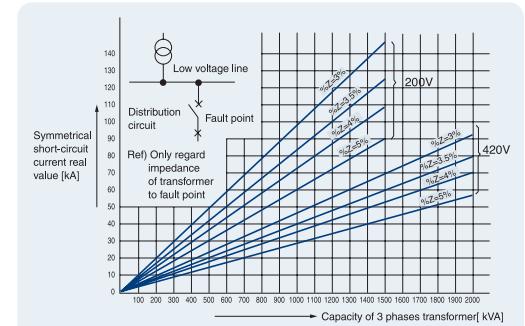
(If the impedance value of primary part of transformer is considered, calculate the current value as below formula)

$$I_A(R) = \frac{I_B}{\sqrt{(\%R_t)^2 + (\%X_t + \%X_r)^2}} \times 100 \text{ [A]}$$

$$\%X_1 = \frac{P_B}{Q \times 10^3} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

If the value of  $\%R_t$  is not clear,  $\%Z_t = \%T_t$

$$I_A(R) = \frac{I_B}{\%X_1 + \%X_r} \times 100 \text{ [A]}$$



Ref 1) Calculation in the random voltage E Voltage line which is mostly close to E shall be selected to calculate it.

i.e. in case of 220V, (200V line value) ÷ 200/220

Ref 2) Calculation for a certain impedance  $Z_t$  (%) Impedance line which is mostly close to  $Z_t$  (%) shall be selected to calculate it.

i.e. 420V,  $Z_t = 4.5\%$

$\%Z = 4\%$  Line value (or 5% line) × 4 (or 5)/4.5

Ref 3) When the value is out of lines or over 200VA or below 100kA, multiply 10 times to the calculated values.

<Fig.7> Transformer capacity and short-circuit current

### Short-circuit current to motor

$$I_A(M) = 4 \times \Sigma \text{ (Rated current of motor)}$$

### Symmetrical short-circuit current at point A

$$I_A = I_A(R) + I_A(M)$$

### Decreasing coefficient caused by busduct

$$\text{Obtaining the value of } \frac{l \cdot I_A}{10VT}$$

Calculate decreasing coefficient from <Fig.10>

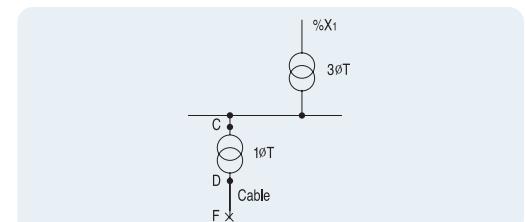
### Decreasing short-circuit current by reactance

When there's 1phase transformer in a certain circuit, calculate it in the base of reactance.

Regarding the reactance as pre-impedance at source part at point of <Fig.8>,

$$X_c = \frac{E_B}{\sqrt{3} I_c}$$

Reactance C~D:  $X_D [\Omega]$  (impedance of 1  $\varnothing T$ )



## How to calculate short-circuit current value With a simple formula

Calculating the value of  $X_0/X_c$  and decreasing coefficient d from the reactance of <Fig.9>.

Current at point D  $I_b = d \cdot I_c$

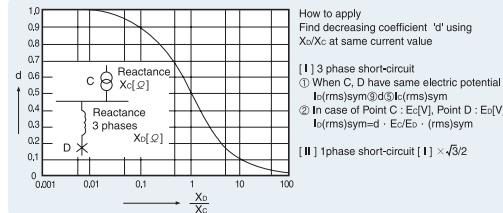
Impedance of 1 phase transformer  $X_0 = X(1\ \Omega) \frac{1}{2}$

a. Short-circuit current at  $E_c$  voltage base

$$I_b(\text{rms})\text{sym} \cdot 3\ \varnothing = d \cdot I_c(\text{rms})\text{sym} \cdot 3\ \varnothing$$

b. Short-circuit current at  $E_d$  voltage base

$$I_b(\text{rms})\text{sym} \cdot 3\ \varnothing = d \cdot I_c(\text{rms})\text{sym} \cdot 3\ \varnothing \times E_c/E_d$$



<Fig.9> Decreasing coefficient of short-circuit current by reactance: d

### Coefficient d for cables

Calculating the value of  $\frac{q \cdot I_b}{10V_t}$

Decreasing coefficient b value is calculated from <Fig.13>. For insulator drawn wrings, we can find the value directly from <Fig.13>.

### Calculating symmetrical short-circuit current real value

$$I_F(\text{rms})\text{sym} = b \times I_b[D]$$

### Various short-circuit current

In case of having short-circuit current power factor, find  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  from <Fig.5>, If not find 3 values from <Table.1>

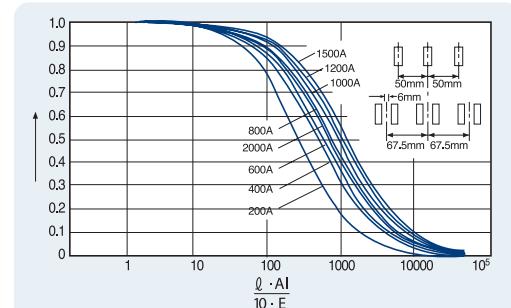
- 3 phases short-circuit asymmetrical current average value  
 $I_F(\text{rms})\text{ave} = \beta I_F(\text{rms})\text{sym}$
- Maximum asymmetrical real value  
 $I_F(\text{rms})\text{ave} = \alpha I_F(\text{rms})\text{sym}$
- Maximum asymmetrical instantaneous value  
 $I_F(\text{rms})\text{ave} = \gamma I_F(\text{rms})\text{sym}$

<Table.2>  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  values when short circuit power factor value is not definite.

Symmetrical short-circuit real value (A)	Variables		
	Maximum asymmetrical real value	3 phases short-circuit asymmetrical current average value	Maximum asymmetrical instantaneous value
2500	1.0	1.0	1.48
2501~5000	1.03	1.02	1.64
5001~1000	1.13	1.07	1.94
1001~15000	1.18	1.09	2.05
15001~25000	1.25	1.13	2.17
25000	1.33	1.17	2.29

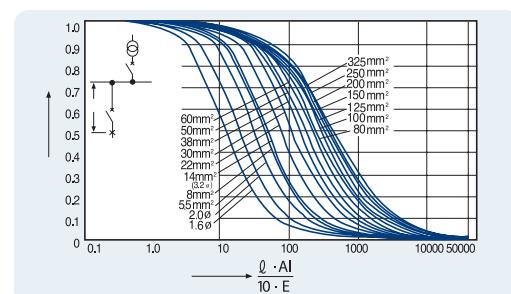
### 1 phase short-circuit

$$(\text{Each current}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times 3 \text{ phases short-circuit current} \times \gamma \text{ (or } \alpha \text{)}$$

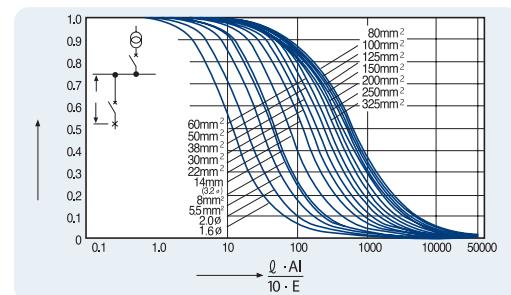


Busduct Ratings (A) Material	General busduct			
	Size [mm] [Ω/m]	Resistance R [Ω/m]	Reactance X [Ω/m]	Impedance Z [Ω/m]
(A)	200	$3 \times 25$	$2.41 \times 10^{-4}$	$1.312 \times 10^{-4}$
	400	$6 \times 40$	$0.751 \times 10^{-4}$	$1.267 \times 10^{-4}$
	600	$6 \times 50$	$0.607 \times 10^{-4}$	$1.094 \times 10^{-4}$
	800	$6 \times 75$	$0.412 \times 10^{-4}$	$0.72 \times 10^{-4}$
	1000	$6 \times 100$	$0.315 \times 10^{-4}$	$0.60 \times 10^{-4}$
	1200	$6 \times 125$	$0.261 \times 10^{-4}$	$0.516 \times 10^{-4}$
	1500	$6 \times 150$	$0.221 \times 10^{-4}$	$0.449 \times 10^{-4}$
	2000	$6 \times 125 \times 2$	$0.129 \times 10^{-4}$	$0.79 \times 10^{-4}$

<Fig.10> Decreasing coefficient of general busduct (Cu)



<Fig.11> Decreasing coefficient b in cable (600V IV)

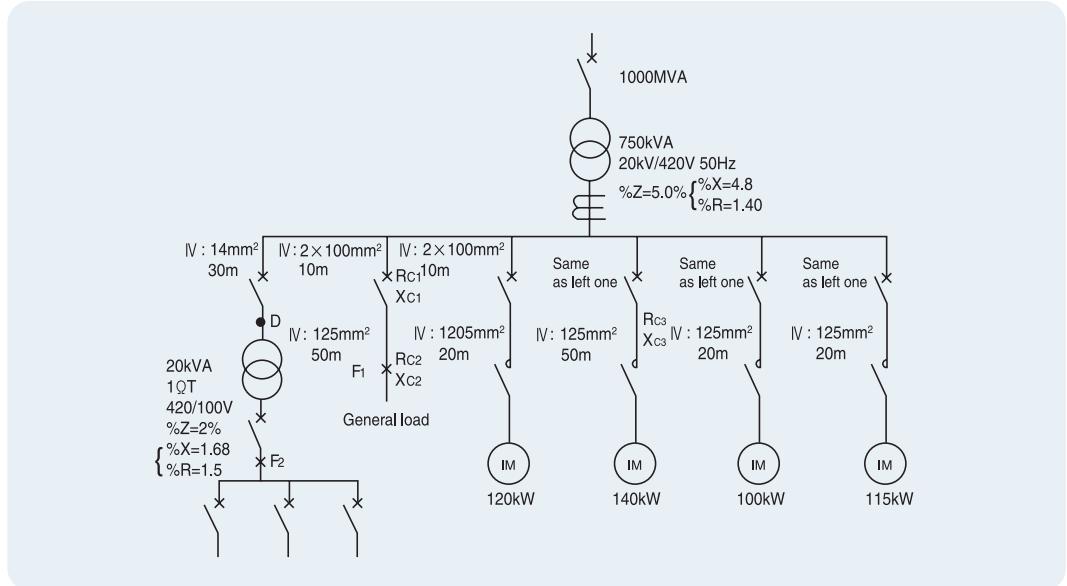


<Fig.12> Decreasing coefficient b in cable (600V IV)

# Technical information

## How to calculate short-circuit current value Calculation example

Calculation1) Short-circuit current value will be achieved by simple formula and percent impedance formula for <Fig.13>



<Fig.13>

### Percent impedance formula

#### (1) Base value

$$P_b = 750 \text{ kVA} \quad V_b = 420 \text{ V}$$

$$I_b = 1031 \text{ A} \quad Z_b = 0.237 \Omega$$

#### (2) Each impedance

##### a. Reactance at primary part of transformer

$$\%X_t = \frac{750}{1000 \times 10^3} \times 100 = 0.075 [\%]$$

##### b. Impedance of transformer

$$\%R_t = 1.4\%$$

$$\%X_t = 4.8\%$$

##### c. 1 Ø Tr impedance

$$\%R_{t1} = \frac{1.15 \times 750}{20} \times \frac{1}{2} = 21.6 [\%]$$

$$\%X_{t1} = \frac{1.68 \times 750}{20} \times \frac{1}{2} = 31.5 [\%]$$

##### d. Reactance of transformer

$$\%X_{m1} = \frac{750}{120 \times 1.5} \times 25 = 104 [\%]$$

$$\%X_{m2} = \frac{750}{140 \times 1.5} \times 25 = 89 [\%]$$

$$\%X_{m3} = \frac{750}{100 \times 1.5} \times 25 = 125 [\%]$$

$$\%X_{m4} = \frac{750}{115 \times 1.5} \times 25 = 108.7 [\%]$$

#### e. Impedance of cable

Converting impedance of whole metal tube  
[2x100mm² 10m]

$$\%R_{c1} = \frac{0.00018 \times 10}{0.237} \times \frac{1}{2} \times 100 = 0.38 [\%]$$

$$\%X_{c1} = \frac{0.00013 \times 10}{0.237} \times \frac{1}{2} \times 100 = 0.27 [\%]$$

[125mm² 20m]

$$\%R_{c2} = \frac{0.00014 \times 20}{0.237} \times 100 = 1.18 [\%]$$

$$\%X_{c2} = \frac{0.00013 \times 20}{0.237} \times 100 = 1.09 [\%]$$

[250mm² 50m]

$$\%R_{c3} = \frac{0.00007 \times 50}{0.237} \times 100 = 1.47 [\%]$$

$$\%X_{c3} = \frac{0.00013 \times 50}{0.237} \times 100 = 2.74 [\%]$$

[14mm² 30m]

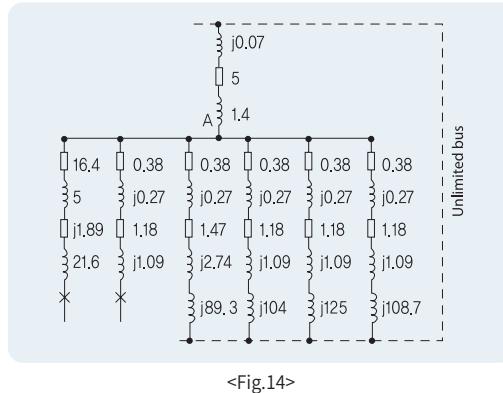
$$\%R_{c4} = \frac{0.00013 \times 30}{0.237} \times 100 = 16.45 [\%]$$

$$\%X_{c4} = \frac{0.00015 \times 30}{0.237} \times 100 = 1.88 [\%]$$

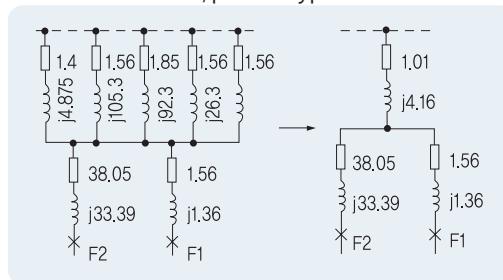
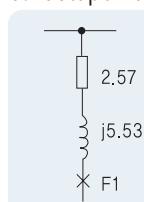
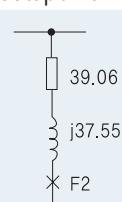
## How to calculate short-circuit current value

### Calculation example

- (3) Preparing a impedance map  
Connect short-circuit supplier to the unlimited bus.



**Calculating impedance**  
Calculate it in serial/parallel type formula

a. Fault point F<sub>1</sub>b. Fault point F<sub>2</sub>

$$\%Z_1 = \sqrt{(2.57)^2 + (5.53)^2} = 6.1\% \quad \%Z_2 = \sqrt{(39.06)^2 + (37.55)^2} = 54.2\%$$

- (5) Calculation of asymmetrical short-circuit current

a. Fault point F<sub>1</sub>

$$I_{F1} (\text{rms})\text{sym} = \frac{1031}{6.1} \times 100 = 16900 \text{ [A]}$$

$$\cos \phi_1 = \frac{2.57}{6.1} = 0.422$$

b. Fault point F<sub>2</sub> (1 phase circuit)

$$I_{F2} (\text{rms})\text{sym} = \frac{1031}{54.2} \times 100 = 1902 \text{ [A]} \dots (\text{at } 100\text{V})$$

$$= \frac{1031}{54.2} \times 100 \times \frac{420}{100} = 7989 \text{ [A]} \dots (\text{at } 420\text{V})$$

$I_{F2}$  (rms)sym is short-circuit current.  
Therefore, convert it into 1 phase short-circuit current.

$$I_{F2} (\text{rms})1\Omega \text{sym} = 7989 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 6919 \text{ [A]}$$

$$\cos \phi_2 = \frac{39.06}{54.2} = 0.72$$

- (6) Various short-circuit current  
Calculate  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  from <Fig.5>.

a. Fault point F<sub>1</sub>

$$\cos \phi_1 = 0.422$$

$$\alpha = 1.05 \quad \beta = 1.3 \quad \gamma = 1.74$$

$$I_{F1} (\text{rms})\text{ave} = 1.03 \times 16900 = 17407 \text{ [A]}$$

$$I_{F1} (\text{rms})\text{asym} = 1.05 \times 16900 = 17745 \text{ [A]}$$

$$I_{F1} \text{max} = 1.74 \times 16900 = 29406 \text{ [A]}$$

b. Fault point F<sub>2</sub>

$$\cos \phi_2 = 0.72$$

$$\alpha = 1.0 \quad \beta = 1.48$$

$$I_{F2} 1\varnothing (\text{rms})\text{asym} = 1.0 \times 6919 \text{ [A]}$$

$$I_{F2} 1\varnothing \text{max} = 1.48 \times 6919 = 10240 \text{ [A]}$$

#### Simple calculation formula

- (1) Base value  
 $P_B = 750 \text{ kVA}$     $V_B = 420 \text{ V}$   
 $I_B = 1031 \text{ A}$     $Z_B = 0.237 \Omega$

- (2) Short-circuit current of incoming circuit  
Disregard the impedance of primary part of transformer  
 $I_{A(R)} = 20500 \text{ A}$

- (3) Short-circuit current of motor  
Sum of motor capacity =  
 $(120+140+100+115) \times 1.5 = 713 \text{ [kVA]}$

$$I_{A(M)} = \frac{713}{\sqrt{3} \times 420} \times 4 = 3920 \text{ [A]}$$

- (4) Symmetrical short-circuit current at point A  
 $I_A = 20500 + 3920 = 24420 \text{ [A]}$

# Technical information

## How to calculate short-circuit current value Calculation example

### (5) Decreasing short-circuit current for cable

a. At point F<sub>1</sub>

- $2 \times 100\text{mm}^2 10\text{m}$   
 $2 \times 100\text{mm}^2 10\text{m} = 100\text{mm}^2 5\text{m}$

$$\frac{\ell I_A}{10E} = \frac{20 \times 24420}{10 \times 420} = 29.1$$

Coefficient b= 0.935

Short-circuit current value at point C  
 $I_c (\text{rms})_{\text{sym}} = 0.935 \times 24420 = 22850 [\text{A}]$

- $125\text{mm}^2 20\text{m}$

$$\frac{\ell I_c}{10E} = \frac{20 \times 22850}{10 \times 420} = 108.9$$

$I_{F1} (\text{rms})_{\text{sym}} = 0.785 \times 244850 = 17940 [\text{A}]$

b. At point F<sub>1</sub>

- $14\text{mm}^2 30\text{m}$

$$\frac{\ell I_c}{10E} = \frac{30 \times 24420}{10 \times 420} = 174.4$$

Coefficient b= 0.249

$I_b (\text{rms})_{3\phi \text{ sym}} = 0.24 \times 24420 = 6080 [\text{A}]$

- Decreasing by the reactance ( $1\phi \text{ Tr}$ )dp

Convert the value of '%X of  $1\phi \text{ Tr}$ ' to base capacity

$$X_d = 750 \times 2/20 = 75\%$$

Impedance of primary part at  $1\phi \text{ Tr}$

$$XA = \frac{I_b}{I_b} \times 100 = \frac{1031}{6080} \times 100 [\%]$$

Convert  $X_d$  to equivalent 3 phases, and

$$\frac{X_d/2}{X_A} = \frac{750 \times 2 \times 6080}{20 \times 2 \times 1031 \times 100} = 2.21$$

Coefficient d of <Fig.9> d= 0.32

$$\begin{aligned} I_{F2} (\text{rms})_{3\phi \text{ sym}} &= 0.32 \times 6080 = 1945 [\text{A}] (400V) \\ &= 0.32 \times 6080 \times 420/100 \\ &= 817 [\text{A}] (100V) \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore I_{F2} (\text{rms})_{1\phi \text{ sym}} = 817 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 7076 [\text{A}]$$

### (6) Various short-circuit current

Find  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  from <Table.1>

a. At point F<sub>1</sub>

$$\alpha = 1.25 \quad \beta = 1.13 \quad \gamma = 2.17$$

$$IF1 (\text{rms})_{\text{ave}} = 1.13 \times 17940 = 20272 [\text{A}]$$

$$IF1 (\text{rms})_{\text{asym}} = 1.25 \times 17940 = 22425 [\text{A}]$$

$$IF1_{\max} = 2.17 \times 17940 = 38930 [\text{A}]$$

b. At point F<sub>2</sub>

$$\alpha = 1.13 \quad \gamma = 1.94$$

$$IF21 \phi (\text{rms})_{\text{asym}} = 1.13 \times 7076 = 7945 [\text{A}]$$

$$IF21 \phi_{\max} = 1.94 \times 7076 = 13727 [\text{A}]$$

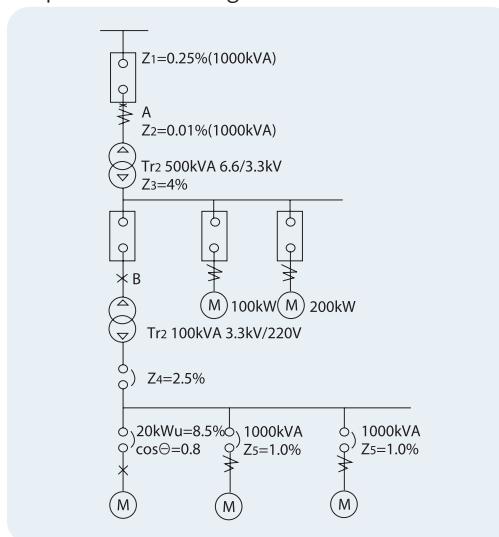
<Table.2> Comparison of short-circuit

Fault opint	F <sub>1</sub>	F <sub>2</sub>
Symmetrical short-circuit current real value	Percent impedance calculation value	6900A
	Simple formula calculation value	17940A
3 phases average asymmetrical current real value	Percent impedance calculation value	17407A
	Simple formula calculation value	20272A
Maximum asymmetrical current real value	Percent impedance calculation value	17745A
	Simple formula calculation value	22425A
	106%	102%
	-	-
	116%	-
	6919A	115%

## How to calculate short-circuit current value

### Calculation example

Short-circuit current value will be achieved by simple formula for <Fig.16>



&lt;Fig.16&gt;

(1) Calculate rated current at each point

① Rated current  $I_{nA}$  at point A

$$I_{nA} = \frac{500[\text{kVA}] \times 1000}{\sqrt{3} \times 6.6[\text{kV}] \times 1000} = 43.7[\text{A}]$$

② Rated current  $I_{nB}$  at point B

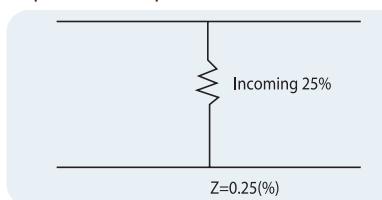
$$I_{nB} = \frac{100[\text{kVA}] \times 1000}{\sqrt{3} \times 3.3[\text{kV}] \times 1000} = 17.5[\text{A}]$$

$$I_{nC} = \frac{20[\text{kW}] \times 1000}{\sqrt{3} \times 220[\text{V}] \times 0.85 \times 0.8} = 77.2[\text{A}]$$

(2) Put 1000k VA for base capacity and calculate short-circuit current at each point.

① Short-circuit current  $I_{SA}$  at point A

a) Impedance Map



b) Short-circuit  $I_{SA}$

$$I_{SA} = \frac{1000 \text{ kVA} \times 1000 \times 100}{\sqrt{3} \times 6.6 \text{ kV} \times 1000 \times 0.25\%} = 34990[\text{A}]$$

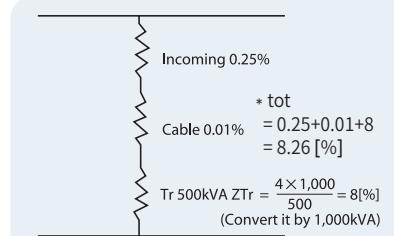
\* Breaking capacity of breaker [MVA]

MVA = 3 short-circuit current [kA] line to line voltage [kV]

② Short-circuit current at point B:  $I_{SB}$

a) Impedance Map

\* Serial sum of impedance  
 $Z_{tot} = 0.25 + 0.01 + 8 = 8.26 [\%]$



b) Short-circuit current  $I_{SC}$

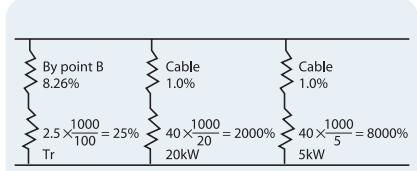
$$I_{SB} = \frac{1000[\text{kVA}] \times 1000 \times 100}{\sqrt{3} \times 3.3[\text{kV}] \times 1000 \times 8.26} = 2118[\text{A}]$$

\* Breaking capacity of breaker [MVA]

MVA =  $\sqrt{3}$  short-circuit current [kA]  
 line to line voltage [kV]

③ Short-circuit current at point C:  $I_{SC}$

a) Impedance Map



\* Parallel sum of impedance

$$Z = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{33.26} + \frac{1}{2001} + \frac{1}{8001}} = 32.58 [\%]$$

b) Short-circuit current  $I_{SC}$

$$I_{SC} = \frac{1000[\text{kVA}] \times 1000 \times 100}{\sqrt{3} \times 220[\text{V}] \times 32.58[\%]} = 8055[\text{A}]$$

### Calculation formula

Rated current  $I_n = \frac{\text{Transformer capacity}}{\sqrt{3} \times \text{Rated voltage}}$

Short-circuit current  $I_s = \frac{\text{Transformer capacity} \times 100}{\sqrt{3} \times \text{Rated voltage} \times \%Z}$

# Technical information

## How to calculate short-circuit current value Combination of transformer and impedance

<Table. 3> Combination of transformer and impedance

Transformer		3 phases transformer											
Impedance		6.3kV/210V Oil Tr.			6.3kV/210V Mold Tr.			20kV/420V Mold Tr.			20kV/420V Oil Tr.		
Transformer capacity (VA)	ZT[%]	RT[%]	XT[%]	ZT[%]	RT[%]	XT[%]	ZT[%]	RT[%]	XT[%]	ZT[%]	RT[%]	XT[%]	
20	2.19	1.94	1.03										
30	2.45	1.92	1.53	4.7	2.27	4.12							
50	2.47	1.59	1.89	4.7	1.94	4.28							
75	2.35	1.67	1.66	4.4	1.56	4.11							
100	2.54	1.65	1.96	4.6	1.5	4.24							
150	2.64	1.64	2.07	4.2	1.29	4.0							
200	2.8	1.59	2.31	4.5	1.17	4.35							
300	3.26	1.46	2.92	4.5	1.2	4.33							
500	3.61	1.33	3.36	4.7	0.08	4.69	5.0	1.56	4.76	6.0	1.0	5.92	
750	4.2	1.55	3.9	6.0	0.8	5.95	5.0	1.40	4.80	6.0	0.9	5.93	
1000	5.0	1.35	4.82	7.0	0.7	6.96	5.0	1.26	4.84	6.0	0.8	5.95	
1500	5.1	1.22	4.95	7.0	0.6	6.97	5.5	1.2	5.37	7.0	0.75	6.96	
2000	5.0	1.2	4.85	7.5	0.65	7.47	5.5	1.1	5.39	7.0	0.7	6.96	

<Table. 4> Example of transformer impedance

Transformer		1 phase transformer					
Impedance		6.3kV/210V Oil Tr.			6.3kV/210V Mold Tr.		
Transformer capacity (VA)	ZT[%]	RT[%]	XT[%]	ZT[%]	RT[%]	XT[%]	
10				14.9	14.9	0.268	
20				14.0	14.0	0.503	
30				14.8	14.8	0.523	
50				13.6	13.6	0.494	
75				11.0	11.0	0.558	
100				8.87	8.85	0.562	
200				7.70	7.68	0.571	
300				5.75	5.69	0.619	
500				5.08	4.97	1.05	
750				5.05	4.92	1.16	
1000				4.03	3.93	0.904	
2000				4.55	4.50	0.637	
3000				4.29	4.22	0.768	
5000				3.26	3.18	0.725	
7500				2.72	2.81	0.775	
10000	2.5	2.07	1.40	2.33	2.18	0.823	
15000	2.37	1.84	1.49	2.04	1.82	0.937	
20000	2.57	1.76	1.87	1.90	1.60	1.02	
30000	2.18	1.58	1.50				
50000	2.05	1.47	1.42				
75000	2.27	1.46	1.74				
100000	2.48	1.49	1.98				
150000	3.39	1.31	3.13				
200000	3.15	1.31	2.87				
300000	2.23	1.28	2.96				
500000	4.19	1.09	4.03				

&lt;Table. 5&gt; Example of cable impedance (600 vinyl cable)

Cable dimension	Impedance of cable 1m ( $\Omega$ )			
	Internal insulation wiring or cable of steel tube and duct	Internal vinyl tube wiring of steel tube and duct	Insulator wiring in building	Resistance( $\Omega$ ) / cable 1meter
$\varnothing 1.6\text{mm}$				0.0089
$\varnothing 2\text{mm}$				0.0056
$\varnothing 3.2\text{mm}$	0.00020	0.00012	0.00031	0.0022
$5.5\text{mm}^2$				0.0033
$8\text{mm}^2$				0.0023
$14\text{mm}^2$				0.0013
$22\text{mm}^2$	0.00015	0.00010	0.00026	0.00082
$30\text{mm}^2$				0.00062
$38\text{mm}^2$				0.00048
$50\text{mm}^2$				0.00037
$60\text{mm}^2$				0.00030
$80\text{mm}^2$				0.00023
$100\text{mm}^2$				0.00018
$125\text{mm}^2$	0.00013	0.00009	0.00022	0.00014
$150\text{mm}^2$				0.00012
$200\text{mm}^2$				0.00009
$250\text{mm}^2$				0.00007
$325\text{mm}^2$				0.00005

&lt;Remark1&gt; At 60Hz, the reactance multiply 2 times itself, so 1/2 reactance of primary part can achieve IB.

&lt;Remark2&gt; When the cable is parallelly 2 or 3ea, reactance and resistance can be calculated in the condition of 1/3 and 1/3 length cable.

# Technical information

## How to calculate short-circuit current value Various short-circuit

<Table.6> Impedance sample of bus and busduct (50Hz)

[ $\times 10^4 \Omega/m$ ]

Ampere rating (A)	50Hz			60Hz		
	R	X	Z	R	X	Z
600	1.257	0.323	1.297	1.385	0.387	1.438
800	0.848	0.235	0.879	0.851	0.282	0.896
1000	0.641	0.185	0.667	0.645	0.222	0.682
1200	0.518	0.152	0.540	0.523	0.183	0.554
1350	0.436	0.129	0.454	0.443	0.155	0.469
1500	0.378	0.113	0.394	0.386	0.135	0.409
1600	0.360	0.107	0.375	0.367	0.128	0.389
2000	0.286	0.084	0.298	0.293	0.101	0.310
2500	0.218	0.065	0.228	0.221	0.078	0.235
3000	0.180	0.054	0.188	0.184	0.064	0.195
3500	0.143	0.042	0.149	0.146	0.051	0.155
4000	0.126	0.038	0.131	0.129	0.045	0.136
4500	0.120	0.036	0.125	0.122	0.043	0.130
5000	0.095	0.028	0.099	0.098	0.034	0.103

<Table.7> Impedance sample of Bus and busduct (50Hz)

[ $\times 10^4 \Omega/m$ ]

Ampere rating (A)	50Hz			60Hz		
	R	X	Z	R	X	Z
600	0.974	0.380	1.045	0.977	0.456	1.078
800	0.784	0.323	0.848	0.789	0.387	0.879
1000	0.530	0.235	0.580	0.536	0.282	0.606
1200	0.405	0.185	0.445	0.412	0.222	0.468
1350	0.331	0.152	0.364	0.338	0.183	0.384
1500	0.331	0.152	0.364	0.338	0.183	0.384
1600	0.282	0.129	0.311	0.289	0.155	0.328
2000	0.235	0.107	0.259	0.241	0.128	0.273
2500	0.166	0.076	0.182	0.169	0.091	0.192
3000	0.141	0.065	0.155	0.144	0.078	0.164
3500	0.122	0.056	0.135	0.127	0.068	0.143
4000	0.110	0.051	0.121	0.113	0.061	0.126
4500	0.094	0.043	0.104	0.096	0.052	0.109
5000	0.082	0.038	0.091	0.084	0.045	0.096
5500	0.078	0.035	0.086	0.080	0.043	0.091
6500	0.068	0.028	0.074	0.071	0.031	0.077

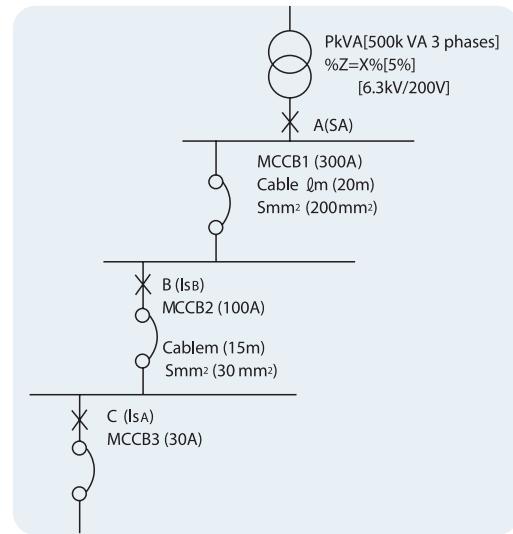
## How to calculate short-circuit current value Calculation example

Using a certain graph, you can find and calculate the short-circuit current value which is at one position of network. No matter the condition of network is different, you can do the calculation through adjusting variables.

### Graph note

- P coordinates – Transformer capacity (kVA)
- $Is_1$  coordinates – Short-circuit current value (kA)
- $Is_2$  coordinates – Short-circuit current value affected cable condition (kA)
- (a) Line - % impedance of transformer (%)
- (b) Line - Length of cable (m)
- (c) Line - Square mm of cable ( $\text{mm}^2$ )
- (d) Line -  $Is_2$  (kA)

Remark) (c) line shows the length of hard vinyl cable (600V IV)



### How to calculate short-circuit current value

#### (1) 3 phases transformer

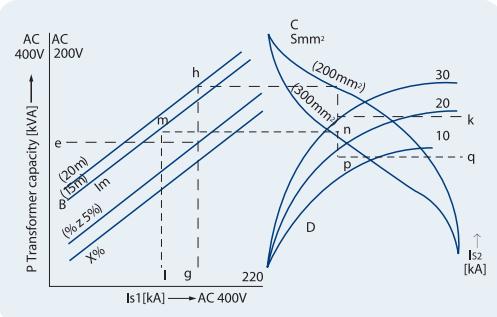
- ① Short-circuit current value at (A) where it is just below transformer. At P coordinates, find the coordinates value (g) of the cross point (f) which is from transformer capacity (e) and A line. Disregard primary part impedance of transformer.
- ② Find the short-circuit current value at Point B, C which are considered cable impedance.
  - At short-circuit current g (kA) of  $Is_1$  coordinates, find the value (h) of B line
  - Move (h) to parallel direction of  $Is_1$ , and find the cross point (i) to C line.
  - Move (i) to parallel direction of  $Is_2$ , and find the cross point value (j) to D line (g), finally find (k) of  $Is_2$

#### (2) 1 phase transformer

- ① Short-circuit current value where it is just below transformer. Find the value as same as that of 3 phase transformer and multiply it 3 times. ( $g' \text{kA}$ )
- ② Find the short-circuit current value where it is considered cable impedance.
  - Multiply 2/3 times to  $g'$  of  $Is_1$  coordinates
  - Find the  $Is_2$  value as same as that of 3 phase transformer and multiply it 3/2 times.

### Remark

1. It's not considered the transformer contribution. Multiply 4 times the rated current of transformer in cases.
2. The real short-circuit current value is little lower than its calculated value by the way we suggest because we take the rated voltage as AC200V, 400V. So the current value should be calculated in the consideration of stability
3. The calculated value is symmetrical real value.



## Technical information

# How to calculate short-circuit current value

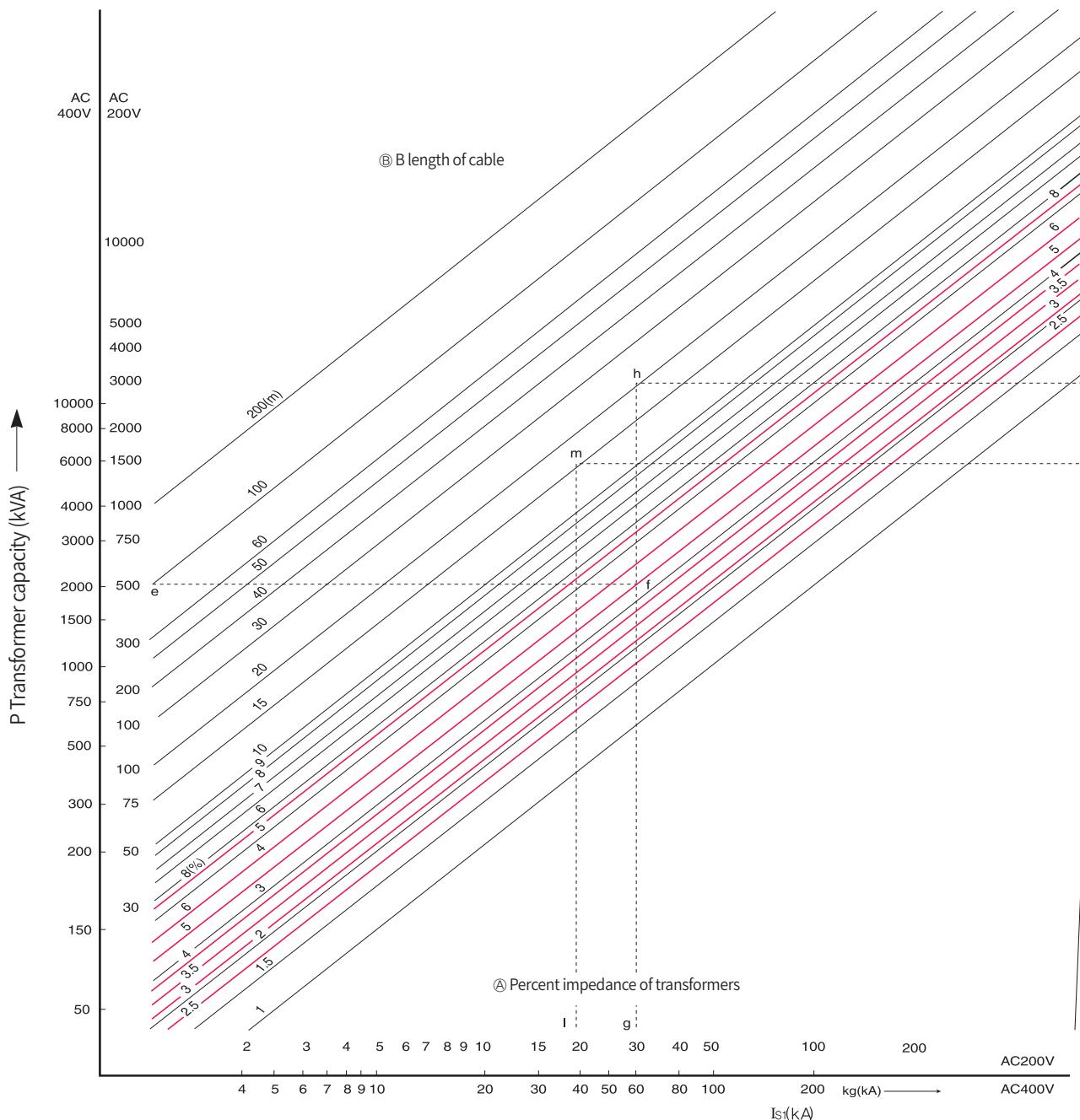
## Calculation graph

### (1) Short-circuit current value at point A ( $I_{SA}$ )

- At P coordinates, find (f) which is the point which is to match transformer capacity 500kVA and A line. Then move (f) to  $I_s$  direction and finally find (g).
  - $I_{sA} = 29\text{kVA}$  (g)

### (2) Short-circuit current value at point B ( $I_{SB}$ )

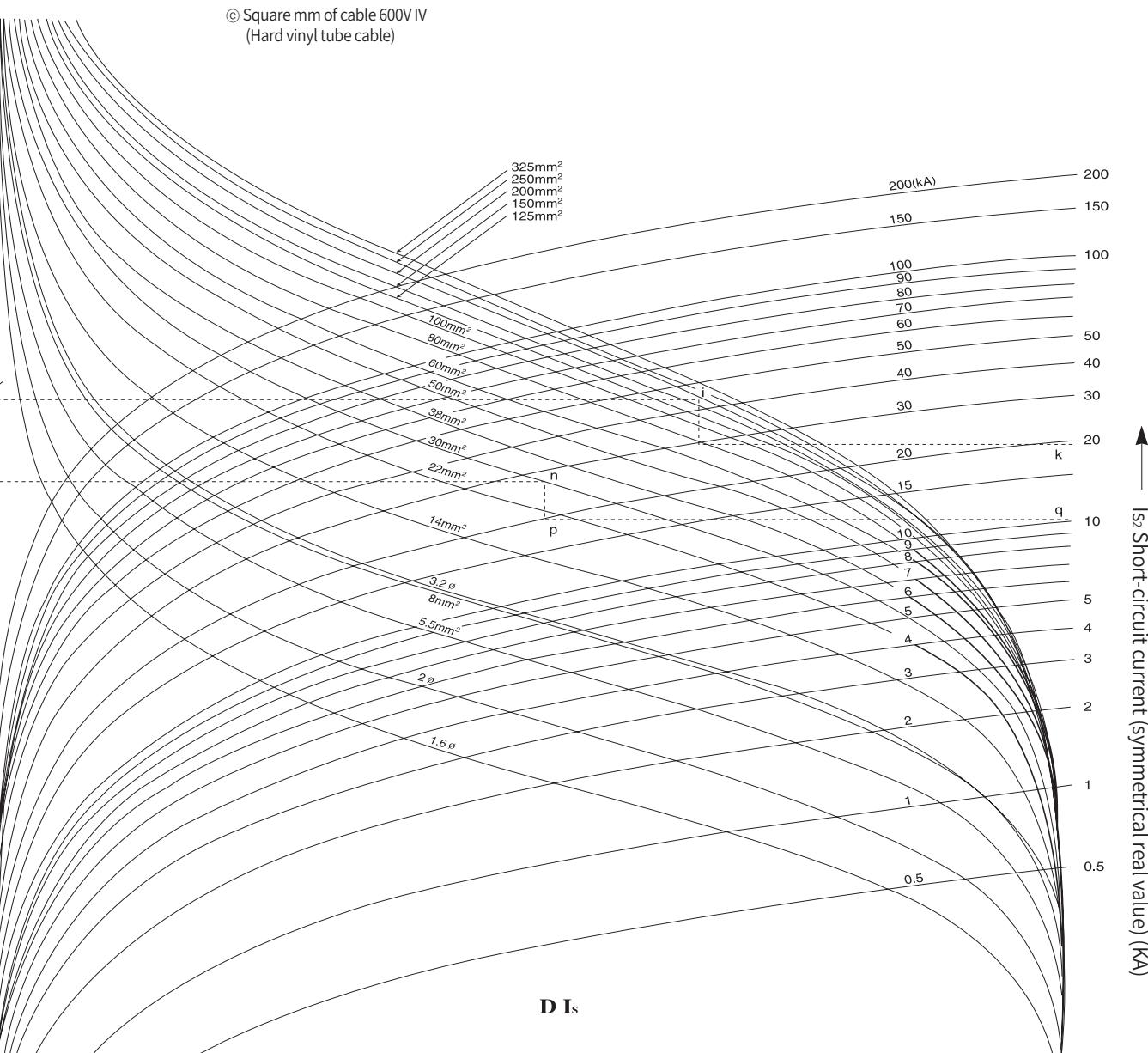
- Find value h of B line (20mm) at g (= 29kA) of  $I_{S1}$  coordinates
  - Move h parallelly to the direction of  $I_{S1}$ , and find value l at the cross point with C line (200mm)
  - Move l parallelly to the direction of  $I_{S2}$ , and find value j at the cross point with D line ( $g = 29kA$ )
  - $I_{SB} = 19kA$  (k)



### (3) Short-circuit current value at point C ( $I_{sc}$ )

- Find  $I_{s1}$  coordinates value (19kA) of short-circuit current value k (= 19kA) at Point B. and find cross point m between 19kA and B line.
- Move m parallelly to the direction of  $I_{s1}$  coordinates, and find the cross point n at C line (30mm).
- Move n parallelly to the direction of  $I_{s1}$  and find the cross point p of  $I_{s2}$  with D line.
- $I_{sc} = 10\text{kA}$  (g)

© Square mm of cable 600V IV  
(Hard vinyl tube cable)



# Certifications

Type	Type Certificate	Safety certi	IEC	UL	cUL	GB	TRCU	Certificates
	Mark and name							KEMA
								KEMA
Type		Korea	Europe	U.S.A	U.S.A	China	Russia	Netherlands
Susol MCCB	TE100S		●				●	●
	TE100N		●				●	●
	TE160S		●				●	●
	TE160N		●				●	●
	TD100N	●	●			●	●	●
	TD100H	●	●			●	●	●
	TD100L	●	●			●	●	●
	TD160N	●	●			●	●	●
	TD160H	●	●			●	●	●
	TD160L	●	●			●	●	●
	TS100N	●	●			●	●	●
	TS100H	●	●			●	●	●
	TS100L	●	●			●	●	●
	TS160N	●	●			●	●	●
	TS160H	●	●			●	●	●
	TS160L	●	●			●	●	●
	TS250N	●	●			●	●	●
	TS250H	●	●			●	●	●
	TS250L	●	●			●	●	●
	TS400N	●	●			●	●	●
	TS400H	●	●			●	●	●
	TS400L	●	●			●	●	●
	TS630N	●	●			●	●	●
	TS630H	●	●			●	●	●
	TS630L	●	●			●	●	●
Susol UL MCCB	TS800N		●			●	●	●
	TS800H		●			●	●	●
	TS800L		●			●	●	●
	TS100 ETS	●	●			●	●	●
	TS160 ETS	●	●			●	●	●
	TS250 ETS	●	●			●	●	●
	TS400 ETS	●	●			●	●	●
	TS400 ETM	●	●			●	●	●
	TS630 ETS	●	●			●	●	●
	TS630 ETM	●	●			●	●	●
	TS800 ETS		●			●	●	●
	TS800 ETM		●			●	●	●
	TS1000N		●			●	●	●
	TS1250N		●			●	●	●
	TS1600N		●			●	●	●
Susol UL MCCB	TS1000H		●			●	●	●
	TS1250H		●			●	●	●
	TS1600H		●			●	●	●
	TS1000L		●				●	●
	TD125NU			●	●			
	TD125HU			●	●			
	TS250NU			●	●			
	TS250HU			●	●			

Note) ●: Completion

# Marine certifications

Susol MCCB

Type		Approvals						
Type	Mark and name	KR	Lloyd's Register	BV	ABS	GL	DNV	RINA
	Korea	U.K.	France	U.S.A.	Germany	Norway	Italy	
TD 100AF	TD100E	●	●	●			●	●
	TD100S	●	●	●			●	●
	TD100P	●	●	●			●	●
	TD100N FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TD100N FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TD100H FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TD100H FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TD100L FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TD 160AF	TD160E	●	●	●			●	●
	TD160S	●	●	●			●	●
	TD160P	●	●	●			●	●
	TD160N FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TD160N FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TD160H FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TD160H FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TD160L FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TS 100AF	TS100E	●	●	●			●	●
	TS100E ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS100S	●	●	●			●	●
	TS100S ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS100P	●	●	●			●	●
	TS100P ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS100N FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS100N FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS100N ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS100H FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS100H FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS100H ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TS 160AF	TS160E	●	●	●			●	●
	TS160E ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS160S	●	●	●			●	●
	TS160S ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS160P	●	●	●			●	●
	TS160P ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS160N FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS160N FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS160N ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS160N ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS160H FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS160H FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TS 160L	TS160H ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS160H ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS160L FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS160L FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS160L ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS160L ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●

Note) ●: Completion

# Marine certifications

Type	Type	Approvals						
	Mark and name	KR	Lloyd's Register	BV	ABS	GL	DNV	RINA
		Korea	U.K.	France	U.S.A.	Germany	Norway	Italy
TS 250AF	TS250E	●	●	●			●	●
	TS250E ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS250S	●	●	●			●	●
	TS250S ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS250P	●	●	●			●	●
	TS250P ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS250N FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250N FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250N ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250N ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250H FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250H FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250H ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250H ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250L FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250L FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250L ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS250L ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TS 400AF	TS400E	●	●	●			●	●
	TS400E ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS400E ETM	●	●	●			●	●
	TS400S	●	●	●			●	●
	TS400S ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS400S ETM	●	●	●			●	●
	TS400P	●	●	●			●	●
	TS400P ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS400P ETM	●	●	●			●	●
	TS400N FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400N FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400N ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400N ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400N ETM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400H FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400H FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400H ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400H ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400H ETM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400L FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400L FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400L ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400L ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS400L ETM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TS 630AF	TS630E	●	●	●			●	●
	TS630E ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS630E ETM	●	●	●			●	●
	TS630S	●	●	●			●	●
	TS630S ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS630S ETM	●	●	●			●	●
	TS630P	●	●	●			●	●
	TS630P ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS630P ETM	●	●	●			●	●

Note) ●: Completion

# Marine certifications

Susol MCCB

Type	Approvals							
Type	Mark and name	KR	Lloyd's Register	BV	ABS	GL	DNV	RINA
		Korea	U.K.	France	U.S.A.	Germany	Norway	Italy
TS 630AF	TS630N FTU	●		●	●	●	●	●
	TS630N FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630N ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630N ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630N ETM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630H FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630H FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630H ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630H ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630H ETM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630L FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630L FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630L ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630L ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS630L ETM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TS 800AF	TS800E	●	●	●			●	●
	TS800E ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS800E ETM	●	●	●			●	●
	TS800S	●	●	●			●	●
	TS800S ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS800S ETM	●	●	●			●	●
	TS800P	●	●	●			●	●
	TS800P ETS	●	●	●			●	●
	TS800P ETM	●	●	●			●	●
	TS800N FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800N FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800N ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800N ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800N ETM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TS 1600AF	TS800H FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800H FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800H ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800H ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800H ETM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800L FTU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800L FMU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800L ATU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800L ETS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	TS800L ETM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TS 1000L	TS1000N							●
	TS1250N							●
	TS1600N							●
	TS1000H							●
	TS1250H							●
	TS1600H							●
	TS1000L							●

Note) ●: Completion

# Memo

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### Safety Instructions

- For your safety, please read user's manual thoroughly before operating.
- Contact the nearest authorized service facility for examination, repair, or adjustment.
- Please contact qualified service technician when you need maintenance.  
Do not disassemble or repair by yourself!
- Any maintenance and inspection shall be performed by the personnel having expertise concerned.



- According to The WEEE Directive, please do not discard the device with your household waste.



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